RELIABLE STORAGE.
ROBERT CARRIE, 87 Front-st. East, Has an excellent clean flat for Storing Furniture. Every care taken. Plenty of room. 135

The Toronto World.

SAVE MONEY!!
$10.00 Mackintoshes for $5.00
$12.00 " " " $7.50
During Exhibition Weeks.
THE TORONTO RUBBER CO., LTD.
28 KING-ST. WEST. MANNING ARCADE

FIFTEENTH YEAR — MONDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 17 1894. — ONE CENT.

SHOT DOWN IN HIS TRACKS

A CENTRAL PRISON CONVICT STOPPED BY A BULLET.

He Had Brutally Beaten a Guard and Was Attempting to Kill Him With a Knife When the Latter Opened Fire Upon Him With a Revolver—The Bullet in His Abdomen.

Arthur Herbert, a colored convict, was shot down by Guard Hartley in the broom shop of the Central Prison on Saturday morning. The convict after a struggle with the guard rushed at him with a huge knife, and was dropped in his tracks.

Herbert is 24 years old, and was sent from Hamilton in June, 1893, to serve a sentence of 20 months for burglary. During his 15 months' stay at the prison he has been a thorn in the sides of the officials. He has always been looking for trouble, and on Saturday found it in a form which will make him a model prisoner for some time at least.

Refused to Work.

Saturday morning when the prison squad was paraded for work the big negro complained of a sore shin. There was a slight abrasion, and he was taken from his accustomed work at the broom machine and given a job where he could sit down and nurse his wounded limb. Still Herbert complained. The corn was too dusty to suit him, and everything went wrong.

The 80 convicts in the shop looked up from their tasks, but said no word.

Guard Hartley walked over to the prisoner and told him that if he did not go to work he would be reported and another punishment added to his record. By way of retort, Hartley threw the heavy, three-legged stool, on which he had been seated, at the guard's head. The guard caught the flying stool and it dropped to the floor.

Attacked the Guard.

Then the colored man leaped wildly at the guard, striking him in the face with his clenched fist. The other convicts ceased work, but not one stirred, all looking calmly on at the struggle. Guard Clancy ran up and the two officials tried to hold the irate negro. Herbert is a large and powerful man, and the two guards had more than they could do to handle him. They could and did hold him still, but when they endeavored to take him from the shop they failed. The negro kicked out and knocked Hartley down. Seeing that they could not remove him without clubbing him into insensibility, Clancy started for Deputy-Warden Logan, and Hartley mounted the guard's stand.

But the devil in the man was roused and knew no cringing. Scarcely had Hartley got into the stand when the negro dashed to a broom machine and seized one of the large knives used to cut the corn. Grasping it with both hands, he rushed at the guard with brutal hate and savage bitterness, his eyes blazing with maniacal ferocity, his body bent and crouching like that of a tiger ready to spring.

Shot Down in His Tracks.

Hartley drew his pistol, but the negro did not stop. With a rush the maddened convict came at the guard. When he was three feet away the pistol cracked. Herbert gave one leap in the air and dropped to the floor, a jet of blood spurting from his breast. The knife fell clanging from his grasp to the floor.

Deputy-Warden Logan entered just as the shot was fired, and helped to carry Herbert to the hospital. There it was found that the bullet had struck Herbert about four inches above the right nipple and proceeded downwards, lodging between the wall of the abdomen and the outer skin. The bullet has not yet been removed, but Herbert will recover.

During all the excitement not one of the convicts moved from his work, showing the perfect discipline that is maintained.

The Prison Ishmael.

Herbert is the "bad man" of the prison. He is simply incorrigible, and has been continually in hot water, his blind ferocity keeping him in perpetual trouble. Frequently has he been punished for insubordination, and, in fact, has been regarded as the prison Ishmael. Now a fit of sullen, perverse obstinacy, now a flat refusal to perform his work-room task, again a refusal to obey some simple order, and still again a savage attack upon a fellow-prisoner. Only a few months ago he attempted to carve a prisoner with a knife.

Although only the one conviction at Hamilton for burglary is recorded against Herbert, he is believed to be an old-timer. An attempt was made by Deputy Warden Logan to induce him to tell something of his past and to give the address of his friends, but he replied, "I see what you are after, but you can't get it."

GREAT INFLUX OF PRISONERS.

100 More Convicts in Central Prison Than Usual at This Time.

No fewer than 394 convicts are at the present time in the Central Prison repenting their past misdeeds, while they board at the expense of the inoffensive public. This number represents an increase of over 100 as compared with September last year, and is fully up to the winter season average.

The increase is in all probability due to the fact that instead of sending weary wanderers to jail for short terms, as in former years, the magistrates in the various counties are sentencing them to terms in the Central Prison.

