

THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 26, 1908.

MR. MACKAY'S SPEECH.

Hon. A. G. MacKay's speech in the Legislature last evening demonstrated the fact that the Liberal Opposition made no mistake when it chose him as its leader. The speech was moderate in tone, statesmanlike and convincing and won the approval of friend and foe and made a hit with the gallery. On the question of finance, he showed that the Government surplus was only possible through the actions of the late Government, actions that were opposed by the then Opposition. On the matter of education, he pointed out the hardship and injustice that would follow to the rural sections by the pursuit of the present policy. He commented on the deferring of law reform this session, and expressed the opinion that a lawyer should be allowed to make a straight bargain with his client in regard to his remuneration, rather than depending on fees and the length of the suit. He made a new and quite an effective point in discussing the abolition of the three-fifths clause in the Local Option Act. If it required a three-fifths vote to carry the Act, it also needed a three-fifths vote to repeal it, working injustice both ways. Let majority rule, is his watchword. The speech was in every way most creditable. The Mail and Empire cannot withhold its mead of praise from Mr. MacKay, which is certainly surprising. Referring to his address it said this morning:

Mr. MacKay, the new leader of the Ontario Opposition—No. 3 of the series—made his official debut in the Legislature yesterday. He proved himself to be a public man of good presence and an acceptable speaker. From his predecessors he differs in a very marked degree. He is free from the assurance which was a characteristic of the first leader, and is more serious than the leader of last session. While he speaks well, his utterances are pitched in a minor key.

It also said that "It looks as if Mr. MacKay will make an efficient censor, and that he will thus perform with advantage to the province the function appertaining to his office." The Globe says that "the mantle of Sir Oliver Mowat has fallen on worthy shoulders." Mr. MacKay has already proven himself worthy of the Liberals of the Province, and it will be their duty as well as their pleasure to give him their united support.

ATTACKS THE EXPERT.

Manitoba, which has gone into public ownership of telephones, had, as its John the Baptist, Mr. Daggar, whose name is familiar in Ontario, because of its prominence in the public ownership press. He had been held up to the public as the "expert" authority on the question, whose word was final on all points of dispute. He was retained by the Roblin Government when it adopted the Socialistic telephone scheme, but since making the plunge, Roblin and Mr. Daggar have parted company. We do not know the business reasons for the separation, but recently Mr. Daggar has criticized the bargain made by Roblin with the Bell Company in a very pointed manner. He shares the view that in paying nearly three and one-half millions for the system Roblin made a poor bargain and he does not hesitate to say so. The people of Manitoba were told that the equipment was inadequate and poor, and now the Manitoba Government is seeking to persuade them that it is quite sufficient for the purpose, in fact, an excellent system. Mr. Daggar's criticism does not fail to take advantage of the situation thus presented, and he finds a receptive and appreciative public.

Angered by the success of Daggar's criticism, with which he was taunted in the Legislature, Premier Roblin made a vicious attack on Mr. Daggar, by way of diverting attention from the points made by that gentleman. We quote from the Winnipeg Telegram, in part:

As the House knows, Mr. Daggar was at one time in the employ of the Government, and he did make some very optimistic statements. He claimed he was a telephone expert; that he had knowledge that would prove, and which if put into practical effect would establish a system of telephones, not only cheaper, but much better in service than that of the Bell. He no doubt at the time believed it because there are certain men that are so confident in the views they hold and so hopeful of the future, that they sometimes, in measuring the future, do go too far behind what must or ought to be given in dealing with things that have not yet materialized.

I suppose it would not surprise the House to know, because the Minister of Telephones and Telegraphs stated it here, that Mr. Daggar never built a telephone system in his life and has no more practical knowledge of telephones than I have. * * * We did not know anything about telephones and we admit it. Mr. Daggar told a very smooth story, and to listen to him you would almost be persuaded he knew what he was talking about and that he could do these things. We retained him, but as soon as it came down to actual construction and purchase, and dealing in material, we found the man knew absolutely nothing about it and we were compelled to dismiss him.

