			LIABI	LITIES				
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada.	Loans from other banks in Canada secured,	Balances due to other Banks in Canada in daily exchanges.	or to other	Bals, due to bank agencies or other banks or agencies out of Canada or Britain.	Liabilities not included under foregoing heads.	Total liabilities.	Directors' liabilities.	
1,387,763		289,862 221,238	3,305,723	3,641 188,842	465 1,414	15,751,164 42,212,684 17,582,332	277,629 800,284 410,000	
Management	***************************************	48,631	351,993 267,285			8,492,881 8,605,426 16,384,467	35,739 368,467 203,427	
***************************************		3£5 2,827	405,955	2,675 800		8,328,249 12,109,947 11,575,877	155,025 289,478 501,151	
************					11,862	2,245,845	800	1
12,086,000 3,133,195	***************************************	719,172 352,215	127	101,167	5,497,153	75,005,225 23,974,694	5,27 2,000]
4402,195	486,563		48.735	10,623	3,961 105,999	1,970,642 7,355,918	Nil. 132.973	1
124,922		302,676 730,911	74,737		120	15,721,411 21,619,264	210,700 682,278	1
		10,164 288,510	49,076	ŀ		5,520,870 9,232,669 8,063,195	434,288 228,192 512,460]
**************************************					2.484 4.500	427,2.5 1,281,789	17,991 53,787	-
		92,625	33,568	36,000		7.240,075	222,881	;
***************************************	***************************************	70,604 14,538 10,136			991	16,579,700 14,195,721 2,496,250	156,073 178,058 191,492	
hansan an a	1,000,000	67,161 6,544			678	4,591,836 3,849,689 645,632	250,826 13,728 29,281	
*************	***************************************	3,153			1,840	245,561 1,134,897	28,359 99,580	
14,017		48,604				2,658,906	56,456	
**************************************	***************************************	58 446		1,350	1 24	148,255 406,457	80,803 61, 5 01	
****************		314			1,083	210,941 69 7, 578	32,479 94,412	
2,723,791		176,706	7 3,639	91,240	22,301	9,618,853		_
21,213,758	1,491,563	3,462,114	1,998,675	867,283	5,692,343	378,603,318	12,081,728	!

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-CID.	Loans to Provin- cial Gov- ern- ments.	i	Real Estate owned by bank not bank premises	Mort- gageson real estate sold by the Bank.	Bank pre- mises.	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads.	Total assets.		Average amount of Dominion Notes held during month.	Greatest amount of Notes in circula- tion at any time during the Month.	
2,008,597		19.074			200,000		19,977,272	657.500	1,022,100	1,949,700	-1
		274,774 17,484	146,465 46 985	95,868 9,571	927 428 306,940	597, 30 6 8,053	49,869,955 21,897,554	195,000 695,000	1,084,000 1,032,000	5,399,000 1,675,000	2 3
		1,259 23,436	30,000	7,200 12,273	160,006 110,767	25,335	9,911,724 10,451, 2 19	96,700 175,345 576,899	187,100 281,350 979,266	1,082,487 973,850 2,013,393	4 5 6
Ma. ************************************		58,076 4,929	63,561 7,732	83,483 50	386,721 155,162	3,727 18,010	20,949,173 9,705, 2 56	137,000	404,550	1,070,285	7 8
		34,816 81,108	6,197	35,866 9,434	352,514 133,523	96,952	15,306,814 15,422,075		395,7£0 789,407	1,717,690 1,920,846	8 9
29,100		11,981	10,971	31,485	9,543	10,923	2,788,467	23,142	22,743	358,415	10
1,906,187 1,980,869	722,939 495,815	289,639 65,750	51,53 5 49,627	25,000 3,330	600,000 539,629	458,607 6,015,955	95,780,148 33,373,905		2,748,2.0 1,434,509	6,801,432 2,124,072	11 12
3109	• ••••••	26,362	24,781	14,979	130,000	100,488	2,627,835	1	29,050		13
Mar at	1	73,164 66,819 171,147	45,611 69,281 14,786	46,395 12,800 46,415	47,806 300,000 691,413	69,079 32,227 137,960	9,664,348 20,569,826 30,517,455	347,768	518,930 961,609 719,000	2,459,582	14 15 10
12,25		30,493 128,525	5,993 59,946	12,562 41,704	159,622 218,090	34,515 42,160	7,083,196 12,774,511	61,600 245,86 1	502,800 691,526 426,13		17 18 19
150,00	1	27,083		9,773	290,359 14,170 19,181	10,100 10,268 41,497	10,693,718 723,637 1,739,287	7,600 16,721	8,300 16,943	142,931 318,67	20 21
1,00	٠	46,081			159,934	36,589	9,832,657	116,114	123,314	1,480,385	2:
\$807.73 689.25	138,383	329,892	2,760	1,000	36,801 60,000 63,983	8,842 22,290 2,127	20,949,760 18.266,676 3,513,556	628,925	1,218,719 301,825 178,585	1,991,996	2:, 2:, 2:
	66,589	2 18,238 38,449	6,265		52,000 2,500 8,000	10,239	5,818.309 1,958,859 1,90J,124	74,356	249,907 175,012 25,80	572,365	20 27 21
	* ********	2,378		i	23,417 56,878		558,173 1,552,049	3,224	6,197 37,941	65,110	2' 3
\$24.21	d	3,630			30,000		4,045,869	137,5(4	303,920	469,863	3.
1		6.83	ı 		8,500 12,000	4,000	806.03 661,22		9,651 9,487		32 30
		. 96		i,133	250 20,923		280,600 1,0,6,78				34 3:,
18,850,17	J	. 182,100	261.08	2	147,991	317 932	12,589,48	709,025	1,516,56	1,117,385	30
	8 1,572,16	8 1,391,949	1,149.74	582,302	6,426,34	8,129,840	187,670,75	2 11,008,562	18,934,655	51,188,035	
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M. COURTNEY. Deb'v Min. of Fin.

