

WEATHER: FINE AND COLD.

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THE MOLSONS

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THE DOMINION SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT

DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING LONDON, CANADA

Capital, Reserves, T. H. PURDOM, K. C. President

GERMAN SITUATION WAS CRITICAL FOR

Berlin, March 4.—The General Staff after the capture of a strong point on the outskirts of Przasnysz by one of the situation was very critical for an ending this time three Russian corps attacked from the east, southeast and forces while withdrawing kept pace with

"A portion of our corps was fiercely large number of wounded who were being villages were not brought back. Russians were unable to disturb our and lost touch with the German corps.

"Obviously the Russians suffered position has since been maintained by German reinforcements. Russian victory the slightest importance and does not son with the German storming of Przasnysz took 10,000 prisoners and much was

"The Russian incredible reports to divert attention from their serious situation in the Masuren Lake region."

GERMANS PLAN CAMPAIGN FOR

Petrograd, March 4.—The official report on the narrow front, in Northern Poland, German army orders which state that they taken at all costs in order that further be obtained regarding grouping of Russian troops in concealed pits is recommended to increase the number of prisoners.

"The Germans have been ordered to not need and send them to the Commission of the manoeuvres of the Germans are the fact that they were searching for positions in the region of Stanislaw, in Eastern completely routed the 26th Austrian division captured an ambulance, six doctors and ambulances and troop trains.

In the district of Grodno, opposite the stan frontier, we continue daily to capture and machine guns."

WHAT THE TURKS SAY.

Athens, March 4.—The Allied fleet fired on the Dardanelles forts without success to a dispatch from Constantinople to-day patch also states that the Turkish navy's flag, that hostile ships were repelled and that an attempt of the enemy's to penetrate the straits failed, and they were to retire before the fire of the Turkish

DARDANELLES OPERATIONS PROGRESSING

Paris, March 4.—Dardanelles operations resumed yesterday, says an official communique by the French Ministry of Marine. "A French under Rear-Admiral Guépratte, opened the Straits."

"The Sultans seriously damaged by while the Gauls crippled Fort Napoleon the Turkish fortifications on the River

MORE FORTS DESTROYED.

Athens, March 4.—The bombardment of the Dardanelles forts without success both sides. The forts at Killar, Bahar were destroyed. The fort batteries were destroyed. The Turks were entirely and abandoned their strongholds.

TORPEDO BOAT SUNK.

Amsterdam, March 4.—A private telegraph received here from Constantinople states a torpedo boat which was taking part in the French fleet bombardment of the Dardanelles was sunk.

CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC

The Canadian General Electric Company declared its regular quarterly dividend of 1 cent on the common stock, payable April 1st to holders of record March 15th.

FAILED TO PASS.

Washington, D.C., March 4.—Indian and the Appropriation Bills failed of passage, solution continuing the appropriations of the year was passed.

NEW YORK BEAT SOLD.

New York, March 4.—Reginald M. Johnson beat the stock exchange seat of Pierpont price \$12,000.

NEWS OF WORLD TOLD IN BRIEF

Germany Agrees to Some of U. S. Proposals and Would Consider Others

U. S. WANTS MORE DETAILS

Will Send Another Note to Britain—Russians Engaged in Battles Along Whole Eastern Front—Patriotic Mentioned in Army Report.

In its reply to the American note concerning the German naval zone, the German Government, according to a despatch from Berlin, agrees that, under certain conditions, its submarines will halt and investigate merchantmen, and will proceed against only such vessels as are found to be carrying contraband or are owned by nations hostile to Germany.

The reply declares Germany's readiness to accept virtually all of the American proposals except the one which would restrict the use of anchored mines to purely defensive purposes. The German Government is willing to consider the abandonment of floating mines, in case German submarines take action, after investigation, against merchantmen carrying contraband or owned in hostile countries, it is agreed that such action will be in accordance with the general rules of international law.

While President Wilson indicated that the United States would send a note of inquiry to Great Britain and France to learn how they proposed to carry out in practice their announced determination to prohibit commercial intercourse by sea with Germany, such action, it was said, probably will be deferred until replies are received from Great Britain and Germany to the American proposals looking to an abandonment of submarine warfare on merchant ships and unrestricted passage of foodstuffs to civilian population of belligerents.

The Russian armies are now engaged in battles along virtually the whole eastern front. In North Poland, having by means of large reinforcements been enabled to resume the offensive, they are slowly pushing the Germans back to the east Prussian frontier. In the Carpathians and Eastern Galicia they have been engaged for several days in resisting fierce and repeated attacks by the Austrians. The Russian offensive extends across Poland to the lower Vistula, where the Russian troops are holding back the Germans who threatened their lines south of the river. For the moment, however, the Carpathians is the scene of the heaviest fighting.

Until the Privy Council issues an order, the declaration that trade to and from Germany and allied countries is to be stopped will not be effective insofar as Great Britain is concerned. This action on the part of the Privy Council is a necessary executive procedure to put the Cabinet action into effect. While it is a mere formality, an order-in-council is indispensable, according to the Foreign Office.

A report from the headquarters of Sir John French, Commander of the British forces in the field, given out yesterday by the Official Information Bureau, states that a party of Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry captured a German trench with great dash. After killing eleven of the occupants and driving off the remainder, they succeeded in blowing up the trench. The losses were trifling.