MAY TAX QUEBEC LUMBER.

Because That Province Charges Stumpage on Spruce Logs.

Washington, Sept. 15.—In view of the United Press despatch from Canada stating that the Province of Quebec imposes a stumpage tax on spruce logs, the Treasury Department requested the State Department to make an official investigation of the fact in order that the Treasury Department may carry out the provisions of the new tariff as concerns lumber. If it should be found that the Province of Quebec is continuing to levy this stumpage tax, then the duties imposed under the McKinley law will be exacted on lumber coming from that province into the United States.

The Crime Explained.

Davis was born in Iowa 46 years ago. He came West when a small boy and has resided in the mountains ever since. No minister was present, as Davis had emphatically declared he would not have any preacher or priest attend him. All he asked was plenty of liquor. He died ranting and cursing. The crime he forfeited his life for was committed on June 6, 1892. Mrs. Davis was missed from her home near the Utah reservation.

Davis said she had gone on a visit, but the second day her body was found buried in a potato hole near the house. He was arrested, and came to trial in the District Court at Provo, Oct. 22, 1892. He was convicted of murder in the first degree.

Are you depressed? Is your digestion not quite right? Try Adams' Tutti Frutti, it will delight you.

Charged With Highway Robbery.

Edward Whitney, 185 Manning-avenue, was arrested Saturday night on a charge of highway robbery. The complainant is William Childs. The affair took place some time during April, but Whitney skipped the town, returning Saturday evening.

THE MONKEY PAPER AND THE FAIR

An Attempted Boycott of the Industrial Exhibition That Lamentably Failed in Its Object.

The Evening News has begun an attack on the Industrial Exhibition. It is going to write it down, if it can. It tried to create a boycott of the Industrial by appealing to the prejudices of P.P.A. men against Sir John Thompson, who opened the Exhibition. This failed, and so will its later attacks. No one expects such a big affair as the Exhibition has proved to be to be administered without friction, especially as the whole thing is crowded into two weeks of rush and hustle.

Mr. Withrow Interviewed.

In regard to the attack made by The News, The World interviewed Mr. Withrow, who said no doubt the article was spired by the refusal of Mr. Withrow to interfere in the matter of advertising. Some time before the Exhibition opened Mr. Douglas of The News called on the president, and after a conversation in which he asked for a greater amount of advertising, as much as the morning papers, than had been allotted by the managing board, said: "You will certainly admit, Mr. Withrow, that The News is the most influential paper in the city?"

Mr. Withrow replied that he would certainly not admit anything of the kind, but that if he was asked which paper was the one to abuse and needlessly find fault with the management he would give the first place to The News.

This angered Mr. Douglas, who, after a request to Mr. Withrow to interfere in the allotment of the advertising, which was refused, the manager of The News left in high dudgeon.

In regard to the matter of the giving out of complimentary tickets, Mr. Withrow states there is no truth in The News article. Mr. Hill accounts for every ticket given out, and the complaint has always been that he was not as liberal in this regard as he might have been.

The other statement of The News as to Mr. Withrow saying he was ashamed of Mr. Hill, is also stated by the president to be untrue. He never said anything of the kind.

A Monkey Paper.

The monkey paper is living up to its Simian instincts. The monkey editor introduced himself to the public with his picture alongside of George Brown, but larger, and with Edwin Booth's hyacinthine locks disporting o'er his classic brow. He also gave himself a further send off by libelling a former owner of the paper, for which he was compelled to apologize in proper style. Then he undertook to tell the Massey Hall directors how their enterprise should be managed: that it was no gift to the people, that it was a fraud. Now, the Industrial Exhibition comes in for the censure of the monkey paper. It is "a great big fake," Manager Hill is overbearing, insinuates that he is dishonorable in his dealings with the association, that the business methods of the association are loose, and that the features in the ring are "abominable." And a lot more in the same strain.

Notwithstanding all which the Fair this year has been a greater success than ever. Its management has been marvelously successful, it has brought thousands and thousands to Toronto, who have spent their money here and established business relations that would not have otherwise been established, our business men are eminently satisfied with it, and the only ones dissatisfied are those of weak intellect, or moral cranks. It is all very well, however, to show that the monkey paper is out of its head, but there must someone be responsible for its conduct. That someone is the main proprietor of The Mail. He should be held, The Mail should be held, responsible. It may be possible for The Mail people to try and get two whacks—to use their own phrase—out of all advertising that is going, but if the proprietor of The Mail intends to hold two kinds of opinions and to say in one paper that the Fair is a great success and in the monkey paper that it is a great big fake people will be slightly surprised and will begin to marvel. But there is no accounting what a monkey paper will do.

AN ENGLISH M.P. IN TOWN.

Mr. Harry Lawson Here on Behalf of the Emigrants' Information Society.

