

Of Lewis Wilson, Chairman, and others, on behalf of a Public Meeting held in the Township of Pelham, District of Niagara, praying for a reduction and consolidation of Public Reserves...

Mr. J. H. Cameron (Cornwall) moved for an Address to His Excellency, by copies of all Petitions that have been presented to His Excellency...

Mr. Sherwood asked leave to introduce a Bill relating to the Clergy Reserves and the subject of the Clergy Reserves and the subject of the Clergy Reserves...

Mr. H. H. Baldwin moved for an Address to His Excellency respecting the issue of Copper Coinage by the Bank of Canada...

Mr. Seymour enquired of the minister, whether they intend (in the event of the Reciprocity Bill, now pending in the United States Congress, not becoming law) to introduce any measure during the present Session...

Mr. Hinks said, that appearances were at present in favour of the passing of the Reciprocity Bill; but should it not pass, it would be time enough to consider whether this country should adopt retaliatory measures...

After some other business had been disposed of, the orders of the day were postponed till to-morrow. The House then adjourned at 12 o'clock.

Thursday, June 6. The House met at 3 p.m. Thirteen petitions were laid on the table. Mr. Hinks moved for an Address to His Excellency...

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20. That on Her Majesty's decision to withhold the Royal Assent from the said Bill, Her Majesty's Government submitted to the Imperial Parliament a Bill providing for the sale and distribution of the proceeds of the Clergy Reserves...

21. That apart from the objections entertained by the great majority of Her Majesty's subjects in Canada to religious endowments, by which certain favoured denominations of Christians are kept in connection with the State, and thereby placed in a position of superiority over others, the present disposition of the revenue derived from the Clergy Reserves is manifestly unjust...

22. That the entire revenue derived from the investments made before the passing of the Imperial Act 3 & 4 Victoria, chap. 78, has been assigned to the Churches of England and Scotland, to the exclusion of the Wesleyan Episcopal and New Connexion Methodists, the Free Presbyterian Church of Canada, the United Presbyterian Church, the Baptists, Congregationalists, and other Religious Bodies, whose pastors have an equal claim to the designation of a Protestant Clergy with those of the clergy of the Churches of England and Scotland...

23. That it appears from the facts above stated, that during a long period of years, the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, the Representatives of the people of Upper Canada, with a unanimity of opinion, have declared their opposition to religious endowments of the character above referred to...

24. That the Imperial Parliament, in the year 1827, passed a Bill to authorize the sale of the Clergy Reserves and the application of the proceeds thereof to the purposes of General Education, which was passed through the House of Assembly of Upper Canada; that this Bill was rejected by the Legislative Council...

25. That in the year 1830, during the second Session of the Twelfth Parliament, another Bill containing similar provisions to the former one was passed by the House of Assembly without a division, and was rejected by the Legislative Council...

26. That a dissolution having taken place, a new Parliament met in the year 1831, when resolutions expressing the same views were adopted by a large majority of the House of Assembly, an amendment proposed to the said resolutions was rejected, and a division of 29 to 7 took place...

27. That in the year 1832, during the third Session of the Twelfth Parliament, an Address to the Crown praying for the application of the Clergy Reserves to Educational purposes was carried by a large majority in the House of Assembly, and was rejected by the Legislative Council...

28. That in the year 1833, during the third Session of the Twelfth Parliament, a Bill having similar provisions with the former one was passed by the House of Assembly, and was rejected by the Legislative Council...

29. That in the year 1834, during the fourth Session of the Twelfth Parliament, a Bill of a similar character was passed through its several stages in the House of Assembly by considerable majorities; though opposed with a hostile vote by the Legislative Council, but was rejected by the Legislative Council...

30. That in the year 1835, during the first Session of the Thirteenth Parliament of Upper Canada, a Bill for the sale of the Clergy Reserves and the application of the proceeds thereof to the purposes of General Education, was passed by the House of Assembly, and was rejected by the Legislative Council...

31. That in the year 1836, during the second Session of the Thirteenth Parliament, a Bill embodying similar principles to the former one was passed by the House of Assembly, and was rejected by the Legislative Council...

32. That in the year 1837, during the third Session of the Thirteenth Parliament, a Bill embodying similar principles to the former one was passed by the House of Assembly, and was rejected by the Legislative Council...

33. That in the year 1838, during the fourth Session of the Thirteenth Parliament, a Bill embodying similar principles to the former one was passed by the House of Assembly, and was rejected by the Legislative Council...

34. That in the year 1839, during the fifth and last Session of the Thirteenth Parliament of Upper Canada, a Message was sent down to the House from the Governor-General, the Right Hon. C. B. Thompson, by which the House was informed that the Bill passed during the previous Session had not received the Royal Assent, there being an insuperable objection to it on a point of form...

35. That in the year 1840, during the first Session of the Fourteenth Parliament of Upper Canada, a Message was sent down to the House from the Governor-General, the Right Hon. C. B. Thompson, by which the House was informed that the Bill passed during the previous Session had not received the Royal Assent, there being an insuperable objection to it on a point of form...

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