Major Hisam of Persia.

The procession on the 21st inst. will be far more picturesque and imposing than is generally expected. The Prince of Wales and all the male members of the Royal family are to be on horseback, so that the Queen will be attended by a brilliant avalcade of her relatives. There is also to be a very large military escort, under the command of the Duke of Cambridge It is probable that there will be sevented of the Royal carriages in the processic An immense marquee is to be erected ou side the great west door of the Abbey which the Royal procession will be forme the personages walking in strict order ecedence up the nave and through the choir to their places. The definite monial has not yet been settled.

#### SUED FOR A FURNITURE BILL.

A Novelist and Earl's Daughter in Court A London cable says: Yesterday after goon, at the Westminster County Court Lady Constance Howard, the daughter of the Earl of Winchelsea and sister of the late Lord Maidstone, appeared to answer s judgment summons at the instance of Mr guantrell, furniture dealer, of Wardour street, Oxford street. Judge Bayley asked the defendant if she was married? The defendant replied in the affirmative, but added that her father had stopped her allowance of £200 a year, and she was a tirely dependent on her husband, who the second son of the Earl of Effingham. reply to the solicitor for the plaintiff, Lad istance said it was true that she had written the following novels: "Mated with a Clown," "Mollie Darling" and "Only a Village Maiden," but she had only made about £20 out of them. She denied that she had written "Major Toddles." She also denied that she went much in society now, and added that as to novel writing she found it did not pay. Mr. Quantrell called the judge's attention to an action in a superior court, during which the defendant had declared that she had an allowance from her father, the Earl of Winchelsea; whereupon the defendant explained that since then the allowance had been stopped. The judge said that he had no power to since then the allowance had no power to The judge said that he had no power to avoid woman without a separ

### A CAROLINA FISH STORY.

commit a married woman without a separate income, and dismissed the summons.

The Water Became Bitter and the Fis Wanted to Live on Land.

A Charleston, S.C., despatch says: In the southwestern corner of Georgetown County, in the Santee Swamp, is Dawho Lake, widely celebrated for its great quantity of excellent fish of all kinds. About two weeks ago a terrific hallstorm, of seve-ral hours' duration, passed over the place, beating the limbs and leaves of trees into the lake in great quantities and damaging the crops in the vicinity very much. A few days after the storm the fish in the lake began to appear upon the surface of the water by thousands, the number increasing daily, until now the whole surface of the water is covered with them. The water of the lake has always been of a whitish color, but now it is as black as ink and quite bitter. It is said the fish on first rising screw and belted steel cruiser, and was approached the shore, struggling as if teget on land. Alligators, cooters and snakes were seen leaving the lake in great nun-Dawho Lake is about one and a half miles long, from ten to thirty feet deer and from one to two hundred yards wide.
The stench arising from so large a mass of dead fish is terrible. The buzzards are having a high carnival. Upon the approach of any one they rise to fly, making a noise similar to the roar of the late August earth-quake. Adjacent lakes are not affected.

#### A GIDDY GIRL Dressed in Male Attire Comes to Grie and the Police Cells.

A New York despatch says; A pretty 15-year old girl named Mamie McNamara is to-day sobbing away for dear life in jail, having been committed for examination yesterday. When the girl was brought into court her mother would scarcely have recognized her, as her slender figure was encased in those garments which custom and the law have awarded to the male sex. She was arraigned for stealing \$185 from her father on May 20th. Until two weeks ago she attended a grammar school. She invested a portion of the money in having her hair cut short and in the purchase of a new dress and a red jersey. When the girl was accused of the theft she denied it indignature and cluding howesteric visit. dignantly and eluding her mother's vig lance ran away. Detective Byrnes' detec-tives found her yesterday after a lon chase. She was dressed in male attire representing herself as a cigarette-maker A few days ago her mother received a lette from a "Mrs. Wilson," stating that th giddy girl had committed suicide and was of a cart-horse. buried in Greenwood Cemetery. The gir

#### confessed to writing the note. Millions of Sharks and Mackerel.

A Norfolk, Va., despatch says: Capt. Steelman, of the schooner Susan B. Ray, reports that on May 28th, while off Cape Lookout, bound north, his vessel ran into an immense school of sharks in seventeen fathoms of water. They were "as thick as they possibly could be," he says, and the school extended as far as the eye could reach. The schooner sailed through them for fully an hour, making only about three miles. After getting clear of the sharks s encountered a shoal of mackerel and sailed through them for four hours. Capt. Steel-man says he never before saw mackerel in waters south of Body's Island.

Richard Smith, a colored boy, aged 10 years, of Bartlett, Tenn., yesterday deliberately blew out an 11 months' old baby's brains with a double-barrelled shotgur had been flogged by the man with whom he lived and killed the baby is

revenge. The prohibitory law of Maine has received a terrific set-back. Michael Burns, a well-known liquor dealer, of Augusta, has brought to that city from Liverpool a large invoice of foreign distilled spirits, which he is selling to all who wish to purchase. he is selling to all who wish to purchase. The United States protects all persons importing liquors from foreign countries original unbroken packages.

