

PRINCE GORTSCHAKOFF.

This name is joined to the longest, the fiercest, the most deadly struggle in modern warfare, writes a leading English Journal. The last act of the late Czar was to appoint him to command which age, failing health and weakening resolve induced Menschikoff to relinquish. Nicholas knew the man. A quarter of a century ago, he had carried on the war in Poland with fearful severity. The case was this:—He proposed to his Prisoners on all occasions the alternative of the Russian service or the Knout. Once a body of 2,000 insurgents were defeated and took refuge in the Austrian territory. The Austrians disarmed them and sent them to Gortschakoff. He gave them the usual choice of entering the Russian ranks; they desperately refused. It is said, that the General was present at the execution which followed. The fogging lasted many hours; ten died under the lash; seven more yielded after terrible tortures, and were borne to the hospital. Gortschakoff stated his determination to go through the whole number, if the execution lasted a month. The Poles then bowed the head, and were draughted into Russian legions. Such was the stern nature of the man whom Nicholas sent to defend Sebastopol. Prince Gortschakoff has published in the *Parade Rasse*, his version of the capture of Sebastopol, which is characteristic of the man. He recounts the length of the siege as a proof of the bravery of the Russian Soldiers, and then describes the final bombardment and the subsequent events, which we give below;

"Taking advantage of the superiority of their fire at short range, the enemy after the concentrated action of their artillery for 30 days—which cost our garrison from 500 to 1,000 men per day—commenced that terrible bombardment (bombardment d'enfer) from their innumerable engines of war, and of a calibre hitherto unknown, which destroyed our defences, which had been repaired at night with great labour and at great loss, under the incessant fire of the enemy—the principal work, the Korniloff Redoubt, on the Malakhoff Hill (the key of Sebastopol) as a point dominating the whole town, having experienced considerable and irreparable damage."

"To continue under these circumstances the defence of the south side would have been to expose our troops daily to useless butchery, and their preservation is to-day, more than ever, necessary to the Emperor of Russia."

"For these reasons, with sorrow in my heart, but with a full conviction, I resolved to evacuate Sebastopol, and to take over the troops to the north side by the bridge constructed beforehand over the bay and by boats."

"Meantime, the enemy beholding, on the 27th of August (8th of September), at 12.30, the half-ruined works before them and the Korniloff Redoubt, with its ditches filled up, resolved upon a desperate assault, first on Bastion No. 2, Korniloff, and 5, and the Bolkin and Schwartz redoubts."

"Of these six attacks, five were gloriously repulsed. Some of the points of attack, like that of Bastion No. 2, on which the enemy had succeeded in bringing guns by flying bridges, having at various times been taken and retaken, remained finally ours. But the Korniloff Redoubt, more damaged than the others by the bombardment, was taken by the French, who brought more than 30,000 men against it, and could not be retaken after the great losses we had suffered at the commencement of this combat, for it would have been necessary to ascend in the midst of the ruins a very steep incline, and then cross a narrow ridge above a deep ditch of the rear face occupied by the French. Such an undertaking might have prevented us achieving the proposed object, and would have cost us, without the slightest doubt, incalculable losses."

"The attempt was the more needless, as for reasons already mentioned, I had resolved to evacuate the place. Therefore, as the success of the enemy was confined to the sole capture of the Korniloff redoubt, I ordered that no attack should be made on that redoubt, and to remain in front of it to oppose any continuation of the enemy's attack on the town itself, an order which was executed, despite all the efforts of the

French to get beyond the gorge of the redoubt.

"At dusk the troops were ordered to retire according to the arrangements previously made."

"The examples of bravery you gave during that day, valiant comrades, aroused such a feeling of esteem in the enemy, that, despite the knowledge they must have had of our retreat by the explosion of our mines, which our troops exploded one after the other as they gradually retreated, they not only did not pursue us in columns, but even ceased firing with the artillery, which they might have continued with impunity."

"Valiant Comrades, it is painful, it is hard, to leave Sebastopol in the enemy's hands. But remember the sacrifice we made upon the altar of our country in 1812. Moscow was surely as valuable as Sebastopol—we abandoned it after the immortal battle of Borodino. The defence of Sebastopol during 349 days—superior to Borodino, and when the enemy entered Moscow in that great year of 1812, they only found heaps of stones and ashes. Likewise it is not Sebastopol which we have left to them, but the burning ruins of the town which we ourselves set fire to, having maintained the honor of the defence in such a manner that our great-grandchildren may recall the remembrance thereof with pride to all posterity."

