and the [illegible] opposite river has been swept off. The D[illegible] Milne Branch is not seriously injured. The Maine Road was in good running order.

Two schooners are reported to have gone ashore on Spectacle Island. A schooner is also reported ashore on Thompson's Island.

THE COURIER.

FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1851.

THE FIRST PAGE,

We have seen Mr. George Brown's account of the Haldimand Election in the *Globe*, and the reasons which he gives for his defeat. With great part of all this we have nothing to do, for, being quite uninformed as to the state of parties in the locality, further than we can guess at it, from the result of the Election, we have no means of knowing whether Mr. Brown's account be correct or not. He states one fact, however, which is worth notice. The Roman Catholics in Canada West have, heretofore, commonly sided with the Reform party; on this occasion, Mr. Brown tells us that at the outset of the canvass some of them were among his staunchest supporters, but that a day or two before the Election, individuals came into the county from other places, and commenced an agitation against him; amongst other things, a violent handbill, a copy of which is published in the *Globe*, was circulated, in which Mr. Brown was denounced as a fierce Anti-Catholic, and quotations were given from articles, asserted to have been written by him, breathing a spirit of hostility to Popery. It is stated that these handbills were read in the Chapels on the Sunday previous to the Election. Mr. Brown denies that any such language was ever used by him, and as the *Globe* is a Ministerial paper, and, consequently, read by us pretty carefully, we must say that we do not recollect ever having read any articles on the Papal question, now uppermost in every man's thoughts, that could be justly stigmatized as violent or in any way reprehensible. Mr. Brown seemed to us to look on the recent events in England, pretty much as all Protestants do, with whom we have conversed on the subject, that is, as purely a question of improper interference by a Foreign Potentate with our own Sovereign's rights, and not as affecting religion or religious toleration at all. The consequence of this agitation was, according to Mr. Brown, that with some 15 exceptions, all the Irish and German Roman Catholics voted against him, numbering perhaps some 60 or 70 votes.

Mr. Brown "gloves in his defeat on such grounds"—and so he well may; if Sectarianism is to be introduced into party political warfare as an added element of strife, with all its accompanying bitterness, it is well we know it in time. Things indeed must be come to a pretty pass, if a secular paper cannot express an opinion on a religious question, or if a Christian cannot hold his own peculiar religious views, without being denounced by persons of different religious persuasions.

The particular question, the Papal Tribunal on the Royal prerogative, we certainly think, has been discussed by the secular Canadian papers with remarkable moderation. We do not think one word has been said which could hurt the feelings of any sensible Roman Catholic, the question having been treated, as we observed before, entirely as one between our own Queen and a foreign Prince. If it be necessary for either of the political parties in this Province to abandon, or to conceal, or in any way even to modify the religious opinions consistently and conscientiously held by the individuals which compose it, particularly when those opinions in no way are connected with any matter arising in this country, in order to conciliate and attach the Roman Catholic voters, then all we can say is, that their attachment is not worth having, and that no honest man will accept their support on such conditions.

The intelligence of an intended dissolution of Parliament, communicated by our Toronto correspondent, if correct, is important. A pretty thing, truly, to throw this country into all the turmoil of a general election, just at the commencement of the business season! Ministers must find their strength even less than their most inveterate opponents imagined it to be, if they feel themselves compelled to resort to such an extreme step, at such an inopportune time. If they do, we trust the country will show their sense of such conduct by refusing to return one of them.

The Toronto Correspondent of the *Herald* mentions a rumor to the effect that the British Government has determined to withdraw all the troops from Canada at an early date, except the Garrisons of Kingston and Quebec, giving the Colony the option to retain the other Garrisons by paying the expenses. How does this agree with a positive statement made a short time since in the Imperial Parliament by one of the Ministers, that the Government had no present intention to withdraw any troops from this country?

FIRE.—On Wednesday morning, about half-past one o'clock, a fire occurred in the rope-walk and cement factory belonging to Mr. Converse, in the Colborne Avenue. The flames were first observed in the rope-walk, but when the alarm was given they had got considerably ahead, and, owing to the distance of the premises from the city, it was some little time before the engines arrived. When they did, there was considerable delay for want of water, so that the fire communicated with the stone building containing the machinery, and appeared for some time likely to take the adjoining residence of the Hon. James Leslie. Happily Mr. Leslie's residence was preserved; but of the factory nothing remains but the walls, and about one-third of the rope-walk. We learn that Mr. Converse was partially insured; but that his loss will greatly exceed what is covered by his policy.

