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RICH BLACK and WHITE FRENCH DRESS FANS,
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100 Different Styles,
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Of every description usually kept in a first class City Store can be found at lowest possible prices
At MOORHOUSE'S.
Goderich, June 17th, 1879.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, AUG. 20TH, 1879

THE CIRCULATION OF THE SIGNAL IN GODERICH AND SURROUNDING TOWNSHIPS IS LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER PAPER.

Editorial Notes.

COAL OIL.—A great number of fatal accidents have resulted recently from explosion of coal oil lamps and the ignition of the oil. Canadian oil has been used in every case where these fatalities have occurred. This will cause surprise when we remember that our coal oil will stand a more severe fire test than the American. It would seem then that there is another test more necessary than that of liability to combustion. As an exchange suggests, it would be well for the Inland Revenue Department to look into this matter and report as to whether some standard guarding against explosion could not be fixed regarding coal oil. From what we can learn our Canadian oil is not freed sufficiently from impurities which generate gases, the accumulation of which result in explosions. A test against combustion will not suffice. This is a matter of very serious moment and no time should be lost in having it attended to. The use of coal oil is so general that the lives of every household are imperilled. The action of the Dominion Government, at last session, in enacting almost prohibitory legislation against the introduction of American oil is another proof of the vicious tendencies of a purely protective policy, in that, under it, we are now compelled to use inferior and dangerous Canadian oil. Our lives are to be sacrificed and our pockets depleted for the purpose of affording scope to the N. P. and favor to monopolists.

Council Meeting.

Special meeting last Friday evening. Mayor in the chair. The councillors present were, Messrs Johnston, Dancy, Acheson, Elliott Seymour, Bingham, W. Mitchell, Gordon, J. Mitchell, Nicholson, Garrow, Jordan.

COMMUNICATION.

From Mr. Bingham Chairman Public Works, stating that they had engaged Mr. Weatherald to survey the town lot on which engine house stands and he reports that 3 feet 10 inches fronting on East Street and running back the depth of said lot is enclosed by a fence along with adjoining lot now owned and occupied by Mr. W. Mitchell.

The Mayor said this meeting was called to decide what to do in this matter, whether to obtain legal advice, or to at once take steps to recover, or confer with Mr. Mitchell as to whether he would not voluntarily cede to the town this 3 feet 10 inches originally belonging to the town, but which we possibly have no legal claim to now, it being claimed that it had been enclosed along with the Mitchell lot for over 20 years.

THAT 3 FEET 10 INCHES.

In order to discuss the matter Mr. Nicholson moved, Mr. Johnston seconded that a committee be appointed to confer with Mr Mitchell—This was subsequently withdrawn.

Mr. John Mitchell said this ground had been enclosed as it is now for 25 years, and charged Mr Dancy with urging action by the council in this matter in a very uncalled for manner.

Mr. Dancy disclaimed any personal feeling in the matter, he only did as any other representative should have done. Mr Jordan said that in their corporate capacity it was the duty of this council to know no private interests, but in a manly straitforward manner endeavor to protect the interests of the corporation as they would their own.

Mr. Acheson moved that council go into committee of the whole and allow Mr Mitchell to state his case.

Mr. Mitchell declined, he was satisfied with his property and his title.

Mr. Garrow said the council could not dispossess Mr. Mitchell. He, Mr. M., bought the property enclosed as it is; had the disputed portion not been enclosed he would not possibly have purchased; (a voice from the audience "aye that's the pint) he had a legal and a moral right to it.

Mr. Johnston moved, Mr. Jordan seconded that the council take no further action in this matter, it being clear that the town had no right to this 3 feet 10 inches.—Carried.

By permission of the council the opinion of John Davison, Esq., was read as to title of lot known as

THE "POLLEY LOT"

The council went into committee of the whole, Mr. W. Mitchell in the chair.

Mr. Davison's written opinion was to the effect that the Polley lot had originally been conveyed to one Thomas Whitely by the Canada Company; that five of the heirs of the said Thomas Whitely had conveyed directly or indirectly, to Mr. Polley five sixths of said lot; that the other sixth had not been so conveyed; but as the present owner had possession for more than ten years, the title to the whole would appear satisfactory. If to purchase was fully agreed upon further investigation could be made.

REMOVING MARKET HOUSE.

Mr. Nicholson moved that this lot be purchased for the sum of $500 (about one half its value) and the present Market House removed there for temporary use.

Mr. Jordan, in seconding this, said he could not be accused of selfishness, if there was any advantage accruing from being in the vicinity of the market he was certainly working against his own interests but if the advantages were ten times what they are, he would forego them in order to have this "miserable affair" of a market house removed from its conspicuous position on the Square. Where it was suggested to remove it to was the most central place he could think of. It being there would not conflict with or divert trade from where it now is. The site was not only geographically central, but it was central as regards the business and the chief tax paying portion of the town. There would be ample room and the present market house would not attract so much admiration! as where it now is.

Mr. Elliott did not think the site the proper one, it was not central and there would not be room enough for purposes required, would prefer on the old Huron Hotel property.

Mr. J. Mitchell said we had better leave this market question alone for the present, we would not loose any thing by a masterly inactivity just now.

Mr. Bingham said that improvements to fireman's hall so as to have Council chamber, the purchase of this lot and removal of market, and fencing of square could all be done for under $5,500. This was a less sum than if Public Hall, Market, Council chamber, etc., were united in one building on the Polley lot. Besides he did not approve of the market and town offices being in same building.

Mr. Elliott jealously guarded what he considered St. David's Ward interests.