Premier Roblin went on to allege that Mr. W. F. Maclean, the great Ontario public ownership faddist, "not so very long ago, gave instructions to the editors of his newspaper, the Toronto World, that Mr. Daggar's name was not to be mentioned in his columns," and he continued:

Mr. Daggar was fired from the service of the Manitoba Government when he thought that he should have been retained. His opportunity to equal was presented when the bargain with the Bell Telephone Company was struck. He squealed. If he had been St. Peter or St. Paul, and conducted himself as Mr. Daggar did conduct himself, when he wrote his famous letter to the press, I should have been forced to revise my former opinion of St. Peter or St. Paul.

and reluctantly come to the conclusion that these gentlemen were poor sports. There is a plain statement made, that the public ownership agitation in this Province so discredits him that he will not even allow his name to be published in his newspaper, because, I presume—I do not know the reasons—he was like us, so misled by some of his optimistic statements, he felt he could not any longer rely upon his calculations, and thought it best to dismiss him as we did, and allow him to seek some other field in which to operate.

This is a very bitter and personal, even cowardly attack on Mr. Daggar. Mr. Roblin, speaking from the protection of his legislative privilege, and presenting no facts in support of his allegations. But looking at it in the best light from Mr. Roblin's point of view, what is to be said of it as a defence or excuse of the Manitoba Government's course in the matter? If we grant Mr. Roblin to be truthful, and justified in his attack on Mr. Daggar, is it not then merely a plea that the public ownership scheme was entered upon with so little caution and intelligence, that capable and competent expert counsel and advice was not obtained, and that after the project had been undertaken, it was found that the Government's guide had to be dispensed with, because of incompetence, or over-optimism, and lack of acquaintance with the work? No other conclusion is open to the reader, unless we accept the theory that Mr. Roblin's attack on the former official telephone expert was unwarranted, and intended merely to obscure the fact which he had pointed out in his criticism, that the Province had been gold-bricked in the deal made. And from that point of view the performance of the Manitoba Premier was an unmanly and indecent one—such a one as might make it easy for many people to harbor suspicion that behind the gold-bricking hinted at by Mr. Daggar, there is much to be concealed from the people of Manitoba.

A PARTY'S POVERTY.

The Sydney, N. S., Record, in considering what would happen if the Tories should get back to power at Ottawa, devotes a little space to the probable leaders in such a combination. One of the foremost and mouthiest of their front benchers is Hon. Geo. E. Foster, and the Record's estimate of this unctuous politician can hardly be said to be flattering. It says:

His former chief, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, denounced him publicly as a "traitor." His party paper described him as "Judas Iscariot." A Royal Commission stigmatized him as a gambler and speculator with trust funds of the widows and orphans of the I. O. O. F., and found him guilty of engaging in illegal operations for his own benefit. History showed him to be politically unsafe, the family of grafters, encouraging political parasites who fastened on the public chest. He possesses some of the attributes of a Demosthenes, and the moral fibre of a Paganini. Public opinion regards him as a hypocrite, employing his talents to climb into power, and without the moral courage to accept the popular verdict already rendered against him.

The Conservative party of Canada can find none worthier to occupy second place in their ranks than the hero of the nest of traitors, the man condemned by Royal Commission. Other leaders in the party, Messrs. Fowler, Lefurgey, Bennett, Pope and others, would expect to be taken into the Cabinet of a Conservative Government for their services rendered in perpetuating the campaign of scandal. These are the gentlemen who entered upon a campaign tour in the west and used the opportunity to acquire thousands of acres of lands from the C. P. R., the money to finance them being borrowed through the instrumentality of Mr. Foster, who lent them trust funds contrary to law, thus jeopardizing the interests of thousands of widows and orphans.

The Record does not think that the people are ready to place their affairs in the hands of "these gamblers and speculators with other people's money"; and yet it is to these men that the Conservative party looks for leadership. The Conservative party needs, not only a policy—it needs men—men of character, who will win that respect which the public do not yield to the bespattered occupants of their front seats, who now control the nominal leader of the party.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Who was Harry Thaw?

The temperance party seems to be as little pleased with Whitney as it was with a party by the name of Ross.

The City Engineer, honest man that he is, never thought of trying to fool the Railway Board by the suppression of facts.

Judging by the way the Herald attacked Ald. Cresser last night, the public will infer that he has been standing in the way of some of the ownership grafters' schemes.

To be willing to make a dicker with the Street Railway Company for the benefit of the city is not now considered infamous. Perhaps the Herald was not aware of that.

Two New Brunswick members attacked Mr. Pugsley for taking part in the New Brunswick local elections, and then hurried down there to assist their Tory friends in the fight. So Tory like

If Mayor Stewart is sincere in his belief that the street lighting contract was tampered with after it passed the City Council why does he not make an effort to find out who did the deed and have the party punished?