#### THE PRAIRIE PROVINCE.

A Winnipeg despatch says: The great Indian Sun Dance is over. Owing to the action of the Government agent in refusing to issue extra rations to the large number of Indians at the Assiniboine during the Sun Dance, their performance was necessarily cut short this year. They were simply starved out. At the conclusion of the ceremony, which was devoid of all old-time atrocities, Chief Pie-a-pot addressed his braves and aroused the camp with enthusiasm. A newspaper man inter-viewed the chief through a half-breed nterpreter, and found him out of hun He complained of his camp being hungry. He said that Chief Jack and himself had quarrelled over the question of making braves by torture. Chief Jack said Pie-apot had secretly made one brave in this way. Pie-a-pot promises to return to his reserve at once. Excepting on the ques-tion of "more grub" all the Indians are contented.

contented.

An amended Hudson Bay Railroad Bill has been brought in. By it the Winnipeg & Hudson Bay road is empowered to float ten million dollars of bonds. Of these \$4,500,000 will have their interest guaranteed by the Government at the rate of a per cent. for twenty-five years, and the remaining \$5,500,000 will be ordinary bonds issued by the company. The proceeds of these bonds will be placed in possession of a board of three trustees, one appointed by the Go ernment, one by the company and one by the bondholders, and they will pay out one dollar from the funds raised from the guarantee bonds for every dollar expended from the money obtained from the other bonds. The remaining bonding power of the company amounting to \$6.50.000 mill remain pany, amounting to \$6,250,000, will remain pany, amounting to \$0,20,000, will remain in the hands of the Government, as security that the road shall be completed, and will be applied from time to time in aiding the construction of the road. After the com-pletion of the line any other security held the Government shall be given back to

he company.

It is expected that Fant, Chief McRae ssailant, will be extradited, the proceed ngs so far being favorable. McLeish's murderers are still at large, though their capture is certain within forty-eight hours.

The report that Chief Pie-a-pot and his band have left their reserve to join the Assiniboines and raise hostilities is without foundation. The Indian Agent granted him and a few families a few day's leave to visi relations on the Assiniboine reserve. All Pie-a-pot's braves are busy putting in crops on the reserve, and the Indians are quiet. It is expected the Local Legislature will be prorogued this week.

## HANGED THE WRONG MAN

Lamentable Blunder by a "Served-Him A Jasper (Ind.) despatch says: All the reports heretofore published of the Perry county lynching have been grossly exaggerated and untrue. The "child" reported to have been outraged is a big, strapping woman of 23 years of age, weighing 150 pounds or more. The ways. Clay Davis pounds or more. The man, Clay Davis, charged with the crime is a small man. The woman was not seriously injured, John Davis, who was hanged, was innocent of any participation in the reported out-rage. The men who did the hanging were ten in number, masked, and had thei coats turned inside out.

#### Divorces in Canada.

An Ottawa despatch says: The Bill for the relief of John Monteith was passed in the Senate to-day. The petitioner, who is a hotel keeper at Lake Rosseau, Muskoka, was married to Mary Ann Wright in 1870. In 1885, after fifteen years of wedded life, the wife eloped with Wm. G. Norton, and s now living with him in the United States The divorce is granted on the ground o

infidelity.

Fanny Riddell, of Montreal, was examined before the Divorce Committee of the Senate to-day and told a pitiful tale. She was applying for divorce from her husband, Dr. Herchmer, on the ground of adultery and descrition. The evidence went to show that Herchmer had been employed in the Post-office Denastment at Montreal in the Post-office Department at Montrea He took money from a registered letter and then skipped out. Since that time the applicant for divorce had never seen him. It was also shown that Herchmer is in the Northwest, leading an immora

mmenced in January, 1886, having thus en less than eighteen months in reaching er present state of construction. or belt is 10 inches thick. She is of 5,000 tons displacement, of 8,500 horse power and is expected to steam eighteer knots. She will carry twelve breech-load ing guns besides an equipment of Norden-feldt and torpedoes. The Immortalite is the sister ship of the Australia, the Un-daunted and several others. The ceremony of christening was performed by Mrs. Graham, the wife of the Comptroller of the Royal Nawy, who was bimostly recent Royal Navy, who was himself present with Prince Leiningen, the Commander-in Chief of the Nore. As the vessel was being launched her anchor caught in the side of the ship and several workmen parrowl

# scaped injury from the falling of hug ocks of wood.

Sale of a Famous Stallion. A London despatch says: The Duke of Portland has sold his famous Clydesdale stallion Cairnbrogie Keir, to Galbraith Bros., of Janesville, Wis., the great horse importers, and he will be shipped from the Clyde in a few days. This horse has had a somewhat remarkable career. He was exported to America when a yearling, wo all the prizes at Chicago and other sho was brought back to England, and was bought as soon as landed by the Duke of Portland for £1,400. He won the first rize of the Royal Agricultural Society at used with great success on His Grace's estates in Ayrshire. Cairnbrogic Keir is a handsome bay, eight years old, and, with the weight of a Clydesdale, has the action

The Presbyterian Assembly of California has approved of the use of unfermented

wines for communion purposes. Last week a man named D. McKay ap peared before the Mayor of Kincardine charged with entering the school grounds and plucking the flowers the children had planted. The Mayor held that the defend ant was as criminal as though he had con mitted larceny in a private garden. From the point of view of teachers and pupils His Worship stated the case very mildly.

