

HIS CAREER CLOSING

Marvelous Hold that Marcus Daly had on Montana.

HISTORY OF A REMARKABLE MAN

He Played Fast and Loose With Principle and Party and yet he was Almost Absolute for 20 Years—His Life Apparently a Contradiction.

Butte, Montana, Aug. 14, 1900.

It is curious that a marvelous hold Marcus Daly still has on the minds of the people of Montana. It is very hard to convince the multitude that Daly's day is done as a star actor in Montana politics. And yet Daly's sun is fast sinking, and Montana will never again know him as a great and powerful factor. If he ever visits Montana again it will be as a shadow of the all powerful leader that he once was.

Time and time again I have been asked the secret of that extraordinary power. He made and unmade congressmen, senators, judges and governors. In the accepted meaning of the word Marcus Daly had no political principles. His affiliations were with the Democratic party, but he wrecked the fortunes of every Democratic candidate who came to incur his ire. Montana is essentially Democratic, yet during its 12 years of Statehood it has been represented by Republicans in the United States Senate. And Marcus Daly did it. In 1893 Clark could have been easily elected but Daly controlled nine bolting Democrats and he secured the adjournment of the Legislature without an election. Had Marcus Daly kept his hands off, W. A. Clark could have been elected in 1890 without any of the wild and extraordinary scenes that occurred in last year's Legislature. All this shows extraordinary power on Daly's part, though not much principle. Daly's motto "Rule or ruin" has not marred his power in Montana. The truth is men loved and feared him. To oppose him meant financial as well as political ruin. His attorneys bulldozed and brow beat the judges on the bench, and won to the county or state executive that ran counter to his wishes.

And yet this man, autocratic, arrogant and domineering was loved and liked by thousands. He has had a host of enthusiastic followers who served him with the loyalty of Highland-Clansmen, and who served him without hope of reward in this world or the next. W. A. Clark never had such a following. Daly electrified his followers, Clark chilled his. Daly pursued his foes with relentless hate, while Clark slew the fatted calf for every political yahoo who sought forgiveness for past treachery. Daly was as proud as Lucifer and Clark as vain as Daly was proud. Clark never broke a promise in his life, never dismissed an employee who had worked or voted against him, but Daly has broken a thousand promises and made Montana untenable for working men who voted contrary to his wishes. And yet Daly and not Clark has been the real master of Montana's destiny for 20 years.

Senator Carter is but an accident. Daly's hatred of Clark put him where he is. He has been a fortunate accident for the State of Montana, and he has done great and good work, yet he is still but a political accident and one of Daly's accidents at that. Daly's political career is little short of an enigma to men of strong convictions. They cannot realize how Daly could play fast and loose with principle and party, and how he could stoop to brutal injustice and break a thousand promises and still consider himself an honest and an honorable man. The truth is, Daly must be judged by no ordinary standards. He was a law unto himself, his virtues and his good deeds he hid as carefully as he displayed the unfavorable side of his nature. Daly was really full of the widest sympathy. His natural bent was overflowing kindness and he has done ten thousand generous acts that the world never heard of. His life is a contradiction, and yet only apparently so, for environment and circumstances made him what he was.

Marcus Daly grew up in a little village of County Cavan, Ireland. No American can realize the intensity and temperament of the Irish born youth. There is nothing comparable to those influences in all the world. In the whole range of human annals there is no parallel for conditions in Ireland, and they were still worse when Marcus Daly was a boy. Ireland's verdant fields, her woodlands, hills and hills from the loveliest landscape that this world of ours affords. She is the peerless island of the sea in fruitfulness and beauty. And dotted over that island are countless monuments of a story the most wonderful, the most glorious and yet the most sorrowful in all the world. There is not an Irish ruin, a rivulet or ford, a tower or ancient church which is not redolent of romance, song and story intensely comic and intensely tragic. In the halcyon days of Grecian civilization, art and oratory, Ireland excelled Greece in music, Ireland her in oratory, and possessed a civilization which the highest scholarship now acknowledges to have been the most refined and elevating civilization which the world knew of prior to the sermon on the Mount.