Correspondence.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Editor Monetary Times,—
DEAR SIR,—I was much surprised in reading your editorial on Patent Medicines, in the Monetary Times of October 5th. That there are too many patent medicines of not much worth on the many medicines of not much worth on the market I acknowledge, but what about the preparations, such as cough syrups, pills, pain killer, etc., put up by local druggists all over Canada? Are these remedies of no use? Has a druggist no knowledge? Should this iniquitous bill be carried through (which is worked up by medical men, who, perhaps, cannot make a living in the East), it means that when a perin the East), it means that when a person has a cough or pain of any kind, they must go to an M.D. for a prescription or medicine, and thus pay the doctor a fee and get for \$2 what could be had from the druggist tor 25c. Of course there will be a few patents on the market, but these will be of wealthy firms who can afford to pay this outrageous \$1,000 fee. What is the real object of this bill? It is merely the protection of the doctor who feels he cannot make a livelihood unless patent medicines make a livelihood unless patent medicines are abolished and druggists not allowed to put up their own remedies. No suc-cessful up-to-date doctor will fall into line with this bill—it is the non-sucess-

graduate of a medical college.

However, will you kindly let me know who are the greatest users of patent medicines in Canada to-day? The public are, because the doctors themselves prescribe patent medicines every day for their patients. The difference between a quack medicine and a patent medicine, prescribed by a doctor, is this: The so-called quack medicines are advertised in the daily and weekly papers, while the patent medicines prescribed by the doctors are advertised in the medical jour-

ful, poor, and possibly not over brilliant

nals.

One is just as much a quack or patent medicine as the other, but one is advertised to the public, while the other is advertised to the medical profession.

The position taken by Mr. German is easily assailed, but it takes a great deal of explanation to show up the real inward meaning, object and effect of such a bill. For selfishness, I never heard of such a bill, and for trampling on people's rights, the Czar of Russia need only come to Canada for pointers. Every family in Canada is bound to feel the effect of this bill on its purse strings. A poor man cannot get a cough syrup for any of his family unless he goes to a medical man for it, and for which he will have to pay from 50c. to \$2. Is this liberty? liberty?

That certain medicines and That certain medicines and remedies should not appear in the public prints I fully agree with, but have all druggists in Canada to suffer in their business career because there are some medicines advertised that should not be? This, however, is merely the scapegoat, and the real issue is to stop all druggists from putting up a line of medicines of their putting up a line of medicines of their own for sale, because in so doing they keep patients away from the medical men.

The poor man must be entirely at the

mercy of the doctor, unless he chooses to pick on one or two of the few patents that will then be sold. I do not think it possible that the medical profession, as a whole, sanction, or fall into line with the passage of this bill. Yours faithfully, Yours faithfully, J. G. TEMPLETON,

Calgary, Alta., Oct., 1900.

-Lloyds, of England, have decided to establish a signal station on Belle Island. Telegraph communication will be on the north shore of the St. Lawrence, as far as opposite Belle Isle, where it will connect with a cable. The work is to be completed this year.