Wapwallopen is the picturesque name

a Pennsylvania village.

Dr. Wm. Grant, of Shoalhaven, New South Wales, whose jubilee was lately celebrated with great enthusiasm, is one of the twelve now surviving of the brilliant band of Scottish ministers ordained in 1836, t which belonged Sir Henry Moncreiff and McCheyne, of Dundee. Dr. Grant is a na-tive of Nairn and a graduate of Aberdeen.

Lady Seten has and takes great pride in showing to all her visitors at Durham House probably the earliest autograph letter of Queen Victoria in existence. in childish print characters and runs thus,
"How do you do, my dear Sir Henry?
Your little friend, Victoria." It was addressed Sir Henry Seton.

A pansy luncheon was a recent poetical, social event in Boston. The rooms were porting liquors from foreign countries decorated with smilax and pansies, each Across a narrow pathway is the grave of m prosecution under any State prohibitable was ornamented with pansies, and george Lewes. His grave looks much guests received favors of pansy fans and older than that of George Eliot, although small bunches of the flowers.

### CLOSURE AND EVICTIONS.

A last (Friday) night's London cable says: The Pall Mall Gazette, in a rampant article on the action of Mr. W. H. Smith, leader of the Government, on giving notice that he would to-day move that the committee name the time when they would report the Irish Crimes Amendment Bill to the House, urges every English and Irish member of Parliament, who opposes Mr. Smith's proposal, from Mr. Gladstone downward, to get themselves suspended rather than tamely acquiesce in Mr. Smith's monstrous encroachment on the liberties of Parliament.

In the House of Commons this evening,

In the House of Commons this eveni Mr. Smith moved the resolution previously announced, requesting that at 10 p.m. or the 17th inst. the Chairman forthwith put he question of any motion, amendment of proposal touching the clause of the Crime Bill then under discussion, then on the claus itself and finally on each remaining clause. H said the step was forced upon the Govern ment by continuous obstruction. It was absolutely necessary for the dignity and efficiency of the House that the deliberate attempts to prevent the progress of business should be defeated. It was now the fourth month of the session and practically nothing had been done. The whole cours of legislation had been stopped. The Gov ernment desired that due consideration b given to the rights of the minority and re spect shown for the traditions of libert and freedom attached to the institutions the country. (Derisive Parnellite laughter But it was undoubtedly the duty of th Government, under circumstances withou a parallel in the history of a Parliament, to call upon the House to take measures to prevent the minority from setting at defiance the controlling power of the majority. It was impossible for a Government representation a majority to yield to the senting a majority to yield to the obstruction of the minority. The debates over the Crimes Bill had become a travesty, bringing ridicule, disgrace and contempt upon Parliament. He appealed to the House to support the Government in trying to restore order in their proceedings ng to restore order in their proceedings

Cheers.)
Mr. Gladstone said that a longer notice Mr. Giadstone said that a longer notice should have been given of this important motion. The present state of business and the entire paralysis of Parliament had caused intense dissatisfaction throughout the country, but the position had been brought about by the Government themselves. (Cries of "Hear, hear.") They had been pursuing the false and evil policy of Coercion without the justification that had been pleaded on former occasions. They had disregarded all the usages and traditions of Parliament in the conduct of the measure which they had, under the name of the Crimes Bill, introduced. The measure was directed against combination measure was directed against combination apart from crime. (Hear, hear.) He would suggest to the Government that a rational mode to expedite the Bill would be to make it temporary instead of permanent and to strike out all the provisions touching com-bination apart from crime, assuring the Irish tenants of the same protection in respect to their land strikes as is given English artisans in their labor strikes. (Cheers and cries of "No.") If the Government rejected that remedy and had no other to propose, the offensive character of the Bill would be retained in full force. He did not wish to create a difficulty by offer ing opposition which he knew would be ineffectual. He would therefore content

mself with protesting against the course now pursued.