"Sebastopol kept us chained to its walls; with its fall we acquire freedom of movement, and a new war commences, a war in the open field, that most congenial to the Russian soldier. Let us prove to the Emperor, let us prove to Russia, that we are still imbued with the spirit which animated our ancestors in our memorable and patriotic struggle. When the enemy may show himself, we will present our breasts to him and defend our native land as we defended it in 1812."

"Valiant warriors of the land and sea forces!—In the name of the Emperor, I thank you for the unexampled courage, firmness, and constancy you have displayed during the siege of Sebastopol."

[Here follow the names of the officers who most distinguished themselves.]

"In thus expressing the gratitude your worthy commanders are entitled to who are still living, let us also honour, comrades, those who have fallen honourably for our faith and for our country, on the ramparts of Sebastopol."

"Let us remember the immortal names of Nachimoff, Korniloff, and Istomine, and let us address prayers to the Most High that He will grant them peace and eternalize their memory as an example to the future generations of the Russians."

A TOUCHING STORY—The Hon. A. H. Stephens, of Georgia, in a recent address at a meeting in Alexandria, for the benefit of the orphan Asylum and Free School of that city, related the following anecdote:

"A poor little boy in a cold night, with no home or roof to shelter his head, no paternal or maternal guardian or guide to protect or direct him on his way, reached at nightfall the house of a wealthy planter, who took him in, fed and lodged him, and sent him on his way with his blessing. Those kind attentions cheered his heart, and inspired him with fresh courage to battle with the obstacles of life. Years rolled round; Providence led him on, and he had reached the legal profession; his host had died; the ornaments that prey on the substance of man had formed a conspiracy to get from the widow her estates. She sent for the nearest counsel to commit her cause to him, and that counsel proved to be the orphan boy long before welcomed and entertained by her deceased husband. The stimulations of a warm and tenacious gratitude were now added to the ordinary motive connected with the profession. He undertook her cause with a will not easily to be resisted; he gained it; the widow's estates were secured to her in perpetuity; and Mr. Stevens added with an emphasis of entreaty that sent an electric thrill throughout the house, *that orphan boy stands before you.*

The Heron family have paid, in the aggregate, £170 for the rent of the Temperance Hall during their several visits to Halifax.

PROSPECTUS OF THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN ELEVENTH YEAR.

The Proprietors of the Scientific American respectfully give notice, that the Eleventh Annual Volume of their Journal will commence on the 16th of September next.

THIS work differs materially from other publications, being an Illustrated Periodical, devoted chiefly to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemical Arts, Industrial Manufacturing, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering, Millwork, and all interests, which the light of Practical Science is calculated to advance.

The Scientific American is printed once a week, in convenient quarto form for binding, and presents an elegant typographical appearance. Every number contains eight pages of reading, abundantly illustrated with original engravings. All the most valuable patented discoveries are delineated and described in its issues, so that, as respects inventions, it may be justly regarded as an Illustrated Repository, where the inventor may learn, what has been done before him in the same field which he is exploring, and where he may bring to the world a knowledge of his own achievements.

Reports of U. S. Patents granted are also published every week, including Official Copies of the Patent Claims; these Claims are published in the Scientific American in advance of all other papers. The Contributors to the Scientific American are among the most eminent, scientific, and practical men of the times. The Editorial Department is universally acknowledged to be conducted with great ability and to be distinguished, not only for the excellence and truthfulness of its discussions, but for the fearlessness with which error is combated and false theories are exploded.

Mechanics, Inventors, Engineers, Chemists, Manufacturers, Agriculturists, and people of every profession in life, will find the Scientific American to be of great value in their respective callings. Its counsels and suggestions will save them hundreds of dollars annually, besides affording them a continual source of knowledge, the experience of which is beyond pecuniary estimate.

Terms of Subscription, \$2.00 a year, \$1.00 for six months.

HASZARD & OWEN, Agents for P. E. Island.

