WEEKLY CALENDAR—JANUARY.

Last Quarter, 3d day, 9h. 42m., even. N.E. by E.
New Moon, 10th day, 11h. 15m., even., N.
First Quarter, 18th day, 11h. 48m., even., W.
Full Moon, 26th day, 0h. 51m., aft'noon, N.N.E.

DAY MONTH.	DAY WEEK.	SUN rises	SUN sets	High water morn	Moon sets.	Day's length
		h m	h m	h m	h m	h m
20	Sunday	7 41	4 41	5 38	2 00	8 58
21	Monday	7 40	4 42	6 35	2 33	8 59
22	Tuesday	7 40	4 44	7 37	3 47	9 2
23	Wednesday	7 39	4 45	8 40	4 52	9 4
24	Thursday	7 38	4 46	9 39	5 55	9 6
25	Friday	7 37	4 48	10 34	6 39	9 8
26	Saturday	7 36	4 50	11 25	rises	9 9

THE LAND COMMISSION.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Sept. 22, 1860.

The Court met to-day according to adjournment. The first part of the sitting was occupied by Coun. Haliburton in giving the first part of his defence in behalf of the proprietors, which we omit for the present.

G. W. De Blois, Esq., was then called upon by Coun. Haliburton to give evidence on the question, who presented a written statement, which was read, and is as follows:—

Your Excellencies have now been through a large portion of the Island, and, in each of the counties, have had the grievance under which the Tenantry of the country labor brought to your notice. In what these grievances consist, unless in the fact of their being compelled to fulfil an equitable contract, I confess myself unable to perceive.

They say the rents are too high.—Why then do they, every day, of their own free will, come forward to take the burden of rents upon them? Why do they not buy Government lands, in preference to taking Leaseholds? For several years past this boon (if boon it can be called) has been offered to them, and yet since the year 1853, I have myself been beset with applicants for leases; and although refusing many, and telling numbers to go buy from the Government, still from that date I have given over 450 leases. Why is this? The Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick are at the distance of only a few miles from us, where, *it is said*, lands of a vastly superior quality, and with greater advantages, are to be had almost for the asking of them. Are the people of this Island so ignorant that they know not what is for their advantage? Have none of them been in the other Provinces. Do the inhabitants of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick never come here? Have we no farmers from those Provinces in this Island? These questions I leave for your Excellencies to answer, feeling sure, that, from the information you have received since you came here, they will be answered as they alone can be, and, your Excellencies must look with contempt upon the men who, with the facilities of locomotion in these days afforded to them, still prefer taking leases that they have named the "*bonds of slavery*," to going to places where they believe they may be free.

Let me now call your Excellencies' attention to what those people have, by their delegates, asked you to do.—"Have they not vehemently urged your Excellencies in open Court to set aside the rights of *private individuals*?—and why! simply that they, *private individuals also*, might be allowed to enjoy the spoils—not only are the rich and affluent to be sacrificed for them, but the widow and orphan, who perchance have inherited from husband or fathers few hundreds or thousands of acres of Township lands, on the rents of which they subsist, must share the common fate. This is what they ask and require, however specious the mode may be in which they ask it. Were they actuated by a proper spirit, after having entered into solemn agreements, of their own free will, they would not now come to your Excellencies and ask you to relieve them from rents, honestly due, and to fix the fee simple price of their leaseholds at from THREE to NINE years purchase. Such a monstrous proposition I can scarcely believe to come from same men. But further than this they have the assurance to require a credit of ten years to enable them to pay, *by instalments*, even this low rate of purchase; and furthermore that Landholders—be they widows, orphans, or millionaires—must take such instalments as they choose to offer, and, I suppose, keep interest accounts to suit their convenience.

