

WEATHER FORECAST.

MARITIME PROVINCES.

Strong Winds or Gales, Fall at First Followed by Light Falls of Snow or Rain. Temperature at 3 A. M. 24 Degrees Above Zero.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Daily Edition, By Carrier, Per Year, \$5.00 Daily Edition, By Mail, Per Year, \$3.00 Semi-Weekly Edition, By Mail, \$1.00 Single Copies Two Cents

VOL. III. NO. 273

SAINT JOHN, CANADA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1912.

EIGHT PAGES

NINE PASSENGER CARS DASH DOWN FRANKMEN WITH HUMAN FREIGHT

Three Killed and Fifty-Seven Injured in Wreck

Only Fact That Cars Were of Heavy Steel Prevented Terrible List of Fatalities—Telegraph Poles Snapped Like Pipstems

Huntingdon, Pa., Feb. 15.—Three persons were killed and 57 were injured today when the Pennsylvania Limited eastbound, jumped its track at Warriors Ridge, a short distance west of this place and nine of the eleven cars rolled down an embankment to the edge of the Juniata river. The dead in the morgue at Huntingdon are: Harry A. Maas, New York. Mrs. John Taverner, Washington, Ill. Mrs. Hall, colored maid employed on train.

The train left Altoona, 30 miles west of the scene of the accident more than an hour late, at the time of the disaster, it is said, the limited was going at the rate of 50 miles an hour. As the heavy train which was drawn by two locomotives passed Warriors Ridge the equalizing bar on the second locomotive dropped to the rails.

The first car passed over the obstruction, but nine succeeding cars jumped the tracks and dived down the embankment to the brink of the Juniata. As the ponderous steel cars with their human freight dashed down the bank the telegraph poles were snapped off like pipstems. With the telegraph facilities thus crippled, the telegraphers of the Juniata Power Company near the wreck were pressed into service, and word was sent to Altoona, Tyrone and this town for all available physicians and nurses.

All of those killed were in the first dining car. Harry A. Maas and Mrs. J. E. Taverner, two of the killed, were dining at the time the train was derailed. The awful impact threw them into the forward end of the diner and they were crushed to death. Mrs. M. B. Hall, the colored maid was thrown through a window and had her skull fractured.

In all there were 67 persons injured. Fifty-one were given attention in the local hospital, while the remaining sixteen who sustained minor injuries, were looked after by the volunteer physicians. Of the 67 injured 42 were passengers and 25 were railroad employes in charge of the train.

This is said to be the first time on record that a train composed of all steel cars has been wrecked on the Pennsylvania and had it not been for these ponderous life savers the death toll would have been appalling. Nothing short of a miracle could have saved the frail wooden cars from crumbling and going into the Juniata River. Even the big steel cars were badly twisted, but there were no splinters or fire to add to the horror of the wreck.

LONGSHOREMEN ARE TOLD TO WORK OR NOT BUT TO DECIDE QUICK

Boston, Feb. 15.—The longshoremen having quit work three times since yesterday morning when they went back to the foreign steamship docks at the conclusion of a six-weeks' strike, were given an ultimatum tonight by the steamship agents. They were notified that unless all are at work at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning, the agents will take steps to fill their places and no further conferences will be held with their representatives.

Today's trouble arose over objections on the part of the longshoremen to working with non-union tally clerks. The agents assert that the men have violated the terms of the new agreement by which any matter in dispute was to be adjusted by a grievance committee and under no consideration were the men to stop work.

TWO NEGROES ARE LYNCHED BY MEN NOT IDENTIFIED

Marshall, Texas, Feb. 15.—Unidentified men lynched two negroes, a woman and a man, George Sanderson and Mary Jackson, hanging them to the same tree just across the Panola county line, early Tuesday morning. The negroes had lived at the same house with Tennis Sneed, the young negro who shot and killed Paul Strange, a white man, on Jan. 29.

THE DUKE VISITS FRUIT GROWERS

His Royal Highness Considers Canadian Climate Particularly Adapted for Horticulture—Nova Scotia Delegates Suggest Increase of Duties to Equal Those Exacted by United States—Extension of Fruit Marks Act.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—A visit from His Royal Highness the Duke of Cornwall, and an important discussion on the question of fruit inspection and its sale, with suggestions for amending the inspection and sales act marked the proceedings of the Dominion Fruit Conference in St. Patrick's Hall here this afternoon. The Duke arrived towards the opening of the afternoon proceedings and was introduced to the fruit growers by Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, who was presiding officer for the session. "I believe that the advancement made in the fruit trade of Canada within the last ten years has been something almost remarkable," declared His Royal Highness. "I had fruit trees at home and a great deal of trouble and disappointment they used to give me. With care, knowledge and perseverance I am led to think that you ought to succeed with the fruit industry in this fine climate of the Dominion of Canada. There has been a remarkable increase of late years not only in the amount of fruit growing but more than corresponding in the amount of fruit eating. No one could deny the statement that there are no better apples than those of Canada. I feel convinced that you have a great future before you in an agricultural product that is so much appreciated."