Wanted The Tannery of Mr. John Vickerson, a good Journeyman Carrier; also, two or three good Boot and Shoemakers. Call at this establishment, St. Peter's Road, 64 miles from Charlottetown. J. L. VICKERSON. Charlottetown, July 27, 1855.

JUST RECEIVED, per Schr. 'SUPERB' from Halifax, and for Sale at DODD'S BRICK STORE, a splendid LOT OF TEA, SUGAR AND MOLASSES, which will be Sold Wholesale and Retail. THOMAS W. DODD. Oct. 5.

TO LET with immediate possession, the southeast end of the House recently built on the corner of Great George and Kent Streets, and next to that occupied by Messrs. Gahan & Co.

The cellar is 24 feet by 50, has a substantial wall, is over 7 feet deep and is perfectly dry. There is on the first floor a shop 20 feet in front and 30 feet in depth; also a front Entrance, a Hall in rear of the shop and two other apartments. There are on the second floor one room 24 feet by 15, one 20 feet by 15 and two about 11 feet by 12, and the third floor nearly corresponds with the second. There are three rooms on the fourth floor and a fine view of the Harbour, the Rivers and the Country round, there is also attached to the premises a new Ware-house and it is one of the best stands in this City for Mercantile or any other business. Further information may be obtained by applying to THOMAS DAWSON. July 14th, 1855.

FREEHOLD LAND FOR SALE, Lot 42, as laid down on the Plan of Township No. 55, bounded on the Division line between Townships No. 55 and 56, containing 100 acres of Land. It is near Boughton River, on the South side of the Island, and is covered with good Wood. For further particulars apply to JAMES D. HASZARD, Recreation, Sept. 27th, 1855.

TO MILLERS. **Camel Hair Bolting Cloth.** HASZARD & OWEN have much pleasure in announcing to their customers that they have received this day, a new supply of the above, Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, which they offer for sale at 10 per cent below former prices.

FOR SALE THAT beautifully situated farm at Darney, known as the Subscriber's, it contains 100 acres of land in a high state of cultivation; it is a household for 999 years, the yearly rent is £5 11s 11d, currency; there are on the premises a large two-story dwelling House, a large and convenient Barn, with a Thrashing Mill, and an out-house for a Granary.

Also, a small farm, containing 24 acres of freehold land, situate in Princetown Royalty, within a few chains of the Darney Bridge; the above mentioned properties are well worth the attention of persons wishing to purchase. For further particulars enquire of WM. E. CLARK. Charlottetown, 12th September, 1855. wlx

For Sale or to Let, SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the East side of the Malpague, or Princetown Road, about a quarter of a mile from Charlottetown, and opposite to Spring Park. Apply to WILLIAM FORGAN, March 21st, 1855.



Friend of the Prince Edward Islander. HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF ASTHMA!! OF AN OLD LADY SEVENTY FIVE YEARS OF AGE. Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thomas Weston, (Book Store,) Toronto, dated the 9th October, 1854. To Professor Holloway. Sir,—Gratitude compels me to make known to you the extraordinary benefit an aged parent has derived from the use of your Pills. My mother was afflicted for upwards of four and twenty years with asthma and spitting of blood; it was quite agony to see her suffer and hear her cough; I have often declared, that I would give all I possessed to have her cured; but although I paid a large sum for medicine and advice, it was all to no purpose. About three months ago, I thought perhaps your Pills might benefit her; at all events I resolved to give them a trial, which I did; the result was marvellous; by slow degrees, my mother became better, and after persevering with your remedies for nine weeks, she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health, although seventy-five years old. I remain, Sir, Your obliged, THOMAS WESTON.

REMARKABLE CURE OF DROPSY. AFTER BEING TAPPED THREE TIMES. Copy of a Letter from Anthony Smith, Esq Halifax, Nova Scotia, dated the 25th August, 1855. To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I desire to add my testimony to the value of your Pills, in cases of dropsy. For nine months I suffered the greatest torture with this distressing complaint; was tapped three times, and finally given up by the doctors; having become in appearance as a skeleton, and with no more strength in me than a child just born. It was then, that I thought of trying your Pills, and immediately sent for a quantity, and commenced using them. The result I can scarcely credit even now, although true it is. After using them for four weeks, I felt much better, and by persevering with them, at the expiration of two months, I was completely cured. I have since enjoyed the best of health. I am, Sir, Yours sincerely ANTHONY SMITH.