Mr. Harry L. Lawson, Liberal representative for the western division of Gloucestershire in the Imperial Parliament, arrived at the Queen's Hotel yesterday morning from Ottawa.

This is the first time Mr. Lawson has been in Canada, and he visits this country now as a member of the Colonial Office Committee of the Emigrants' Information Society, his object being to inquire into the condition of the farm and the farm workers. Besides generally surveying the country, he will make two special visits—one to Lord Aberdeen's fruit farm in British Columbia, and the other to the Mennonites' settlement.

Mr. Lawson has spent several days in Quebec, Montreal and Ottawa, and at the conclusion of his stay in Toronto he will visit Port Arthur, Winnipeg and so on to Vancouver. He will afterwards take in San Francisco then through Mexico, returning to New York in time to sail for England on Nov. 14.

So far Mr. Lawson states he has had a most pleasant time, and he expresses a high opinion of all he has seen.

Mr. Lawson's father, who is a baronet, is the proprietor of The London Daily Telegraph, a morning paper which claims to have the largest circulation in the world. Mr. Lawson is a great admirer of Lord Rosebery.

A NEW CANADIAN BOOK.

A Charming Novel Just Issued From a Canadian Press.

A book very much after the style of the "Pansy," "Elsie" and "Annie S. Swan" books, yet slightly more like some of the best works of fiction of the day, has just been published in a Canadian Edition.

This book is entitled "Hill Crest," and is by Mrs. Flewellyn, a native Canadian, and is now for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street. The charming descriptions, the quaint character sketches, the abundance of incident, combine to make this book one which is sure of a quick and increasing sale. Its moral tone is much above the average of the fiction of the day. For this reason it will suit the hammock and the fireside, as well as all public, private and Sunday school libraries. p

Niagara Falls Line—Change of Time.

Commencing Monday, Sept. 17, the 9.50 p.m. trip of the Empress of India will be discontinued, and on Tuesday, the 18th, the 7.40 a.m. trip will be also discontinued. Single trips will then continue, leaving Toronto at 3.20 p.m. and returning here at 12.45 p.m.

Smoke "Derby" Plug Tobacco—5c, 10c and 20c plugs. Made by organized labor. No "Derby" Plug Tobacco is genuine without our Trade Mark, a red "Derby" Cap tag on each plug. Look for it.

A Visitor's Complaint.

A distinguished English visitor to the Fair was heard to complain that in all of Canada he could not find good ale. One of the city fathers lost no time in introducing the Britisher to East Kent ale, and was rewarded by the declaration that this favorite brand was fit to rank with the best English ales. The visitor now carries a supply with his luggage.

Amputated His Foot.

P. C. Huston, who has been in the General Hospital for some months suffering from a diseased foot, had his foot amputated Saturday evening.

A HARD FIGHT FOR LIBERTY

PERRY WEINBERG NOT YET EXTRADITED FROM NEW YORK.

Wealthy Political Friends in New York Now Endeavoring to Induce the U.S. Government Not to Issue the Warrant of Surrender, but to Release the Defaulting King-street Jeweler.

Perry Weinberg, a King-street jeweler, who fled from this city after committing numerous larcenies a few months ago and who was located in New York by Detective Black of the city police, is still in custody in that city, extradition proceedings so far not having resulted in his surrender to the Ontario Government.

An Influential Family.

Weinberg's brother is an attorney-at-law in New York, while his mother and other relatives are wealthy.

Directly Weinberg was located application was made to the Ontario Government for his extradition, but before the papers could be prepared he was arrested and locked up. His relatives at once applied for his release on habeas corpus, but the hearing was postponed until the following day.

Meantime Detective Murray had left for New York without any papers, arriving in time to be present when Weinberg was arraigned before the Supreme Court judge. The latter consented to bail, which was fixed at $1000 in two sureties, one of whom was the prisoner's mother, who swore that she was worth $57,000, less a mortgage of $2000. The other bondsman swore he was worth $115,000 without any incumbrances.

Knowing that if discharged Weinberg could not be rearrested, Murray determined to stave off proceedings pending the preparation of a new charge against the prisoner. According to the law of New York State, a district attorney is allowed 48 hours in which to examine and approve the bail bonds, and having friends in the district attorney's office Murray secured this concession.

Again Arrested.

Previous to Weinberg's second arraignment a new warrant had been sworn out before a United States Commissioner and placed in the hands of a marshal. When the trial opened bail was accepted and Weinberg released, but he was immediately rearrested on the new charge, taken before a United States Commissioner and remanded.

The case was stubbornly fought, Weinberg engaging five counsel, including his brother and R. T. White, a well-known criminal lawyer. After several remands Weinberg was committed for extradition on Aug. 22, and two days after a transcript of the proceedings was sent to the State Department at Washington.