On the same day, about one o'clock, another fire occurred at the corner of the same street and the main street of the Quebec Suburbs. The house destroyed was a one story wooden building at the corner of the Quebec Suburbs, and belonged to Mr. W. Masson. The tenant saved almost the whole of his goods.

The English Mail, per *Asia*, may be expected to arrive in town this morning.

ST. GEORGE'S DAY.—The Sons of Old England had a splendid day for their annual procession, and mustered in greater force than for some years past. They assembled in Great St. James Street, opposite Dolly's, in the morning, with bands of music and banners; and after marching in procession round the Place D'Armes, passed through Notre Dame Street and McGill Street to St. George's Church, where Divine Service was performed, and a good sermon preached by the Rev. Mr. Bond.

The dinner of the Society took place at Dolly's, and was, as always, a capital one. Many gentlemen who had delayed to obtain tickets were disappointed in getting them. There was also an excellent dinner at Isaac Moffatt's, numerously attended.

During the night of Monday or Tuesday, a robbery was committed in Gosford Street Church. Entry was effected by the Vestry door, and the communion plates, a number of hymn books, and some articles of needle-work which had remained unsold at the late Bazaar, were stolen. The Missionary boxes were broken open, but fortunately they had been emptied the preceding week. We hope the thieves will be discovered.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL, Quebec.—We observe by an advertisement, an intimation of the removal of Mr. Russell from his present mansion on the esplanade at Quebec, to the house he formerly occupied in Palace Street. He has enlarged the accommodations so as to lodge 150 persons in separate rooms, and to seat 200 at his dining table. The dining room and public parlors are furnished in the first style, combining elegance and comfort. There is no doubt he will do well.

GRAND CONCERT BY MR. OLIVER.—Mr. Oliver, the popular Band Master of the 20th Regiment, is to give a grand Concert at the Hays House, Dalhousie Square, on Monday evening, the 5th of May. Mr. Oliver's gratis *al fresco* Concerts will be, we suppose, very shortly recommencing for the summer, and those who enjoy the sweet strains of his Band during the fine evenings, will have an opportunity of making some acknowledgement for the anticipated pleasure.

Owing to the unusually late period of the time of the arrival of the Lake Champlain boats, the hours of departure of the Laprairie steamers can only be fixed from day to day for the present. Travellers would do well to enquire in the proper quarter, before starting, as to the best hour, in order to avoid disappointment at St. Johns.

The Ottawa Mail Steamers are making their usual tri-weekly trips. After the first of May they will run daily.

A despatch from Mr. Hogg, the Reporter for the Legislative Council, informs the *New Brunswicker* that the Council passed the Bill yesterday for the free transmission of Newspapers and Pamphlets.

A "Literary Lady" out West, who edits a periodical, has persuaded herself and the feminines of that locality that petticoats are an inconvenient and unbecoming article of apparel, consequently we are told that numbers of ladies of all sorts, sizes, and ages, are stalking about Syracuse in a kind of kilt just reaching to their knees, the continuations being covered with trowsers tied round the ancles, *a la Turque!* Good heavens, what are we coming to!

A HINT TO OUR POLICE AND MAGISTRATES.—At Wexford the authorities have completely extirpated mendicancy by a very simple process; they caught all the beggars, locked them up for twenty-four hours, and then had every one of them stripped, put in a tub, and well scrubbed with hot soap and water—the fellows avoided the town afterwards as they would fly a pestilence. What a field for the operation there would be in Montreal, if we only had active and energetic authorities; mendicancy here is becoming a positive nuisance—the town is literally infested with beggars of all ages, sexes, and sizes, half of them at least arrant impostors, and, sad to say, numbers of wretched young creatures in full training to become thieves and prostitutes. Can nothing be done to abate this frightful evil?

ERRATUM.—In the report of "Guay vs. Ferres *et al.*" in our last, after the word "action," in the 70th line, insert "on the first eight counts."

NEW WORKS.—Mr. Dawson has received a highly popular and interesting new Novel, "Leonard Normandale; or, The Three Brothers." It is cleverly, as well as elegantly written, and shows up in fearful colors the English Law of Primogeniture. Mr. D. has also received "Rebels and Traitors," an American Tale. The April number of Blackwood's Magazine is also at his store.

Certain birdes were arrested recently at the Mayor's Court, on Complaint for having gulled during a fog among the stars and stripes which were hoisted at the Town Hall on the occasion of a Procession from the States being exhibited there. The case was dismissed.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

TORONTO, April 19, 1851.