ASTONISHING CURE OF GENERAL DEBILITY AND LIVER COMPLAINT!! Copy of a Letter from William Reeves, Esq Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, dated 17th Nov. 1854.

To Professor Holloway, Sir,—I am happy to say, that your Pills have restored me to health after suffering for nine years from the most intense general debility and languor, my liver and bowels were also much deranged for the whole of that time. I tried many medicines, but they were of no good to me, until I had recourse to your Pills, by taking which, and following the printed directions for seven weeks I was cured, after every other means failed to the astonishment of my neighbours, acquaintances, and friends. I shall ever feel grateful to you for this astonishing restoration to health, and will recommend your Pills to all sufferers, feeling it my duty to do so. I remain, Sir, your humble servant. (Signed) WILLIAM REEVES.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Dropsy	Inflammation
Asthma	Dysentery	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the skin	Female Irregularities	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Fevers of all kinds	Phlegm
Cholera	Fits	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Goat	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Head-ache	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Indigestion	Tumours
Sore Throats	Stones and Gravel	Veneral Affections
Secondary Symptoms	The Dolourous	Worms of all kinds
Ulcers	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c.	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY 24, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:— 2s. 5s. 8s. and 20s. Currency each Box. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder affixed to each Box. GEORGE T. HASZARD, Sole Wholesale Agent for P. E. Island.

it and good medicine, and will ensure the leading medicine, of the day.' The name blown in the glass, \$1 per bottle for \$5. Gum-coated Pills, 25 Agents are authorized to retail, as low, on as favorable conditions as the 161 Duane St corner of Hudson, N. Y. R. WATSON, General Agent.



RE OUTWITTED!! Dr. Antrabus's Hair Restorative, AND HAIR DYE.

mediate Patronage of the Princes of Persia and India. Be without doubt the most extraordinary powers ever submitted to the Public, but to be tried, to be appreciated, ad-mitted. ORATIVE strengthens the hair and grows off after every other means have been used unsuccessfully; it cures baldness natural curl, and by its use, myriads of sexes are indebted to having a good head, and the whole world is enabled, on an article to equal it, either for human hair or preserving it to the life. For the production of Whiskers it is infallible. OF THE HAIR DYE are decidedly the best of the kind ever attempted and used of the head can be changed into black or brown, within five minutes as to defy detection from the great. Advice by post gratis on receipt of

one of the greatest Medical Men "the day."—Read it!!! (Order from Dr. Magrath, M. R. C. S., Street, Adelphi, London, the 17th January, 1854.)

great pleasure in attesting the virtues of a Hair Restorative. Several parties patients of mine having derived the benefit from using it; and in fact is a cure for, that many of them are at present completely bald; one party in particular, who had been laid up for (a most beautiful young lady,) ever left her scarcely as beautiful as before, will with as much as any on her side every thing unsuccessfully, until I advised her to use your Persian Hair Restorative months, she again possessed the soft locks, as before her illness, although more jet like, and attractive. I must have recommended it to hundreds of sexes, I have never found it fails at where the hair is not past human ousful preparation will restore it to its

Dye is the best I have ever seen or has been used among my private acquaintance with the most unbounded satisfaction. I am, Sir, yours most truly, (Signed) DENNIS MAGRATH. Henry Vinson, Court Hair Dresser fakes, of 124, Leadenhall Street, London.

My Hair Restorative is one of the greatest or invented. Several of my customers stored with it, and consider it beyond doubt, but that it has appeared to derful, the alteration it causes after use weeks, it excels any thing of the d, causing a complete metamorphosis; a natural curl, and even entirely so, setting nature at defiance. need upon it, that it surpases any ever brought before the public, and Dye, I can sell all you can send me, tionably good.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully, (Signed) HENRY VINSON.

size is sold at 6d., 2s. 6d., and 4s. ring. The Hair Dye 2s. 6d. and 7s. a larger size are a great saving use accompany each Bottle and Case.

Particular to ask for Dr. Antrabus's, or it may be imposed upon. respectable Chemists and Perfumers world, and at Dr. Antrabus's Esq Brydges Street, Strand. If any diffi-culties in obtaining it, send postage stamps to address, and it will be forwarded by

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