Lawyers come in for a good deal of abuse that they do not always deserve. They may be a necessary evil, still they are necessary. For in the present constitution of society we could not very well get on without them. To call them

"wolves" is a gross libel upon the members of this learned although much maligned profession.

We hardly expected the Herald to have the manliness to apologize for accusing the Times' municipal reporter of misreporting the Mayor's criticism of the Ontario Railway Board. And it has not done so.

It would be interesting to know what is behind the obstruction offered by Claude Macdonell, M. P., and half a dozen other Toronto members and their helpers to the Radial Railway project. Who inspires it, and what is their recompense?

Forty of Toronto's out-of-work brigade, hired to go to Lindsay, jumped from the train just as it was starting and concluded to stay in the city and starve, or live on charity. They had learned that they were to work in the woods, and they were above that sort of thing.

Up in Winnipeg the fetish worshipped as the "municipal ownership principle" does not look nearly so beneficent to its devotees since the 25 per cent. increase in telephone rates was announced, immediately following the taking over of the Bell lines by the Manitoba Government.

True, no reference is made to the men who frequent such places [disorderly houses] and the inference is made that the League does not think them equally guilty. There can be no doubt as to their guilt, but the law gives no power to take them into custody—Mr. Peter Bertram's letter.

We think that is a misreading of the law. There have not been instances of the frequenters of such houses being taken into custody in this city?

The other day in order to puff Adam Beck's absurd letter to Whitney protesting against an agreement to regulate the amount of water to be taken from Niagara above the Falls, the Mail and Empire pretended to see danger that all the power generated on the Canadian side might be sent to the States. Now it finds that sentiment in the U. S. is strongly in favor of regulating the import by license, or of taxing it to keep it out!

Our neighbor the Times intimates that if Colonel Gibson would "come down with the 'grease' the opposition to his street railway proposition would suddenly cease.—Hamilton Herald.

Not at all, dear fellow. The reference was not to opposition to "his street railway proposition"; it was to opposition to entering into negotiations, and the public, which had pretty well sized up the irreconcilables, feels almost sorry for them in their chagrin at seeing negotiations proceed without their appetite for "grease" being satisfied.

Since the report of the Railway Board's engineers on the condition of the street railway has been made public, the idea that the city could get much relief from it in the way of an up-to-date street railway and improved service has almost died out. The Board would be guided largely by the report of its engineers, and the fact that they found little fault with the company or its railway is pretty good evidence that the Board would not order any very radical changes in the road. Certainly we could not get the much-needed extensions.

"In the multitude of advisers there is confusion." City Engineer Barrow is of opinion that it would have cost the city a very large sum to obey the order of the Railway Board. The Mayor shares his opinion, and is as mad as the proverbial wet hen at the Board for ordering it to do anything, and at the City Hall employees for letting the Board's engineers know that the city has not done anything toward carrying out the order. City Solicitor Waddell, on the other hand, thinks the city has done right in neglecting to do anything. What the aldermen, whose business it is to deal with the matter, may think, will probably be inferred from their action on Monday night.

The Society for Nature Study and Bird Protection, with headquarters at 57 Aikman avenue, this city, has for its object the discouragement of the wanton destruction of birds, their nests and eggs and to encourage in its place an intelligent interest in living birds; also the discouragement of the purchase or use of any plumage other than that of domesticated fowls or the ostrich, and to disseminate information respecting the economic value of birds to agriculture and their importance to man's welfare. The society deprecates the needless sacrifice of bird life with its attendant loss to the community, and makes an especial appeal to the ladies to wear no hats or bonnets trimmed with plumes of aigrettes. Those in sympathy with the aims of the society are invited to join.

OUR EXCHANGES

Who Knows?

(Toronto Star.)

On the other hand, who knows but that Evelyn would be mighty glad to lose Harry for a consideration?

The Leaky Tap.
(London Advertiser.)

If a census of leaky taps in this city could be taken the result might discomfit some of the quidnuncs who want to force people to drink river water while a third of the good spring water pumped is going to waste.

A Decrease.
(Guelph Herald.)

Hamilton won't give its officials a raise in salary; in fact, some of the aid-ers seem more inclined to give them a boost in another direction.

Getting a Crowd.
(Toronto News.)