Mr. Johnston said we must discard petty jealousies, move old market to the Polly lot, and let fireman's hall improvement lay in abeyance. Have market fees collected and instead of $200 a year as now, we would collect $1200 or $1500 a year. We had to occupy where we were for a year any way, before the expiry of that time we could have all the town buildings necessary put up upon the proposed market site. We should push this through at once.

Mr. J. Mitchell favored market fees, the town people who paid taxes were sufferers; hucksters were the only gainers.

Mr. Acheson wanted to know "what about a lock-up," if we did not go on with fireman's hall improvement. The present lock up was a perfect "black hole," not fit for even a convict. It seemed to him that they were acting more like children than mature business men. They had already agreed to enlarge the fireman's hall and had plans partially prepared at some cost, and now it seemed the whole thing was to be dropped.

Mr. Garrow agreed with Mr. Johnston, to buy lot and move market there. Even the expense of removal would be more than compensated by lowness of price of lot at $500. Before he had any knowledge of what was being done in this matter he had been asked the value of this lot and said it was worth $1000. He favored the combining of all the civic buildings on this lot, they could in this manner be built more cheaply than in a disconnected way. He appealed to Councillor Gordon as a practical man if this was not correct. [Mr. Gordon said Mr. Garrow was quite right.] Mr. Garrow continued that he was not necessarily committing himself to any scheme just now; he had not thoroughly investigated the matter, but had given his views in accordance with his present knowledge of the facts. One thing he would say, that the purchase of this lot would result in no loss, it could readily be re-sold any time for more than it was now offered to them for. To spend $3,000 or $4,000 on repairing the present engine house or fireman's hall, he did not think at all desirable.

Mr. Bingham did not quite agree with Mr. Garrow. He, Mr. B., thought the enlargement of the firemen's hall was desirable. He agreed with Councillor Garrow as to the desirability of purchasing lot and the removal of market. If proper attention was given to the market question and collection of fees an amount from this source, sufficient to pay for lot and removal of building, could be raised in one year. He, like Mr. Acheson, was very much surprised to find that what the members of two committees were in favor of should not be approved of by the Council.

Mr. Seymour said on the night referred to when two committees happened to meet, the sum mentioned for fireman shall enlargement was fixed at $1,200, now it was stated that $3,000, or $4,000 would be required. A gentleman might approve of alterations and improvements involving an expenditure of the lesser sum and yet be justified and consistent in not approving of the larger amount being spent for the same purpose. It was shown that we would save money by expending the $1.200. It was not shown that this would be the result of spending the $3,500 or $4,000. The proper site for a market might be difficult to determine. His own opinion was that the present site on the market square was the most desirable. If we were going to build he favored taking the $4,000 and the $500 required to pay for the Polley lot and build on the present site on the market square; it was already town property; did not know how his constituents felt in this matter. These however were only his own views. He would much prefer postponeing the choosing of any site for a permanent market, just now, and allow the rate payers at the next municipal elections to express their views in the choice of councillors.

Mr. Doyle said the discussion had taken a very wide range. The question was: were we prepared to remove the market house and purchase the site named? The majority of the council seemed to be in favor of so doing; did not think one tenth of the rate-payers would object to the removal. Did not think it was for the council to shirk what they evidently thought was their duty, out of deference to this minority. At price named the lot was cheap, cost of removal a mere trifle. The difference between the actual value of lot and the purchaseable price would effect removal of present market and build or provide a lock-up in connection with it. He was opposed to the market and public offices and council chamber being in the one building, but would support a scheme for procuring the Polley lot or some other suitable site and removing the market house thereto, and the collection of market fees.

Mr. Elliott did not think the building of a market as big as "Gilderoys Castle" would bring any more buyers and without these we could not get fees. But why was not the market by-laws for collections of fees enforced now?

Mr. Jordan said they must remember that market committee had recommended the non-enforcement of market by-law for collection of fees so long as the market house was in its present barbarous condition. We derived our trade from the country, This trade would be brought through town to the proposed site without injuring any one. Agreed with Mr. Garrow that the difference between price of lot and its real value would pay for removal of market house. Believed this would be supported by the town.

Mr. Elliott would bet this was not the case.

Mr. Jordan declined.

Mr. Garrow said the discussion to-night although not resulting in anything definite had not been without its benefits, at next regular meeting something should be done.

Mr. Gordon said that a great deal of dissatisfaction had been expressed outside against the dilatoriness of the market committee. He was on that committee, but when he was found fault with on account of no action being taken to have the market house removed, he always referred people to Mr. Johnston chairman of said committee. He was of opinion that it was the duty of the council to set this matter at rest. The point spoken of as a site was certainly less liable to objection than any other that could be named. No other locality could be selected that would do as much justice to the whole town and to the great bulk of tax-paying property and property holders. Councillors should keep these points in view and do away with small petty jealousies. The market could not be put beside every mans shop. On Motion of Messrs Garrow and Nicholson the committee rose and reported progress.

Council adjourned.

The whole matter thus stands undecided upon until next regular meeting of the council on the last Friday in this month.

Excursion.

Two large and respectable parties of excursionists visited Goderich on Monday. The first one came by rail and the parties were from Ingersoll, Norwich, Woodstock, Burgesville, Seaforth and Clinton.—There were seventeen cars carrying about 1200 persons. They arrived here in the forenoon. This large crowd came to Stratford on Stratford, Port Dover and Lake Huron Railway, thence by G. T. R. to Goderich. The success of this and several former excursions is mainly attributable to the energetic conduct of the gentlemanly freight and traffic superintendent of the P. D. and L. H. railway. They brought the Otterville band with them. Some went out on the steamer Asia for a sail on the lake, their band with them. Others disported themselves on the raging main on board that thing of life, the tug Maythem: while many picnicked at the town park and enjoyed on *terra firma* the beautiful prospect which Goderich only can afford.