Now, I ask your Excellencies, is it just or honest that such a sacrifice of property as this would lead to should be required of persons who, from evidence adduced, have not been guilty of any breach of covenant in the leases or agreements entered into with the parties demanding the sacrifice? You have seen that, as a general rule, the Land Proprietors have done far more than,—all things considered,—they reasonably could be expected to do, to forward the interests of the Tenants on their lands. No undue severity has been resorted to, to enforce the payment of rent. Landlords have never used harsher, if, indeed, as harsh means to collect their debts as have the Merchants or men of other occupations, and yet they are called upon to give up *all arrears* of rent, whilst the shop keeper may collect his rum, tobacco, and other bills to the last farthing, without any interference on the part of the Legislature, or the imposition, by that body, of any laws,—as in the case of the Landholders,—to render difficult his doing so.

You have been told that Landholders have done nothing or paid nothing towards the support or improvement of the country. To show how much truth there is in this statement, I beg to refer you to the paper I have handed in, marked (A), by which you will perceive that two of the Proprietors alone, whom I represent, have contributed in a few years about £5,500 for such purposes, beside giving land, timber and money subscriptions for churches and other objects to benefit and improve the country and all classes of the people.

When assisting for house-building as well as firewood and fence-poles are scarce, or not to be had on the long occupied farms of their tenants, these Proprietors give free permits in writing to such tenants to cut and haul them from off vacant land. What Landholders, I would ask, in the adjoining Provinces, have done as much for their tenants or for the country in general.

Your Excellencies are informed that the rents, as well as the fee simple price of the lands in this Island, are too high. After the evidence on this point brought before you during the sitting of your Court, and your own observations on the quality of the lands for farming purposes in the districts through which you have passed, I feel sure your Excellencies cannot but see the absurdity of such an assertion. There is no part of the Island at a greater distance than from eight to nine miles from navigable water where, in Autumn and Spring, of late years, vessels are to be found taking in all sorts of farm produce for Colonial and foreign markets, and cash payments are almost invariably given for them. Can lands be got in the adjoining Provinces or in Canada from private individuals equal in *quality* and *situation* to those here for lower prices than we demand? I think not; isolated instances may occur—but, as a general rule, you will find that from 10s to 40s *sterling per acre* for such *wild lands* are the average prices. For proofs, let me refer you to the Canada Land Company's Pamphlet and to your own knowledge of the prices of land in the adjoining Provinces. It is true, Government lands may be had in those Provinces, far in the interior, at prices varying at from £12 to £50, P. E. Island currency per 100 acres. So in this Island Government lands may be had at rates almost as low; but I must beg respectfully to remind your Excellencies, that these rates can form no basis or ground on which to found your opinion as to the value of the lands of private individuals who, in many instances, have paid *many thousands of pounds* for such lands, which at Government rates, in many cases, would scarcely produce them, at this day, as many *hundreds*. In proof of this, please see the paper I hand in, marked (B.)

Taking, then, all things into consideration, I cannot see how your Excellencies can ask Landholders in this place to take less than twenty years' purchase for their leased lands, particularly if a term of years is allowed the tenant for the purchase of the freehold.

If such sales can be effected of lands *on which all back rents are paid up*, then, I think, some deduction might be made. These matters, however, are for your Excellencies' particular consideration, and I am confident that, as men of honor, business men, and men whose minds are unbiassed by the party feelings of this Island, you will see justice done to those whose only crime is being possessed of lands in a British Colony.

To show the prices for lands in fee simple, obtained by Sir Samuel Cunard in all parts of the Island, please see the paper I hand in marked (C.) On the properties of Sir Samuel Cunard, the Right Hon. Sir Sullivan and Mr Edward Cunard are to be found Mill sites, business stands, Town and Village plots, which must in a few years become of very great value.—Even now village Lots, on lands seven years ago in a wilderness state, at Cascumpec, are being leased at from 10s to 20s, and 40s, sterling per acre. Mill sites are taken on long leases on these properties at rents of from £10 to £20 per annum. Two or more *improved* Mill site properties, viz., having an old Saw Mill erected upon them and dam built, were leased many years ago on short leases for from £20 to £40 each per annum.

