Position Of Cuba

United States Supreme Court Says It Is Foreign Soil.

And Only Held in Trust for the Inhabitants of the Island.

Will Be Surrendered to Them When Suitable Government Is Established.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The United States supreme court to-day announced its decision in the case of C. W. F. Neely, charged with embezzlement of the public funds of Cuba, while acting as financial agent of the department of posts of that island, holding that Neely was subject to extradition.

Justice Harlan handed down the court's opinion, which was unanimous, and immediately after the opinion was concluded, an order was issued requiring that the mandate in the case be issued at once. The opinion embraced a complete review of the case, detailed the laws relating to extradition, and quoted the act of June 6, 1900, extending the provisions of section 5,270 of the revised statutes to foreign countries "occupied or under the control of the United States," so as to make the law cover, among other crimes, embezzlement in such countries. Stating that the circuit court for the Southern district of New York, to which an application for a writ of habeas corpus has been made, had rendered a decision adverse to Neely's claim, Justice Harlan said Neely had then appealed to this court on the ground that the act of June 6, 1900, was unconstitutional. Entering then upon his reasoning on the case, Justice Harlan said that there was no dispute that on the 6th of June, 1900, when the act under which this proceeding is brought became law, Cuba was "under the control of the United States," and "occupied by this government." This court, he said, "will take judicial notice that such were, at the date named, and are now, the relations between this country and Cuba. So that the applicability of the above act to the present case, and this first question to be examined, depends on the inquiry whether, within its meaning, Cuba is to be deemed a foreign country or territory." Continuing, he said: "We do not think this question at all difficult of solution, if regard be had to the avowed object intended to be accomplished by the war with Spain and by the military occupation of that island."

Justice Harlan then reviewed the legislation preceding the war with Spain, the protocol between the United States and Spain, and the Paris treaty. Announcing the court's conclusions on the status of Cuba, Justice Harlan said: "The facts above detailed make it clear that Cuba is foreign territory within the meaning of the act of June 6, 1900. It cannot be regarded in any constitutional, legal or international sense as a part of the territory of the United States. The legislative and executive branches of the government by the joint application of April, 1898, expressly disclaimed any purpose of exercising sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over Cuba. Except for the pacification thereof and asserting the determination of the United States, that object being accomplished, to leave the government and control of Cuba to its own people. So far as the court is informed by the public history of the relations of this country with that island, nothing has been done inconsistent with the declared object of war with Spain.

"Cuba is none the less foreign territory within the meaning of the act of congress, because it is under a military government appointed by and representing the President. The occupancy of the island by troops of the United States was the necessary result of the war, and Cuba is territory held in trust for the inhabitants of Cuba, to whom it rightfully belongs, and to whose exclusive control it will be surrendered when a suitable government shall have been established by their voluntary action."

The final conclusion of the court was announced as follows: "We are of opinion, for the reasons stated, that the act of June 6, 1900, is not in violation of the constitution of the United States, and that the cause comes within the provisions of the act. The court below having found that there was probable cause to believe the appellant guilty of the offence charged, the order for extradition was proper and no ground existed for his discharge on habeas corpus. The judgment of the circuit court is therefore affirmed."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

DUKE OF YORK.

Major Denison Chosen as Equerry for Canadian Visit.

Toronto, Jan. 14.—(Special)—Major Septimus Denison, Royal Canadian Regiment, has been appointed by the Duke of York to be his Canadian equerry on his staff to accompany him during his visit through Canada.

PROTOCOL SIGNED.

But Imperial Seal Has Not Yet Been Affixed.

Pekin, Jan. 14.—The protocol was signed this morning, the idea of protesting against any clause having been abandoned.

Prince Ching has notified Senor de Cologan, the Spanish minister, who is the doyen of the diplomatic corps, that the agreement was signed yesterday morning, but that he did not expect to be able to present it to the foreign envoys before Wednesday, owing to the difficulty of obtaining the imperial seal, which, he asserted, is in the Forbidden city, and the private apartments of the Emperor, guarded by the Emperor's most trustworthy servants. He said also that a personal order from the Empeor will be required before those who have the seal in charge would deliver it even to Prince Ching.