Mr. Parnell said he could not understand Mr. Parnell said he could not understand the fatuity of the Government on rushing blindfolded along a road which they had already seen would lead to the greatest dis-order in Ireland. The Government speakers had harped on the theme of ob-struction. As a matter of fact the Irish members had not lifted a voice against any measure except this Coercion Bill, which they were bound to resist to the utmost. they were bound to resist to the utmost they were bound to resist to the utmost. The cry of obstruction was not genuine when raised by men who did not desire to advance public business. Let the Government proceed with the real business of the nation, instead of wasting time over a Crimes Bill applied to a nation where crime was admittedly at a minimum. He concluded by moving an amendment that the Howed decline to senting a real-time. he House decline to sanction a resolution

the House decline to sanction a resolution limiting the freedom of debate and assailing the rights of minorities. (Cheers.) Sir William Vernon Harcourt warned the Government that their proposal might be used by a future Government as precedent for carrying a Home Rule Bill n a fortnight, and that other measures might be forced through in the same way. agine he said some Government ng a Church Disestablishment and urging that as everything for and against disestablishment had been said already, the third reading of the Bill should be taken "this day week." It was a Con ervative Government, in an insane passio or coercion, that set this precedent, i

abnegation of every principle the Tory party had ever contended for. Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said that the preceding speaker night amuse the House, but he would not eceive the country. The Governmen had made no attempt to stop discussion on the important clauses of the Bill. The Parliament and the country had had nough of this unlimited discuss ion and it was necessary now to put an end to it.

Several of the Parnellites continued the

Mr. Smith moved the closure, which was carried by a vote of 284 to 167. ent was then Mr. Parnell's amendm

jected by a vote of 301 to 181.

There is a chance now of discussing the original motion.

After further discussion, Mr. Smith's complete motion was carried under closure by a vote of 245 to 93, amid cheers and counter-cheers. Mr. Smith then proposed

counter-cueers. Mr. Smith then proposed to postpone further discussion of the Bil in committee till Monday.

A Government Bill, which will be an appendix to the Coercion Bill, providing for trial of persons charged with grave offences. a commission of judges, will be im-diately introduced in Parliament and ll be pushed through at the same time as nediates, will be pushed through at the same will be pushed through at the correction Bill.

When Father Hannon entered O'Halleran had Constable and Constab

laran's pouse O'Hallaran had Constable Norton taised aloft and was in the act of throwing him out of the window, while a ister of Charity was charging another onstable with Norton's rifle and bayonet. The crowd of peasants who surrounded the place jeered at the evictors, who beat several of the peasants with their batons.

An anti-eviction demonstration was held at Burr, Ireland, to-day, and a temporary structure was built for sheltering evicted The Limerick corporation have resolved

o present Mr. Wm. O'Brien with the free dom of the city. Deputations of the National League will welcome Mr. O'Brien upon his arrival at Queenstown. The County Council of Grey refused to

set apart a district for the support of High School in Shelburne. The Fete Dieu or Corpus Christi celebra-tion yesterday in Montreal was in every respect successful, the weather being fine and the crowds enormous.

The County Council of Middlesex has voted a gift of \$1,000 to Adam Murray, the retiring Treasurer, who forthirty years had It is faithfully filled the office.

GEORGE ELIOT, the novelist, is buried in Highgate Cemetery, London. The grave is in a most unattractive spot. The stone at its head is perfectly simple, and is of white marble. It bears the name "Mar Ann Cross" above that of "George Eliot. It bears the name " Mary it was made but two years earlier.

### DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Jamieson, in proposing the resolution in favor of prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors, said that in view of the late period of the session and the anxiety of members to get away, he would be brief. He believed that the people of the Dominion spent \$40,000,000 in intoxicating liquors. What remedy could be applied for this state of things? Some people said that you could not make a man sober by Act of Parliament. The friends of prohibition Parliament. The friends of prohibition did not contend that you could, but you could by an Act of Parliament make it more difficult for a man to become a drunkard. He pointed out that the Scott Act was in force in 60 counties in the Dominion and income accessive consideration. Act was in force in 60 counties in the Dominion, and in some cases gave considerable satisfaction. But it did not go far enough. In order to be effective the law should prohibit manufacture and importation as well as sale. He did not think there was any force in the contention that Parliament should wait until the country was ripe for a prohibitory law. The law itself was a great educator, and all Parliament had to do was to see that the law was right. Mr. Fisher seconded the resolution. He said that there had been for a long time restrictive legislation of various kinds in this country, and they had found that just so far as the traffic was restricted, so far was the evil restricted also. He believed it was the duty of the Legislature to assist the community in fostering all that was

the community in fostering all that was good and in removing everything which would tend to debase it. He characterised as absurd the argument that a prohibitory law would interfere with the liberty of the individual. All license laws, in one sens home and foreign. The Minister of Finance had hitherto attended to these matters. The work had become too burdensome for the Minister, whose special work is to keep watch and ward over the receipts and disrestricted the liberty of the individual, and the difference between license laws and prohibitory laws was one of degree and not pronibitory laws was one of degree and not one of principle. He warned temperance men against wine and beer amendments, claiming that their passage would lead to frauds and adulteration. He claimed that there was just as much illegal sale of liquor in the license counties of Quebec as in the Scott Act counties, and Mr. John J. Mc. Laren had said the same thing of the Pro-vince of Ontario. bursements of the Government, the debt and the cash assets, etc. The new depart-ment, he stated, coincided with the Eng-lish Board of Trade. The new Minister would have the duty of attending to the execution of laws passed by Parliament and of Orders-in-Council relating to matters connected with trade and commerce, and he, with the Minister of Finance, would

vince of Ontario.