Evidence has been given before your Excellencies that large portions of the lands of Sir Samuel Cunard and Mr Edward Cunard are not fit for cultivation. On this point, I may observe, that such lands are not under lease; but, even where portions of bad or inferior land came within the bounds of leased farms, the fault must not be attributed either to those gentlemen or to their agents, for, in all cases that I know of, the tenant has been the chooser of his own farm, and has had hundreds or thousands of vacant acres from which to make his choice; therefore, if he has picked out a bad farm the fault is his own.

I need not, I think, do more than call your Excellencies' attention to the various Acts of the Local Legislature to inflicts upon the rights of property holders, as every memorial sent to your Excellencies by the Landed Proprietors, as well as the Statute Books of the Island, and various despatches from Colonial Ministers, to which your Excellencies will of course refer, set forth in the strongest possible light, the shameful way in which these rights have been dealt with in this portion of the British Empire.

Your Excellencies having now heard both verbally and in writing the statements of Tenants, Politicians, Earnest Agitators, Landlords and Land agents, can, I think, easily judge from this heterogeneous mass of evidence what were the real motives and causes which prompted the various parties in asking for, allowing and obtaining, this Royal Commission. It is for your Excellencies, then, to weigh well the nature of these motives and causes, remembering the vast interests which depend upon your judgment. The tenant has all to gain, nothing to lose—the Politicians and Earnest Agitators are not large Landholders. In conclusion, allow me to observe, that the gentlemen for the management of whose properties in this Island I am agent, shall be informed as quickly as possible of the nature of the investigations brought before your Honorable Court, it being for them, not for me, to say whether or not all such investigations come within the scope of their pre-conceived powers of your Royal Commission.

Mr De Blois, after the statement was read, was questioned by the hon. Commissioners, and particularly in reference to his opinion respecting the value of lands on the Island. His answers being embodied in a paper which he handed in to the Court, on the following Monday, we think it unnecessary to insert them here.

Court adjourned.

MONDAY, Sept. 24, 1860.

Charles Wright, Esq., presented a document to the Court, which was read, protesting against the right of the Commissioners to interfere with his property, as he had not signed the paper agreeing to their appointment.

G. W. De Blois, Esq., presented a written statement of his opinion respecting the value of lands, which was read, and is as follows:—

For fear of misconception as my reply to the questions asked me by your Excellencies on Saturday last the 22d instant, in regard to the value of lands in this Island,—a matter requiring a careful reply, and, lest I should mislead your Excellencies, I beg to make the following statement:—

1st. I have to state distinctly that in my view the value of lands held under lease on the property of Sir Samuel Cunard, as well as on that of Mr Edward Cunard, is twenty years' purchase, or in other words, twenty yearly rents.

2d. I believe every acre of wild lands in Prince Edward Island of medium quality to be worth, for farming purposes, from 12s to 35s currency per acre—cash down—according to situation.

3d. In reply to the question of His Excellency, Mr Gray, as "to what price I would take per acre for the whole of the Township lands belonging to Sir Samuel Cunard (were they mine) cash down, and basing my reply simply on the annual amount of rent at present received," I answered, five shillings sterling,—meaning, of course, British Sterling,—per acre. By this answer, I meant explain that I did not mean to say that the *intrinsic value* of the lands was that sum, but that, under the system which has for some years prevailed, by which the rights of property have been seriously interfered with and infringed upon by Legislative enactments, rendering the collection of rents in many cases almost nugatory, I would, if I owned the lands (taking the average of rents received) be willing to get rid of them on such terms.

If the same legal facilities were given to Landlords as to other persons for the recovery of debts due to them, and the minds of the tenants not influenced by political agitators against the fulfilment of their agreements, the land would quickly assume the medium price—really their value—of not less than 22s 2d of this currency per acre, wheresoever they are fit for cultivation.

[STATEMENT.]