Russia to-day began turning over the railway to the Germans. The latter intends to place the management of the line with former employees of the company under military supervision.

CAUGHT FILIPINO.

Delgado, Commander in Iloilo, Has Surrendered.

Washington, Jan. 11. — Gen. Macarthur wires to the war department as follows:

"Delgada, commander-in-chief of Iloilo (province of Panay), surrendered on January 12, to R. P. Hughes, brigadier-general of volunteers, with four officers, 21 men and 10 rifles. His command is much scattered. Other surrenders are expected during the next few days, which signifies the end of organized armed resistence in Iloilo."

PUNISHED REBELS.

West African Town Captured and Chiefs Taken Prisoners.

Bathurst, Gambia, West Africa, Jan. 14.—The British punitive expedition arrived at Dumbutua on January 11 and completely surprised and routed the rebels. The troops captured the town after an hour's fighting. Sixty rebels were killed, 60 wounded and 200 captured. Six important chiefs will be brought to Bathurst. The British casualties were six West Indians injured. More fighting is expected.

BIG BRIDGE COMPLETED

The Last Piece of Construction Work on White Pass Railway.

The White Pass & Yukon Railway Company have completed the great cantilever bridge which spans the big gulch at the summit of White Pass. This information was contained in a telegram received yesterday afternoon by Mr. J. H. Greer, the local agent of the company, from Mr. J. F. Lee, the traffic manager. The completion of this undertaking means a great deal to the railway company and to those using the line. The completion of the bridge makes it possible for the company to do away with the switchback, on which they encountered their greatest trouble from the snow, thus reducing the time between Skagway and Bennett by half an hour. It is expected now that trains can be kept running the year around without interruption.

But it means even more than this. Heretofore the White Pass railway has been operated while under construction, which as all railway men know, is conducive of high freight rates. The big bridge was the last piece of construction work between Skagway and White Horse, so that the road is now a completed railway. This, besides enabling the company to give a quicker and more reliable service, will allow of an equitable arrangement of freight rates, and, as Mr. Greer said last evening, "now as the trade increases the company will be able to reduce their freight rates."

THE DELPIT CASE.

Roman Catholic Papers Withdraw Criticism at Demand of Archbishop.

Montreal, Jan. 14.—The two French Sunday morning papers, the Avenir and Debats, which a week ago criticized the action of the Roman Catholic ecclesiastical authorities for annulling the marriage of M. Delpit, private secretary to Lieutenant-Governor Jette, because the ceremony was performed by a Protestant minister, yesterday made a full retraction in response to the demands of Archbishop Bruchesi. Archbishop Bruchesi delivered a pastoral letter to the Roman Catholic churches yesterday, dealing with marriage, having special reference to the Delpit marriage case. In the letter he stated that the civil courts could not undo the decision of the Roman authorities, and that the Delpit marriage was null and void in the eyes of that church, because the ceremony was performed by a Protestant minister, which should have been afterwards "legalized" by the parties appearing before a priest, because both at the time were Roman Catholics. The case promises to be a famous one in Canadian annals. Delpit's wife, a Miss Cote, claims that at the time of the marriage she was a Protestant. Delpit denies this, and is taking action through the religious and civil courts to have the marriage annulled on the grounds cited by the Archbishop. Friends of Mrs. Delpit are appealing for funds to take the case to the privy council. The Montreal Witness takes strong grounds against the action of the Roman Catholic authorities, and denies their right to blight this woman's right for the rest of her days, there being three children through the marriage.

YOUR BEST WORK.

Cannot be done unless you have good health. You cannot have good health without pure blood. You may have pure blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now. You cannot realize the good it will do you to try it. Begin taking it to-day and see how quickly it will give you an appetite, strength and vigor, and cure your rheumatism, catarrh or scrofula.

All liver ills are cured by Hood's Pills. 25c.

Texada Iron Mines Leased

They Have Been Acquired by Pittsburg Company for Term of Years.