Mr. Girouard did not regard prohibition as a remedy for intemperance. He be-lieved that result could be better attained by the use of beer, cider and light wines He claimed that the country was not yet ripe for prohibition, because no petitions in its favor had been presented. He moved the following amendment:

This House, while admitting that brandy, gin, whiskey and other liquors might be prohibited, is of opinion that the dealing in cider, ale, porter, lager beer, claret and other light wines should be exempt from the operations of the Canada Temperance Act.

Canada Temperance Act.

Mr. Freeman spoke at some length, expressing regret that some temperance men were so weak-kneed as to be willing to allow the introduction of wine and beer. He referred to the experience of England allow the introduction of wine and beer. He referred to the experience of England under the beer law, claiming that its effect was to increase drunkenness, with all the accompanying evils. He did not want them to bring in their "dirty" beer or their wine, and he expressed a strong hope that this resolution would be voted down.

Mr. Cargill gave his experience in connection with the Scott Act in Bruce. He explained that the place in which he lived was yery small when he was very small when he would be much greater efficiency and that was yery small when he will not would be much greater efficiency and that was yery small when he will not would be much greater efficiency and that was very small when he put up mills there. Customers coming to the place stayed at his house until they grew too numerous, when he leased a site for a hotel. It was well run for a time, but the proprietor grew too fond of liquor, and the hotel became a resort of all the loafers of the place. He (Mr. Cargill) bought the party out and ran the place for a time as a temperance hotel. When the Scott Act agitation arose he when the Scott Act agitation arose he favored it, though the Scott Act was not necessary, for had the Crooks Act been enforced it would have been all that was necessary. When the Scott Act was carried it was not at first well observed, but ried it was not at first well observed, but afterwards when invited in to take a cigar he found a number of occasions persons in a back room apparently enjoying themselves, drinking liquors which they called "blue ribbon beer," "short pop," "long pop," etc., but which looked suspiciously like strong liquors formerly known by other names. He felt in a very awkward position, for he could not but feel that, though he had taken part in advocating the Scott. tion, for he could not but feel that, though he had taken part in advocating the Scott Act, he was really a party to its violation. Afterwards hotelkeepers began to sell liquor openly over the bar and then he felt he was no more to blame than others. Hotel property was depreciated very much and the Scott Act was openly and constantly violated.

Bill for the relief of Marie I which which caused the usual call fe give relief to the conscient of members opposed to divide the was no more to blame than others. Hotel property was depreciated very much and the Scott Act was openly and constantly violated.

The Supreme and Exchequer

a stage.

Mr. Cargill resumed the discussion on Prohibition. He claimed that the vested rights of hotelkeepers should be respected, and was opposed to the Scott Act on that ground. The Scott Act was injurious to the growth of barley. The Government having adouted a policy of encouraging the having adopted a policy of encouraging the industries of the country, he did not see why they had struck a blow at one of the most profitable of its industries. He conmost profitable of its industries. He con cluded by moving the following amend

ment to the amendment : Inasmuch as the Canada Temperance in those counties in which it has bready resulted in the promotion of the cemperance, and the general enforcementaw has not been attained in consequen

Mr. Jamieson and Mr. Fisher object that the amendment was out of order because it was irrelevant to the main motion, and because it was an attempt to substitute one order for another and to bring on out of its order another motion, of which Mr. Cargill had given notice.

Sir John Macdonald argued that the amendment was in order, and said he was surprised to see hon. gentlemen trying to limit the discussion. The whole question was now before the House and they had an opportunity to express their preference for any one of the various views held by the people on this subject.

Mr. Mills contended that the amendment vas not in order

The Speaker ruled that the amendmen Mr. Patterson (Essex) seconded Mr. Car

was not in force.

Mr. Macdonald (East Huron) quoted

drunkenness or for crimes committed under the influence of liquor.

Mr. Mills raised the point of crder that as Mr. Cargill had a notice on the paper of a Bill to repeal the Scott Act, which the House had decided should be taken up for second reading on a future day, it was not in order for the same member to propose now that the House should decide upon that principle in advance.

Sin George M. Bullman's father was a chinetmaker. The great car manufacturer was brought up to the same trade. When his father died George M. Pullman that principle in advance. hat principle in advance.

that those who objected to Prohibition did not propose to do away with restrictions upon the liquor traffic altogether. They must look then to some form of license. But those who favored license and gave from the seed of the ahahura and mixed from the cases to show that the Scott Act with opium. They kill women and children was not enforced could be met which the Thugs would not do.

# by those who would show, as the member for East Bruce (Mr. Cargili) had

member for East Bruce (Mr. Cargili) issue shown, that license laws were not enforced. He would prefer to have the Scott Act repealed altogether to having wine and beer allowed to be sold under it, judging of the results from the experience of England heria on the increase in London over anowed to be sold under it, judging of the results from the experience of Englan under a similar law of partial Prohibition He referred to the argument frequently advanced that Prohibition was unsuccess ful in Maine and Kansas, and cited the be held on July 15th and 16th.