The Cabinet has been in Council two days. Yesterday there was a rumor in the city that the subject of their deliberations was an immediate dissolution of Parliament; but their decision on the subject has not transpired.

It is said that Geo. Thompson, M.P., has received intelligence that two assassins have been sent in search of him with the deliberate purpose [illegible] if they succeed in finding him. I believe it is correct that such intelligence has actually been communicated to Mr. Thompson. He is still in this city.

The papers will have informed you of the result of the Haldimand election. The following is the state of the poll at the close:—

	Mackenzie	McKinnon	Brown.	Gann.
Cayuga	69	17	22	5
North Cayuga	12	3	15	16
South Cayuga	7	10	10	6
Dunnville & Sherbrooke	1	22	6	1
Canboro	23	23	30	16
Church	2	11	8	3
Rainham	21	10	10	2
Seneca	7	33	11	0
Walpole	67	107	18	0
Total	204	206	125	49

Mr. Brown's defeat is attributed to various causes by the friends of the Government. The *Journal and Express* contends that to the course of the *Globe* on the Papal Aggression question Mr. Brown owes his defeat. I think this statement goes considerably beyond the fact, although there is no doubt that the Roman Catholics did vote against Mr. Brown to a man. Just before the election they sent a special messenger from this city to induce the Catholics to oppose Mr. Brown, in consequence of a statement in the *Globe* that it desired to see Catholicism put down—by moral means. But not to this can we truly attribute Mr. Brown's defeat. The secret of the affair is, as I learnt when in the country, that the Ministerial card is a bad one. Case injured his chance of success—which was never very great—by promising, in some instances, that he would not oppose the Government. Between Brown and Case all the Ministerial votes have been shared, and the aggregate is less by 40 than McKinnon received, and less than Mackenzie received by 68. The Ministerial vote, therefore, is considerably less than one-third of the county. Indeed it is not over a fourth, if we take into account the fact that the greater portion of those who voted for Case are Anti-Ministerial. Not to Mackenzie indebted for success to the Conservative vote. The strength of that party was fairly brought out in favor of McKinnon. The votes by which Mackenzie has been returned are at once Radical and Anti-Ministerial. The result of this contest is important in many respects—[illegible] as a check to the state of public feeling in Upper Canada. There are very few Counties in Upper Canada where the Ministerial candidates will be successful at the next General Election, if some re-action do not spring up in favor of the Government—a thing quite as improbable as that water should run up hill without being forced. Even Baldwin, who is the very head of the Upper Canada Ministerial party, would not stand the slightest chance of being returned, notwithstanding the boasting of the Ministerial organ on the subject.

Malcolm Cameron has published a letter, in which he says:—"I have resolved to leave politics till the people feel more like free people—till they have less of man-worshipping in them, and speak out their own rights." This statement has been construed, in some quarters, to mean that Mr. Cameron will not attend to his Parliamentary duties next Session.

A great fire in Galt has destroyed from $30,000 to $40,000 worth of property. The following are the insurances:—

Peter Cook, £700 Gore Mutual and £300 Montreal Fire Insurance; A. H. Moore, £300 Hartford Mutual; Alexr. Mitchell, unknown, but supposed about £300; Elliot and Fleming, £750 Gore Mutual, £300 Home America, and £300 Mechanics' Mutual of Buffalo; Robt. Wallace, £300 Gore Mutual; Stevenson and Sutherland, no insurance; J. K. Andrews, £300 Gore Mutual.

The Agency of the Gore Bank, at St. Thomas, has been robbed of £1,000 in bills and £50 in gold.

The late Secretary of General Kossuth is delivering lectures on Chemistry in this city. X.

ADDISONIAN LITERARY SOCIETY.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that the Rev. Dr. Cramp delivers a Lecture before the above Society this evening on "The Uses of Geology." This, we believe, will be the last Lecture the Rev. Doctor will deliver, previous to his departure for Nova Scotia, in view of which, we believe, the members of the Society intend to present him with a farewell address. The Lecture is free.

The following gentlemen have been elected office-bearers of the Montreal Swimming Club for the ensuing year:—

President:—Thomas Workman, Esq.

Vice-President:—E. D. David, Esq.

Secretary:—J. Davison.

Treasurer:—John Lewis.

Directors:—Messrs. W. Muir, junior, F. M. Holmes, Theodore Lyman, James Cumming, D. Busteed, H. A. Wickstead, E. Wright, and A. Wilson.

AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE.—FRUIT TREES, &c.—The attention of any of our readers who may purpose to plant fruit trees, is requested to the advertisement in another column of an Auction Sale to take place on the 1st May, next, in this city. The assortment to be offered is very good, and the trees, which are now on their way down, will be found in excellent condition, good sizes and shapes, well rooted, and true to their names. We may add, from experience, that spring is the best season for planting in this country, and that the lots previously sold have grown well. The assortment will consist of

50 Standard Pear Trees, extra large size, choice sorts; in small assorted lots; each tree being a different kind with the name attached.

72 Dwarf Pears, on Quince Stocks, assorted as above; very suitable for gardens. The pear on Quince stock bears earlier, and usually produces finer fruit then on its own stock.

312 Summer Apples, of the most esteemed kinds, in lots to suit purchasers.

372 Autumn Apples, as above.

528 Winter Apples, as above.

48 Dwarf Cherries on mahaleb stocks, of six fine varieties. These dwarf cherries are very ornamental for gardens, as well as productive.

136 Plums, arranged in small lots like the pears.

7000 Strawberry plants, best varieties, including 500 Burr's New Pine.

Together with an assortment of ornamental Trees and Shrubs, comprising the following sorts: American Chestnut, Mountain Ash, Weeping Willow, Silver Maple, Scarlet Flowering, Thorn Privets, Corchorus, Scotch Larch, Althea Frutex, and several other kinds.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—Just at the close of Divine Service on Sunday, the 20th instant, the cry of fire was heard in the Village of Clarenceville, and the people rushed from the door of the Church to render assistance. The house of Mr. M. Harrington was in flames, and no exertions could save it, and great promptitude and perseverance were required to prevent the extension of the fire to the adjacent buildings. The family of Mr. H. were scarcely able to rescue their mother with much difficulty. As the fire was at first confined to the upper part of the building, the furniture in the lower rooms was mostly saved, but, alas! at a fearful price;—the chimney fell, and bearing down with it the second floor, crushed beneath the burning mass a young man by the name of John Robert, son of Mr. Thomas Hunter. The deepest sympathy was felt by all for fate of this young man—sober, industrious, and pious, he has come eight miles to his Church, had just knelt by the side of his father at the holy table in obedience to his Saviour's dying injunction—and thence, at the promptings of that it charity which never faileth," he rushed to the aid of the distressed—God took him. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."—Com.

THE CATHEDRAL.—The Vestry met yesterday for the purpose of electing Church Wardens for the ensuing year, when the Hon. W. Walker was chosen to succeed Henry Jessopp, Esq., who is leaving the country; and Mr. Thomas Cary was elected Warden in charge of the Poor Fund. The Select Vestrymen were also elected; we have not yet ascertained their names. The Vestry voted their thanks, in flattering terms, to Mr. Jessopp, who has for many years promoted the interests of of the church, and contributed most liberally in aid of the poor.—Quebec Mercury.

We observe by the detailed reports of the discussion on the Post Office Bill in the Nova Scotian Legislature, that the measure that no postage shall be paid on newspapers at all, has passed. It was said to resemble the Canadian Act, but this forms a most important difference. The Nova Scotians have gone beyond us in the liberality of their Post Office management, and indeed before all the world, for in Great Britain newspapers cannot be said to be free while the penny stamp is exacted. We hope that we will shortly follow the example thus given to us. Nothing would tend more to the increase of the circulation of newspapers in country districts, and to the consequent improvement in the intelligence of the people. The clause of the Bill which referred to this point was opposed by some members, but it was ultimately carried without a division. Hon. G. R. Young stated that the amount of newspaper postage, last year, as returned by the Postmaster, was £1200; the sum to be given up would, of course, be much larger in Canada, but we believe it would be small compared with the benefit which would be derived from the abolition of the tax.—Quebec Gazette.

KINGSTON, April 22.

DREADFUL FIRE—*Thirty Houses Burned.*—This morning, between 2 and 3 o'clock, a dreadful fire broke out, in rear of the building known as the Cottage Inn, which, in spite of all endeavours to extinguish it, destroyed nearly the whole of the block, extending from Wellington to Bagot Streets, and bounded by Princes' Street and Queen Street. The fire was so fierce that it extended across Princess' by 6th Street, and burnt down the premises occupied by Mrs. Ferns, and seriously injured many of the adjoining buildings, including Mr. Morley, ironmonger, Mrs. Stenson, Mr. Tweedal, furrier, Mr. Mills, boarding-house keeper, Mr. George Hardy, watch-maker, Mr. Litter, tailor, Mr. Crane, piano-maker, Miss Carr, milliner, Mr. McMinn, painter, and a multitude of others on Queen Street and Wellington Street, whom we cannot recollect. This fire is the most destructive of any since that of 1840. The destruction of valuable property is immense.