THE ODD FELLOWS

From Port Huron arrived by Str *Ontario* about three o'clock P. M. There were about 600 in all, accompanied by a splendid band dressed in grey uniform with white facings. The Goderich brethren were at the dock to receive them. A gracious welcome address was spoken to them by Judge I. F. Toms. A splendid lunch had been arranged for them by the Goderich brethren and provided by Captn. Marlton. The freedom of the town generally was accorded the guests.

DECORATIONS

At the Park, British, and American bunting was flying. From Butler's to Kay's corners a line was stretched across to which was appended, "Goderich Welcomes Port Huron" with British and American flags. Between Detlor's and the Odd fellows hall floated "Welcome" with appropriate flags. Across Hamilton Street was the same. The Town flag, American Consul's flag, and bunting large and small in various parts of the town denoted the gala day. Mackay Bros store was nicely draped and Detlors was tastefully ornamented with festoons of red white and blue. Those who came by boat returned about 8 o'clock. Those by rail left about 6 o'clock. Every one seemed pleased with the days enjoyment. An

ACCIDENT

occurred at the station. A young man named McDonald, a former resident of Goderich, but now of Woodstock, in attempting to get on the cars when in motion, slipped and fell, his arm was thrown across the rail and the wheels passed over it near the wrist. Drs. McMicking and Taylor were called and amputated the limb. The patient is doing well. His father was the late Duncan McDonald of the Piper's mill road.

COUNTY NOTES.

"Truth stranger than fiction."—R. R. Thompson's Photo Studio the finest establishment in the country.

TAKING THE LEAD.—Saunders Variety Store is always ahead in Pictures and Picture Frames. He makes up frames of any kind at half the price charged by other dealers. A lot of Chromos at very low prices. The cheapest house under the sun.

DANGEROUS.—There has recently been placed in premises back of Bank of Commerce poison of a very deadly nature. A valuable dog belonging to the messenger was, last week, poisoned so that he died in about three minutes. Other animals have also died in the same neighborhood from a similar cause. The practice of putting strychnine on meat and leaving it in the back yard is a dangerous, if not a criminal proceeding.

MAGISTRATES' COURT.—Last week before C. Crabb, J. P., H. W. Ball charged W. Snell in that he, the said Snell, did upon a recent date slay, kill or cause to decease one feathered biped, the property of the said Ball; and praying that justice be done in this matter. A fine of $ 1.00 and $1.00 damages with cost was imposed upon defendant.

In the same court, on the 18th, Mr. McDonogh, of Carlow, charged Hamilton Loudon with using abusive language. A fine of $1,00 and costs, altogether $5,05, was levied upon Mr. Laudon to assuage irate justice and as a warning that in future he must not endanger the peace of her Majesty's loyal subjects.

MARRIAGE.—One of these interesting events took place in St George's Church, Goderich, on Wednesday morning last. The happy parties who contributed so much to cause a flutter in the hearts of the youth and beauty of our town on the morning in question were Miss Rebecca Ellwood as bride, and Mr Philip Holt, (of Cameron, Holt and Cameron) as bridegroom. The bride's-maids were Miss Kate Holt and Miss Annie McMicking; the groom's men were Mr. Daniel McDonald and Mr. Graham Cameron. The ceremony was performed by the Venerable Archdeacon Ellwood, father of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Middleton, brother in law of the bride. During the time the parties were in the church Miss Bertha Trainer played appropriate music on the organ. A number of St. George's Church Sunday School children, dressed in white were present. An Address was presented to the bride by Miss Brophy and a beautiful boquet by Miss Minnie Cooke. As was to have been expected the church was largely filled with ladies; there were present quite a number of gentlemen also. The bride was the recipient of a large number of presents from numerous friends. The articles consisted of the useful kind; silver and crystal pieces valuable on account of their uniqueness; paintings of rare artistic merit; choice samples of ceramic art and other beautiful articles which will, no doubt, be treasured up with the Lares and Penates of the future household. Mr. and Mrs Holt left at noon on the same day for the sea side. Fervent wishes for their happiness, from a large circle of friends, accompanying them.

LIBERAL.—Hy. Attrill, Esq., has donated $35 to the West Riding Agricultural Society, to be given in prizes for grade cattle, carrige horses, pigs, and poultry.

DIED.—In Goderich Township the widow of the late Cornelius McKee died on the 15th inst. and was buried last Sabbath. She was very much respected and one of the oldest settlers. She was a daughter of the late George Elliott Esq., J. P. and aged 64 years.

HEAVY WEIGHTS.—Six residents of this vicinity who happened to meet at the market the other day, thought it worth while to step over to a neighboring grocery and have themselves weighed. The half dozen turned the scale at 1,426 lbs. Not a bad weight for six individuals who casually came together in the course of business. This will be a capital item for the N. P. journals. There is evidently some fatness in the land yet. In fact the manufacture of adipose tissue is "booming."

Life in the North West.

WASHING DAY.