That civilization was wedded to the Gospel of Christ by St. Patrick, and for centuries Ireland was the nurse and mother of all the art and civilization which survived the downfall of the Roman empire. Ireland gave to Scotland art, religion, music, and the Kings that ruled it for a thousand years. The school masters of Anglo-Saxon England were Irish monks. The churches and schools that dotted the hills of Wales and Cornwall for 500 years were served by Irish Celts who brought Christianity and learning to their Celtic brethren beyond seas. Prior to the Crusades the Irish surpassed all other people in the influence they exercised on the civilization of the world.

And then a great shadow came over the land. The Norman Kings of England wanted away over Ireland, Scotland and France. Bruce saved Scotland, but the struggle in Ireland went on and on till seas of blood were shed and oceans of hate accumulated. At last there was left in Ireland nothing but master and slave—the oppressor and oppressed. The churches built by the ancient Irish to the living God were flched from them and the descendants of the most christian and civilized people in the world were forced to live in hovels and worship in

dens and caves, while the hords of pirates that overthrew them made their vows to the God of battle in the temple of ancient Celtic Ireland. Marcus Daly knew all this and saw all this when he was a boy. The infancy of the spoiler burned into his soul. He left Ireland with his heart full of rage and hate against the injustice and wrong doing of might. He landed in New York penniless, unskilled, uncouth. He had a sister already there, the type of those brave, chaste, innocent Irish girls whose virtues are the glory of the world. That sister took care of the young immigrant. She was his guide and pilot, and for 15 years more Daly's story can be written among the short and simple annals of the poor. Then we find him a shift boss working for Jim Fair in the mines of Nevada. There is a tradition in the west that Marcus Daly was Fair's mascot. That Daly was the real discoverer of the bonanza lode. But in any case, Daly and Fair fell out and Daly left for Utah where he chanced to run across a prospect called the Ontario.

While trying to get some one to put up the money to buy the Ontario for \$30,000, he chanced to meet George Hearst. Hearst at that time, less than 30 years ago, was as poor as a church mouse, but he had friends, and the friends, J. B. Haggin and Lloyd Tevis put up the money to buy the Ontario. Daly got a very small interest, but that interest proved the foundation of his fortune, for the Ontario paid some \$15,000,000 in dividends. And Hearst, Haggin and Tevis became his life long friends. He had made them all millions, and a few years later when he chanced upon the Anaconda they put up millions to back him, and in the end they grew fabulously rich from the wealth of the great Anaconda. That chance meeting between George Hearst and Marcus Daly has made his fortune. Daly was Hearst's mascot, for George Hearst accumulated from thence on a vast fortune, won a seat in the United States Senate, and raised a son, William Hearst, who is the foremost newspaper publisher of his age.

The man who could have opened up and developed the Anaconda mine and extended his operations as Marcus Daly did must be a man of extraordinary ability. In fact he has done the work of a hundred men, and the miracle is that mind and body and nerve did not fail him long ago. In the end it became a vast octopus, and went beyond his control and it was fortunate for him that J. B. Haggin compelled him to sell to the Standard Oil people. They immediately resolved to put new blood into all its departments, and to do so more easily they put Daly aside. Daly is therefore completely out of the Anaconda and the great Copper Trust though he still holds, I believe a small amount of stock in it. With his severance from the copper interests that once were his, political power has flown. He has a princely home and a vast ranch and the finest horses on the continent over in the Bitter Root valley, and from time to time Montana will probably see something of its old idol. But he will never again play the part of the star actor. His power is gone and his pride is wounded and were it not his health is broken, I believe he should find him back in Montana taking a hand in the great battle now being waged for the overthrow of the Standard Oil power. It is true that his old enemy W. A. Clark is among the foremost in the battle against the Standard Oil, but his fortunes make strange bed-fellows, and moreover in the Standard Oil camp are other enemies that Daly hates almost as intensely as he hates Clark. Hearst and Batteman and Carter and Forbes are foremost among the pet aversions of Marcus Daly. Attorney-General Nolan is responsible for the statement that Daly has a provision in his will for a fund to be used against Carter's political ambitions. Success of the alliance of Carter and the Standard Oil have made an alliance on the basis of a perpetual senatorship for Carter, and the perpetual domination of the judiciary, and the domination of the Legislature to go to the Standard Oil. The success of the alliance of Carter and the Standard Oil power Daly knows will place in power in Montana the most corrupt and venal element in the state. Daly hates that element worse than he hates Clark, and did not the Gods forbid he would be with Clark and the people in the light now being waged.