Corbeil, foreman of men digging gas wells at Longue Pointe, was yesterday evening found dead in one of them.

ful in Maine and Kansas, and cited the ambodiment of the principle in the Maine to Constitution and the popularity of Prohibition in Kansas to prove that the people of those States, who ought to know their own business, believed it to be a success.

Mr. Waldie said that the Scott Act was at first passed in his county (Halton) by a narrow majority. In 1883 there was a proposal to repeal the Act. They heard then all the arguments against the feasibility of carrying out the law which they had heard to-night, and the result of the discussion was that the Act was confirmed by a majority of 140. The Act was being better enforced every year.

Mr. Casey rose to speak amid cries of Corpus Christi). John Russell, of North Norwich, N.Y. and was only married eight days.

Jos. Brown, a boy about 16 years old, was drowned at Almonte on Tuesday evening. He and other boys were bathing and playing on logs which were being run over the falls. The body has not been recovered. Corpus Christi).
Sir John Macdonald said it was quite clear that this important discussion could not be finished this evening. He therefore moved that the debate be adjourned and be the first order of the day for Monday

Sir John Macdonald moved the House

the Customs and Inland Revenue. He would have a Deputy of Trade and Com-merce, and the two branches would be ad-ministered by controllers who, though re-

controllers as too near those of Cabine

into committee to consider the Bill creating the new Department of Trade and Com-merce. He said the Cabinet had arrived at Fred. S. May, a former employee, has been arrested on a charge of attempting to defraud John Williams, Manager for Elliott & Sons, agricultural implement the conclusion that the rapidly increasing trade of the country demanded the creation of a department specially charged with matters relating to trade and commerce, manufacturers, Winnipeg, out of \$1,200 in a deal connected with some cattle.

A man named Perrault fell asleen on the A man named Perrault fell siseep on the revertment wall on Commissioner street, Montreal, and fell over a distance of 35 feet. He was removed to Notre Dame Hospital, where he died a few minutes after his admission.

practically form the Treasury Board. In order to prevent an increase of the Cabinet, the Minister of Trade and Commerce would be the head of his own special department, and would also be the head of the Customs and Inland Revenue. He

would be much greater efficiency and that without increasing the cost. Sir Richard Cartwright said he thought the revenue collecting branches should be under the Minister of Finance. He believed in the plan of political heads not in the Cabinet, as it would be a good appren-ticeship for the younger members of the Commons before becoming Cabinet Min-isters. He objected to the salaries of the

Hon. Mr. Mitchell opposed the measure as involving expense and tending to strengthen the Ministry in the Commons. Hon. Mr. Mills, like Sir Richard Cartwright, agreed with the Premier that a Department of Trade and Commerce was needed, but he wanted further consideration of it left till next session.

The Bill passed through committee, a new clause being added that the Act is not to come into effect until the Governor-income into effect until the Governor-inCouncil makes the proclamation.

After recess the House passed a number
of private Bills, among them a Divorce
Bill for the relief of Marie Louise Noel,
twhich caused the usual call for a division
to give relief to the conscientious scruples
of members opposed to divorce. This
taking place, Marie Louise Noel obtained
the desired relief by a vote of 81 to 49 the desired relief by a vote of 81 to 49. John Monteith also secured his relief

On a resolution respecting the salary of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, Sir John said he had considered the proposal of Sir Richard Cartwright, and would change the Bill relative to Trade and Com nerce so as to have the Customs and Inland Revenue placed under the Minister o

### A Temperance Donation.

The United Kingdom Alliance has received, through its President, Sir Wilfrid Lawson, a donation of \$5,000. The generous donor does not allow his name to be entioned. He sends the gift "in memory of a mother's interest in the temperane

The Earl of Aberdeen's Tour. A San Francisco telegram says: The teamship Alameda, which arrived this orning from Australia, had on board the Earl of Aberdeen, ex-Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and wife.

ABOUT one hundred and forty million dollars are now stored in the sub-treasury of the United States in New York city. Leading to the vaults in which this treaure is kept are two steel doors which have such an appearance of strength that one would think that thousand ton trip-hammers could not prevail against them. One of these doors is behind the other, and to of these doors is belimited the there, and to reach the vaults it is necessary to pass through both. It is a rule which has never been violated that the two doors shall never be opened at the same time. Even the Secretary of the Treasury, when he goes into the vaults, must wait for one of the Mr. Patterson (Essex) seconded Mr. Cargill's motion. He claimed that prohibitory laws interfered with civil rights and tended to destroy the moral fibre of the people of the community in which they existed. He contended that there had been a great improvement in the drinking habits of the people of Canada of late years, and that this improvement, so far from being the results of prohibitory legislation, was most marked in counties where the Scott Act. marked in counties where the Scott Act repeating rifles.