Tammany to the Rescue

No. 9 district, in which the Weinberg family live, is largely made up of Hebrews, and the attorneys for the prisoner went to Washington and interviewed Tim Campbell, the representative from that district in Congress, and a well-known member of Tammany. Campbell is now endeavoring to induce the Secretary of State to discharge Weinberg and to refuse the warrant of surrender, claiming that the prisoner is a respectable man, that he was never charged with the crime before, and that the complainant, Mrs. Stein, is unworthy of belief.

The Secretary of State is at the present time away from the Capital, whilst Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister, is at Newport.

Detective Murray returned to Toronto Saturday night to await developments.

The Canadian Government will urge Her Majesty's representative at Washington to demand that the warrant of surrender be carried out on the grounds that the forms of the treaty have been complied with and the man properly committed for extradition.

STOLE THE BANK.

House Sneak Thieves Operating in Beaconsfield-avenue.

Friday afternoon during the family's absence, the house of Mrs. Collins, 78 Beaconsfield-avenue, was broken into. A tin savings bank containing $6 in small coins was stolen, nothing else being disturbed. Mrs. Wilson, living next door, had not seen any person enter the premises, but on Saturday she returned the empty bank to Mrs. Collins, having found it broken open in a stable at the rear of 111 Northcote-avenue. Detective Verney is investigating.

Sunbeams Have Kissed Their Cheeks.

September, the sweetest of Canadian months, is here again. So is the summer girl and summer man. The former is proud of her achievements in the way of mahogany-tinted complexion and bewitching freckles. The summer man feels glad to be back again in three or four of some of quinn's new and rich fall neckties. The way these ties are being bought up is a highly significant omen for returning prosperity. Very soon hard times will hardly be a memory. d

Many Incendiary Fires.

A fire in a vacant house at 2 Widmer-street at 11 o'clock Saturday night did $400 damage. Cause supposed to be incendiary. The firemen were yesterday called to 6 Wellington-street west, 25 Wellington-street west, 93 Front-street west and 40 Bay-street, but no damage was done in any case. These four alarms were all sent in during the afternoon, and each fire is supposed to be the work of incendiaries.

Uxbridge Creamery Burned.

Uxbridge, Ont., Sept. 16.—The Marsh Hill Creamery, owned by Tomlinson Bros., was destroyed by fire. About 60 tubs of butter, together with the entire plant, was lost. Loss estimated at about $3000. Insured for $1700.

Two Markham Barns Burned

Markham, Sept. 15.—The barn belonging to Mr. John Torrance, on the seventh concession of Markham, was struck by lightning. All this season's crops and several farm implements were burned. Partly covered by insurance.

The barn on George Robinson's farm, adjoining the village, was also struck and totally consumed, together with all the season's crops and one colt. Loss about $3000. Insurance on the barn $300.

Ladies, you should read: What is True Love, by Lady Cook; Only a Nun, by The Khan; the society news, by Donna; The Athletic Woman, Abolition of the Honeymoon, Shall Women Smoke, Women as Volunteers, and The World of Womankind in The Toronto Sunday World.

Artists, one of the best reviews of art ever written in Canada appears in The Toronto Sunday World.

Local Jottings.

William Jepon, 17 Beverley-street, was arrested Saturday night by P. C. Craig (159) for an attempted assault on Mary Carr.

What are you looking for, a fall suit and overcoat, the latest style. Go to Watson's, 88 King-street east. d

Ask for Dewar's Scotch Whisky as supplied to Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodation.

LIBERAL DOSES OF THE LASH

Meted Out to Garrotters in London—Big Diamond Robbery in Hatton Garden.

New York, Sept. 16. — The Sun's London special says: Violent crimes and their punishment have occupied a large share of public attention in London during the past two or three days. At the same hour on Thursday afternoon when the great diamond robbery was taking place in Hatton Garden a judge at the Old Bailey was sentencing four of the greatest ruffians in London to long terms of penal servitude, coupled with liberal doses of the cat. This gang made the Seven Dials district and Drury-lane the most dangerous spot in London. For many months they had defied the police, and it was only after a desperate fight following a highway robbery in broad daylight that they were captured. The leader was sentenced to 24 strokes, and the others to a dozen each besides hard labor for from 8 to 14 years. The prisoners did not seem to mind the imprisonment, but the sentence of the cat terrified them. Their bravado disappeared, and they whimpered and cried.

The Pall Mall Gazette prints a defence of the cat from one of its victims, yet he described his experience in the following strong language: "I cannot express the agony I suffered, for it is indescribable. I thought after receiving three or four cuts that I must have died, and begged them if they were men to kill me outright. As the strokes followed each other in what appeared to me fearfully quick succession, I screamed, I yelled, I cursed so far as my breath would allow, and after the fifteenth stroke I was released. I bit my lip through so furiously in my agony that the mark is observable to this day."