And Operations to Ship Begin on the First Day of February.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Jan. 14.—The iron mines of Texada island, owned by the Puget Sound Iron Co. of San Francisco, have been at last transferred under lease to the Pittsburg Iron Works syndicate, on a royalty basis. The Puget Sound people have held this property for 17 years, shipping small quantities of ore from time to time. It is considered by experts one of the finest propositions on the continent, being virtually a mountain of iron, surmounted or set in white limestone. This iron mountain is two miles long and half a mile wide. The ore is very rich, being 50 per cent. iron. A million dollars has been twice refused for this great mass of metal, and by the terms of the present agreement, after 10 years, unless other arrangements are made, the property will revert to the Puget Sound Iron Co. The exact royalty per ton could not be ascertained, but it is well known that the company charged 50 cents per ton royalty for ore taken from their mines for smelting purposes. Of course, the present royalty would not be so high. The terms of the lease are that operations shall commence on the 1st of February, and that thereafter for ten years the following stipulated tonnage shall be shipped from the mine to the Washington and California smelters: For the first year, 80 tons per day; for the second year, 200 tons per day; for the next eight years, 800 tons daily. This demonstrates that things will boom on Texada island in the iron business during the next ten years. The new company will construct a railway at once to Gillis Bay, four miles distant, to deep water, where big bunkers will be built and where ships will call to load. A large number of men will be employed and the new camp started, which means that extra supplies will have to be obtained from Victoria and Vancouver. The operation of the iron mines will also draw the attention of the world to the great possibilities of British Columbia's treasure island—with an English syndicate developing the big Van Anda copper deposits, and a Pittsburg syndicate producing pigs from the mountain of iron on the same island.

Word reached here to-day of the death from penumonia of Griffiths Griffith at Dawson on the 7th instant. Mr. Griffith was well known in Victoria and Vancouver, and was one of the pioneers of the Terminal City.

W. Arnold, of Vancouver, who has just completed the construction of the Honolulu electric railway, is in the city. He says that Mr. Ballantyne, formerly of Victoria, has assumed the management of the new road, and will not return to British Columbia.

The shingle manufacturers of the whole coast of the Mainland have formed a combine or pool. The formation of the pool arose out of the necessity of establishing a uniform price for shingles. By the new arrangement, Mayor Scott of New Westminster, who is a well-known millman, will buy the whole output of the mills—between 1,000,000 and 2,000,000 shingles a day—at a uniform price. The shingles will be sold in the Northwest, Ontario and the New England states.

The report was received here to-day that the C. P. R. were surveying a route for a railway between Vancouver and Chilliwack, the surveyors being busy near Abbottsford.

The very sudden death is reported of Henry Davis, of Langley. He was 52 years of age and a native of Ontario. He leaves a widow and two children.

A part of the new drill hall being built by the Dominion government collapsed last night. The loss is estimated at $6,000. The frost and rain acting on the lower part of the north wall, caused it to bend inward, and the whole wall came down with a crash, burying the steel girders and cut stone for the roof lying on the ground.

Will Rush The Railway

Mr. Mann Will Reach Coast Before the End of the Month.

And Promises to Complete the Coast Kootenay Road Within One Year.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Jan. 12. — A private letter has been received in Vancouver from Mr. Mann, of Mackenzie & Mann, in which Mr. Mann says he will be in Vancouver on the 20th of January, prepared to take up the V. V. & E. railway affairs energetically, and push the road to completion; that his hand would not be removed from the plough after his arrival on the Coast until the railway was finished. Mr. Mann states that he will have completed the Coast-Kootenay road in one year after the British Columbia legislature renews the bonus. In this connection the Rossland Miner to hand says that Mr. Mann stated in Ottawa that he would beat all records in railroad building in the rapidity with which the Coast-Kootenay road would be built.

An agitation is on foot looking to the purchase of the block of ground adjoining the Vancouver hotel, on the right hand side, as a memorial park, with a memorial tablet or fountain in the centre to the memory of those British Columbians who fell in South Africa.

The ballots gave out in Ward 2 on Thursday half an hour before closing time, so that from 6:30 until 7 o'clock no votes were accepted. As Major Townley's majority was so large, however, there is no talk of attempting to invalidate the elections on these grounds. The majorities of the leading aldermen were also sufficient to make it beyond doubt that they were the choice of the electors of the ward.