From the year 1853 to 1859 inclusive—		
Sir Samuel Cunard paid Taxes,	£2157 14 10	
Mr Edward Cunard do	1454 3 10	
	£3611 18 8	
In last 15 years Sir Samuel Cunard has opened roads and made bridges, costing exclusive of Surveys,	£950 18 6	
Mr Edward Cunard has opened roads and made bridges costing exclusive of Surveys £271 3 4		
Cash paid assessment for Roads, 180 0 0	452 3 4	
	£4403 1 10	
Towards the Agricultural Society Sir Samuel Cunard paid in cash from 1848 to 1854,	£215 0 0	
Mr Edward Cunard from 1849 to 1859 paid in cash	102 0 0	
	£317 0 0	

Towards Churches and Parsonages several hundred acres of excellent land have been given in all parts of the Island by Sir Samuel and Mr Edward Cunard, also money and other subscriptions to the amount of at least £400.

FAIRBANKS' PATENSCALES!

ALL SIZES AND DESCRIPTIONS of Fairbanks' celebrated

SCALES,

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

Charlottetown, Nov. 10, 1860. tf

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

Townships Nos. 9. 16. 22. and 61.

TENANTS ON THOSE TOWNSHIPS AND other persons indebted to the Right Honorable LAWRENCE SULLIVAN are hereby notified that the subscriber has—by Power of Attorney dated 30th April last—been appointed the Agent of the said Lawrence Sullivan, for the management and protection of the said Townships, and for the collection of all debts due to him. All persons, therefore, so indebted, are requested to make an early settlement of their Accounts at the office of the subscriber.

G. W. DEBLOIS.

Ch. Town. May 23.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

MRS. WINSLOW.

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening and reducing all inflamation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after ten years' experience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC

and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA in CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICES, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—YES, ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, 13 Cedar Street, N. Y.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE

W. R. WATSON, General Agent for the Island.

Aug. 11, 1860.

JUDSON'S

Mountain Herb Pills.

ABOVE, we present you with a perfect likeness of TENSQUA, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The Inventor and Manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in travelling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was then that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interesting account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all disease arises from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discoloured. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This *Anti-Bilious* Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and solids pure and sweet, cheering and reconstituting the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach, a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	*Debility,*	*Inward Weakness,*	
Coughs,	*Fever and Ague,*	*Liver Complaints,*	
Colds,	*Female Complaints,*	*Lowness of Spirits,*	
Chest Diseases,	*Headache,*	*Piles,*	
Cutaneous,	*Indigestion,*	*Stone and Gravel,*	
Dyspepsia,	*Influenza,*	*Secondary Symptoms*	
Diarrhœa,	*Inflammation,*	*&c. &c. &c.*	
Dropsy,			

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞ The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tenasca, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—*The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.*

B. L. JUDSON & Co.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

No. 50 Leonard Street.

NEW YORK.

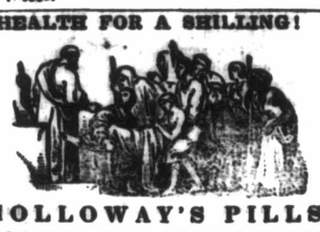
☞ FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS. ☜

Sold by WM. R. WATSON, Wholesale Agent for the Island.

Also by—T. DeBrisay, & Co., M. W. Skinner, Charlottetown, and by one agent in every settlement at Wholesale by M. S. Barr, & Co., Boston.

Nov. 7. 1860.

HEALTH FOR A SHILLING!



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

HEADACHES, BILE, LOSS OF APPETITE, AND LOWNESS OF SPIRITS.

These Pills require no interruption of business or pleasure, they act mildly on the bowels, strengthen the stomach, and promote a healthy action of the liver, whereby they purify the the blood, cleanse the skin, brace the nerves, and invigorate the whole system. They effect a truly wonderful change in debilitated constitution, as they create a healthy appetite, correct indigestion, remove bile, giddiness, headache, and palpitation of the heart.

WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY.

In cases of debility, languor, and nervousness generated by excess of any kind, whether mental or physical, the effect of these Pills is in the highest degree bracing, renovating, and restorative. They drive from the system the morbid cause of disease; re-establish, the digestion, regulate all the secretions, brace the nervous system, raise the patient's spirits, and bring back the frame to its pristine health and vigor. They increase the appetite, while they secure perfect digestion to all ordinary food, and release the invalid from restraint in diet.

A WORD TO FEMALES.