It is stated that Jas. Morton, Esq., will be a candidate for the representation of the united counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington at the next general election. Mr. Morton is described as a liberal conservative, and as a man of great enterprise, who has done much to develop the resources of the of the Midland District, and in particular to promote the welfare of the farmers.

A public meeting is to be held at the Court House, Simcoe, on the 3rd May, for the purpose of selecting a candidate to represent "glorious old Norfolk" on protectionist principles in the next Parliament.

The Winter Wheat does not look well in the front. A good deal of it was destroyed by the [illegible] and what is covered by the snow it is in very fine condition, and promises a large crop.—Cobourg Star.

Nevada City in Ashes.

On Wednesday morning, the 12th instant, a fire broke out at Nevada City, which originated in the Bowling Alley of Gates & Smith, and was supposed to be the work of an incendiary. From this place the fire extended in all directions with great rapidity, and continued to rage until the fairest part of the City was destroyed.

Upwards of 200 houses were either burned or torn down to stop further ravages.

One man missing, and it was supposed that he was burned in his own house.

By this terrible calamity, over two thousand persons, including many families, have lost their all.

It is impossible at present to ascertain, with any degree of accuracy, the total loss sustained, but it cannot be less than one million two hundred thousand dollars. [illegible] dust which was in the possession of individuals, and which it was impossible to save, so rapidly did the flames spread, which is estimated at one hundred thousand dollars more.

England.

The news politically is not of more than ordinary interest, but in some minor phases it is indicative, we think, of earnest movements of the popular mind, in one respect at least sanctioned and strengthened by manifestations of the Sovereign's will.

The Ministry have been sustained in the House of Commons, on a motion from the opposition to abolish the income tax, by a majority of 48—278 for the Ministry, against 240.

The minor phases to which we refer as important are ecclesiastical. A petition or address to the Queen, signed by above 200 members of the two Houses of Parliament, and to which 200,000 by members of the Church of England, was recently laid before the Queen, the prayer of which was that the Puseyistic, in reality Roman Catholic, tenets and tendencies of some of the clergy of the Established Church, might be stopped either by episcopal reproof or by the direct interposition of the Queen. A similar address, even more numerously signed, has more recently been presented in the same quarter, praying for a similar relief.

The Queen has formally remitted the second of these addresses to the Archbishop of Canterbury, virtually instructing that dignitary to comply with its requests. Her Majesty declares her confidence in the Archbishop's desire to use such means as are within his reach to maintain the purity of the doctrines of the Church, and to discourage and prevent innovations in the mode of conducting the Church service, not sanctioned by usage and calculated to create much dissatisfaction among the members of that Church.

She therefore "requests" that he will communicate with the Archbishop of York and the suffragan bishops in England and Wales upon the subject, "who," Her Majesty does not doubt, "will concur in the endeavor, by a judicious exercise of their authority and influence, to uphold the purity and simplicity of the faith and worship of the Reformed Church, and to reconcile differences among its members hitherto by its peace and usefulness."

This has the appearance of some reform is then about to be vouchsafed upon the Church, in the sense of Papal aggression. The Puseyites being numerous and influential, the attempt at reformation may involve very important and material issues.

An amusing illustration of the extent to which the "No-Popery" feeling in England has spread, in all orders and classes, recently occurred in the family of a Mr. Bagshaw, who is Cardinal Wiseman's man of business. He had invited the Cardinal to dinner; on the morning of the day fixed his butler presented himself and gave warning, saying, that "he had a post to be saved as well as his betters, and could not be answerable if he went on the Pope's errands." No expostulation could change his determination, and accordingly he left on the spot.

Arrival of the Asia.

NEW YORK, April 22.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.—The steamship *Asia*, with Liverpool dates to the 12th, reached her dock at eleven o'clock; she left Liverpool at four, P.M., making the trip in ten days and sixteen hours.

LONDON, April 11.—Provisions dull; small lots met with a decline. Wool dull; stocks light; money dull, and for safe investment easily obtained.

LIVERPOOL, April 12th.—Flour, little change; Western Canal, 20s to 21s; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 22s to 23s 6d. Yellow Corn, 31s 6d to 32s 6d; White do, 32s to 34s. Quantities of Corn taken an advance of 1s per qr. Provisions dull; sales small lots met with a decline.