The "modern" preacher blinked his eye. And said in accents strong, "Next Sunday night I'll get a man To sing a comic song."

Stick to Railroading.
(Toronto Globe.)

Hon. Mr. Graham has intimated to the railroads that he expects them to confine their attention to railroad business. If they do that they will do pretty well.

FINE ACHIEVEMENT.

Manufacturers' Life Shows Record of Remarkable Progress.

The statements published in the Times a few days ago by the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company calls for more than passing notice, considering the vast importance of life insurance to-day. \$50,000,000 of insurance secured before its twentieth birthday, calling for a net premium income of over \$2,000,000, it is claimed constitutes a record unequalled in Canadian life insurance. The assets of the company amount to \$9,459,230.69, invested in securities of the highest standard under the supervision of a Board of Directors chosen from the first financiers of Canada. Advantage was taken of the abnormal change in investment during 1907, with the result that the permanent investments made during the year average over 6 1/2 per cent. interest, while the rate earned on the mean ledger assets entire averaged 5.31 per cent., bringing the total income to \$1,115,000.

As evidencing the excellent selection of risks, the death claims were, as always with the Manufacturers' Life, well within the actuarial expectation, the total payments to policyholders reaching over \$700,000. Despite the fact that applications were received for over \$10,000,000 of new insurance, the expense ratio compared to premium income was still further decreased from the low level of 1906 by 33 per cent., a particularly praiseworthy achievement.

The results throughout are such as should give the very highest satisfaction to the policyholders, who may well congratulate themselves on forming part of a company winning such success in this past year and anticipating still greater results in the future.

Mr. L. W. Waldron, whose office is in the Canada Life building, is the district agent of this growing company, and to his energy not a little of its success is due. He has quite a large clientele of satisfied policyholders.

The Snowdrop.

Beneath the sheen I hear the snowdrop sing;
She gathers strength from deep, pure as gold;
Her wardrobe holds the garments of the spring;
And chick-a-dees shall chant her chimes of birth.

Her dress is white, her heart is pure as gold;
In seeming death she takes her quiet rest.
Dreamer, awake! Thy love is never old;
Welcome more to ample mother's breast!

H. T. Miller.

"We are just about as powerless to prevent gambling among the Chinese of the city as we would be should we start to stamp out the playing of bridge whist among society women," declared Chief of Police Grassett at the close of the meeting of the Toronto police commissioners yesterday afternoon.

WAS DELIRIOUS WITH ECZEMA

On Chest, Back, and Head—Pain, Heat, and Tingling Were Excruciating—Nerves in Exhausted Condition—Sleep Badly Broken.

CURE BY CUTICURA SEEMED LIKE MAGIC

"Words cannot express the gratitude I feel for what Cuticura Remedies have done for my daughter. She is fifteen years of age, and had never had anything the matter with her skin until four months ago, when an eruption broke out on her chest. The first symptom was a redness, and then followed thickening and blisters, which would break and run matter. I took her to a doctor, and he pronounced it to be eczema of a very bad form. He treated her, but instead of being checked, the disease spread. It showed itself on her back, and then quickly spread upwards until the whole of her head was affected, and all her hair had to be cut off. The pain she suffered was excruciating, and what with that and the heat and tingling her life was almost unbearable. She became run down in health, and at times was very feverish, languid, and drowsy, and occasionally she was delirious. Her nerves were in such a low state that she could not bear to be left alone. In spite of the cold weather she would insist on having her bedroom window open, and would lean out of the window-sill. She did not have a proper hour's sleep for many nights. The second doctor we tried afforded her just as little relief as the first, and I really do not know what we should have done if we had not read how Cuticura cured a similar case. I purchased Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Pills, and before the ointment was used, her skin was finished every trace of the disease was gone. It really seemed like magic. Her hair is coming on nicely, and I still apply the Cuticura Ointment as I find it increases the growth wonderfully. Mrs. T. W. Hyde, 1, Ongar Place, Brentwood, Essex, England, Mar. 8, 1907."

Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Remedies to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 50 N. 2nd St., Buffalo, N. Y.

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It appears that there is a strong feeling in the County of Peel against the case ever coming to trial. This feeling is growing in strength as the time for the spring assizes, for which the case is set, draws nearer. A verdict of guilty might bring about an execution, something which has never yet occurred in the county.

If not deported, to be taken in charge by English authorities, he may be placed in an asylum in Canada.

HAMILTON MAN PROMOTED.