The British Columbia Electric railway has declared a half-yearly dividend of four pounds per cent., free of income tax, and payable January 19.

Up-to-Date Styles at

WEILER BROS.

Our first consignment of Fall Goods in the Upholstering, Drapery and Curtain line are now on sale, and we can only say that for coloring, artistic effect and value we have surpassed ourselves in these last purchasings.

Latest Novelties From

Paris, Berin, London.

WEILER BROS.'

LONDON & GLOBE.

Stockholders Resolve to Voluntarily Wind Up the Concern.

London, Jan. 14.—At an adjourned meeting to-day of the stockholders of the London & Globe Finance Corporation, Ltd., it was resolved to voluntarily wind up the concern.

Mr. Whitaker Wright explained that the directors wanted £500,000 to pay the debts and several hundred thousands with which to carry on operations. Since the last meeting, he added, the directors had been negotiating for the sale of the Baker Street Waterloo railroad for £500,000, and it was expected that an agreement would be signed to-day. It was then proposed to proceed with the reconstruction of the corporation.

The corporation's assets, Mr. Wright added, amounted to nearly £3,000,000, and, though there had been a depreciation in prices, would soon recover. In regard to the alleged underhand scheming against the corporation, Mr. Wright said a certain engineer offered the manager of the Le Roi mine £100,000 profit on the stock exchange to diminish the output and wreck the mine.

In response to indignant shouts of "Name!" Mr. Wright replied that the matter was in the hands of lawyers, and if it could be proved, the name would be made public.

In reply to other queries, Mr. Wright admitted that the Baker street railway, which they were selling for £500,000, was valued on the books of the corporation at £800,000.

FABER DEAD.

Head of the Pencil Firm Has Passed Away.

Nuremberg, Jan. 15.—Johann Faber, head of the Faber lead pencil, is dead.

Johann Faber, though head of this great firm, whose fame is world-wide, was not the founder, as it was established in Nuremberg in 1761.

Strathcona's To Come Home

Expected to Sail From Capetown for Canada Next Monday.

Safe in Europe, Messrs. Leyds and Fischer Use Brave Words.

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—Col. Biggar cables the department of militia from Capetown that Strathcona's Horse sails for Halifax about the 21st instant.

London, Jan. 14.—The Daily Telegraph publishes a three-column despatch from its correspondent at Brussels, giving a conversation with Dr. Leyds and Mr. Abram Fischer.

The general purport of the Boer representatives' statement is that Great Britain is still under a false impression concerning the war, as she always has been, and that the Boers are fully resolved to continue the struggle, and are as hopeful now as they were a year ago of preserving their independence.

Dr. Leyds and Mr. Fischer also asserted that Great Britain cannot make enormous sacrifices eternally, and has retained the friendship of the great powers at a terrible cost.

They admitted that the Boers were suffering hardships, but said that hardship constituted the normal life of the burghers.

Toronto, Jan. 14.—Capt. Irving of "E" Co., R. C. D., says the troops did not use the emergency rations as emergency food, but used them in few cases as ordinary fare, supplemented with beef and other rations. However, on the whole, he thought no blame could be found with the commissariat department of the army.

CAPT. BERNIER'S POLAR TRIP

He Returns to Canada to Submit Plans to the Premier.

London, Jan. 15.—Capt. J. E. Bernier, of Quebec, who has volunteered to make a voyage of discovery to the North Pole, by a new route, and by the aid of inventions of his own for ice travelling, has completed his arrangements in England, and sails for Canada in a few days to submit his ideas to Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

"My plan," he said, "is to start via Behring straits, follow the coast of Siberia, and then push north as far as the ice will permit. If the ship attains a better position than the Jeannette, I expect to reach the Pole and return within three or four years.

"My plans include not only reaching the Pole, but scientific observations not heretofore completely achieved. The ship is an improved Fram, and includes all the best and latest devices of the Antarctic vessels now building. Twelve or fourteen men will accompany me. I attach the greatest value to the Marconi system for communication with my base."

Heavy Loss In Dawson Fire

Destroys Three Buildings Involving Loss of Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Another Missing Miner—Passing of the Indian Customs.

