

CANADA SHIPPING CO'Y.

Price 25c. and \$1.00 per Bottle.

DOWNS' ELIXIP

BEAVER LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

BATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN—Montreal to Liverpool, \$50; return, \$30. An experienced Surgeon and Stewardess carried on each steamer.

For Freight or other particulars apply in Liverpool to R. W. ROBERTS, Manager Canada Shipping Co. 21 Water street; in Quebec to HY. H. SEWELL, Local Manager, St. Peter street, or to street, or to

H. E. MURRAY, General Manager.

Custom House Square, Montreal.

DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. DISTRICT OF MUNITARE.

Superior Court. Dame Marie Leclerc,
wife of François X. Trepanuler, trader and
hotel-keeper, of the City of Montreal, and duly
authorized, has instituted against her husband
an action en separation de biens.

Montreal, 23rd October, 1883.

ARTHUR DESJARDINS.

Attorney for Pleintiff.

CANADA. PRIVICE OF CORRECT DISTRICTOF MONTREAL. Superior Court.
No. 2690. Dame Celins Brodeur, of the City
and District of Montreal, wife of Romand alias
Leon Vet-leux, trader of the same place, duly
authorized a ester at justice, plaintiff, vs. the
said Romaid alias Leon Veilleux, defendant.
An action en saparation de biens has been instituted in this Chuise.

J. C. LACOSTE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Attorney for Plaintiff.
Montreal, 15th October, 1883.

\$2,000 A YEAR (OE MOPE) AND A PERMANENT SITUATION

Are hereby offered to at least one person in each town to act as our lovel agent and correspondent. First come, first served, other things being equal. References Equiled. Full particulars given on receipt of Eturn postage. Address at once, me stioning this paper.

National Intelligencer Publishing Co., 116 Waslington St., Chicago, III.

PROVINCE OF DUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. Superior Court. No. 88.
Dame Ellen Whelar, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Phis Whelan, carter, of the same place, has instituted against her said husband an action for sparation as to property.

GIO. U. MOFFATT,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Montreal, 24th Octher, 1883. 126

PROVINCE OF QUEBEU, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL Sperior Court. Dame Caroline Martineau, whe commune on bion of françois alias Francis Brazeau, butcher, of the Village of fole St. Lou & District of Montreal, duly authorized to ester in justice, Plaintiff, vs. the said François alias Francis Brazeau, Defendant. An action for stparation as to properly has been instituted in his cause.

MERCIER, EAUSOLEIL & MARTINEAU,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Montreal, 2th October, 1883 125

FPE Moody's New Tailor System of Dress Cutting Moody & Co, Clarinati, 6. 7 G

WITH FIVE DOLLARS

YOU CAN BUY A WHOLE Imperial Austriau 100fl. Government Bond

Which Bonds are issued and secured by the Government, and are redeemed in drawings

FOUR TIMES ANNUALLY, Until each and every bond is drawn, with a larger or smaller premium. Every bond must draw a prive, as there are no BLANKS.

The Three Highest Prizes Amount to 200,000 Florius,

20,000 Florins, 15,000 Florins,

Any bonds not drawing one of the above prime must draw a premium of not less than 200 floties. The next drawing takes place on the fix becomber, and every Bond bought of us on orisfore the let of December, is entitled to the while premium that may be drawn thereon on the date.

Oi-oi-town orders sent in Registered Letters and including Five Dollars will secure one of the Books for the flext Drawing.

[br orders, circulars, and any other informa-

NTERNATIONAL BANKING CO. No 207 Broadway, corner of Fulton street, New York City.

ESTABLISHED IN 1874.

MB.—In writing, please state that you saw thin the True Witters.

Fine above Government Bonds are not to the mapered with any lottery whatsoever, and do lot conflict with any of the laws of the Uned States;

The Inland Revenue retures for Ottawa for October show the following entered for confidence of the Sumption:—Spirits, \$12,440; tobacco, \$2,491; malt, \$186; petroleum inspection, \$221; Canadian tobacco, \$125. Total, \$15,463.