P. A. O'FARRELL.

REPORT WAS EXAGGERATED.

Mrs. and Miss Beardsley Were Not Seriously Injured as Reported.

A great many citizens of Rossland will be delighted to learn that the report of the accident which happened at Loomis, Wash., to Mrs. and Miss Beardsley, who are well known and very popular in this camp, was greatly exaggerated, and that neither of them are in danger of losing their sight or of being permanently disfigured. Mrs. Wiley, the sister of Mrs. Beardsley, who has been in a terrible condition of anxiety regarding the condition of her relations, received definite news Thursday. It appears that the bottle of ammonia which caused the trouble was standing on the back of the stove where it became heated and when Miss Beardsley lifted it, the cork flew out and the contents of the bottle were showered over the faces of the ladies, some of it getting into their eyes. Mrs. Beardsley was the worst sufferer, more of the fluid pouring over her face than over that of her daughter. The sight of both was temporarily affected and their flesh badly burned but medical aid was at once summoned and every precaution taken against permanent injury. Both of the ladies have been confined to the home since but Miss Beardsley is now almost all right again and her mother is recovering quickly. They are to be congratulated on their lucky escape from a terrible misfortune.

A HYMNAL PEAL.

The Marriage of Edward Maston and Lily May Boyd.

Again those wedding bells. It was only yesterday morning that there was chronicled the marriage of a miner of this camp. Today another similar event is recorded. A quiet wedding took place yesterday at the Baptist parsonage between Edward Maston, a miner at the Centre Star and Lily May, daughter of John and Sophia Boyd, formerly of New Brunswick, and now of this city. Mr. Maston comes from Ontario, but is now making his home in Rossland. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. T. Stackhouse. Both bride and bridegroom have made friends during their stay in the camp. They will take up their residence on North Earl street.

Knockville Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On Monte Christo mountain, Rossland, south of and adjoining the mineral claim Idaho, Lot 559, Group 1.

Take notice that I, H. B. Smith, acting for Joseph D. Blevins of the City of Rossland, Province of British Columbia, special free miner's certificate No. 1029, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this thirteenth day of July, 1900

BASEBALL MATCH.

A Picked Team Will Play Rossland on the 25th and 26th.

The Seattle League Team, now playing in Spokane, will play a strong team of this city on the baseball grounds here on Saturday and Sunday, August 25th and 26th. This team, which is made up of picked men from Tacoma, Seattle and Everett and is stated to be the strongest on the Sound or in the state of Washington, is captained by the well known baseball player Walter Thornton. It will be remembered that Ed Hanlan, the manager of the Brooklyn baseball team, offered the Chicago captain \$2,500 to release Thornton. The Chicago team was not willing to part with one of their very best players. This was only last spring. Thornton has since left that aggregation, but not on a question of money. He is the Chicago national league pitcher and the Rossland boys will run up against something when they attempt to do a little fanning on his curves next week.

Another famous player with this team is Teddy Corbett of Minneapolis, who is well known in the records of baseball. The Rossland team do not at all fear defeat. If it comes they know how to take it, but at the same time they will do their best to win. The present local combination is the strongest that this city has yet placed in the field. The team is formed of the following members: Holland, catcher; Oleson and Waters, pitchers; A. Gibson, first base; Vaughan, second base; Ray, third base; Rhodes, shortstop; W. Gwynn left field; Rhodes, center field, and Macdonald, right field.

MACADAMIZED.

Nelson Forging Ahead—It Is Now Laying Metal on Its Thorophores.

A returning visitor from Nelson is much disgruntled with the state of progress as evidenced by the state of his present home, Rossland, as compared with Nelson. He told a reporter on his return, with an air of eternal verity, that Nelson was actually the second city in the province at present, and that it was shortly to become the first. This, he stated, was the unalterable condition of the mind of the average Nelson resident. He explained that he attempted to prove to them the inherent error of their thesis, but that the Nelson men, with the air of proving a proposition, went into operation, and that he was going into operation over the chief street in their city and compared it pitifully with the mud baths that can be obtained free of cost on Columbia avenue.