There are two periods, especially in Women's life, which require for safe passage, judgment and attention. Irregularity in apt at those critical times to take place, and to lay the foundation of future disease. These Pills, safe in action, and effective in result, should be taken at certain periods, and the issue will be marvellous both to the young and middle aged. They prevent nervousness, hysterics, dropsy, and a host of similar serious disorders, expelling all impurities from the system, therefore none should never be without them.

COUGHS, COLDS, AND ASTHMAS.

No medicine will cure colds so quickly as these Pills, when of long duration or settled on the chest, or even though it be assumed the first stage of asthma, they may be relied on as a certain and never failing cure, particularly if the Ointment be well rubbed into the chest and throat night and morning. If this catch the eye of any asthmatical person so bad as even not able to lie down in bed, let him well use these two preparations for only a week and the result will be marvellous.

BLOOD TO THE HEAD.—DISEASES OF THE HEART.

More persons die suddenly from disease of the heart than the unlearned suppose: in such complaints, the bowels should always be kept well open, as also where there is a tendency of blood to the head. These celebrated Pills purify the blood in an extraordinary manner, and should be taken in copious doses when such symptom occur, taking care not to overload the stomach, by this means all danger is quickly averted.

CHILDREN'S COMPLAINTS.

It is not generally known, but such is the fact, that children require medicine oftener than their parents. Threefourths of the children die before they attain the age of eight years. Let mothers then be wise and give to their Children small doses of these invaluable Pills once or twice every week, in such quantity as may act gently upon the system twice in the twenty four hours. For infants a Pill may be crushed and given as a powder in a little water. The gross humours that are constantly floating about in the blood of children, the forerunners of so many complaints, will thus be expelled, and the lives of thousands saved and preserved to their parents.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Evil
Asthma	Fevers of all kinds	Sore Throats
Bilious Complaints	Gout	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on Skin	Head-ache	Secondary Symptoms
Bowel complaints	Indigestion	Tic-Doloureaux
Colics	Inflammation	Tumors
Constipation of the Bowels	Jaundice	Ulcers
Consumption	Liver complaints	Venereal Affections
Debility	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Piles	Weakness from what ever cause
Dysentery	Retention of urine	&c., &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Scrofula or King's	

Sold at the Establishments of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand (near Temple Bar), London, also at all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 3d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d. 11s., 22s., and 33s each box.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

NEW GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED per Ship "ISABEL," direct from England, his usual supply of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

which he offers on very reasonable terms for CASH.

JOHN HIGGINS.

Great George-street, Oct. 20, 1860. 3m

ISAAC C. HALL,

Commission Merchant & Auctioneer

Queen-Street,

CHARLOTTETOWN, --- P. E. ISLAND.

REFERS TO

Messrs Glendon & Williams } Boston.
" F. Snow & Co. }
" Snow & Ryder }
Messrs J. C. Baker & Co., New York.

Sept. 1, 1860.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

ARE YOU SICK, FEEBLE, AND COMPLAINING? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely cured, by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4. 1856.

Dr. Ayer: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

AS A FAMILY PHYSIC.

From Dr. E. W. Carlwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

HEADACHE, SICKHEADACHE, FOUL STOMACH

From Dr. Edward Boyd Baltimore.

Dear Bro. Ayer: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we treat with a purgative medicine, I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 1, 1858.

Dr. J. C. Ayer. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PRERLE, Clerk of Steamer Clarion

BILIOUS DISORDERS—LIVER COMPLAINTS.

From Dr Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

Sir,—I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours

ALONZA BALL, M. D., Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentry, Diarrhœa, Relax. Worms.

From Dr J. G. Green of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alternative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentry and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes Pastor of Advent Church, Boston

Dr Ayer,—I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct 24, 1855.

Dear Sir,—I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr J. P. Vaughan, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as effectious as I have they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills effect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev Dr Hawks, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga. Jan. 6, 1856.

Honored Sir,—I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855

Dr Ayer,—I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.