DEAR SIGNAL,—There is quite a diversity of opinion as to what may be regarded as the first signs of civilization; that is, what mark around a house, cabin, shanty or dug out, will make one sure that the owner thereof is a white man and not a savage. We all know that Robinson Crusoe's ticket landed him (some say) on a desolate island, others that it was inhabited by savages, but all agree that it was devoid of anything like civilization even though he did see a swell on the water and a cove on the beach. So you see these cannot be taken as signs of civilization. I was always myself a little shaky on the subject till within two or three days ago when I was enlightened by a North American savage. That opens a question. Can a brother be a savage who is capable of teaching another who lays claims to civilization? And that compels me to ask another question: "What is or who can be considered a savage?" Is he a savage because he wears a breech cloth and lays basking in the sun all day? To that I say certainly not, else our first parents were savages, and by them we must all be the same for does not like get like. Is he a savage because he refuses to take patent medicines?—On that I am not altogether clear. Or is he (as most people suppose) a savage who runs at glorious liberty over the prairies with his feet, head and legs (well up) bare, a hunting the wild deer, or chasing the roe? I don't believe as most people do that these are the ingredient parts of a savage for if I did my first statement—there where, I speak of the savage teaching the one who lays claims to civilization—would fall to the ground for it would then simply be a case of one savage teaching another. But I will let the savage question drop as it is rather fierce for me, let it be sufficient for me to say that it was a Chippewa Indian who remarked as he passed our cabin which forms a dot (a very small one) on one of the North Western prairies: "Pale face live there got up a clothes line." I now believe that the clothes line is the true mark of the white man's advance and the advancement of any particular community in the arts of civilization can easily be told by the amount of knots that is to be seen in the string.

Yes; we have got up two clothes poles and a strong rope, inch I think, stretched between and hung thereon we have quite a washing, shirts, socks, pants (we tried to renew the paper collars, but we couldn't rub gently enough), and sundry other articles too numerous and not worth mentioning. We put the clothes to soak directly after dinner time on the day on which I traded the gun with Nat for the ox and cart. This was our first washing, and as we will very likely not wash for quite a while again, I have taken particular note of the day just for future reference. We expected to have washed the day after the one on which we turned out the material we intended to operate on but we had to date forward a day on account of having no wash board. Nat thought there was no use wasting money buying one when we did not intend taking in washing, he could easily make one. I did not see where we were to get washing to do even were we willing, unless we washed the hides of the Indians. And then again, I had an idea we would have washing contracts enough on hand if we kept our own hides clean. I have often wondered how Adam washed his first shirt, what sort of washboard he used, and if it was patented. He must have been an orderly kind of an old gentleman too, or he would not have put himself to the trouble of hanging clothes around him. He had no need of them, the climate was sultry, and we are told that there was not a living soul within hundreds of miles of his claim. Nat and I have made up our minds that when the perforations which are becoming rather plentiful in our pants get all knocked into one, we wont buy any more clothes. He thinks that a belt will be quite enough for him to wear. And I have made up my mind that my wearing apparel shall consist of an umbrella only.

Nat went to work next morning at the making of the washboard.—He selected a nice piece of pine lumber fourteen or fifteen inches wide and about two feet long. This I watch him plane beautifully and mark into half inch squares, and then I vamoosed for the river to catch some fish either for the day's dinner or night's supper according to the time I got home.

"You'll be sure to come back to-night," yelled he of the board, after me, "for I'll have this thing finished and we'll want to get an early start to-morrow." I advised him to fill the tub with water and put every thing in readiness before he went to bed, and away I went. I scarcely got the length of the river that day but got home the same night according to promise. When I awoke the next morning and looked through the crack we call the window, Nat was standing at the edge of the tub admiring his previous day's work and didn't know whether to soil it or hang it up in the cabin for an ornament.

"I think, Nat, we ought to patent this board."

"There ought to be genius enough in us to make as good a board as the countless millions that have done so," was the reply.

"I have seen and heard of a good many kind of boards, but I have never seen one like this."

I left him the night before with the board smoothed and blocked into half inch squares and in my absence he had driven nails into every corner of these squares letting them project about one-eighth of an inch. It was undoubtedly a formidable ally of the wash tub's.

"Shall we keep it for an ornament," was again my mates question.

"No ornaments in the West, everything for use, shove into the tub and chase out the unclean raiment."

I claimed the privilege of doing the first washing, and we severally and jointly came to the conclusion that as Nat built the board, part of his garments ought to be washed first, and we furthermore agreed that his best white shirt would be about the right thing with which to break in the board. The third rub on that board elongated that shirt about double its usual length while its breadth did not seem to diminish much, the only difference we could see was in its thickness, and we thought that would come all right in the cross rubbing, but by the time the fourth rub was performed we had an extra shirt in the tub. Nat wanted me to try my own under garment next, but I did not see the necessity of having more than one flag for our fort. We took the wash board out of the tub dried it well so that the nails would not rust, and hung it up in the cabin, not as an ornament; we use it when we bake biscuit when we want to make a lot at a time. Nat next held the tub with the head of a plow for a dirt extracter. but had to reject it also for fear of wearing it (or else his knuckles) all away.—Our resources were run out and there was nothing left for us but to go at it in the good old conservative style "hand to hand." We rubbed off in good shape (that is for ameteurs) twelve or fourteen pairs of socks, eight or nine shirts and quite a number of smaller articles, and after dinner time I commenced afresh on a couple of pairs of duck pants. I do not see how Chinamen or any other persons make a living at the busicess, I don't care how little they eat or how cheaply they purchase their sustenance. Those two pairs of duck pants I could have bought any where for eighty or ninety cents, and it took over one dollars worth of soap to wash them. Whether I was a little too liberal with it or whether I rubbed it in on the wrong side I cannot say.

"Nat I wish you would fetch me along some more soap these pants are very dirty."