At the close of his address, the Duke sat down and listened to a large part of the discussion which centered chiefly around the question of fruit inspection. The Ontario Apple Shippers' Association proposed, through a resolution, that the fruit marks act should be so extended that apples should be inspected at point of shipment, and that a sufficient number of qualified inspectors be appointed in order that said inspection may be done promptly and efficiently. Hon. Martin Burrell speaking in support of the resolution explained that its adoption by the government would mean a very drastic reform and very considerable additional expense. Enough fruit inspectors would have to be appointed to attend to all inspection throughout all the fruit districts during the shipping season, this he thought would be making the government responsible for an inspection that was, in a large measure, the duty of the fruit growers. This resolution was referred to a committee for consideration. Another resolution from Nova Scotia, similarly dealt with, asked that the Dominion government be requested to raise the duty on apples and pears coming into Canada to equal that levied on Canadian apples and pears going into the United States.

JOHN D. CHECKMATED, WILL SEEK RECOURSE IN THE LAW COURTS

Ballots of Standard Oil Interests Not Considered by the Pierce Adherents and Legal Battle Ensues.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 15.—In a bitter fight which raged today at the stockholders meeting for annual election, Henry Clay Pierce and his associates checkmated the effort of John D. Rockefeller and the Standard Oil interests to take absolute control of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company. The prize at stake is shown by sworn testimony in a recent suit between Waters-Pierce concern in one year declared a dividend of \$240,000. The capital stock is \$400,000.

Although Standard interests own 68 per cent. of the stock of the company, the Pierce interests refused to count the ballots of John D. Rockefeller, John D. Archibald and their associates, on the ground that they were attempting to perpetuate the Standard Oil Trust under a new system, in contravention of the decree of the United States Supreme Court dissolving the Standard Oil Company and the decree of the Missouri Supreme Court compelling it from the state. The Rockefeller Standard Oil interests filed a mandamus suit to compel the tellers to count the Standard Oil ballots, but the tellers, appointed by Pierce, refused to accept them and declared the Pierce side of directors elected. The controversy will be fought out in court, beginning before Circuit Judge Kinsey, Saturday when the alternative writ of mandamus comes up for argument.

CHINESE CRUISERS CELEBRATE ADVENT OF THE REPUBLIC

Che Foo, Feb. 15.—Three Chinese cruisers lying in the harbor today celebrated the establishment of the republic by a salute of 21 guns. The U. S. protected cruiser Cincinnati has returned here from Teng Chow with six missionaries on board. The other missionaries refused to leave on the Cincinnati, which supplied them with arms and ammunition.

Shanghai, Feb. 15.—Extensive celebrations were held today both at Nanking and Shanghai in honor of the United Republic. The Chinese ships at Shanghai were bedecked with flags while the warships and arsenal fired salutes of 21 guns.

BLACK LIST MEN COULDN'T GET WORK.

Washington, Feb. 15.—H. H. Bagley, a Pittsburg newspaper man submitted to the Stanley Steel Trust Investigating Committee today what purported to be a copy of a "black list" of steel workers, which had been the property of the Carnegie Steel Company. The list contained about 3,000 names.

BITTERNESS OF THE GERMANS AGAINST GREAT BRITAIN

Berlin, Feb. 15.—The bitterness against Great Britain evoked by last summer's events has not yet passed away. The references in the Reichstag today to the British Secretary of War's mission were unmistakably cool, except on the part of the Socialists who warmly favor better relations between Germany and Great Britain.

Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg in a statement respecting the conversations which took place between the German ministers and Viscount Haldane said that they had been exhausting and frank, and would be continued. The spokesman for the conservative centre and the national liberals, while declaring that they would welcome a rapprochement, recommended very reserved action. The national liberal speaker said: "We all will support the peace efforts as heretofore, but the chief assistance must come from the English."