News was received by the Amur of a fire at Dawson on the night of January 6, which destroyed three buildings and did damage to the amount of $50,000. The news, which is given in telegrams received at Skagway from Dawson under date of January 7, is that at 8 o'clock the previous night fire was discovered in the second story of the building occupied by Cribb & Rogers. The flames spread, and before the arrival of the firemen the fire was beyond control, the buildings on either side having caught. These buildings were the West block, owned by Max Lang, and the Rainier hotel, owned by Murphy Bros. All three were burned, little being saved from them. The business firms involved in the loss as a result of the fire were: Rury & Kalenborn, druggists; Bonanza meat market; Antler's restaurant; San Francisco oyster house; and Cribb & Rogers. Besides these houses, which suffered nearly total losses, were several dressmakers, lawyers and dentists who had offices in the destroyed block. These were only able to save a portion of their belongings, so quick did the fire spread. The origin of the fire, which kept the firemen busy playing six streams on it for some hours, was unknown.

The old Alaskan Indian customs have passed. The Indians have officially done away with them by vote in council, assembled at Sitka to settle the impending troubles, according to news received by the Amur. The old methods of government were also passed up onto the shelf. For weeks the Indians had been on the eve of inter-tribal war, and the United States marine corps stationed at Sitka had been patrolling the streets and keeping the Siwashes confined to the vicinity of the rancherie after nightfall. Now the prospect of war has gone. A great convention was held, at which the Frogs, the Eagles, and Crows—the three tribes who approved over the supremacy in the choice of a chief for the three tribes—were all represented in numbers. At this conference the young men carried the day. The "wa-wa" of the old chiefs was unheeded, and after much speech-making, sweeping action was taken. The contestants who fought for the honor of erecting their family totem were told they could erect as many family emblems as they liked; but it was recommended by the younger men, who had wandered from the rancheries and seen the world, that United States flags take the place of the totems. One of the young chiefs went further. He moved for a drastic reform. Taking the whole question of clans, native chiefs, old customs and old laws in general for his theme, he suggested that it would profit the Indians more to spend their money for food and clothing, rather than to spend it for lawyers, the support of several chiefs in idleness, and the maintenance of old superstitious customs. This position was supported by the younger men of the tribes, and so well did they argue their cause that, by a vote of 155 to 2, there will be no more clans or chiefs in Sitka.

Another miner is missing on the Dawson trail. A report comes from Juneau that Milo Kelly, the well-known mining operator, is missing. No word has been received from him since the 8th of last October, when at White Horse he wrote H. R. Shepard at Douglas Island that he would leave down the river in an open boat, in company with four other men, in case there were no more steamers.

Mr. Kelly left Juneau October 1 en route to Dawson to purchase crown claims that were to be sold at public auction on the 10th of November. He was an excellent river-boat operator, and at the time he wrote from White Horse of his intention to go down the river in an open boat, the shore ice was running.

The trial of Phil Gosbee for murder is going on at Juneau. Gosbee was indicted for killing old man Campbell at Porcupine last July. Gosbee admitted the killing when he surrendered himself to the officers of the law, but will defend himself at the bar of justice on grounds that have not yet been disclosed.

The switchback bridge on White Pass summit was tested on the 6th, and more than sustained the most sanguine hopes of the builders. With the rotary, two engines and two coaches on the unsupported span, the deflection was so slight as to be hardly perceptible.

The board of trade of Juneau have issued a prospectus which says:

"It is also declared to have been given out by no less authority than the head of the Dominion government survey that work on the all-Canadian railroad will be commenced next spring. This line will run from Edmonton, British Columbia, by way of the telegraph trail through Ashcroft and Atlin, and will open up the Mackenzie River country."

DR. ROSE DEAD.

Invalided Surgeon Suddenly Dies at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Jan. 15.—(Special)—Dr. E. P. Rose, a young physician, who accompanied the first contingent to South Africa, and returned home invalided several weeks ago, died suddenly in St. Boniface hospital here last night. He was assistant surgeon of the institution, and had not been ill until a few hours before death. A post mortem will be held.

DANISH WEST INDIES.

Copenhagen Business Men Do Not Want to Part With Them.