DOMINION CASTLE-REAGHED,

Now Irish landlord comes as peer
To buildoze Irishmen out here,
The Fenian boom seems more forlorn,
Now Lansdowne takes viceroy from Lorne.
Like Celts (who killed Darcy MacGee)
Welcome eviction over sea!
(McNabb-Papineau-Liberty!!
Over the Islis the "Carolite"
Plunged to wipe out "Fenian crime!"
And now old friend of good John Brown
Allows viceroy to wear her crown.
How different the "Blood of Hub,"
From Canada's cold iceberg blood
Barnacied as crown parasite Barnacied as crown parasite
Without the energy to fight!
Contented with throne 'desting
They never would have spilt the tea!
They never had a John Revere
To Old South bell our landlords here! -George Francis Train.

${ t AGRICULTURAL}.$

UNFERMENTED WINE. UNFERMENTED WINE.

To make an unfermented drink of pleasant flavour from grapes:—Mash the grapes; boll or not, as convenient—by boiling more colour is extracted from the skins—then press. When it is desired to bottle it, sweeten the juice to taste with best white sugar, fill the bottles, set them upon a foundation in a boiler, surround them with water up to the necks, bringing to a boil, and boil for ien minutes. Then from one of the bottles fill the rest, to make up loss by evaporation, and cork them while hot. The sulphurous acid gas impregnating the juice will be volatilized and driven off by the neat.

KEEPING SWEET POTATOES.

A dry air of a uniform temperature consider-A dry air of a uniform temperature considerably above froat is the simple requisite for keeping sweet potatoes. In Delaware they are kept in the open field by digging when dry, as late as possible, without having the vines frosted. They are left to dry thoroughly in the sun for a few hours and then placed on a bed of fine leaves or airaw about eight inches thick. Choose for this a spot above all possibility of dampness. Cover with fine leaves or straw as as to effectually shed the rain and to about the moisture from the potatoes while undergoing the necessary sweat by which they throw off the excess of moisture in them and become dry and mealy.

YOUNG PEACH ORCHARDS. YOUNG PEACH ORCHARDS.

Rural Home thinks peach orchardists should plant young orchards more frequently. It says:—the peach tree is becoming quite short-lived, but one full crop will pay cost of trees, planting, and ouitivation, and by the first two or three years, paying crops of corn, potatoes, beans or squarnes can be grown upon the land. We think it would be well, on good peach land, to plant a small orchard, delatched from all others, every year. Then, when older orchards begin to show symptoms of yellows, dig out the trees and burn them, and put their senes around the young trees. If potash is not a certain remedy for the yellows, it is good to promote the growth of trees.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.

Summer Arrangements.

Sallings between Montreal and LiverPOOL, and connecting by continuous Rail at
Montreal with all important places in Canada
and the West.

The Steamers of the Line are intended to be
despatched as follows from Montreal for Liverpool direct:—

LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott......Oct. 10
LAKE CHAMPLAIN, T. A. Jackson.....Oct. 24
LAKE HURON, Wm. Bernson.......Oct. 24
LAKE HURON, Wm. Bernson......Oct. 24
LAKE NEPIGON, Howard Campbell...Nov. 7
LAKE WINNIFEG, Wm. Stewart....Nov. 14
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott.....Nov. 20
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott.....Nov. 20
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott.....Nov. 20
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott.....Nov. 21
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott.....Nov. 21
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott....Nov. 21
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott....Nov. 21
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott.....Nov. 21
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott....Nov. 21
LAKE MANITOBA, G. A. B. Scott...Nov. 21

LIMING MEADOWS.

LIMING MEADOWS.