ADJUTANT GENERAL OF U.S. ARMY WILL BE COURT MARTIALED

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—Adjutant General Fred C. Ainsworth, of the U. S. army, has been relieved from duty at the war department and soon will be ordered before a court martial. While the charges have not been framed, it is understood they will be based on conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline and perhaps insubordination.

Never before in the history of the army has the adjutant general been court martialled and today's action of the secretary of war and the president proved a decided sensation. Because of his exalted rank it is going to be difficult to assemble a court for the trial of General Ainsworth, who next to General Leonard Wood is the senior officer of the army.

SERVED MAXIMUM TERM AWAITING TRIAL—RELEASED

Viterbo, Italy, Feb. 15.—Two more of the Camorrista who have been on trial charged with complicity in the murder in 1906 of Gennaro Ceccolo, were released today by the presiding judge. A similar explanation to that of yesterday, when two prisoners were released, was given for granting liberty to Pasquale Gargiulo and Devera, the judge stating that they had already served the maximum term drawn out trial the maximum term in jail. If found guilty.

Five other Camorrista, who were listed for freedom, were held on additional charges.

Dr. Maloney To Contest Election



DR. M. S. MALONEY.

Renfrew, Feb. 15.—The last week before the election to decide who shall represent South Renfrew in the Dominion House of Commons, has begun and Dr. M. J. Maloney, of Eganville, and Hon. G. P. Graham, of Brockville, are the candidates. Nominated here this morning, they both addressed large audiences this afternoon. The nominations proper were without feature, but a hitch between the two parties developed when it came to speaking afterward and for a period it looked as though trouble might result. It originated in the fact that the Liberals some weeks ago secured the O'Brien theatre for nomination day of the date of which they were at that time ignorant, a few days before the announcement Dr. Maloney's supporters rented the theatre for the 15th. Both sides claimed to have paid for the place and accordingly both claimed the right to speak there.

About 3 o'clock 1000 persons mostly Maloneyites, marched down the street behind the Renfrew brass band and took up their position in the main thoroughfare in front of the theatre. Finally Dr. Maloney drove down and invited the crowd down to the market place to hear him. Willing hands soon cleared the market platform of its burden of snow and mounting Dr. Maloney and his fellow speakers addressed the crowd which had gathered.

Meanwhile the Conservatives having departed, the Opera House was opened to the Graham men who held their meeting. At the conclusion of this meeting T. A. Lowe hurried down to the market place with Dr. Neely and said a few words, but by this time the majority of the crowd had gone. The agreement by which the Conservatives of South Renfrew were allowed to have been so simply as to be denied the privilege of retiring, but it was not for him to say who should be his successor. The 27 Conservatives who had agreed to elect Hon. Mr. Graham had done so simply as to be denied the privilege of retiring, but it was not for him to say who should be his successor. The 27 Conservatives who had agreed to elect Hon. Mr. Graham had done so simply as to be denied the privilege of retiring, but it was not for him to say who should be his successor.

ASK INCREASE OF PROTECTION OF CANADIAN STONE

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—A strong appeal to the government for the protection of Canadian cut stone was made today by a deputation representing the builders of Toronto and Montreal, headed by J. H. Lauer, of Montreal. The deputation waited on Hon. W. T. White and afterwards on Hon. J. D. Reid and complained that the tariff was loosely drawn in regard to dressed stone, the result being that very large shipments of stone from the United States entered Canada practically free of duty.

They drew attention to the fact that this stone was being largely used in the construction of big hotels, notably the G. T. P. Hotel at Winnipeg, and the C. P. R. Hotel at Calgary. The advice of the ministers was that the builders put their case before the tariff commission. It was pointed out that tariff revision on one item would be difficult.

PRELIMINARY STEP TOWARDS A BETTER WATER CONNECTION

Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—Representative Mott, of New York, introduced in the house today a bill providing \$250,000 for the survey and estimate of the cost of a ship canal to connect the navigable waters of the Niagara river making a continuous water route between the five great lakes.

WILL NOT GO TO INDIANAPOLIS WITHOUT FIGHT

New York, Feb. 15.—Frank C. Webb and Patrick F. Farrell, two of the three members of the Iron Workers' Union, arrested here in connection with the alleged dynamite conspiracies will fight extradition to Indianapolis according to their counsel, Hugh Gordon Miller.

NOR HUMBERLAND CHOOSES STRONG TICKET TO SUPPORT GOVERNMENT

RUE'S RECORD IS NOT DESIRABLE

Informor Responsible for Conviction of Bertrand Stewart on Espionage Charge Has Served Both British and German Governments—Agreement for Suppression of Spies Suggested as Topic of Haldane's Discussion with Germans.