"What do you want with more soap, you have more than a foot in the bottom of the tub already, let me at it."

"Get out of this," and I struck manfully out behind me with my right foot, "what do you know about the fine arts, I suppose you think that because you have washed your face once since you came out West and that is three months ago that you can run a laundry. Get back I say it takes a captain or a general to run that kind of a business well."

"I know I could do it better than you anyhow, I've seen my mother wash down in Nova Scotia."

"What do they know about washing in Nova Scotia, my mother washed in the old country."

"Yes I suppose every body is a washerwoman in the old country."

"That's so they have all got so much that they find they have enough to do to wash what belongs to themselves. Down in Nova Scotia one woman could wash for a whole county. Is it true the minister of public works your province sent to Ottawa traded a couple of bars of soap for the whole of three townships? Something stuck in your throat Nat eh, never mind cough it out and pass along the soap." He wheeled out a quantity and he says he didn't do it on purpose whether or not I can't say but he jostled pretty hard against me and my feet some how got from under me and the hand with which I rested on the tub also slipped, for you know I was soap all over and I went into the tub head foremost. I would not have cared so much if I had only been able to get a hold of him and by the time I could keep my eyes open for two seconds at a stretch, my temper had pretty well evaporated. It was while he was picking the soap out of my left eye (for his conscience smote him) that we heard a party of Indian warriors on the war path (I should think there were between seventy and eighty of them) pass our cabin and we could distinctly hear a voice say "Pale face live there got out a clothes line".

We bent closer to a crack just in time to catch the reply.

"No white woman live there, just white man, see clothes not half wash."

I chased that band of warriors to within ten rods of the third mile stone from the setting sun with a half washed sock. I would have continued the chase further had I not been a believer in the "Flat Earth Theory". I was afraid that in the dark I might fall over the edge and be lost, but the poor deluded, ignorant Indians ran on regardless of the consequences.

BEN NEVIS.

Vessels men are talking of $1 and $1.05 for coal from Oswego and Charlotte to Chicago.

Rates still advance; Chicago to Buffalo, wheat, 4½c; to Kingston and Oswego, corn at 6c.

The Guiding Star takes wheat from Detroit to Kingston at 4¾c; and the schooners Annie Falconer, Shandon and Craftsman take wheat from Toledo to Kingston at 4¼.

Some big shortages have been reported this season, and now comes another to swell the list. The propeller Nebraska, according to reports received from authentic sources at Buffalo, ran short 500 bushels on a cargo or part cargo of rye, loaded at three elevators at this port. It is not known what has been done about it, but the Nebraska's agents are not the men to let such a thing pass without investigation, and causing the houses to settle up. This is the third "boss" shortage of the season.—*Chicago Tribune.*

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.—We earnestly urge every purchaser to ask for that which is prepared by Messrs. Lanman and Kemp, New York, who are the sole proprietors of the true perfume. All other so-called Florida Waters are only ordinary Colognes.

AFTER TRYING MANY MEDICINES without benefit, your BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA AND PILLS have cured me of three most painful Ulcers, with which I had suffered for about four years.—THOMAS LAYTON, Geelong, Victoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Jordan. 1692

Goderich Township.

COUNCIL MEETING.—The council met at 5 o'clock p. m. (being a special meeting) to hear Mr. Bays report respecting a plan of bridge at the gully Lot 33; the council authorised him to advertise for tenders for same, oversee its erection and have it completed as soon as possible. It was moved, seconded, carried that the treasurer borrow five hundred dollars to pay for repairing sudden breaches caused by the late freshet. The following accounts were paid viz; Samuel McLean rep culvert 4th con sudden breach $1; Wm. Morgan and others work on 6th con. S. B. $8; Jas Wilson P. M. hammer for Tp. purposes and breaking stones $4.75; Wm. Edward, plank and spikes one pipe and rep culvert on 6th con, $3.75; Geo Jamieson ditch on 6th con and cleaning ditch on H. R. $2.50; Geo Burns rep bridge on 16th con also work done on S.B near B. L. $4; Robt Morrow rep culvert on 16th con 75 cts. The council adjourned to meet again on the fourth Monday in August.

JAMES PATTON, Clerk.

☞ Is your throat sore, or are you annoyed by a constant cough? If so, use promptly "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers." They will give you instant relief. They relieve the air passages of phlegm or mucous, and allay inflammation, and no safer remedy can be had for coughs, colds, or any complaint of the throat or lung, and if taken in time their efficacy will soon be proved. Sold by all druggists and country dealers at 25 cents a box.

When we reflect that a power of endurance can be imparted to the brain, and that weak minds have been restored to strength by Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, we cannot but conclude that the subtile power is really ponderable matter. Persons who study hard should preserve their balance of power by using the Syrup.

A CROWN OF GLORY.—Nature's dowry to all her children is a fine head of hair. Kings cannot give nor wealth purchase this inestimable gift. Take care of it, lest you lose it. BEARINE is a healthful invigorating Dressing.

A Wonderful Discovery.

For the speedy cure of Consumption and all diseases that lead to it, such as stubborn Coughs, neglected Colds, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Asthma, pain in the side and chest, dry hacking cough, tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, and all chronic or lingering diseases of the throat and lungs, DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY has no equal and has established for itself a world-wide reputation. Many leading physicans recommend and use it in their practice. The formula from which it is prepared is highly recommended by all medical journals. The clergy and the press have complimented it in the most glowing terms. Go to your druggist and get a trial bottle free of cost, or a regular size for $1.00. For sale by F. Jordan, Goderich.

The Political Outlook.