ENGLAND.—Very little news. The Russell administration continue to be sustained in Parliament. The last vote on assessed taxes gave them a majority of 122.

The Protectionists are keeping their eyes open, hoping for an opportunity of getting a ministry of their own choice, with Lord Stanley at their head.

The Queen has directed the Archbishop of York and the Bishops generally to impose their authority for the suppression of certain Romish practices and tendencies in various churches of the establishment. Acting upon the Queen's wishes and suggestions, the Archbishops and Bishops, with the exceptions of the Bishops of Bath and Wells and Exeter, Oxford and Manchester, have issued a circular of a very important character, which looks like a determination, as the tone of the address is very decided to put an effectual end to Popish innovations in the Church of England.

In the House of Lords on the 11th, an enquiry was made respecting the American Tariff, when Mr. Labouchere replied that the despatch from Sir H. Bulwer, which apprized the Government of the passing of the Bill, would obviate the fraudulent mode of fixing the ad valorem duties on much of import goods.

FRANCE.—A change of Ministry has been announced, which is threatened with opposition from the Monarchists, so a reconciliation between Changarnier and the President is spoken of.

SWITZERLAND.—Advices from Geneva state that the Government of the Canton have refused to expel from its territory the seventeen French refugees, indicted by the French Government, and in what way this will be received by the Government of Louis Napoleon, remains a mystery.

SPAIN.—The Spanish Cortes was dissolved by the Queen, on the 7th.

PRUSSIA.—Advices from Berlin to the 9th inst. Letters to the London *Times* have no news concerning the progress of the German question.

AUSTRIA.—From Vienna we have advices to the 7th. The Austrian Government imposed an income Tax on the Lombardy and Venetian Provinces.

DENMARK.—In spite of some disputes, which have arisen between the Austrian Commissioners and the Denmark Authorities, a formal government has been settled upon for the Duchies of Schleswig Holstein.

COMMERCIAL.

Bonsecours Market.

WEDNESDAY, April 23.

FLOUR.—Western easier, and nothing of moment doing for future delivery some demand, but buyers and sellers are rather wide apart in their views. The sales are 2,400 barrels, at $4,50 for State, and $4 87½ @ $5 for Pure Genesee.

PORK.—In Mess Pork very little doing, and the figures are about the same. Prime in rather more demand, at slightly better prices, $15; $12½ and $13 for New Mess; Prime, $14; Old do. $11,75.

OHIO LUMBER.—A letter in the *N. Y. Journal of Commerce* states that a Committee of the lumbermen and ship builders of that city have purchased twenty-five square miles of territory on the Ohio river, clothed with millions of the most valuable timber, and possessing numerous other advantages, for the purpose of building vessels on an extensive scale. The writer says that ship plank worth $40 per M in New York are placed upon the banks of the Ohio at $3 to $8; floor timbers worth in New York 45 cents per cubic foot, are furnished from 7 to 10 cents; and so of knees and other products of the forest.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived,
April 23.

Steamer Lord Sydenham

Cleared,
April 22.

Schr St Croix, Bernier, Halifax, L Bernier, flour, &c

22nd.

Schr Union, Jones, Charlottown, P E I, A Painchaud, flour, &c

.... Haddock, Roleaux, Magdalene Islands, do do

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arrived,
April 20.

Ship Toronto, Ballantine, 17th March, Liverpool, Gillespies & Co, general cargo for Montreal

April 22.

Brigt Virginie, Bouchet, St John, (N. B.) H J Noad & Co

Schr Telonaise, Bernier, St John, (N B.) H J Noad & Co

Shipping Intelligence.

FIRST ARRIVAL.—The fine ship Toronto, Captain Ballantine, 17th March, from Liverpool, arrived in port yesterday evening about eight o'clock. Captain H reports having seen a ship and a brig to the westward of Cape Ray, the latter supposed to be the John Bull. Saw a considerable of ice to the eastward of the Grand Bank, and an immense quantity in the gulf.

The Trinity House Steamer Doris is now at her berth, at the Queen's Wharf, taking in the buoys, and will proceed down the river this afternoon to lay them down.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Arrived—Lochlibo, Boyd, 1st March, Liverpool, with merchandise, and 307 passengers.—Experienced very heavy weather during the passage. About March 20th, in lat. 45, long. 36, carried away the rudder, and, owing to the heavy weather, drifted astern some six degrees before it could be properly secured. Has lost top-mast, top-gallant-mast, and sails.—Also arrived—Southron, Leavitt, 27 days, Liverpool, 376 passengers; Fanny, Quinn, 29 days, Londonderry, 159 passengers.