To clinch the matter the Nelsonites said this must be due to lack of enterprise, as the people of Rossland had road metal ready brought to their hands on the mine dumps, whereas Nelson had to get its stone from some distance.

Mr. John McQueen, I. O. R., ticket agent at New Glasgow, N. S., and Mrs. McQueen, are in the city and are the guests of the Misses Olding. Mr. McQueen, whose health, owing to overwork, is not the most robust, is on a three months' leave of absence, and is taking a trip through British Columbia. He already feels the benefit of the mountain air.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Iron Clad, Spokane, Millie Grey, Pittsburg, Delta and Sampson mineral claims situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Sullivan-creek, about three miles from Columbia river.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Thomas Henderson, F. M. C. No. B. 31105, Jerome L. Deschamps, F. M. C. No. B. 30981, Edmund J. Balfour, F. M. C. No. B. 31214, and H. M. Williams, F. M. C. No. B. 31087), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31130, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this Twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1900.

KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Princess mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On west slope of Sophie mountain, adjoining the L. Nora and X Ray mineral claims.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Allan G. White, F. M. C. No. B. 30943, and Nicholas Reuter, F. M. C. No. 30952), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31110, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this Twenty-first day of June, A. D. 1900.

KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

Notice.

Knockville Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.

Where located: On Monte Christo mountain, Rossland, south of and adjoining the mineral claim Idaho, Lot 559, Group 1.

Take notice that I, H. B. Smith, acting for Joseph D. Blevins of the City of Rossland, Province of British Columbia, special free miner's certificate No. 1029, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this thirteenth day of July, 1900

H. B. SMITH.

LICENCE AUTHORIZING AN EXTRA PROVINCIAL COMPANY TO CARRY ON BUSINESS.

"Companies" Act, 1897."

Canada:

Province of British Columbia.

It is hereby certified that the "Rossland Great Western Mines, Limited," is authorized and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects hereinafter set forth to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate in England.

The amount of the capital of the Company is \$500,000, divided into 100,000 shares of \$5 each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate in Rossland, and Bernard Macdonald, whose address is Rossland, B.C., is the attorney for the Company.

The objects for which the Company has been established are:

(1.) To search for, prospect, examine and explore mines and ground supposed to contain minerals or precious stones, and to search for and obtain information in regard to mines, mining claims, mining districts and localities; to purchase, take on lease or concession, or otherwise acquire for any interest therein, land with or without claims of title, gold, silver, copper, lead, tin, quicksilver, iron, stone, coal or other minerals, mining, water, timber and other rights, and generally any property supposed to contain minerals or precious stones of any kind and undertakings connected therewith, and to explore, work, exercise, develop, finance and turn to account the same.

(2.) To search for, win, quarry, assay, dress, reduce, amalgamate, smelt, refine and prepare for market metallic ores and minerals, and other mineral and metal substances and precious stones, and for this purpose to buy or otherwise acquire buildings, plant, machinery, implements, appliances and tools; to buy, sell, manipulate, export and deal in ores, minerals and metals of all kinds and precious stones, and generally to participate in any mining and metallurgical operations and undertakings connected therewith.

(3.) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, turn to account, dispose of and deal in real and personal property of all kinds, and in particular lands, buildings, hereditaments, businesses, concerns and undertakings, mortgages, leases, annuities, patents, patent rights, copyrights, licenses, securities, grants, charters, concessions, leases, contracts, options, policies, book debts and claims, and any interest in real or personal property, and any claims against such property or against any persons or company and to finance and carry on any business concern or undertaking so acquired.