VINCENT SLIDEL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skillful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by WILLIAM R. WATSON, Charlottetown, General Agent for Prince Edward Island. Also, by—

J. Cornish, Wood Islands	J. Hayden, Vernon River
G. L. Anderson, H. St. Peter's B.	D. Gordon, Georgetown
W. Cousins, Park Corner	P. Stephens, Orwell
E. Tambs, Rustico	R. S Findlay, Head of Orwell
W. Ling, Wheatly River Bridge	Bourke, Mt. Stewart Bridge
W. Hubbard, Tignish	M. Kilbride, Lot 11
J. Reid, Cascumpec	J. O'Conner, Lot 16
J. L. Holman, St. Andrews	J. Bearists, Lot 18
J. Bear, Bedeque	J. J. Frazer, St Eleanors
C. A. Crosby, French River	W. S. Hunt, do.
C. W. M'Leanan, Summerside	F. Arsenaus, Tignish
G. Wigginton, Crapaud	E. Robinson, Newtown
D. & P. McNutt, Malpec	D. Beaton, Souris
H. Beer, Southport	W. Shaw, New Glasgow R.
G. C Garrett, Fife's Ferry	J. Pidgeon, French River
J Metchand, Richmond Village	R Robinson, East River
G. McKay & Son, Grhm's Cross	D. Ramsay, Port Hill.
P. Lanegan, Irish Town	

Oct. 27, 1860.

"Multi Sociabis Tutiores."

ALLIANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Capital £5,000,000 Stg.

THE SUBSCRIBER, AS THE AGENT of the above Company, still continues to take risks in the

LIFE DEPARTMENT,

and will be happy to furnish Persons with TABLES OF PREMIUMS for Life Assurance in various forms. These Tables indicate that this Company insures life at very moderate rates, and the Subscriber would earnestly invite all persons having fixed incomes, rising or large families, being about to enter into business engagements, or how otherwise in making provision for the future, to call at his Office, obtain the necessary information, and effect an Insurance on their lives.

OFFICE HOURS are from 10 a.m. until 3 o'clock p.m.

The Subscriber can also be consulted at his Chambers upon the various branches of his profession.

CHARLES YOUNG.

Charlottetown, Oct. 27, 1860. 3m

CRAMP & PAIN KILLER.

THE WORLD IS ASTONISHED AT THE wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP and PAIN KILLER prepared by CURTIS and PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of Spinal Complaints, Cramp in the Limbs and Stomach, Rheumatism in all its forms, Bilious Colic, Chills and Fever, Burns, Sore Throat, and Gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine, are on circulars in the hands of Agents.

W. R. WATSON, General Wholesale Agent for the Island, and sold by Merchants everywhere

August 11.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINES HAVE NOW BEEN before the public for a period of THIRTY YEARS, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

IN MANY THOUSANDS,

of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were acquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and ensuing them with renowned tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name.

Unlike the host of pernicious quacheries which boast of vegetable ingredients, the LIFE MEDICINES are purely and solely vegetable; and contain neither *Mercury*, nor *Antimony*, nor *Arsenic* nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

The first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and crudities constantly settling round them; and to remove the hardened fæces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind to produce habitual Costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden Diarrhœa with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of these well-informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder; and, by this means, the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs, before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; *Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-Temper, Languor*, and *Melancholy*, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence: all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

DIARRHŒA and CHOLERA, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrance.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The LIFE MEDICINES have been known to cure *Rheumatism* permanently in three weeks, and *Gout* in half that time, by removing local inflamation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder: they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of *Gravel*.

Also *Worms*, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

Asthma and *Consumption*, by relieving the air-vessels of the lungs from the mucous which even slight colds will occasion, and which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces these dreadful diseases.

Scurvy, Ulcers and *Inveterate Sores*, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

Scorbutic Eruptions and *Bad Complexions*, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of *Salt Rheum*, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. *Common Colds* and *Influenza* will always be cured by one dose, or by two even in the worst cases.

PILES. As a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well-known to hundreds in this city, that the former proprietor of these valuable Medicines was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of THIRTY-FIVE YEARS, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the wh