Mr. F. Nelson, formerly of this city and recently city freight agent for the Grand Trunk at Toronto, has been appointed chief clerk in the office of Mr. L. Macdonald, district freight agent, in place of Mr. F. A. Nott, who has been promoted to the head office in Montreal.

Mr. E. A. Fernley, of Toronto Junction, succeeds Mr. Nelson.

A fellow sometimes feels that there are more aches in his mouth than in a square mile.

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where the climate is mild and the rest seeker, pleasure lover or sportsman can equally enjoy themselves—

ATLANTIC CITY N. J.

LOCAL LEGAL.

MacNab Cemetery Comes Into Possession of City.

A number of motions in Hamilton cases came up at Osgoode Hall yesterday, and were disposed of as follows:

Croly vs. Bradford.—W. M. McClelland, for the plaintiff, appealed from the judgment of Falconbridge, dated Jan. 3, 1908. A. C. Bosley, for the defendant. The plaintiff leased certain lands from the defendant, and the dispute arose over a right of way, also in a certain strip of land eight feet wide, on which a sidewalk is laid, while the defendant tendered a lease with the right to use the right of way, but retained the fee of both right of way and the eight-foot strip on which the sidewalk is laid. The judgment dismissed the action without costs. Appeal dismissed with costs.

Morden vs. Morden.—T. J. W. O'Connor for the plaintiff, Grayson Smith for the defendant. By request of counsel the appeal from the order in chambers of Falconbridge, C. J., was adjourned until to-day.

Porter vs. International Harvester Co.—J. L. Schelter, for plaintiff, appellant, J. A. Ogilvie for defendants, respondents. The plaintiff, a laborer in defendant's employment, was injured in his left hand by a knife falling against it on May 29, 1907, by which he was incapacitated from work for a length of time, and brought action in the County Court of Wentworth, claiming \$200 damages. The action came on for trial on Dec. 14, 1907, suit against the plaintiff, dismissing his action without costs. From this judgment plaintiff now appealed. Appeal allowed and a new trial ordered between the parties. The costs of the former trial and of the appeal to be costs in the cause to the plaintiff.

Re MacNab Settled Estates.—A. W. Hunter for petitioners, W. H. Blake, K. C., for the Sisters of St. Joseph. C. P. Smith for the Confederation Life Association. F. W. Harcourt, K. C., for the infants. Order approving of the sale of a small parcel of land, part of the settled estate, adjoining the cemetery, to the city of Hamilton for park purposes for the sum of \$600, the money to be held on the same trust as the land has been held. Costs of all parties out of the estate.

Wooley vs. Henderson.—J. Dickson, for plaintiff, moved for order striking out jury notice. Featherston Aylesworth, for defendant, contra. Application referred to trial judge.

Re Weston Estate.—H. L. Lazier, for executor, moved under rule 938 for advice as to whether deceased wife's share should be sold by applicants. Harcourt, K. C., for infants. Order made for sale under rule 972 by administrator of estate.

Authorities Think Alleged Murderer Terrace is of Weak Mind.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—John Terrace, the young Englishman charged with the murder of William Curry, the aged farmer, at his farm in Toronto Township, near Brampton, on the night of Dec. 25 last, may never face trial.

The provincial authorities will examine him with a view of deporting him to England, when he came to this country fifteen weeks ago from Newcastle-on-Tyne. Dr. Bruce Smith, provincial inspector of asylums, was in Brampton this week collecting data as to the history of Terrace's life and family.

He learned from Terrace that throughout his life he has suffered from fits, or seizures, during which time he has not been conscious of his actions. There is also said to be a strain of insanity in his family.

It appears that there is a strong feeling in the County of Peel against the case ever coming to trial. This feeling is growing in strength as the time for the spring assizes, for which the case is set, draws nearer. A verdict of guilty might bring about an execution, something which has never yet occurred in the county.

If not deported, to be taken in charge by English authorities, he may be placed in an asylum in Canada.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

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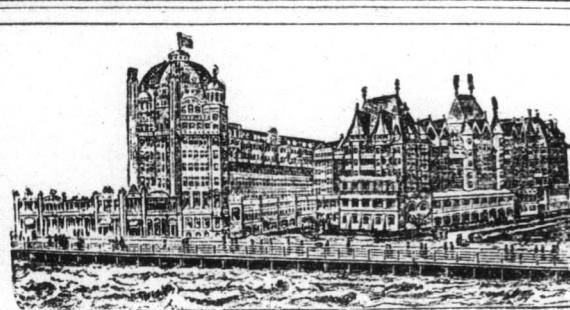
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Both the AMERICAN PLAN and the EUROPEAN PLAN dining rooms have WHITE SERVICE.