(4.) To promote, acquire, construct, equip, maintain, improve, work, manage or control, or aid in or subscribe towards the promotion, acquisition, construction, equipment, maintenance, improvement, working, management or control of works, undertakings and operations of all kinds, both public and private, and in particular roads, tramways, railways, telegraphs, telephones, cables, ships, lighters, harbors, piers, docks, quays, wharves, warehouses, bridges, viaducts, aqueducts, reservoirs, embankments, waterworks, water-courses, canals, flumes, irrigations, drainage, saw-mills, crushing mills, smelting works, iron, steel, ordnance, engineering and implement works, hydraulic works, gas and electric lighting, electrical works, power supply, quarries, factories, carrying undertakings by land and water, fortifications, markets, exchanges, mints, public and private buildings, newspapers and publication establishments, breweries, wineries, distilleries, hotels, residences, stores, shops, and places of amusement, recreation or instruction, whether for the purposes of the Company or for sale or hire to or in return for any consideration from any other person or persons.

(5.) To undertake and carry on any business transaction or operation commonly undertaken or carried on by financiers, promoters of companies, bankers, underwriters, concessionaires, contractors for public and other works, capitalists or merchants, and to carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects of the Company, or which may be thought calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights.

(6.) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, manipulate, exchange, turn to account, dispose of, and deal in agricultural, plantation, forestal, fishing and trading rights; and in all or any property of lands, plantations, forests, fisheries and the earth, including animals, grain, provisions, fruits, wines, spirits, cotton wool, silk fibres, tobacco, coffee, sugar, timber, rubber, oils, chemicals, explosives, drugs, dye-stuffs, nitrates, petroleum, bullion, copper, lead, tin, quicksilver, iron, coal, stone, and merchandise and commodities of all kinds, either for immediate or future delivery, or whether in a crude state or manufactured, or to advance money at interest upon the security of all or any such products, merchandise and commodities, and to carry on business as merchants, importers and exporters.

(7.) To transact and carry on all kinds of agency and commission business, and to collect moneys, royalties, revenue, interest, rents and debts; to negotiate loans; to find investments; and to issue and place shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stocks or securities.

(8.) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of and deal in shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or obligations of any company, whether British, Colonial or Foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise.

(9.) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, debentures, debenture stock, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations and securities of any company, whether British, Colonial or Foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, or of any persons whatsoever, whether corporate or unincorporated.

(10.) To guarantee the title to or quiet enjoyment of property, either absolutely or subject to any qualifications or conditions, and to guarantee companies or per-

sons interested or about to become interested in any property against any loss, actions, proceedings, claims or demands in respect of any insufficiency or imperfection or deficiency of title, or in respect of any incumbrances, burdens, or outstanding rights.

(11.) To furnish and provide deposits and guarantee funds required in relation to any tender or application for any contract, concession, decree, or enactment.

(12.) Generally to carry on and transact every kind of guarantee business and indemnity business, and to undertake obligations of every kind and description, and also to undertake and execute trusts of all kinds.

(13.) To receive moneys, securities and valuables of all kinds on deposit, at interest or otherwise, or for safe custody, and generally to carry on the business of a safe deposit company.

(14.) To lend money to such parties and on such terms, with or without security, as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the Company; and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of or companies having dealings with the Company; and to draw, accept, endorse, discount, issue, buy, sell and deal in bills of exchange, promissory notes, drafts, bills of lading, coupons, warrants, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and buy, sell and deal in bullion, specie and coin.

(15.) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money for the purposes of the Company, in such manner and upon such terms as may seem expedient, and to secure the repayment or payment thereof by redeemable or irredeemable bonds, debentures or debenture stock (such bonds, debentures and debenture stock being made payable to bearer or otherwise, and issuable or payable either at par or at a premium or discount), or by mortgages, script certificates, bills of exchange or promissory notes, or by any other instrument or in such other manner as may be determined, and for any such purposes to charge all or any part of the property of the Company, both present and future, including its uncalled capital; and to allot the shares of the Company, credited as fully or partly paid up, or bonds, debentures or debenture stock of the purchase price for the whole or part of the purchase price for any property purchased by the Company, or any valuable consideration.

(16.) To make donations to such persons and in such cases, and either of cash or other assets, as may be thought directly or indirectly conducive to any of the Company's objects or otherwise expedient; and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general or other object.

(17.) To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, and to obtain from any such Government or authority any rights, concessions, charters and privileges which may be thought conducive to the Company's objects or any of them.

(18.) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, or goodwill and liabilities of any company, corporation, society, partnership, or persons carrying on or about to carry on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on.