Liming meadows or old pasture lands with, say thirty bushels to the acre (says the Orange County Furmer), has an effect upon the condition of the crop of grass that few farmers would believe without giving it a trial. In fact, we do not know how the same amount of money can be expended upon laud with the same profit. It is not only certain, but lasting. We have known farmers to pasture meadows fifty years without being turned up by the simple application of lime once in six or ten years. These pastures which are regarded as permanent and mostly abound in clay menids, after being grased down thoroughly, are restored knee-deep in from from five to six weeks. We do not hesitate to say that nowhere has lime a more marked effect and can be used old pastures. old pastures.

EXPERIMENTS IN CULTIVATING.

EXPERIMENTS IN CULTIVATING.

W. F. Highec, of Vermont, writes to the Practical Farmer, giving some of the results of his experiments in cultivating orchards, which, sithough according with the experiments of others, may be useful if briefly stated in enforcing their teaching. Sowing wheat in an orchard always seriously checks the growth of the trees, even if the ground is manured. Outs are exhausting, but less so than wheat. Oets are exhausting, but less so than wheat. Corn and potatoes both answer well, and the cultivation they receive benefits the trees. In one instance half of an orchard was sown with wheat, and the consequence was it was put back two years as compared with the other half. Wheat in a thrifty young plum orchard ruined it. To these statements we may add the following:—A neighbor set out 100 peach trees, and the remainder was in wheat. None of the trees in the potatoes grew less than a foot and a half, and some sent up shoots two feet and a half. None of those which stood in the wheat ground grew more than three inches.

SELLING OR STORING ONIONS.

There is always one question which comes to the market gardete: at this season, and that is, "Shall I store my onions for the winter markets, or shall I sell them from the field?" A great deal of money has been made by storing onions, and much also has been lost. They are hard to keep, for dampness and warmth will make them sprout and decay, and I think that unless the farmer has a first-rate place to keep them in, he is much sater in relling them as they comedried from the field. Then there is no waste, even though the price may be low. One of the best ways for keeping them during the winter is to spread them about ten inches or a foot, deep upon a floor and cover with dry seaweed or meadow hay. If they freeze a little it will not harm, provided they are untouched while frozen, but if they get too warm they are sure to rot. I have a cellar which is kept at from 30° to 38° Fahr., and upon the floor above I spread about forty barrels of onlons and hold them for a higher price. The rest I always sell from the field. SELLING OR STORING ONIONS.

HOW SHALL WE DRESS.

HOW SHALL WE DEESS.

For fall dresses, basques, polonaises, and redingotes, (a long tight fitting outside garment) are still worn. Basques are shorter—often pointed before and behind, and very short on the hips. An old polonaise may be modernized by cutting off the front into a basque shape, leaving the back as it is and puffing it very full. An apron front of velvet, brocade, or anything which will harmouize with the material, may be inserted. These aprons are gathered full around the waist, and hang long and loose, cut at the bottom in battlements, or points—or fitted plain, and looped full and high upon the bips. For plain skirts to wear with plaid or figured over-dresses, a deep plaited flounce is best. For a plain suit, a skirt with a plaiting—of either s.de or box plaits,—about three inches deep, with narrow or broad tucks above. Is very neat. For slik, a broad ruche, plaited very full above the flounce, is simple and dressy. Sleeves are for the most part long and plain. Some are puffed on the shoulders, butthis style is not generally becoming; it makes one appear high shouldered. A bow, of many loops, of narrow velvet ribbon, is worn on one or both shoulders. Narrow ribbon velvet, of black, or bright colors, is worn around the neck, and tied so as to leave long loops and ends at the left side. It is used in roseties for trimming hats and bonnets, and also looping overskirs.

Jersey waists, which fit to the form like underwear, are very useful and economical for ladies and children. They come in black, scarlet, dark blue, and marcon colors, and any skirt can be worn with them. Small bonnets are made of material to match the dress, are of velvet, and trimmed with small fruits, flowers, or feathers, with narrow ribbon or velvet strings. They are of the small, close shape mostly. Good taste in material is generally marked by simplicity of design, if plaid or figured—but of good quality. Plain colors are always preferable, and a lady with a nice black silk for hest, and well fitted dark fiannel for the street

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take I Pill each sight from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pili 12270 no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent be mill for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON (AS 5.