London, Feb. 15.—Bertrand Stewart is being sent today to the fortress of Glatz in Prussian Silesia where Capt. French, another alleged English spy is imprisoned. Mr. Stewart's father writes indignantly to the Times protesting against credence being given to the untested assertions in a Hamburg newspaper of a Belgian informer whom he calls "that rascal and traitor Rue or Verue."

Rue's wife is, it seems an attractive Irish lady, deserted by her husband two years ago, and now proprietress of a boarding house near London. The Daily Mail's correspondent in Berlin says Rue has been continually in the public eye since the arrest of Mr. Stewart, he went into hiding in Dutch-German frontier towns, living the life of a hermit, broken by detachments and once in a bout of intemperance attempted suicide.

Germany spends \$3,000,000 on secret service to Britain's \$200,000. No details of payments or disbursements are given in the public accounts. German newspaper says that among the topics of discussion during the visit to Berlin of Lord Haldane, the British war minister, was an Anglo-German agreement to forbid espionage in each other's territory.

Correspondence with Admiralty Tabled in House—Newfoundland Objects to Infringement of Waters.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—Correspondence which has passed between the Canadian and British governments apropos of the Canadian navy since the Imperial Conference, was tabled yesterday. It was practically all written before the Laurier government went out of office, and the principal feature was the objection by Newfoundland that the proposed operating zone encroached upon her territorial waters. This view was upheld by the Colonial Secretary, who stated that there had been no such intention and Newfoundland's control of its waters would not be interfered with in the slightest.

A memorandum from the Admiralty on July 22 conveyed the information that in the case of officers loaned to the Canadian navy, Canada must bear non-effective as well as effective charges. This means that it will be responsible not only for current pay of officers, but for deductions in respect of pensions.

TRYING TO PROVE LEADERS DID NOT INCITE THE RIOT

Lawrence, Mass., Feb. 15.—After a day of testimony for the defence, devoted chiefly to an effort to show that the defendants had made no inflammatory speeches in connection with the textile strike, adjournment was taken tonight until Monday, in the district court hearing of Joseph H. Eitor and Arturo Giovannitti, charged with being accessories to the murder of Anna Lopizzo. Numerous associates of Eitor in the conduct of the strike prior to his arrest, and witnesses of the parade and rioting on January 28th, the day the Lopizzo woman was killed, were called to the stand. All agreed that neither Eitor nor Giovannitti had urged violence on the part of the strikers.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR SAYS ITALY WILL NOT PROLONG CONFLICT

London, Feb. 15.—The German Ambassador at Constantinople has declared to the Porte, says a despatch from the Turkish capital today, that Italy does not intend to prolong hostilities in the Archipelago.

LARGE DREDGING PLANT CHANGES HANDS

Newcastle, Feb. 15.—The large dredging plant of the A. and R. Loggie Co., of Loggieville has been sold. The transaction was completed on Wednesday, J. F. Gleason, Thos. Nagle and H. O. McInerney, representing interests acquiring the plant. The figure is not mentioned neither is the purchaser, but it is understood that Richard O'Leary, of Richibucto, is chiefly interested.

CANADA MUST ALSO PAY DEDUCTIONS FOR OFFICERS' PENSIONS

Correspondence with Admiralty Tabled in House—Newfoundland Objects to Infringement of Waters.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—Correspondence which has passed between the Canadian and British governments apropos of the Canadian navy since the Imperial Conference, was tabled yesterday. It was practically all written before the Laurier government went out of office, and the principal feature was the objection by Newfoundland that the proposed operating zone encroached upon her territorial waters. This view was upheld by the Colonial Secretary, who stated that there had been no such intention and Newfoundland's control of its waters would not be interfered with in the slightest.

A memorandum from the Admiralty on July 22 conveyed the information that in the case of officers loaned to the Canadian navy, Canada must bear non-effective as well as effective charges. This means that it will be responsible not only for current pay of officers, but for deductions in respect of pensions.

TRYING TO PROVE LEADERS DID NOT INCITE THE RIOT

Lawrence, Mass., Feb. 15.—After a day of testimony for the defence, devoted chiefly to an effort to show that the defendants had made no inflammatory speeches in connection with the textile strike, adjournment was taken tonight until Monday, in the district court hearing of Joseph H. Eitor and Arturo Giovannitti, charged with being accessories to the murder of Anna Lopizzo. Numerous associates of Eitor in the conduct of the strike prior to his arrest, and witnesses of the parade and rioting on January 28th, the day the Lopizzo woman was killed, were called to the stand. All agreed that neither Eitor nor Giovannitti had urged violence on the part of the strikers.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR SAYS ITALY WILL NOT PROLONG CONFLICT

London, Feb. 15.—The German Ambassador at Constantinople has declared to the Porte, says a despatch from the Turkish capital today, that Italy does not intend to prolong hostilities in the Archipelago.