In Russia, on the northern railways, the Mr. Macdonald (East Huron) quoted from the annual statistics of Ontario to show the close connection between drunkenness and crime. Even in the moral and well-ordered city of Toronto there were 23,912 commitments during the last three years, and of these over 11,000 were for drunkenness or for crimes committed under where cannot be worked below eight feet, drunkenness or for crimes committed under where the next cutting machines worked unkenness or for crimes committed under whereas the peat-cutting machines worke

that principle in advance.

The Speaker ruled that the objection was not well taken, stating that this was in accordance with his general ruling.

Mr. Foster said he spoke lest his silence should be proceeded. The state of the state of the speaker rule of the state of the state

ould be misconstrued. He contended THOUGH the Thugs of India have been

#### TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The medical health officer reports diph The Jubilee celebration in Winnipeg wil

John Oliver fell in the Royal Hotel stable yard at Stratford yesterday in an apoplectic fit and died in the paroxysm.

An old man named Parker, employed on the steamer Alberta, returning to his boat at Kingston on Wednesday after making purchases of new clothes, fell dead from rheumatic heart disease. No inquest wa

was drowned yesterday afternoon by falling off the Canadian Pacific dock at Brockville. He had been there on his wedding tour,

Mr. Frank Maguire was yesterday elected as alderman in St. Thomas Ward, St. Catharines, by a majority of three, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. T. D. Dowson, who has been appointed Sheriff of Lincoln.

The by-law which was voted on at St.

The by-law which was voted on at St. Thomas yesterday granting a bonus of \$6,000 and water rates free for ten years for the erection of a brass foundry in that city was defeated, owing to the requisite number of votes not having been polled.

Thomas Richardson, of London township, was committed to jail yesterday morning for two months in default of payment of a \$50 Scott Act fine. He was also remanded till Wednesday on a second harge against the Canada Temperance

James Creighton, of Birr, was arrested yesterday for perjury. He swore at a Scott Act trial in April last that he had sold no liquor since February 2nd. He has been four times convicted for selling liquor after that date, hence his arrest for perjury. He

was bailed until Wednesday.

It is reported that F. W. Stockwell, purchaser of the Island of Anticosti, has returned to Canada with the Canada Fish Curing Company project, which he pro-poses to establish on the island. Capt. Forsyth, one of the former owners of the island, says his suit to upset the sale of the island to Mr. Stockwell is still in progress. David Sayen, of Ripon, Que., was killed, and D. Ferguson, of Carleton Place, seri-uusly injured yesterday on the drive of logs of Edwards & McLaren, of Ottawa, now running past Almonte. A jam having occurred, about thirty men were working at it since Wednesday noon 'until about I p.m. yesterday, when the logs started so quickly that the men had great difficulty in escaping. Sayen went over the falls and was killed instantly.

On Wednesday night burglars made a successful attack on the safe of the Ontario Building & Savings Society, Kingston, with the aid of jimmies and powder, which they exploded. Access was had to the safe, the contents of which they raked out in their search for money. They found but \$31.65, which was in the till in change. The thieves did not know that the funds and bonds of the society were banked each and bonds of the society were banked each

"He is such a fickle, inconstant fellow, you will never be happy with him," said Esther's friends when they learned of her engagement to a young man who bore the reputation of being a sad flirt. Esther, however, knew that her lover had good qualities and she was willing to take the risk. In nine cases out of ten it would have proved a mistake; but Esther was an uncommon girl and to every one's surprise
Fred made a model husband. How was
it? Well, Esther had a cheerful, sunny and the Scott Act was openly and constantly violated.

The Supreme and Exchequer Court Act, with sixty clauses, occupied a couple of hours in going through committee.

The Supreme and Exchequer Court Act, with sixty clauses, occupied a couple of hours in going through committee. his own home most pleasant and his own wife more agreeable than any other being. As the years passed and he saw other women of Esther's age grow sickly, faded and querulous, he realized more and more that he had "a jewel of a wife." Good health was half the secret of Esther's success. She retained her vitality and good looks because she warded off feminine weaknesses and

#### warded off feminine weaknesses and nents by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

A Singular Series of Marriages. A Jonesboro, Ga., telegram says: A ingular series of marriages has furnished amusement for many of the people of Fayette County in the last two years. There were five Hamber boys and the same number of Starnes girls. As the Hamber number of Starnes girls. As the Hamber boys began marrying Mr. Starnes daughters in succession, he protested, but in vain, the last couple cloping to be married here Saturday. Mr. Starnes, seeing himself thus outwitted, went to the ise of Mrs. Hamber, the mother, and almost by force put her into his buggy, and, riding off to Fayetteville, married her, thus completing the circle of a family

The Bet was Off. The telephone in a Fulton street butcher shop rang out violently yesterday, and the democratic man of meat answered it. "Is that you, butcher?" came over the wire.
"Yes'm." "Well, send up to No.
Clinton avenue, a nice roast of beef and a couple of chickens, and be sure you get them here early." "Bet your tle. I will." "What's that?" can just bet your —" "know who you are talking to, sir?" " Do know who you are talking to, sir?" "Mary the cook; ain't you Mary?" "No, sir, am not Mary; I am Mrs. —, and this is the last order you'll—" "Scuse me mum; that bet's off."—Electrical Review.

