

distinguished academic career at Acadia University in Nova Scotia, and later at Harvard University in the United States, Mr. Christie was appointed by Sir Robert Borden, at the age of twenty-eight, to the post of Legal Adviser to the Department of External Affairs and took part, with his chief, in the work of the Imperial War Conferences of 1917 and 1918 in London, and the Peace Conference at Paris in 1919. He attended the International Labour Conference at Washington in the same year, and was on the Canadian Delegation to the first Assembly of the League of Nations at Geneva in 1920. He was Technical Adviser to the Canadian Delegation at the Imperial Conference in London in 1921, and to the Delegation to the Conference on the Limitation of Armaments which met in 1921-22 at Washington. During the latter part of this Conference, indeed, he acted as Secretary-General of the British Empire Delegation, and carried out his work in a manner that earned him the high praise of Mr. Balfour who headed the British Delegation.

"In 1923 Mr. Christie severed for a time his connection with the Department of External Affairs. He returned, however, in 1935. During the ensuing four years which preceded the outbreak of war, he attended a number of international conferences, either as technical adviser or as government representative. He also was immediately concerned with the more difficult problems coming before the Department of External Affairs. His intimate knowledge of constitutional and international law and of international affairs and his sound judgment were of the