CROUP, ASTHMA, BRON TIS. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMEN. 'linstantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Preventlot is better than cure.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and Ex-legal Liniment) (For Internal and Ex-legal Liniment), Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Iheumatism, Chronic Diarrheaa, Chronic Dysentery, Ch. lera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. Johnson & Co., Buston, Mass.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist.

now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make heus laylike Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, I teasp'nful to I pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 fetter-stamps. I. S. Johnson & Co., Bosron, Mass.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., WHOLESALE AGENTS, MONTREAL.

Several English and French Allan Line.

Medical Gentlemen Medical Gentlemen

And Their Opinions on Diseases. HIGH SCIENTIFIC OPINIONS.

Several medical gentlemen from the Eog lish and French armies having recently become associated with M. Souvielle, of Paris, and ex-side surgeon of the French army, at his International Turoat and Lung Institutes, Phillips' Square, Montreal, and 173 Church street, Toronto, where thousands of people are yearly treated successfully for diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs by Spirometer the present opportunity is embraced of making known to the people of Canada this fact, and also the opinions of these specialist surgeons connected with the International Throat and Lung Institutes on the symptoms attending the following prevalent and dreadful direases, in language devoid of technical difficulties :-

Hemorrhage of the Lungs. As a general thing hemorrhage from the lungs is looked upon as a fatal symptom. True it is seldom patients recover from lung disease who have had severe hemorrhagee without the very best care and treatment. Still many cases have recovered fully under properly directed treatment who have had several severe attacks of bleeding from the lungs. In the majority of cases the hemorr-hage occurs early in the disease, and is consequently amenable to treatment. But when it occurs late in the course of the disease the prognosis is very unfavorable.

Consumption. This dreaded disease is seldom developed in a few months. It is slowly and gradually creeping upon the patient, sometimes very insidiously, but often as a result of other diseases of the air passages or which the patient is perfectly cognisant, but foolishly allows to run and advance until the fatal disease, consumption, has the lungs so fairly grasped that no earthly power can restore them to health. After the positive symptoms of consumption have been developed, there is aiways an uncertainty in the prognosis. We find cases even advanced in the second stage, where recovery has taken place from proper treatment by inhalations suitable to the individual case and such constitutional treatment as the case demands. We also find cases in the first stage that the best directed skill cannot make any impression uponhence the necessity of applying parly, either before the disease has reached what we call consumption even in the first stage, or if that climax has already been reached, lose no time in applying for treatment to those who make a specialty of diseases of the air passages:

Causes.—The most important causes are catarrh, laryngitis and bronchitis being allowed to run until finally the lungs are involved. Heavy colds and inflammation of the lungs, or pleure, or both, debility of the system, which predisposes to any of the above causes, hereditary predisposition, syphilis, scrofula, self-abuse or anything that lowers the tone of the system, even poor living and insufficient clothing.

Symptoms-The most important symptoms are a regular cough, it may be very little, but at a certain time every day, generally in the morning upon rising, sometimes upon lying down, expectoration of white, frothy material or a yellowish substance, sometimes mixed with blood, shortness of breath upon exertion, night sweats, chills and fever, the chills generally being irregular, but the fever regular at a certain time every day. The temperature rises slowly but surely in consumption. The pulse is frequent and feeble, the patient becomes emaciated and weak, the eyes are sunken, the nose pinched, and a peculiar appearance is given to the mouth in advanced cases which cannot be mistaken by an experienced eye, and lastly, but not least, the voice has a changed and peculiar sound which speaks very positively to the specialist (who sees so many cares), and who becomes so familiar with the sounds articulated. This is a disease not to be trifled with. On the first indication of anything that would lead to consumption, have it attended to. And don't despair even if your family physician tells you that you are beyond help. With our present knowledge of the new and scientific modes of treating disease, applying the medicine directly to the part affected, instead of pouring drugs into the stomach, hundreds of cases are being cured that are even far advanced in consump tion and pronounced beyond the skill of man to asve.