Don't hawk, hawk and blow, blow, disgusting everybody, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Three of the best known clergymen of the Protestant denomination in Newark are open and zealous in their advocacy of the doctrines of Henry George, and probably others of the Catholic and Protestant clergy here are favorable to Henry George's ide of land ownership.—Newark (N. J., Press Register.

GENERAL FERRON, the new French Minis GENERAL FERRON, the new French Minister of War, is not a hero of the Franco-Prussian combat. He is an officer of the corps of engineers, in which help has spent all his life, and being stationed in New Caledonia when the war broke out, was unable to reach France in time to take part in it. He is aged, has a bald head; greatly stooped, is formal and nunctially. greatly stooped, is formal and punctilion in the highest degree, and in every way is the exact opposite of General Boulanger.

The Old Silver Sp esh in my mind are the sys of my sic

ness,
When I tossed me in pain, all fevered and sore
The burning, the nausea, the sinking and weak ness,
And even the old spoon that my medicine bore.
The old silver spoon, the family spoon,
The sick-chamber spoon that my
medicine bore.

How loth were my fever-parched lips to receive it How nauseous the stuff that it bore to my And the pain at my inwards, oh, naught could Though tears of disgust from my eyeballs it The old silver spoon, the medicine

How awful the stuff that it left on my Such is the effect of nauseous, griping medicines which make the sick-room a memory of horror. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, on the contrary, are small, sugar-coated, easy to take, purely vegetable and perfectly effective. 25 cents a vial.

The sassafras tree is quite a pest in most of the Southern States, as it sends up sprouts from its roots which soon take posession of a field that has been cleared.

Should adorn the brow of the inventor of the great corn cure, Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. It works quickly, never makes a sore spot, and is just the thing you want. See that you get Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the sure, safe and

The Mayor of Philadelphia celebrated Queen Victoria's birthday by closing a low dive that had been given her name

The most reliable cure known for rheu The most reliable cure known for rneumatic affections is an internal remedy called McCollom's Rheumatic Repellant, prepared only by W. A. McCollom, druggist, Tilsonburg, and sold by wholesale and retail druggists generally.

-On the steamers leaving New York for Europe last Saturday there were altogethe 126 clergymen.

Do you feel dull, languid, low-spirited, life less, and indescribably miserable, both physi-cally and mentally; experience a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, or of "gone

less, and indescribably miscrable, both physically and mentally; experience a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, or of "goneness," or emptiness of stomach in the morning, tongue coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, dizziness, frequent headaches, blurred eyesight, "floating specks" before the eyes, nervous prostration or exhaustion, irritability of temper, hot flushes, alternating with chilly sensations, sharp biting, transient pains here and there, cold feet, drowsiness after meals, wakefulness, or disturbed and unrefreshing sleep, constant, indescribable feeling of dread, or of impending calamity?

If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from that most common of American maladies-Bilious Dyspepsia, or Torpid Liver, associated with Dyspepsia, or Indigestion. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, pr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will subdue it, if taken according to directions for a reasonable length of time. If not cured, complications multiply and Consumption of the Lungs, Skin Diseases, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, or other grave maladies are quite liable to set in and, sooner or later, induce a fatal termination.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts powerfully upon the Liver, and through that great blood-purifying organ. Dr. Pieree's Golden Medical Discovery acts powerfully upon the Liver, and through that great blood-purifying organ, cleanses the system of all blood-taints and impurities, from whatever cause arising. It is equally efficacious in acting upon the Kidneys, and other excretory organs, cleaning, strengthening, and healing their diseases. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it promotes digestion and nutrition, thereby building upboth flesh and strength. In malarial districts, this wonderful medicine has gained great celebrity in curing Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, and kindred diseases.

Br. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

CURES ALL HUMORS. common Blotch, or Eruption, to the Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," or Rough Skin, in short, all disease by bad blood are conquered by "White Swemen and Enlarged Glands, Send ten stamps for a large Treatise, with color plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amplates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amplates on Scrofulous Affections.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vita strength and bodily health will be established

CONSUMPTION, which is Scrofula of the Lungs, is arrested and cured by this remedy, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease. From its marvelous power over this terribly fatal disease, when first effering this now world-famed remedy to the public, Dr. Pièree thought seriously of calling it his "Consumption Curre," but abandoned that name as too restrictive for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for Consumption, but for all Chronic Diseases of the

Liver, Blood, and Lungs. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and kindred affections, it is an efficient remedy.
Sold by Druggists, at \$1.09, or Six Bottles for \$5.00.

\*\*E\*\* Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. Address,

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DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

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THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

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BEST IN THE

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