

C H R O N I C L E.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Vienna, Oct. 15.

BARON Burier, Envoy of the Duke of Wirtemberg, is preparing a house for the reception of Prince Potemkin, who is expected here to meet the Emperor on his return the latter end of this month.

According to accounts from Bucharest, the Grand Vizier strongly insists with Prince Repnin, that excepting the cession of the territory between the Bog and the Dniester, all the remainder of the pacification should be regulated on the basis of the peace of Kiarnadgi.

But the Russians, on the contrary, insist on the following points:—

1. That the fortrefs of Choczim shall be demolished.

2. That Bender and Akierman shall be left in their present state, and that the Porte shall add no new fortresses.

3. That as soon as the Porte shall once have appointed a subject for the principality of Moldavia, she shall not depose him at her own will and pleasure; but that, when accused, he shall be judged by the Divan, in the presence of a Russian consul.

4. That the Porte shall enlarge, in a gratuitous manner, all Russian prisoners.

5. That Russia shall not be obliged to furnish the Turkish subjects with salt from the salt works at Kenburn, unless it be for ready money.

6. That the Porte shall acknowledge Russia to have a right of protection over Georgia, Mingralia, Imeretre, and also of all the free nations of Mount Caucasus who voluntarily submitted to the sceptre of Russia.

7. That Russian ships mounting 36 guns, shall be permitted freely to pass through the canal of Constantinople.

8. That Russia shall have the liberty of entertaining consuls in the Turkish ports, though none had been there before the breaking out of the war.

9. That the Russian merchantmen shall be allowed to deposit their goods in a private store house, even in the Ottoman metropolis.

10. That the Russian productions shall pay, in the Ottoman dominions, five per cent. only of the duty of consumption, and two per cent. of transits, which are to be paid once for all.

The Grand Vizier perceiving these pro-

posals were wrote in an imperious style, is said to have exclaimed, that they resembled the ten commandments of *Moses*, also that he should oppose them with ten other on the part of *Mahomed*.

This is sufficient to make us believe, that the negociations are likely to be protracted.

BRITISH NEWS.

London, Oct. 21.

THE King of Sweden has complimented the magistrates of Stockholm, by yielding several branches of jurisdiction to them. They are, however, of the sort, by which trouble more than power is conveyed.

At Tano, in Italy, a town in the Ecclesiastical territory, a very serious insurrection took place on the 8th instant. The nobility, exempted from paying taxes, have there the monopoly of corn. The people, to the number of from twentyfive to thirty thousand, opposed this monopoly, and, elated with a review of their own strength, demanded an equality of rights and conditions.

The Governor, unable to oppose them, was obliged to transmit their petition to Rome, and the Papal Court granted equality of rights with respect to taxes.

The people evacuated the citadel which they had seized upon, on the faith of this concession, and a promise of a general amnesty, but observing that troops were assembling from all parts, and unable to attack the citadel again, they took possession of the ramparts, and particularly of a half moon, on which they found cannon. On being menaced by the troops they fired upon the town, and it became necessary to save it from destruction, to suspend the attack. Such was the state of things when this account came away.

There can be little doubt that the mutineers will be reduced. But men claiming rights, and arming to support them, is an example that alarms the whole papal dominions.

Some grenadiers at Vienna were lately ordered to be whipped for ridiculing the Treaty of Peace with the Porte. On their being brought out to punishment, the rest of the troops refused to assist; the commanding officer was obliged to carry them back