Our treatment for asthma has for its object the removal of the cause, the principal of which is a catarrbal inflammation of the muous membrane lining the bronchial tubes and air cells, and of the nassi mucus membrane and larynx in many cases, and not simply giving anti-spasmodics to relieve the par-oxysm. This latter will only relieve the spasm—not cure. Our applications contain medicines which will not only relieve the spasm, but also remove the inflammation, which is the principal cause. When the cause is complicated with derangement of the blood, the stomach or the heart, we give suitable remedies to remove those causes also. Our treatment will cure asthma, not simply relieve it.

Physicians and sufferers are invited to try the instruments at the offices free of charge. Persons unable to visit the Institutes can be successfully treated by letter addressed to the International Throat and Lung Institute 13 Phillips' Square, Montreal, or 173 Church street, Toronto, where French and English 12-45.2. specialists are in charge.

June 19, 1883.

Peck's Patent Tubular Cushioned Rar Drums cure Deafness in all stages. Recommended recionitic men of Europe and America. Write for (Rustrated descriptive book and testimonials from others, judges, ministers and prominent men and women who have been cured, and who take pleasure eure. Address.—WEST & CO., 7 Murray St., New-York, Agents for South and West.



Under Contract with the Government of Can-ada and Newfoundland for the convey-ance of the CANADIAN and UNITED STATES Mails.

1883 — Summer Arrangements — 1883

This Company's Lines are composed of the following Double-Engined, Clyde-built IRON STEAMSHIPS. They are built in water tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experiments can surgest, and have made the fusical time on record.

Vessels.	Tonnage.	Commanders.
Numidian	6,100 Car	t Building.
Parisian	5,4(R) Car	t James Wyllo.
Bardinian	4,650 Cap	t J E Dutton.
Polynesian	4,1(x) Cap	t R Brown.
Sarmasian	3,600 Car	t J Graham
Circassian	4,000 Lt	W H Smith, R N R.
Peruvian	3,400 Cap	t J Richie.
Nova Scotian	3,300 Car	t W Richardson.
Hibernian	8.434 Cap	t Hugh Wylle.
Caspian	3 200 Lt	B Thompson, R N B
Austrian	2,700 Lt I	R Barrett, R N R.
Nestorian	2,700 Cap	t D J James.
Prussian	3.000 Cap	t Alex McDougall.
Scandinavian	3,000 Cap	t John Parks.
Siberian	4,600 Cap	t Building.
		t J G Stephen.
Buenos Ayrea	n3,800 Cap	t James Scott.
Corean	1,000 Cap	t R F Moore.
		t C E LeGallals.
Manitoban	3,150 Cap	t Maculcol.
Canadian	2,t00 Cap	ot C J Menzies.
Phœnician	2,800 Cap	t John Brown,
Waldenslan	2,600 Cap	t W Dalziell.
Lucerne	2,200 Cap	t Kerr.
		t John Mylins.
Acadian	1,350 Cap	t F reGrath.

The Shortest Sca Route between America and Europe, being only five days between land to land.

THE STEAMERS OF THE LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY QUEBEC MAIL SERVICE.

Sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, and from Quebec every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive and land Malis and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched

FROM QUEBEC:
Circassian ... Saturday, Sept. 22

FROM QUEBEC:

Circassian Saturday, Sept. 22
Polynesian Saturday, Sept. 24
Peruvian Saturday, Oct. 6
Farisian Saturday, Oct. 13
Sarmatian Saturday, Oct. 27
Circassian Saturday, Oct. 27
Circassian Saturday, Oct. 27
Circassian Saturday, Nov. 30
Polynesian Saturday, Nov. 16
Parisian Saturday, Nov. 17 Peruvian.....Saturday, Nov. 24 RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC:

Cablu...\$70 and \$80 (According to Accommodation.)
Intermediate...\$40
Steerage...\$25

THE STEAMERS OF THE GLASGOW AND QUEBEC SERVICE

s follows:—	Quebec for Glasgow
orean Precian	About Sept. 30
Buenos Ayrean	About Oct. 14
fanitoban Forean	About Nov. 4
THE STEAMER	About Nov. 18

Liverpool, Queenstown, St. John, Halifax and Baltimore Mail Service are intended to be despatched as follows:-

Rates of Passage between Halifax and St John's: Cabin.......\$20 00 | Intermediate.....\$15 00 Steerage......\$6 00

THE STEAMERS OF THE Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Galway, Queenstown and Boston Service

are intended to be despatched as follows from Boston for Glasgow direct:— Nestorian.....About Sept. 22 Nestorian. About fept. 22
Austrian. About Sept. 23
Scandinavian About Oct. 6
Prussian. About Oct. 13
Waldensian. About Oct. 27
Nestorian. About Oct. 27
Austrian. About Nov. 3
Scandinavian. About Nov. 10
Prussian. About Nov. 17
Persons desirous of bringing their grands Persona desirous of bringing their friends from Britain can obtain Passage Cortificates at Lowest Rates.

An experienced surgeon carried on each

Vessel.

Berths not secured until paid for.

Through Bills of Lading granted at Liverpool and Glasgow, and at Continental Ports, to all points in Canada and the Western States, via Hallfax, Boston, Baltimore, Quebec and Montreal, and from all Railway Stations in Canada and the United States to Liverpool and Glasgow, via Baltimore, Boston, Quebec and Montreal.

Roy Evaluation of States and Canada and Cana

Montreal.

For Freight, passage or other information spply to John M. Currie, 21 Qual d'Orleans, Havre; Alexander Hunter, 4 Rue Gluck, Paris; Aug. Schmitz & Co., or Richard Berns. Antwerp: Roys & Co., Rotterdam; C. Hugo, Hamburg; James Moss & Co., Bordeaux. Fischer & Behmer, Schusselkorb, No. 8 Bremen; Charley & Malcolm, Belfast; James Scott & Co., Queenstown; Monigomere & Workman, 17 Grace-church street, London; James & Alex. Allan, 70 Great Clyde street, Glasgow; Allan Brothers, James street, Liverpool; Allans. Rae & Co., Quebec; Allan & Co., 72 Lasalle street, Chitcago; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Leve & Alden, 207 Broadway, New York, and 15 State street, Boston. Or io

H. & A. ALLAN, 80 State street, Boston, and 25 Common street, Montreal. 2 G

GETTING READY FOR THE TRIAL.

O'Donuell's Detense—Gen. Fryor is Ill— The Cape Town Witnesses—Solicitor Guy's Visits and Opinions.

London, Oct. 31 .- General Roger A. Pryor,

the American counsel for O'Donnell, is suffering from a severe attack of neuralgis, contracted while living at the Royal Hotel, situated on the city bank of the Thames. He has gone to the Craven, further removed from the original fog. General Pryor has been in almost constant consultation during the past week with A. M. Sullivan and Ms. Gny, the London counsel for O'Donnell. Mr. Charles Russell, Q.U., the fourth lawyer engaged for the defense, has arrived from America. The five Capetown witnesses, upon whom the defense will rely for proof that O'Donnell killed Oarey in selfdefense during the alterestion, have been found. They have been subposped, and have consented to come to London. Depositions have already been secured from all of them. Their testimony corroborates the statements already made by O'Donuell, especially his claims that young Francis Carey was not present at the shooting, and that in the fatal quarrol Carey attacked O'Donnell when the latter openly accused him of being the informer. These five wit-nesses will leave Capetown on next Tuesday. It is expected that they will reach London on November 28. As the trial was reluctantly adjourned by the Crown to November 21 only, it is feared that the Attorney-General will press the pro-contion upon that date. The prisoner's counsel announce that it will be impossible for them to proceed until after the arrival of their Capetown witnesses. A compromise will be attempted under which the trial may be adjourned daily until the witnesses are all present.