(19.) To dispose of, by sale, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, mortgage, or otherwise, absolutely, conditionally, or for any limited interest, all or any part of the undertaking, property, rights, or privileges of the Company, as a going concern or otherwise, to any public body, company, society, or association, or to any person or persons for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for any stock, shares, debentures, debenture stock, securities, or property of any other Company.

(20.) To promote or form, or assist in the promotion or formation of any other company or companies, either for the purpose of acquiring, working, or otherwise dealing with all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or any property in which this Company is interested, or for any other purpose, with power to assist such company or companies by paying or contributing towards the preliminary expenses, or providing the whole or part of the capital thereof, or by taking or subscribing for shares, preferred, ordinary, or deferred, therein, or by lending money thereto upon debentures or otherwise; and further, to pay out of the funds of the Company all expenses of and incident to the formation, registration, advertising, and establishment of this or any other company, and to the issue and subscription of the share or loan capital, including the brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for, or placing or guaranteeing the placing of, the shares, or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of this or any other company; and also all expenses attending the issue of any circular or notice, or the printing, stamping, and circulating of proxies or forms to be filled up by the shareholders of this, or connected with this or any other company; and to undertake the management and secretarial or other work, duties, and business of any company, on such terms as may be determined.

(21.) To obtain, or in any way assist in obtaining, any Provisional Order or Act of Parliament, or other necessary authority, for enabling this or any other company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of this or any other company's constitution; to procure this or any other company to be legalised, registered, or incorporated, if necessary, in accordance with the laws of any country or state in which it may, or may propose to, carry on operations, and to open and keep a colonial or foreign register or registers of this or any other company in any British colony or dependency, or in any foreign country, and to allocate any number of the shares in this or any other company to such register or registers.

(22.) To give the call of shares and to confer any preferential or special right to the allotment of shares, on such terms and in such manner as may seem expedient.

(23.) To distribute any of the property or assets of the Company among the members in specie, or otherwise.

(24.) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the globe, either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and either by through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, with power to appoint a trustee or trustees, personal or corporate, to hold any property on behalf of the Company, and to allow any property to remain outstanding in such trustee or trustees.

(25.) To do all such other things as are incidental or may be thought conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and so that the word "Company" in this Memorandum, when applied otherwise than to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether corporate or incorporate, and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of the paragraphs of this Memorandum shall, save as herein otherwise expressed, be regarded as independent objects, and accordingly shall be in nowise limited or restricted (except where otherwise expressed in the objects indicated in any other paragraph, or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and simple a manner, and construed in as wide a sense, as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate distinct, and independent company.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 3rd day of August, one thousand nine hundred.

S. V. WOOTTON.

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

THE HOMESTAKE MINES, LIMITED

Non-personal Liability.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, the 27th day of August, A.D. 1900, for shares of the stock of the Homestake Mines, Limited, Non-personal Liability, not claimed by shareholders of the Homestake Mines, Limited. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of cash, marked cheque or draft for twenty-five per cent of the amount offered per share and must state the number of shares asked for and the rate bid per share. In the event of any tender being accepted and the balance of price not paid on demand, the deposit will be forfeited. In the event of any tender not being accepted the deposit made with such tender will be returned. The shares are offered subject to reserve.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

GEORGE H. BAYNE, THOS. S. GILMOUR, Liquidators.

The Homestake Mines, Limited.

Dated at Rossland, B.C., August 2nd, A.D. 1900.

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(24.) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the globe, either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and either by through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, with power to appoint a trustee or trustees, personal or corporate, to hold any property on behalf of the Company, and to allow any property to remain outstanding in such trustee or trustees.

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GEORGE H. BAYNE, THOS. S. GILMOUR, Liquidators.

The Homestake Mines, Limited.

Dated at Rossland, B.C., August 2nd, A.D. 1900.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Golden Hope, Golden Age, Snow Bird, Trio, Anglo-American Fraction, I. X. I. and Produce mineral claims, situate in the Arrow Lake mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: At the head of Goat Canyon, between Goat Canyon and Snow creek.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (agent for Michael D. Shea, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 30777), Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 31101, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this ninth day of August, 1900.

KENNETH L. BURNET.