The next presidential campaign will have one important feature—it will virtually express the people's verdict upon the questions at issue between the leading political parties. For behind our government, behind our politicians, behind all the machinery, rings, and petty partizan organizations, to the real ruler and director of our government are—the sovereign people. Every official will be brought before the inquisition of the people's tribunal, and all proved unworthy will be ignominiously sent home to tend their farms and their own business. The people will endorse nothing whatever, be it a president or a pill, that has not proved itself a genuine article. That the American people have so long acknowledged, by both word and patronage, the genuineness and value of Dr. Pierce's Family Remedies, is proof conclusive that their use fully justifies their discoverer's claims for them. No other proprietary medicines sell so largely. The Golden Medical Discovery is a sovereign remedy for all scrofulous, blood, and skin diseases. It has pretty thoroughly superseded the old time sarsaparillas. The Favorite Prescription has no equal as a remedy for those chronic weaknesses and painful affections peculiar to women. Pleasant Purgative Pellets, sugarcoated and scarcely larger than mustard seeds, are now the popular laxative and cathartic. Sold by druggists.

MARINE.—The schooner Folger gets 6¾c for corn from Chicago to Oswego

MARKETS.

GODERICH, Aug. 19, 1879.

Wheat, (Fall) ℔ bush.(new	$0 92	a	0 94
Wheat, (Spring) ℔ bush...	0 90	a	0 92
Flour, (per brl.)...	4 50	a	5 00
Oats ℔ bush...	0 38	a	0 41
Peas, ℔ bush...	0 53	a	0 55
Barley ℔ bush,...	0 00	a	0 00
Potatoes, ℔ bush...	0 35	a	0 40
Pork...	0 00	a	0 00
Hay per ton...	8 00	a	9 10
Chickens...	0 10	a	0 12½
Butter, ℔ lb...	0 10	a	0 10
Eggs, ℔ doz (unpacked)...	0 09	a	0 10
Hides...	5 00	a	5 50
Wood...	2 10	a	2 50
Corn, per bush...	0 60	a	0 65

CLINTON, Aug. 19, 1879

Wheat, (Fall) per bush...	$0 95	a	0 96
Wheat, (Spring) per bush...	0 96	a	0 97
Flour, (per brl)...	5 00	a	5 50
Oats, per bush...	0 50	a	0 60
Peas, per bush...	0 50	a	0 50
Barley, per bush...	0 50	a	0 60
Potatoes, new, per bush...	0 35	a	0 40
Butter...	0 07	a	0 09
Eggs, per doz. (unpacked)...	0 17	a	0 18
Hay...	7 00	a	8 00
Sheep skins...	0 25	a	0 00
Hides...	4 50	a	5 25

SEAFORTH Aug. 19, 1879.

Wheat (Fall)...	$0 95	a	0 96
Wheat, (Spring) per bush...	0 96	a	0 97
Flour, (per 100)...	2 35	a	2 50
Oats, per bush...	0 40	a	0 43
Peas, per bush...	0 50	a	0 61
Barley per bush...	0 45	a	0 50
Potatoes per bush...	0 35	a	0 40

COW LOST.

STRAYED from the premises of the advertiser, in Goderich, on the 15th inst, a brown and white Cow, with tail spreading horns and stumpy tail. A reward will be given by applying at the SIGNAL OFFICE.
1696

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 and Amending Acts.

JOHN NOPPER, Plaintiff.
vs.
JAMES MULLIN, Defendant.

A WRIT of Attachment has issued in this cause.

ROBERT GIBBONS, Official Assignee
Goderich, Aug. 19th, 1879. 1693

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until

THURSDAY, THE 21ST INST.,

on behalf of the County Council for POINTING and REPAIRING the stone work of the Court House. Specifications may be seen at my office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

PETER ADAMSON, County Clerk
Goderich, Aug. 12th, 1879. 1694

CHANCERY SALE OF Improved Farm Property IN ASHFIELD.

PURSUANT to the Decree and Final Order for sale made in a suit of the Colonial Trusts Corporation (Limited) vs. Mc[illegible], there will be sold with the approbation of Thomas [illegible]ardlaw Taylor Esquire, Master in Ordinary of the said Court, by Public Auction,

On Saturday, the thirtieth day of August, 1879,

at twelve o'clock noon, at Currie's auction Rooms, Kingston street, in the Town of Goderich, by

J. C. CURRIE, Auctioneer,

In one parcel

The North half of Lot Number 4 in the seventh concession of the Eastern Division of Ashfield, County of Huron.

The property contains 100 acres of land, of which 70 acres are cleared and fit for cultivation, the remainder is well timbered with beech and maple.

It is well watered by a fine spring creek which runs across the land.

There are erected on the said property good farm buildings, consisting of frame house 20 x 30, log house 18 x 20, frame stable and granary 20 x 32, a log stable 20 x 32.

The property is situate 9 miles from Lucknow, a village on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, and about 12 miles from the town of Goderich, and is readily accessible thereto by a good road—both places offer a good market for the sale of farm produce.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent of the purchase money is to be paid to the Vendor's Solicitor at the time of sale, and enough to make up ⅓ of purchase money within thirty days thereafter without interest, the balance can be paid at the same time or can remain on Mortgage at purchaser's option (in which the purchaser's wife if any is to join to bar dower) bearing interest at seven per cent per annum for a term of five years, and payable by equal annual instalments.

The Vendors are to produce only those papers and title deeds which they have in their possession, and which will be open for inspection on day of sale.

The purchaser to search the title at his own expense and furnish the Mortgage (if any). The property will be sold subject to a reserved bid fixed by the Master.