Robbed of Diamonds Worth $15,000.

Robbery with violence is the only crime punishable with the cat, but the indications are that the bold rascals who half killed old Sprier, and despoiled him of $15,000 worth of diamonds on the same afternoon, will never feel this instrument of torture. It is believed that they are the same men who by a similar plot robbed a postman of his bag of registered letters in the same neighborhood two or three years ago. They hired a room next to the postoffice, so that the postman came with a full bag. When he called they seized him, and after a violent struggle chloroformed him. Hatton Garden is the centre of the London diamond trade, and the rascals who opened the office pretended to be in the same business. When S. Peyers called they treated him in the same way as the postman, but the police are doubtful if they used chloroform. The men are foreigners in appearance, but there is no other clue.

Ladas Loses, Mosebery Wins.

New York, Sept. 16.—Special cable London to The Times: Politicians here, even those who do not gamble and confine their betting to the stock exchange and to party divisions, are inclined to consider Wednesday's race for the Doncaster St. Leger as a critical event of the week, when Lord Rosebery's Ladas was beaten by an outsider, which started with odds of 50 to 1 against it. The great wound to the Nonconformist conscience inflicted by the successful racing Premier is rapidly healing under this cruel reverse, and beaten Ladas will keep many a vote which the good horse, had it won, would certainly have run away with.

HIT BY A TROLLEY.

Mr. William Wilson, Vinegar Manufacturer, Seriously Injured in Bathurst-street Saturday Afternoon.

Mr. William Wilson, vinegar manufacturer, sustained serious injuries and narrowly escaped death in Bathurst-street, near College, Saturday afternoon. Mr. Wilson was driving south behind a load of hay, and turned out to pass it. He did not observe the approach of a north-bound trolley, and drove his vehicle on to the track in front of the motor. The buggy was smashed to pieces and Mr. Wilson received serious injuries, the most dangerous of which is a huge gash on the head, extending from the centre clean round College to the back. The injured man was carried in a semi-conscious condition into Dr. Mennies' office, where his wounds were dressed. He was afterwards removed to his home at 141 College-street.

KILLED BY A FALLS TROLLEY.

A New Jersey Woman Meets Instant Death Opposite the Clifton House.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Sept. 16.—Miss Elizabeth Edgar of Plainfield, New Jersey, was run over and instantly killed by an electric car on the Niagara Falls Park and River Railway near the Clifton House, Saturday afternoon. Miss Edgar was the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Charles M. Morse of Buffalo, and they came down to the Falls to see the sights. Mrs. Morse left Miss Edgar at Inspiration Point while she went after a carriage. When Mrs. Morse was returning with the carriage Miss Edgar saw her and started to meet her. A northbound electric car was rapidly approaching and seeing the danger she was in she had nearly reached the tracks Mrs. Morse beckoned her to go back, while the motorman signalled and endeavored to attract her attention without avail. She was deaf, the car could not be stopped, and it knocked her down, the wheels passing over her head and crushing the skull in a horrible manner. Death was instantaneous. Coroner McGarry took the statement of Mrs Morse, who asserted that she did not believe any one was to blame except the dead woman herself.

Lightning Killed Man and Horse

Shannonville, Ont., Sept. 16.—Lightning Saturday afternoon killed Mr. Loyd and his horse in front of the C.P.R. telegraph office. The lightning struck and demolished the office. Miss Earle, operator, was also badly hurt.

Leg Fractured by a Hogshead of Lager.

R. Coughlan, 135 Dalhousie-street, was taken to St. Michael's Hospital Saturday evening with a broken leg. Coughlan is employed at O'Keefe's brewery, and a large hogshead of lager rolled over his leg, fracturing it.

Thrown from His Vehicle.

Alex. Robertson, 1 Wellesley-place, driver for William Dennis, butcher, St. Lawrence Market, was seriously injured by being thrown from his wagon Saturday night. The horse was startled by a C. P. R. train, and ran away along Cottingham-street. He was captured by P. C. O'Donnell. Robertson was sent to the General Hospital.

Fell on the Curbstone.

Thomas McMurchy of Strange, Ont., while in the city on Saturday fell on King-street, striking his hips against the curbstone, and received serious injuries. He was taken to the General Hospital in the ambulance.

Fell Down Stairs and Broke His Arm.

Gus Friedrichs, piano player at the Musee, fell down the stairs at his residence, 21 Richmond-street west, at 1.30 this morning, fracturing his right arm.

California Tokay.

California Tokay is a delicious red, sweet pure wine. It is strongly recommended by prominent physicians in the United States and Canada. Price $2.50 per gallon, $6 per dozen, 60 cents per bottle. William Mara, wine merchant, 79 Yonge-street, near King-street.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Graining and Marbling.