VESSELS SAILED FOR MONTREAL.

Gravesend, March 28—Effort.

Clyde, March 29—America.

Liverpool, March 31—Lord George Bentinck.

April 1—Tam O'Shanter; Amy Ann; Ann Cropper; Acme. 2—Alice Gill. 4—Aberystwith.

Deal, March 30—Pearl. 31—Wreath.

Antwerp, April 1—Sir.

Harlingen, March 29—Geo. Smith.

Gironde, April 1—Elias Kirkbride.

BIRTHS.

In this city, on the 20th instant, Mrs. JOHN HARRISON, of a son.

In Cornwall, on the 11th instant, Mrs. S. CLARK, of a daughter.

In Toronto, on the 20th inst., Mrs. HENRY MELVILLE, Wesleyan Minister, of a son.

In this city, on the 13th instant, Mrs. H. KOLLMYER, of a daughter.

On the 21st instant, at Aylmer Bower, Hunter Hall, Mrs. JOHN VARDAN, of a son.

At Fort Dalhousie, on the 4th instant, the lady of the Rev. A. DUNCK, B.A., of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At St. George's Church, in this city, by the Rev. Dr. Leacock, Mr. JAMES WEBSTER, to Louisa.

At the residence of the bride's father, Lachine, on the 12th instant, by the Rev. Lorenzo Rexford, M. A., of Fort Hope, to Miss SARAH ELIZABETH, daughter of Paul Peterson, Esq., Beverage Inspector, County of Hastings.

At New York City, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, the Rev. CHARLES REMSEN, of New York, to ELIZABETH, daughter of the late Rev. Gideon Olmstead, of Newark, New Jersey, and granddaughter of the late Rev. Ezra Stiles Ely, D.D., of the Mohawk Dutch Church, in the city of New York.

DIED.

On the 23rd instant, at the residence of her brother-in-law, (Dr. Howard,) St. Francois Xavier Street, SARAH HANNAH MERRETT, aged 63, relict of the late ROBERT MERRETT, Esq., Carrickfergus, Ireland.

In this city, on the 12th instant, LOUISE CAROTTE ST. GEORGE, mother of the late H. ST. GEORGE DUPRE, Advocate, aged 70.

In the Scotch Block, Guelph, on the 10th instant, MARY KNOWLES, wife of THOMAS KNOWLES, aged 48.

In New York, on the 9th instant, Mr. JOHN JOHNSTON, of Montreal, aged 22.

On the 12th instant, in her 19th year, at her father's residence, LOUISA ANN, wife of O. S. GILDERSLEEVE, Esq., and eldest daughter of Mr. JUSTUS DRAPER.

Suddenly, at Richmond, on the 20th ultimo, ELEANOR MURN, wife of DAVID BELLHOUSE, Esq., of Liverpool, and late of Montreal.

In Compton, on the 8th instant, MARY JOSEPHINE, infant daughter of MILO and EMMA THOMAS, aged nine months.

At the residence of her brother, St. Francois de Sales, near Terrebonne, on the 17th instant, Miss MARGARET MARSHALL, aged 45, daughter of Mr. WM. MARSHALL, Northumberland, England.

RECENT DEATHS.—Recently, in Bengal, Major General Sir DUTERT ST. LEGER HILL, K.C.B. He entered the army in 1804.

February 19, at Teheran, Persia, Major General Sir HENRY BETHUNE.

March 22, Rev. JAMES SEATON REID, D.D., Professor of Ecclesiastical and Civil History in the University of Glasgow, aged 52.

March 23, Lieutenant Colonel C. C. MORELL K.H. K.B.A., K.T.S., late Surveyor General at the Cape of Good Hope, aged 68.

March 28, SAMUEL BAGSTER, Esquire, formerly Publisher, Paternoster Row, London. His beautiful editions of the Scriptures in various languages, ancient and modern, are met with in every part of the civilized world. Mr. B. was in his 70th year.

March 30, Sir JAMES WELLWOOD MONCREIFF, Bart., in the 78th year of his age. He was one of the Lords of Session in Edinburgh, and was almost the last of the distinguished contemporaries of JEFFREY, CRANSTOUN, and CLERK, in the Parliament House."

March 31, Mr. JOHN DICKENS, father of the celebrated CHARLES DICKENS. He was connected with the *Daily News*, as chief of the Reporters' Staff. He was in his 65th year.

ADDISONIAN LITERARY SOCIETY.