The other conditions are the standing conditions of the Court of Chancery. For further particulars apply to the Solicitors.

Dated the 25th June, 1879.
1695c [illegible] T. W. TAYLOR,

NEW HARNESS SHOP!

THE subscriber having opened out in the above line, next door to R. Bean's Warehouse, and directly opposite Bailey's Hotel, Hamilton St., Goderich, is now prepared to furnish Town and County with all kinds of work in his line as such,

HEAVY TEAM HARNESS,
CARRIAGE and BUGGY HARNESS, WHIPS, BRUSHES, SURSINGLES, CURRY COMBS, HORSE BLANKETS, BUFFALO ROBES, BELLS, &c.,

And everything that is to be found in a first class shop. The best of material is used, and the best of workmen employed, and let it be distinctly understood that he can not and will not be undersold,

REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch,

All Work Warranted.

Please call and inspect before purchasing elsewhere, as you will save from 10 to 15 per cent by so doing.

I. HALLIDAY.
Nov. 14 1878. 1657

FLOUR, FEED GROCERIES AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

to suit the times.
FAMILIES SUPPLIED
at the most
Liberal Rates
and all goods delivered.
Call and inspect my goods before giving an order elsewhere.
T. H. SHARPE, Hamilton St.,
Opposite Acheson's harness shop.
Goderich, Feb. 12, 1879. 1669 6m

WELLER & MARTIN PUMP MAKERS.

Wells Sunk & Repaired
on short notice
ALSO SOFT WATER TANKS
made and repaired.
Parties requiring good work done would do well to call upon the subscribers at their shop on Victoria Street in the old marble works.
Weller & Martin

POND'S EXTRACT.

THE GREAT
PAIN DESTROYER AND SPECIFIC FOR INFLAMMATORY DISEASES AND HEMORRHAGES.

RHEUMATISM.
No other known preparation has ever performed such wonderful cures of this distressing disease in its various forms. Sufferers who have tried everything else without relief can rely upon being entirely cured by using Pond's Extract.

NEURALGIA.
All neuralgic pains of the head, stomach or bowels, are speedily cured by the free use of the Extract. No other medicine will cure as quickly.

HEMORRHAGES.—For stanching bleeding, either external or internal, it is always reliable, and is used by physicians of all schools with a certainty of success. For bleeding of the lungs it is invaluable. Our Nasal and Female Syringes and Inhalers are material aids in cases of internal bleeding.

DIPHTHERIA AND SORE THROAT.—Used as a gargle and also applied externally as directed, in the early stages of the diseases it will surely control and cure them. Do not delay trying it on appearance of first symptoms of these dangerous diseases.

CATARRH.—This extract is the only specific for this prevalent and distressing complaint; quickly relieves colds in the head &c. Our Nasal Syringe is of essential service in these cases.

SORES, ULCERS, WOUNDS AND BRUISES.—It is healing, cooling and cleansing. The most obstinate cases are healed and cured with astonishing rapidity.

BURNS AND SCALDS.—For allaying the heat and pain it is unrivalled, and should be kept in every family, ready for use in case of accidents.

INFLAMED OR SORE EYES.—It can be used without the slightest fear of harm, quickly allaying all information and soreness without pain.

EARACHE, TOOTH, AND FACE-ACHE.—It is a panacea, and when used according to directions its effect is simply wonderful.

PILES.—Blind, bleeding, or itching. It is the greatest known remedy, rapidly curing when other remedies have failed.

FOR BROKEN BREAST, SORE NIPPLES, Ague in the Breast. The Extract is cleanly and efficacious, and mothers who have once used it will never be without it.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—No physician need be called in for the majority of female diseases if the extract is used. The pamphlet which accompanies each bottle gives full directions how it should be applied. Any one can use it without fear of harm.

CAUTION.
POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine article has the words "Ponds Extract," blown in the glass, and Company's trade mark on surrounding wrapper. It is never sold in bulk. None other is genuine. Always insist on having Pond's Extract. Take no other preparation, however much you may be pressed.

PRICES:—50 cts., $1 00 and $1 75.
Prepared only by
POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,
NEW YORK AND LONDON.
Sold by all druggists.

20 Per Cent off for Cash.

SELLING OFF,

20 per cent off for Cash
JOHN A. BALL
will sell his large stock of
FURNITURE
VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.
Lumber and Cordwood taken in exchange.
NEXT DOOR TO SIGNAL OFFICE.
A call solicited. Those indebted must PAY UP at once.

20 Per Cent off for Cash.

TWO COTTAGES TO RENT FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED.

To Farmers!

For sale at the Market House
WHITE LAND PLASTER,
in Barrels or Bags,
ALSO
CALCINED PLASTER CHEAP.
C. H. PARSONS,
Cheap Hardware Store.

H[illegible]R[illegible]W[illegible]A[illegible]E[illegible]GAIN.

Some time ago Morrish's rhyme you did see
When he told you of the times that might come
But you would not beleive that the thing could be
You thought that he was only making a hum

But the N. P. is going on and lumber going up,
And that is what will make him slow;
But his saw from the States it does keep him blowing
For it cost him far more and what you must know

And his Oats for his horses they cost him more too,
And his lumber now up it must go;
You was told all this and you thought it would not be true,
But now you will soon think that it was all so.

True his logs he did get when the times was low
And that is where he will have it the best;
Now he will no break down and that you will know
And you [illegible] will feel as happy as the blessed.