Ernest Bolton, Grainer and Marbler to the trade. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write for price list. 1656 Queen-street east. 186

Famous Quarrels of Famous Actors is an interesting article in The Toronto Sunday World.

CHINA IS TIRED OF THE WAR

AND IS PREPARING TO FIGHT THE DECIDING BATTLE.

The Struggle Will Take Place at Heijo, Where 68,000 Chinese Troops Are Massed—It Will Be Both a Land and Sea Fight—1300 Japs Laid Low at Tatung River.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—The steamer Oceanic brings advices relative to the war. Li Hung Chang is said to be totally different from his former self, and his most trusted lieutenants fear for his future. If the Pekin Government becomes hostile to Li Hung Chang his place will, it is reported, be taken by Chang Che Wan. Li Hung Chang has repeatedly called upon Lui Ming Chuei, Governor of Formosa, to take charge of the Chinese troops in Corea, but he always declined the honor. The Viceroy not having any competent person to command, decided not to have any commander in chief of the forces. He divided the troops into three divisions, each of which had a commander of its own, and these commanders are to consult each other in the movements of their respective bodies. From this want of order in the army may be inferred the cause of the recent Chinese disasters.

It is said that the Government is in great financial difficulties. As the mounted brigands of Manchuria and other rebels are only waiting for an opportunity to rise up in arms, China is so pressed by internal dissensions and foreign war that she cannot afford to practice her usual dilatory policy. It is China's wish to put an end to the war as soon as possible, and though she has been defeated at Seillwan and Gazan she has sent troops to Heijo to fight, it is thought, the decisive battles.

68,000 Men Marching on Heyo.

It is reported that the Chinese army of the north, consisting of Manchus and Chi-Li men has stopped at Ping-Yang-Ho, the old or northern capital of Corea, and will remain there until further reinforcements arrive. Chinese officials say that this army numbers 50,000 men. The Chinese troops at Heijo and its vicinity number nearly 15,000, while there are with them two or three hundred Coreans. There also 2000 more Chinese marching from Kasan upon Heijo and over 1000 defeated troops from Seillwan and Gazan are also making for Heijo. The Chinese are building forts between Hoan and Tetsuo, the former being 12 miles from Heijo. There is no doubt that China intends the battle of Heijo to be decisive. It is also suspected that she will send out her squadron as soon as the land forces at Heijo are in full strength and engage in a decisive naval battle at the same time.

The Japs' Empty Victory at Yashan.

On Aug. 10 Japanese scouts were suddenly attacked at Chuwa by the Chinese, and four of the scouts were captured. It is rumored that they were taken to Chinese officers at Heijo, beheaded, and their heads exposed to public view for four days.

A telegram from Chemuipo dated Aug. 18 stated that the Chinese have retired from the Yashan district after several days' heavy fighting, during which 10,000 Japanese were massed against 3000. In the first days of the battle the Japanese met with sharp resistance and suffered losses, the Chinese losses being unimportant. The latter finally withdrew, leaving the camp in charge of a guard of 300 men, who were attacked and captured by an overwhelming force of Japanese before dawn. The guard was killed, but not, however, before 500 of the attacking party had been slain. The Japanese found only heavy baggage in the captured camp. After many Chinese non-combatants in the vicinity had been slain the Japanese forces hurried from Yashan northward to Ping-Yang, and it is rumored that there has been heavy fighting in the vicinity of Ping Yang King.

The Coreans at Gonzen have killed a French priest under impression that he was a Japanese spy.

1300 Dead Japs on the Roads.

A Chee Foo telegram of Aug. 24 stated that a letter had been received from Chelmulpo to the effect that nineteen Japanese men of war, escorting thirteen transports, arrived at Tatung River on the 10th with about 6000 men. This force at once proceeded inland, but before they had got half way over, 1000 Chinese cavalrymen suddenly attacked them, divided them into two, and a battery of horse artillery opened fire from an eminence near by, making considerably havoc. The Japanese returned to the shore, and the fleet, by firing their big guns, prevented pursuit. The Chinese afterward counted 1334 dead bodies of the enemy scattered on the road.

15,000 Chinese Routed.

London, Sept. 16.—A despatch to The Standard from Berlin says news has been received there that Prince Tzing, the head of the Foreign Office at Pekin, has induced the Emperor to order that henceforth no Chinese viceroy shall meddle with Chinese affairs. This order affects Li Hung Chang and the viceroys of Nankin, Canton, Manchuria and Kashgar.