Copenhagen, Jan. 15.—The Danish government has sent to the finance committee of both houses of the rigsdag a report of the negotiations between the United States and Denmark regarding the sale of the Danish West Indies, and also a petition signed by seventeen business men of Copenhagen, asking for government assistance to make the islands profitable to Danish capital.

FELL OFF.

Duchess of Marlborough Thrown While Out Hunting.

London, Jan. 15.—The Duchess of Marlborough, while out hunting with the hounds yesterday, was thrown from her horse while clearing a fence. The horse rolled over her, but she escaped with nothing worse than a severe shaking up.

MAYOR TOWNLEY

Prohibits Nickel-in-the-Slot Machines—Burglars Busy.

Vancouver, Jan. 15.—(Special)—Mayor Townley has commenced his reign, by prohibiting nickel-in-the-slot machines. Mr. Garden's zealous services have been recognized by the retiring council and city officials, who presented the retiring chief magistrate with a handsome gold watch and chain.

There is another epidemic of burglary in Vancouver. The dwellings of W. Thompson, J. M. McGrebor and E. Mahon were entered on Sunday night. The thieves secured about $400 in jewelry and money.

The two McDonald manual training schools are to be opened in Vancouver on February 1. The school board has received word that the equipment for the schools has been shipped, and will arrive from the East before the end of the month.

Collamarini, in Carman and Mignon, drew crowded houses here. The local press spoke very highly of both performances. The audience were very appreciative.

WIDESPREAD FAMINE.

Five Million People in a District of China Facing Starvation.

Shanghai, Jan. 14.—There is a famine in the province of Shen Si, and it is said that 5,000,000 people are facing starvation.

BANKRUPT.

Large Timber Merchants in London Have Failed.

Liverpool, Jan. 14.—Pierce, Watts & Co., timber merchants, have been declared bankrupt. Their liabilities are estimated at £80,000, and their assets at £40,000.

DEADLOCK.

Kingston Council's First Meeting Not a Happy One.

Kingston, Jan. 14.—(Special)—At the inaugural meeting of the city council a deadlock resulted over the contest for the chairmanship of the board of works. After a lengthy discussion the meeting adjourned without having accomplished any business.

The Imperial Chinese Seal

Prince Chang Enters Forbidden City to Procure Its Use.

Agreement Is Now Ready for Presentation to the Powers.

Pekin, Jan. 15.—Prince Chang and his staff were a long time in the Forbidden city, accompanied by the chief eunuch. They say a woman servant guarded the imperial seal. She produced the seal, the papers were sealed in her presence, and then the seal was returned. Owing to the lateness of the hour, the papers thus sealed will not be presented to the foreign envoys until to-morrow. In the American district a Chinese court of justice will come into being and operation to-morrow. The death penalty may be inflicted for murder, man-slaughter, attempted murder, robbery, counterfeiting; looting and burglary. It may also be inflicted upon those known to have been Boxers, who have done injury to life or property. Other punishments, like whipping, imprisonments and the imposition of fines can be inflicted.

Owing to orders being received from Berlin, a hitch has occurred regarding the transfer of the railway which Russia yesterday began turning over to Germany. French railway engineers have made a breach in the Western wall of the Chinese city, through which they will bring the Pao Ting Fu railway. The Tien-Tsin line will be extended to the wall of the Tartar city.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—The German foreign office has received official despatches confirming the press report that the Chinese plenipotentiaries have signed the agreement, but has received nothing to indicate whether the note has been returned to the foreign envoys.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS.

United States Authorities Seize More Than a Thousand Men on Suspicion.

Manila, Jan. 15.—Thirty insurgents who have been sentenced to be deported to the island of Guam were taken on board the United States transport Rosecrans to-day, and she will sail to-morrow. The sentence of deportation has been suspended in the cases of two priests of the party, who are charged with collecting money for the insurgents, but they will be kept in confinement. Nearly 1,300 men were arrested in various towns south of Manila on Sunday, on suspicion of being guerillas. Most of them were released.

To Send More Men

Government Decides to Despatch Reinforcements to Gen. Kitchener.

Five Thousand More Yeomanry Volunteers Are to Be Sent.