So now you can come or now you can go
For his lumber [illegible] are for to sell;
For tinders he has got and he is telling you so,
And it makes him feel most mighty well.

Most folks thought Morrish would sure to break down,
As he went into things so strong;
They thought he must certainly come to the ground,
And now they [illegible] he hangs out so long

But if things work well there is folks he owes quite a grudge,
But if he [illegible] his head a little more above water;
And then [illegible] he will give them a [illegible]
And then [illegible] won't they make a great [illegible]

[illegible] for McKenzie not for John A.
[illegible] Morrish care one snap,
The only thing is the times of the day;
And that is all that he cares one rap.

JOHN MORRISH,
Sheppardton P. O

MANCHESTER HOUSE.

ONE PRICE CASH STORE
NEW GOODS,
New American Buntings,
New Embossed Prints,
New Dress Goods, New Costume-Linens,
New Prints, New Cottons,
New Denims, New Ducks,
New Shirtings, New Towelings.
MILLINERY AT COST.
BUTTER AND EGGS TAKEN.
JAMES A. REID.
Late B. Crofts & Son.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

—AT—
R. W. McKENZIE'S
CHEAP HARDWARE STORE.

I am selling BUILDERS' and FARMERS' Hardware from 10 to 20 per cent lower than last year. Just look at the following prices:

Steel Shovels, at 65 Cents Each.
Steel Spades, at 75 Cents Each
Scoop Shovels, at 75 Cents Each.
No. 1 White Lead, at $1.75 per Keg.
Genuine White Lead, at $2 per Keg.
Nails, at $2.85 per Keg, Cash.

OILS AND GLASS
And other Hardware equally low.
AGENT FOR STEEL BARB FENCE WIRE.
— SIGN OF THE CROSS CUT SAW. —
R. W. McKENZIE,
LATE KERR & McKENZIE.

TAILORING CHEAPER THAN EVER.

SOMETHING NEW—JUST OUT!

"HANLAN CLUB SONG!"

BY GORDON SHERRIFF.
WORDS AND MUSIC.
EVERY BODY SHOULD GET A COPY!
PRICE, - 30 CENTS.
For Sale at MOORHOUSE'S, BUTLER'S, and SHEPHERD'S Book Stores.
GET A COPY—AT ONCE.
P. S.—This Advertisement is mixed.

THE
REPAIRING
—OF—
Watches, Clocks,
—AND—
JEWELRY
Made a specialty at
W. T. WELSH'S

BOOTS AND SHOES.

In order to make
Room for Spring and Summer Goods.
J. SILVER
is offering his stock of Winter Boots and Shoes at a slight advance on Cost.

Call and get Genuine Bargains.

Childrens Shoes from	25
Misses Balmorals "	75
Womans " "	90
" Prunella Gaiters from	50
" Pebb. Button Boots from	$1 35
Misses " " " "	1 00
Boys Stogy Boots from	1 50
Mens' " "	1 85
" Calf " "	3 00
" Button Overshoes	1 00

And other Goods in Proportion.

These goods are new and of Superior make, and will be offered at these prices for a short time only.

J. SILVER.
Savage's Block.

Talk of Protection!

—THE—
National Policy is Nowhere,
compared with the
PROTECTION
given by the
HURON SCHOOL BOOOK DEPOT.
No increase on account of Extra Duty. Everything at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE
He will not be undersold by any House.
☞ The Stock of Berlin Wool is very complete. Samples not in stock procured at once.
GEO. SHEPPARD.

JUST RECEIVED.

WHEAT FLOUR of all kinds,
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
OATMEAL,
CORNMEAL.
ALL FRESH.
ALSO.—THORLEY'S HORSE & CATTLE FOOD.
W. M. HILLIARD,
East St, Masonic Hall
Goderich. Nov. 26th. 1878.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A [illegible] story Frame house, Dressed, hard and soft water, with four lots, situate on [illegible] street. Will be sold cheap. For particulars apply on the premises to
WILLIAM GRIERSON.
Goderich Aug 1 1th. 1695

MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the RADICAL AND PERMANENT CURE (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price in sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and RADICALLY.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL COM'Y.
41 ANN ST., NEW YORK,
Post office Box 4586.

NEW MILLS,

on the old PIPER MILL property

The subscriber would respectfully inform the farmers in the surrounding country and the people of the town of Goderich, that the above Mills are now completed and in good working order for Gristing and Flouring, also for Chopping. And as the subscriber himself is a practical miller he hopes to be able to give general satisfaction here as he has given where he has milled hitherto. He asks a fair trial

☞ Flour delivered in any part of the Town without extra charge.

GEORGE MUNROE.
Goderich Feb. 25 1879.

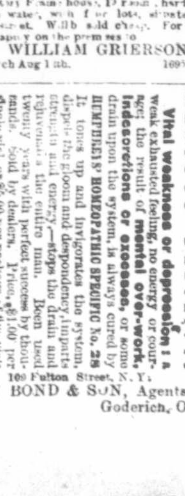
NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental over-work, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1.00 per single vial, or $5.00 per package of five vials and $2.00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 109 Fulton Street, N. Y.

JOHN BOND & SON, Agents, Goderich, Ont.

Imperishable Fragrance.

Murray & Lanman's CELEBRATED Florida Water.



[illegible] Murray & Lanman, New York.
PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE, Agents, Montreal.

A Rare Chance.

CEDAR, Pine and Hemlock Timber, 210 acres for $[illegible]. The timber alone is worth more money.
[illegible] 33 con., 4 East Wawanosh,
apply to A. WOLVELTON.
1681 3 m. Wolverton P. O. Ont.