THIS EVENING, (Friday), the Revd J. M. CRAMP, D. D., will deliver a LECTURE before the above Society, at EIGHT o'clock

Admission Free.

By order,

C. DROLET,
Treas. and Rec. Sec.

April 25. 321

A CARD.

JAMES FOSTER, 136, Notre Dame Street, takes leave to return his warmest acknowledgements to his Customers, both in Town and Country, for the liberal support so long enjoyed by him, and begs to say, that owing to the increase of his COUNTRY TRADE, he finds it necessary to give it his EXCLUSIVE ATTENTION, and has much pleasure in informing his FAMILY CUSTOMERS that Mr. RICHARD THOMAS, now in his employ, intends commencing business on his own account, to whom he takes the liberty of recommending their patronage, feeling fully assured that, from the satisfaction he has derived from his services, he will pay them that attention which J. F. always anxiously felt they were entitled to.

THE Subscriber, in *reference to* the above, takes the liberty of announcing, that, on the 1st of May, he intends OPENING those Premises in Great St. James Street, (formerly Tetu's Hotel,) with a NEW and COMPLETE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, and begs to say, that while respectfully soliciting a continuance of the support hitherto extended to Mr. FOSTER, by his numerous Family Customers, as well as the patronage of the Public in general, it is his determination that every article he will have on hand shall be of the VERY BEST DESCRIPTION, and at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE, in order to carry out the system so happily obtained by his Predecessor.

RICHARD THOMAS.

April 25, 1851. 325

CLOVER SEED:—

A fresh supply just received.

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.

April 25. 324

CARPETING, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, PRINTED DRUGGETS, &c.—The Subscribers invite the attention of parties furnishing, to their present Assortment of every description of the above GOODS, which they will sell on the most favorable terms, preparatory to the receipt of their Spring Stock, which will be one of the most extensive and varied ever imported to this City.

R. CAMPBELL & CO

April 25. 324

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.—ON HAND, a large Assortment of various styles and qualities, which will be cut to any dimensions at the lowest Price.

R. CAMPBELL & CO.

April 25. 324

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, WHOLESALE.—A Choice and Extensive Assortment, personally selected by one of our Firm in the principal Manufacturing Districts, expected by the earliest arrivals from Sea—which, together with our present Stock, we are prepared to offer on the most liberal terms for *cash or approved credit*.

R. CAMPBELL & CO.

April 25. 324

BAZAAR.

THE LADIES' COMMITTEE for managing the BAZAAR for the BENEFIT of the NATIONAL SCHOOL HOUSE, beg leave to acquaint their Friends and the Public, that the Bazaar will take place (as originally intended) at the ST. LAWRENCE HALL, Great St. James Street, on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY, the 6th, 7th, and 8th of May.

In reference to the above, the Committee beg to intimate to those friendly to the Bazaar, that they will attend at the St. LAWRENCE HALL, on MONDAY, the 5th May, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock; and have to request that all Contributions of Fancy Work or otherwise may kindly be sent to them on that day.

The Bazaar will open at 12 o'clock precisely, on the 6th May. Tickets of Admission, 1s. 3d.; Children, 7½d.

April 23, 1851. 323

NOTICE.

BY an Act, 13 and 14 Vic. c. 22, passed at the late Session of Parliament of the Province of Canada, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation of JOINT STOCK COMPANIES for Manufacturing, Mining, Mechanical or Chemical purposes;" and it being proposed to form a JOINT STOCK COMPANY, for the Erection of suitable Buildings for a COTTON FACTORY, and for working the same in the CANTON of CHAMBLY, on the CANAL there,—

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE,

THAT A
PUBLIC MEETING
WILL BE HELD
ON THURSDAY,
The First Day of May next,
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK, FORENOON,
At Chambly College.

This Enterprise, in consonance with the progress of the Country, ought to engage the influence and interest of all Classes, and the Public are hereby notified that every information affecting the formation and probable result of a MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT as above stated, will be fully placed before the parties favorable to the object contemplated at the said Meeting.

L. S. LACOSTE, M.P.P.

April 19. 322

INSPECTION OF BEEF AND PORK.

THE Subscriber, in returning his sincere thanks for such number of questions to INSPECT BEEF and PORK for the Owners thereof, continues to act in accordance with the amended Act of the Provincial Parliament of last Session.

FRANCIS MACDONNELL.

Montreal, April 14. 319

JUST RECEIVED—HARPER for April.

E. W. LAY,
193, Notre Dame Street.

April 4. 315