Solicitor Gny, who now visits O'Donnell every day, says he is confident that the prisoner will be acquitted. The Dablin witnesses, whose testimony is intended to disprove the alleged fellowship of O'Donneil with the invincibles and to establish absence of criminal purpose in his trip to South Africa, are all on hand.

TO THE PUBLIC!

NEW ORLEANS, AUGUST 1, 1883.

Investigate for Yourselves! Postmaster-General Gresham having published a wilful and malicious fais-hood in regard to the character of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, the following facts are given to the public to prove his statement, that we are engaged in a fraudulent business, to be take and untrue:

Amount of prizes paid by The Louisiana State Lottery Company from January 1, 1879, to present date:

\$1,366,300

present date:
Paid to Southern Express Co., New Orleans, T. M., Wescoa', Managor Paid to Louisiana National Sark.
Jos. H. Ogles by, President.
Paid to State National Bank, S. H.
Kennedy, President.
Paid to New Orleans National Bank, A. Baldwin, President.
Paid to Union Mational Bank, S. Charlaron, Cashier
Paid to Citizens' Bank, E. L. Carriere, President.
Paid to Germania National Bank,
Jules Cassard, President.
Paid to Hibernia National Bank,
Chas. Paifrey, Cashier.
Paid to Canal Bank, Ed. Toby,
Cashier. 88,550 61,450 57,000 30,000 37,000

Cashier.
Paid to Mutual National Bank, Jos.
Mitchell, Cashier. 18,150 8,200 \$2,253,650 Total paid as above...

Paid in sums of under \$1,000 at the various offices of the Company broughout the United States.... Total paid by all...... \$4,881,060 For the truth of the above facts we refer the public to the officers of the above-named corporations, and for our legality and standing to the Mayor and officers of the City of New Orleans, to the State authorities of Louisiana, and also to the U. S. Officials of Louisiana. We claim to be legal, honest and correct in all our transactions, as much so as any business in the country. Our standing is conceded by all who

with investigate and our stock has for years been sold at our Board of Brokers, and owned by many of our best known and respected citi-M. A. DAUPHIN, President.

THE CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000 TEX Tickets only 85. Shares in proportion.



Louisiana State Lottery Company.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and contert the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with bonesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."



Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A.D., 1879. The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State

It never scales or postpones. Its Grand Single Rumber Brawings

A SPLENDYD OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE, ELEVENTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS L, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, November 13th, 1883-182nd Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

ł				PRIZE				
ı	1	CAPITA	L PRIZE			\$75,000		
ł	1	do	do			25,000		
Į	1	da	ďo			10.000		
ı	2	PRIZES	OF \$6000			12,000		
	ΙĜ	do	2000			10,000		
	10	do	1000		• • • • • • • • • • •	10,000		
1	20	đo	500			10,000		
	100	đo	200			20,000		
ı	800	do	10C			80,000		
ı	500	go	50			25.000		
1	1000	ďó	25			25,000		
ì						,		
ļ	APPROXIMATION PRIZES.							
į	9	Annroxi	mation P	rizes of	\$750 500	\$6,750		
4	ğ	do	1	do	500	4.500		
1	ő	ď	5	do	250	2,250		
ı		40	•					

1967 Prizes, amounting to......\$265,600 Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans. Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P.O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Lotters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,

New Orleans, La. POSTAL NOTES and ordinar, letters by Mall or Express (all sums of \$5 and upwards by Express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.,

or M. A. DAUPHIN, 95 607 Seventh St., Washington, D.C.