The Emperor of China has received letters from Corea noblemen and generals assuring His Majesty of their fidelity in spite of the King of Corea's declaration of independence. A despatch from Tokio to The Chronicle says the Japanese won a great victory over the Chinese in a battle fought Sept. 6. The fighting was very severe. The Japanese scattered the Chinese cavalry and a detachment of Japanese afterwards captured the castle of Hwan-Ju, 35 miles from Phong-Yang. The losses on both sides were heavy, but details of the battle are not yet obtainable. The Chinese force at Phong-Yang numbers 15,000. The Japanese are rapidly approaching that place, and a great battle is impending. If the Japanese are victorious they will march to Moukden in the province of Shin King. This position will menace Pekin.

A despatch from Yokohama to The Times says that large detachments of troops have been sent to reinforce the Japanese army in Corea. Wagers are being made in Tokyo that the Japanese will occupy Pekin or Moukden by Nov 3.

Look for our Trade Mark, a little red "Derby" Cap tag on each plug of "Derby" Tobacco. No "Derby" Plug is genuine without it. D. RITCHIE & CO.

Over $1200.

A reporter called at the main offices of the People's Coal Co., at Queen and Spadina, on Saturday, and ascertained that their patrons had already received over two hundred and fifty dollars in rebates on account of reduction in coal. It will cost this enterprising company over $1200.

See their advertisement. You may be one of the lucky ones who purchased your winter's supply from them.

"Kennethene" extracts grease, oil and paint from all clothing. 246

Christians, read the illustrated article on the coming of General Booth in The Toronto Sunday World.

Ask for Dewar's Scotch Whisky as supplied to Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

MAKING SURE OF THEM.

LITTLE OLIVER: Y' ain't got many of 'em, hev y', Mr. Patron?
PATRON: No, little feller, but what I have 'e goin' inter this basket, right now.

PREFERRED A BALL TO A ROPE

ENOCH DAVIS' CHOICE OF TWO METHODS OF EXECUTION.

A Utah Wife Murderer Executed by Soldiers in the Sight of His Brothers and a Crying Son—Nerved by Brandy, He Met His Fate Ranting and Cursing.

Salt Lake, Utah, Sept. 16.—In a small, remote canyon, two miles south of the line dividing Salt Lake from Utah County, Enoch Davis was Saturday morning shot to death for the murder of his wife. The law of Utah allowed him to choose between shooting and hanging, and he chose the former.

He sat in a chair with a bit of white paper pinned to his coat over his heart. Six rifles cracked as one at the word "Fire," and death was instantaneous.

Marshal Brigham started from the Penitentiary, four miles south of this city, with his prisoner, early this morning. There was a drive of 20 miles to make, and it was made in three hours, quietly and with but little observation.

Preparing for the Execution.

The Marshal arrived at the place of execution at 11 o'clock. The firing party had been brought to the place from Provo during the night by Deputy Marshal Fowler, and were in a tent, in the side of which six holes had been perforated. No one was allowed to approach the tent, and an effort was made to keep the public away from the scene by locating it up a blind road half a mile from the main thoroughfare. The zeal of the officials, however, led them to patrol the main road, and this gave the public notice of the place of the execution. About 400 people assembled on the adjacent hillsides. Two brothers and a son of Davis were there, and they greeted the condemned man with a handshake, without any display of emotion. They had some private conversation, and the boy, 15 years old, shed tears, for which he was reprimanded by the elder of his uncles.

A Man Among Men.

Davis said: "Boys, I am told that you want to see me die game. That's just the way I am going to die."

The marshal read the death warrant. Davis listened without moving a muscle, remarking at its close: "I am going to die like a man, for I am a man among men."

He then complained of being hungry, and said he did not want to die, so he was given a chicken sandwich, and began to eat it ravenously. Then he asked for coffee, but as there was none he took brandy instead. He was then escorted to the chair of execution, asking that he be not blindfolded, with the remark: "I want to look straight at that test where those cowards are hid who are going to shoot me down like a dog."

A piece of paper about four by six inches was pinned over his left breast, in the centre of it being a blue circle an inch and a half in diameter. This was the target. While the final preparations were being made Davis got nervous, and asked for another drink of liquor; with some reluctance it was given him by Dr. Wilcher, the physician in attendance, but instead of quieting him the liquor made him restless and irritable, and he cursed the court before whom he was tried for what he claimed to be unfairness, and scored the Governor for not giving him a reprieve or commutation of sentence.

Died Without a Struggle.

Marshal Brigham stepped to the side of the tent and gave the signal, and six guns were pushed through the apertures made for the purpose. The word was given and the roar was as one. Davis sat in the chair with muscles twitching involuntarily. An examination was promptly made. Four balls had gone through the paper; one cut the edge of the blue circle; one missed the paper altogether. Davis was dead. There was not the slightest struggle.

THE RECEIPTS OF THE FAIR

THE ATTENDANCE AWAY AHEAD OF LAST YEAR.