Lord Roberts Asks Postponement of Sword Presentation for the Present.

London, Jan. 16.—The casualty list shows that there has been a severe engagement with loss of six killed and seventeen wounded and five missing at Murraysburg, where the Dutch are said to have been joining the invaders. Murraysburg is 10 miles west of Graaf Reinet. Indications are not wanting that the decision of the government to send reinforcements has not been taken a moment too soon. Colville's mobile column, which has been pursuing the Boers, has been obliged to rest at Greylingstad to erect a blockhouse and to cease operations until reinforced by mounted troops.

Gen. Paget has taken his force to Pretoria to refit. Many of the men are suffering from enteric fever. Three hundred Boers captured a small British convoy at Bronkhurst Spruit, near Pretoria, but made off after liberating the prisoners. Gen. Brabant, while addressing a conference of mayors at Capetown, said the authorities are anxious to keep the war away from Capetown, if possible, but that the only hope of doing this lay in sending one thousand men to the front. He urged that no precautions should be omitted to prevent the enemy from advancing further south.

London, Jan. 15.—The government has decided to send large reinforcements to Lord Kitchener, and the war office, in carrying out this decision, has determined to enlist five thousand Yeomanry volunteers.

At a meeting of the war office this afternoon, this plan and others for securing men, were discussed and approved, and it is understood that the government will, in the course of a day or two, issue a communication on the subject.

Lord Roberts to-day emphasizes the unsatisfactory condition of South Africa in a letter to the mayor of Portsmouth, postponing the presentation of a sword of honor from that city. He says: "It is most distasteful to me to be honored and feted and called upon to rejoice, while so many are in bitter grief, and before we can properly return thanks that the cloud is being rolled away, which has for more than a year darkened the homes and crushed the hearts of so many in our country."

Capetown, Jan. 15. — Sir Alfred Milner's consultative committee of uitlanders is telegraphing to the various committees of the uitlanders throughout the country the terms of the formation of guards for mines. Each mining company is to pay and furnish its own men.

The Hague, Jan. 15.—Mr. Kruger starts for Utrecht in a few days to consult an oculist.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will give a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

ROSSLAND ORE OUTPUT.

Rossland, Jan. 12.—The great news of the week is that the Le Roi Mining Co. have determined to sink beyond the 900-foot level 600 feet. The contract for this is about to be let and the contractors will begin upon the work at an early date—probably this week. The continuation of the shaft is for the whole of the five compartments, and will include the timbering down to the 1,500-foot level. This will form the staple of the development work for the year, and it is expected that the sinking to this depth will about occupy the whole of the remainder of the year. In the meantime the development above will far more than suffice to keep the mine going, even at the contemplated increased output, for that period of time. With the preparedness of the machinery and the extension of the Northport smelter, the mine will now be in a position to do some good work. From a financial point of view, with the improvements paid for and the smelter interests wholly its own, it may be expected that for the coming year the dividends will be much larger than have heretofore been declared.

The shipments for the week have not much exceeded the 6,000-ton mark, whereas it is expected that before many weeks the 7,000-ton mark will have been left behind. Appended is a list of shipments for the past week, and for the year to date:

Mine.	Week.	Year.
Le Roi	3,840	6,650
Centre Star	1,980	3,420
War Eagle	450	660
Iron Mask	157	315
Le Roi No. 2	90	240
Pitzee	23	23
Totals	5,530	11,148

Sore Lungs

mean weakened lungs—all caused by a cold and cough. Weak lungs sooner or later mean consumption.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

will heal and strengthen the lungs, cure cold and stop the cough.

Mr. Johnson, Manager C. Daniels & Co., King St. Store, Toronto, says: "We sell lots of Shiloh and we recommend it, too. I had a severe attack of Pneumonia which left me with sore lungs and a bad cough. Shiloh completely cured me. Shiloh is *all right*."

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists in Canada and United States at 25c, 50c, $1.00 a bottle. In Great Britain at 1s. 9d., 2s. 3d., and 4s. 6d. A printed guarantee goes with every bottle. If you are not satisfied go to your druggist and get your money back.

Write for illustrated book on Consumption. Sent without cost to you. S. C. Wells & Co., Toronto.