CARTER'S



Sick Headsche and relieve all the troubles incl-dent to a bilious state of the system, such as Diz-ziness, Nausen, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pan in the Side, &c. While their most remark-

Headache, set Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

able in so many ways that they will not be wit to do without them. But after all sick head

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grape or ourge, but by their gentle action please all who isse them. In vials at 25 cents: five for \$1. sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by man.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

CHEAP FARMS MEAR MARKETS.

The State of Michigan has more than 4,500 miles of railroad and 4,800 miles of Lake transportation, schools and churches in every county, public buildings all paid for, and no debt. Its soil and climate combine to produce large crops and it is the best fruit State in the Northwest, Several million acres of unoccupied and fertile lands are yet in the market at low prices. The State has issued a NeW PAMPHLET containing a map and descriptions of the soil, crops and general resources of every county in the State, which may be had free of charge by writing to the Comm'r of immigration, Detroit, Mich.

ADVERTISING

Contracts made for this paper, which is kept on the at office of LORD & THOMAS, McCormick Block, Chicago, III.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. In the Superior Court. Dame Rehecca Sidin, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Adolphe Goldstein, of the same place, trader, and duly anthorized by one of the Honorable the Judges of this Superior Court, a cater on Justice, Plaintiff, and the said Adolphe Goldstein, Defendant. An action on separation de birns has this day beer instituted against the said defendant.

KERR & CARTER,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Montreal, 17th July, 1883.

A LDERIC BLEAU, butcher, of Hochelags, in the District of Montreal, has this day been sued by his wife. Maris Georgiana Paquin, for separation as to bed and ooard and as to property,
LONGPRE & DAVID,

Attorneys for Plantiff.
Montreal, 6th October, 1888. 10-5

DNTAHIO PULMONARY INSTITUTE, AND HEALTH RESORT,



274, 276 and 278 Jarvis Street. (corner Gerard), Toronto, Ont. M. Hilton Williams, M.D. M.C.P.S.O

Permanently established for the special cure of all the various diseases of the HEAD; THROAT and CHEST, including the EYE, EAR THROAT and CHEST, Including the F. F., EAR and HEART, viz., Catarrin. Throat Diseases, Bronchitis, Asthma end Consumption, also Catarrinal Ophthalmia (sore eyes), Catarrinal Deafress, and the various Heart affections. We also treat all Chronic, Nervous, Skin, and Blood diseases, also diseases peculiar to females.

Blood diseases, also diseases peculiar to females.

All diseases of the respiratory organs treated by the most improved "Medical Inhalations," with the addition of the Steam Atomization, cold compressed air, spray, etc., when required. The above appliances are in every case combined with proper constitutional remedies for the nervous circulatory, and digestive systems. We also administer the various baths when needed, such as the hot and cold water baths, sitz, steam, shower, electric and medicated or mineral baths. Bringing all these appliances into requisition we hesitate not to say that we have the most complete institution of the kind in North America. We also have accommodation for a large number of patients who desire to remain in the Institute while under treatment.

During the past eighteen years we have treated over 40 000 cases. CONSULTATION FREE. There who cannot remain in the city for treatment may, after an examination, return home and pursue the treatment with success. But if

ment may, after an examination, return home and pursue the treatment with success. But if impossible to visit the Institution personally, may write for "List of Questions" and "Medical Treatise," both of which will be sent free of charge.

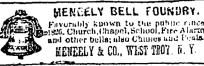
Address,

ONTARIO PULMONARY INSTITUTE AND HEALTH RESORT,

Cor. Jarvis and Gerard sis., Toronto, Ont. Toffice hours from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Bells, &c.





THE TROY MENEELY BELL FOUNDRY. Clinton H Menecley Bell Company, TROY, N.Y.,

Manufacture a superior quality of Bells. Oldest Workmen. Greatest Experience. Largest Trade. Epecial attention given to Church Bells. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free. McSHANE BELL FOUNDRY