LARGE DREDGING PLANT CHANGES HANDS

Newcastle, Feb. 15.—The large dredging plant of the A. and R. Loggie Co., of Loggieville has been sold. The transaction was completed on Wednesday, J. F. Gleason, Thos. Nagle and H. O. McInerney, representing interests acquiring the plant. The figure is not mentioned neither is the purchaser, but it is understood that Richard O'Leary, of Richibucto, is chiefly interested.

Grand Convention Selects Able Candidates to Contest County

Hon. John Morrissy, William L. Allain, D. P. MacLachlan and John Betts Unanimous Choice—All Ardent Supporters of Provincial Administration

Newcastle, Feb. 15.—At a grand convention of the supporters of the local government at the town hall this afternoon, Hon. John Morrissy, Wm. L. Allain, D. P. MacLachlan and John Betts were chosen to contest Northumberland. The interests of the Flemming government. Enthusiasm was at a high pitch and the result of the voting was received with great cheers. The old spirit of enthusiasm so characteristic of Northumberland, has been aroused and every tongue points to an overwhelming victory for the chief commissioner and his colleagues when they appear before the electors for endorsement.

The hearings passed off without a hitch and those who expected trouble must have been sadly disappointed at the unanimity of the convention. The government party was never in better shape and today's convention gave most emphatic evidence of that fact. Seven names were placed before the meeting, but one ballot was sufficient to decide the candidates. The voting was largely to decide on a fourth member, it being assumed that the present members would be nominated.

The meeting was called to order by Ald. John Clark, retiring president in the course of a few well chosen remarks the chairman referred to the support of the meeting to elect candidates to contest the county in the interests of the local government party. Geo. M. McDade was elected secretary of the meeting and credentials of the delegates were filed with him. The following is a list of delegates: Newcastle—Dr. F. J. Desmond, Chas. Sargeant, David Ritchie, Andrew McCabe, C. J. Morrissy, John Robinson, J. D. P. Doyle, W. L. Durick, Edward Hickey, T. W. Crocker, Geo. F. McWilliam.

Chatham—Edward Gallivan, H. H. Carvell, Chas. Bernard, Wm. N. Walsh, P. S. Maher, John A. Buckley, J. Ken. Breaux, Thos. Taylor, W. F. Cassidy, Dr. Byrne, J. Y. Mersereau, Chas. Rainbow, Thos. H. Fitzpatrick, Albert McLennan, Roger Flanagan, Chas. Dickens, M. Goggin, J. D. Labay. Blackville—Wm. J. McLaggan, M. W. McArthur, G. McManus, Jas. Donovan, Geo. Hayes, Jr. Hardwicke—Jas. Hackett, James Cameron, Hugh Daley.

Nelson—David Blackmore, Matthew Carro, Richard G. McInerney, Thos. Harper, Patrick Gorman, Wm. McGrath.

Continued On Page 2.

TELEPHONE CO. AT LOGGERSHEADS WITH THE BUSINESS MEN

Special to The Standard. St. Stephen, Feb. 15.—The business men of this place have for some time past been at loggerheads with the New Brunswick Telephone Co. because of the raise in the telephone rentals and the annoyance caused by the wholesale change in the numbers. The affair reached a head tonight at midnight when all the business men refused any longer to accept the service under the existing circumstances. This does not mean, however, that the town will be without telephone service as the Independent Telephone Co. will doubtless supply the necessary convenience.

RIVAL TELEGRAPH COMPANIES STATE CASE FOR DEFENCE

Boston, Mass., Feb. 15.—A defense of the Postal Telegraph Company's position in the rivalry between the McKay Companies on the one hand and the Western Union and American Telephone and Telegraph Company on the other, was made by Clarence H. McKay, president of the McKay Companies, at the annual meeting of the latter corporations in this city today. The annual report stated that the 12,000,000 received by the McKay Companies two years ago for \$5,000 shares of the American Telephone stock had been invested in bond. The trustees were re-elected unanimously by a vote of 287,254 shares of preferred and 276,824 shares of common stock.