ROLLING CHAIRS are a feature on the seven mile Boardwalk. Open on sunny days and glass enclosed "cab" chairs in inclement weather render the daily "outing" always enjoyable. Golf, Horseback Riding, Motoring, Theatre, Piers, Ownership Management.

JOSIAH WHITE & SONS, Proprietors and Managers.

THE SANITARIUM

Patients to Give Entertainment as a Farewell.

A very enjoyable evening was spent when Mr. A. M. McKenzie came from the city and gave an exhibition of stereopticon views, in the recreation hall. A series of slides, illustrative of Hindoo life, and views of different parts of India were kindly loaned by Rev. John Young, of St. John Presbyterian Church. These slides have been used to illustrate a lecture on mission work in India. The lecture was not forthcoming, but Mr. McKenzie made a few remarks explaining each view as it was thrown upon the canvas. A number of other foreign and some local views were also shown, all of which were much appreciated. At the close, Dr. McKenzie made a few remarks for his kindness in affording the patients so much pleasure. In reply, Mr. McKenzie stated that he had been exhibiting pictures for a number of years and always enjoyed doing so, and would be pleased to come again to the Sanitarium.

Rev. John Morton conducted divine service in the hall on Wednesday, Feb. 11. The following week, the minister appointed failed to appear, and there was no religious service.

The patients are very busy practicing for an entertainment to be given on the evening of March 17th as a farewell to Dr. Unsworth. Two short plays will form part of the program. A corporation of patients extended to all who are interested in the Sanitarium. Some means will be provided to convey visitors to and from the Incline on the evening of the entertainment.

Visitors to patients in the infirmary please bear in mind that the visiting hours are from 3 to 4 p. m. only, except by special permission from the physician in charge.

A large supply of ice was stored in the ice house last week for future use.

Visitors: Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Southam, Mrs. Kennedy, Miss Kennedy, Mr. W. F. McGivern, Dr. Dickson, Mrs. Phelps, Miss Phelps.

Donation: Geo. H. H. Armstrong, box of wafers.

MILKMEN'S BANQUET

A Pleasant Time at the Dominion Hotel Last Night.

The annual banquet of the Hamilton and Wentworth Milk Producers, and Dealers was held at the Dominion Hotel last evening and it proved to be a very enjoyable affair. There were many ladies present and there was no drinking or smoking done. Mr. John Ofield, President of the association, was toastmaster and Mr. Peter Ray was in the vice-chair. The toasts were responded to as follows:

"The King"—Mr. Ham. Regan.
"Hamilton"—Mr. A. Second.
"Wentworth"—Mr. W. E. Stock.
"The Wholesalers"—Mr. Peter Ray.
"The Retailers"—Mr. W. Forster.
"The Ladies"—Mr. Chas. Berry.

In the course of the evening an interesting programme of recitations and songs was given by Misses Murphy, F. Smith and Edwards, and Messrs. Hamilton, McCabe and others.

Don't cross your bridge till you come to it, and maybe you'll find it isn't there.

Hotel Traymore

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On the ocean front; every comfort, including sea water baths, elevators, golf, etc.

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BRYCE AT MONTREAL

AMBASSADOR'S SPEECH AT CANADIAN CLUB BANQUET.

"What We Owe to Posterity" the Text for a Patriotic and Inspiring Address—Plea for High Standard in National Life.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—The Right Hon. James Bryce was the guest of honor this evening at a banquet given by the Canadian Club at the Windsor Hotel. Over three hundred leading citizens of Montreal were present to do honor to the guest of the evening. Five-President LaJoie of the Canadian Club presided in the absence of President Miller. The subject of Ambassador Bryce's address was "What We Owe to Posterity." His opening words were in the nature of congratulation at the spirit of patriotism shown by the Canadian clubs. When first he knew Canada, thirty-eight years ago, there was no thought of such an organization. Of Canadian resources he spoke eloquently, but urged upon Canada the necessity of preserving her great forests. This was one of our greatest assets, and we owe it to posterity that we leave them this asset unimpaired. Speaking of the relations of Canada