

- (7) Austria: 8 votes in favour; 1 against (the Soviet Union); 2 abstentions (France and Poland). Application rejected due to the veto of the Soviet Union.
- (8) Hungary: 1 in favour (Syria); 1 against (the United States); 9 abstentions. Application rejected.
- (9) Italy: 9 in favour; 1 against (the Soviet Union); 1 abstention (Poland). Application rejected by the Soviet veto.
- (10) Bulgaria: 1 in favour (Syria); 1 against (the United States); 9 abstentions. Application rejected.
- (11) Roumania: 1 in favour (Syria); 10 abstentions. Application rejected.

The Security Council thus rejected ten of these twelve applications, approving only Yemen and Pakistan.

At a meeting of the Security Council on September 25, consideration was given to letters from representatives of the United States and Poland. The United States letter requested the reconsideration of the application of Italy for membership. The Polish letter requested that the applications of Hungary, Roumania and Finland (whose request for admission had been received on September 19, 1947) be placed on the agenda, in view of the fact that the peace treaties with these countries had now been ratified. Mr. Herschel Johnson, supported by the United Kingdom, Belgium, France, Brazil and Australia, suggested that since the peace treaty with Italy had entered into force and since Italy was fully sovereign and a peaceful member of the family of nations, there was no valid reason for a further postponement of Italy's admission to the United Nations. Mr. Gromyko, in reply, stated that the U.S.S.R. was ready to agree to the admission of Italy to the United Nations, but only on condition that all the other countries in the same position, i.e. Bulgaria, Hungary, Roumania and Finland, were also admitted. He claimed that all these applications should be considered together and that by considering the case of Italy separately the United Kingdom and the United States were deviating from the Potsdam Agreement. This proposal was rejected by the majority of the Security Council, and no decision was taken in regard to the admission of any applicants except Yemen and Pakistan.

On September 30 the General Assembly adopted the report of the First Committee on the admission of Yemen and Pakistan. Yemen was admitted with unanimous approval, the admission of