Owing to the Postponement of the Events in the Ring, Consequent Upon the Weather, the Grand Stand Receipts Show a Slight Falling Off—The Figures of the Various Days

The total gate receipts during the ten days on which the Industrial Exhibition was open amounted to $68,937.95. This is a decrease of $3024.10 on last year, the figures in 1893 being $71,962.05.

At first sight this reduction conveys a wrong impression to the observer, leading one to suppose that the attendance at the Fair this year showed a falling off. As a matter of fact the Exhibition that has just closed was a record breaker, more people passing through the gates than in any previous year.

The decrease in the gross receipts is to be placed at the door of the weather man, who occasionally forgot Toronto's requirements, and unwittingly turned on the water cock. On Tuesday and Thursday, owing to rain, the performances in the ring had to be put off, and as a consequence the money taken in at the gates of the grand stand was much less than otherwise would have been the case and below that of 1893. To this is attributed the decrease in the total receipts.

The returns for each day were as follows:

Tuesday, Sept. 4	$ 443.00
Wednesday, Sept. 5	515.80
Thursday, Sept. 6	2,405.05
Friday, Sept. 7	4,500.80
Saturday, Sept. 8	4,392.50
Monday, Sept. 10	11,190.00
Tuesday, Sept. 11	10,777.20
Wednesday, Sept. 12	18,364.85
Thursday, Sept. 13	10,403.15
Friday, Sept. 14	5,945.60
Total	$68,957.95

THE BEST EVER HELD.

The Great Success of the Exhibition Sale at Dineens'.

The most successful hat sale ever held in Canada was Dineens' Exhibition sale. Besides selling a very large quantity of furs, the firm disposed of more hats during the Fair than in any other two weeks in its record.

And it's no wonder that so many new hats are being sold. The new fall styles shown by Dineen are the most becoming that have been seen in many seasons.

Each succeeding year sees an advance in the hatters' art, and this season the quality of felt hats is better than was ever offered before for the money.

At Dineens' the best hats of the best hatters are sold at the prices asked elsewhere for the mediocre products of second rate manufacturers. The place where a man buys his hats may be taken as a fair index of his judgment. The wise go to Dineens',

King and Yonge and 254 Yonge.

Gibbons' Toothache Gum cures toothache instantly. Price 15c.

Mutiny in the Illinois National Guard.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—Mutiny broke out in the ranks of Battery D, of the Illinois National Guard last night, and seventeen artillerymen were placed under arrest pending dishonorable discharge. The trouble had its origin in the failure of the State to pay the men for their service at the stock yards during the recent railroad strike.

BIRTHS.

GIBSON — At 50 Bismarck-avenue, Toronto, on Saturday, Sept. 15, 1894, the wife of T. A. Gibson of a son.

Monumental.

D. McIntosh & Sons, the leading sculptors, have best designs and most complete facilities for turning out best work in monuments, etc., in the Dominion. Showrooms, 524 Yonge-street; works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

SENT DOWN FOR 20 YEARS

HEAVY SENTENCE ON THE MAN WHO SHOT CONDUCTOR TURNER.

Taken from the Central Prison in the Morning After Serving One Term, and a Few Hours Later Given a Sentence of Twenty Years in Kingston Penitentiary.

James Troy, a well-known burglar and crook, was sentenced at the St. Catharines Assizes on Saturday to 20 years in the penitentiary for shooting Conductor Turner of the Grand Trunk on June 10 last.

On June 10 last the train crew of a Grand Trunk freight discovered a party of five tramps reposing peacefully in a box car. Near the little village of Jordan the passengers were disembarked. They objected to being disturbed and one drew a revolver and shot Conductor Turner, seriously wounding him. The gang was captured, but when arraigned there was no proof as to which one had fired the shot and the five were sent to the Central Prison four months on a charge of trespass. Evidence was discovered which pointed to Troy as the guilty party. On Saturday he was taken by Government Detective Greer from the Central to St. Catharines. He was found guilty and sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary.

IS THIS THE MASSEY-HARRIS CO.?

A Canadian Agricultural Implement Firm Wants to Locate in the U.S.

Washington, Sept. 15. — A Toronto, Ont., firm engaged in the manufacture of agricultural implements, has written to Secretary Carlisle stating that they desire to remove their factory either to Buffalo or Niagara Falls, and asking if they could bring with them their present force of Canadian workmen. Secretary Carlisle replied that by the Act of Feb. 26, 1884, aliens under contract were prohibited from landing in the U. S., and that that law was still in force, and was being strictly enforced.

Mr. C. D. Massey said to a World reporter last night: "I suppose that may be our company. I cannot say that it is."

"Why is the company looking for a new location?"

"I cannot say. I