Germany is urging Austria to send her navy and especially her submarines, to the Aegean, where the Anglo-French fleet may possibly be surprised, but the Minister of Marine refuses to expose his warships to the risk of destruction, says a Rome despatch. Besides, the Austrian fleet is based in the Adriatic, since the Italian fleet has concentrated and is closely watching events. The prevailing conviction in Austria is that the forcing of the Dardanelles is bound to influence Italy's attitude, hence surprises are feared.

The 91st Austrian Infantry Regiment, composed entirely of Czechs, mutilated at Prague, refused to proceed to Galicia, and murdered all its senior officers, says a Venice correspondent, quoting a Bucharest despatch received there. After being severely punished, the regiment has been transferred to Brachov, near the Roumanian frontier. Another notorious Cossack regiment recently was transferred from Vienna to Aibujal.

HAS REFUSED ALL OFFERS.

Vancouver, B.C., March 3.—The City Council has decided to refuse all offers made for some \$27,000 worth of local improvement bonds, as none of the four bids submitted was considered satisfactory.

It was also decided not to offer any treasury notes for sale.

DISAPPROVE BUYING GAS WELL.

Edmonton, Alta., March 3.—A by-law authorizing the expenditure of \$39,000 to take over the Viking Gas well was defeated by the ratepayers three to one.

H. C. BECHER COMPANY.

London, Ont., March 13.—The H. C. Becher Company, brokerage firm of this city, has failed.

The head of the firm is Lieut.-Col. H. C. Becher, commanding officer of the 7th Fusiliers, who is with the first contingent in France.

AMUSEMENTS.

HIS MAJESTY'S MATS., WED., THURS., FRID. All Seats Reserved 15c - 35c

15c. Matinee Today IT'S VERY FUNNY

25c. The Man From Mexico

50c. For Laughing Purposes Only. NEXT WEEK—"WHAT HAPPENED TO MARY."

PRINCESS ALL THIS WEEK MATS., TUES., THURS., SAT. THE PRINCESS MUSICAL COMEDY CO. Present

THE LAUGHING MUSICAL SUGGESTS MADAME SHERRY

MATINEES—1,000 Reserved Seats, 25c. Even—15c to 75c—No Higher.

MILITARY NIGHT MONDAY. Benefit "Khaki League."

Next Week—"SERGEANT KITTY."

GLEANED FROM MANY SOURCES

Illinois Central orders 25,000 tons of rails.

A receivership is asked for the Western Pacific.

Average price of 12 industrial 74.57, up 0.11. Twenty railways 88.18, up 0.24.

Russians are on the offensive along practically the whole Eastern front.

Carnegie Steel Mill to resume operations March 14, after being idle 9 months.

Eighteen sheet mills of the Trumbull Steel Co. of Warren, Ohio, resumed operations.

Nearly 3,000 men began work on building steel cars at a large car plant at Michigan City, Ind.

A bill has been introduced in the New Jersey Assembly asking for the repeal of the extra crew law.

For the first time since 1847, the population of Ireland showed an increase last year. The gain is 13,000.

A spectacular fire in the building occupied by the Indian Refining Co., Central Wharf, Boston, did \$25,000 damage.

The Mattingly Moore Distilling Co., and the F. G. Walker Distilling Co., both of Louisville, filed voluntary petitions in bankruptcy.

American Sheet & Tin Plate Co. sheet mill at Farrell, Pa., is operating at full capacity this week, for the first time in nearly two years.

Many flocks of quail, seen at Corning, Kan., for the first time in four years, are threatened with extinction by the recent heavy snows and cold.

Chief Flynn, of the secret service, issued a warning against a counterfeit of the new \$10 national bank note on the Second National Bank of Boston.

Governor Alexander of Idaho has signed prohibition bill. Colorado legislature has adopted prohibition constitutional amendment effective Jan. 1, 1915.

A. J. Loguin, managing director of the Petrograd Metal Works Co., one of Russia's largest corporations is at Pittsburgh to close contracts for materials.

Germany agrees to make concessions to the United States provided Great Britain yields in the matter of placing an embargo on food shipments to Germany.

Landing parties are bombarding the interior forts of the Dardanelles in conjunction with the assault by the fleet.

The Dayton Manufacturing Co., Dayton, Ohio, closed a contract amounting to nearly \$2,000,000 for supplying the English Government with shells to be used in the war.

German submarines sank nine and German mines one of the 33 British steamships lost in month of February. Remainder were lost from ordinary risks of navigation.

Paith "Temps" says agreement has been reached between England, France and Russia regarding future status of Dardanelles, which will give Russia free passage of straits.

E. B. Strong, 82 years old, pioneer, Chicago banker and capitalist and one of the founders of the National Bank of the Republic of Chicago and a director of that institution, died in Pasadena, Cal.

Germany is said to be sending large reinforcements to Belgium. Large Russian forces are being massed in the Duxia pass in the Carpathians and Petrograd claims the retreat of the Austrians.

Exports from the United States for the week ended February 27th were \$58,492,000; imports, \$36,577,000. Balance of trade in favor of the United States for February, \$12,000,000; three months, \$411,000,000.

Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Co., of Yonkers, have distributed \$65,000 bonus among 3,000 of its employees. Company established profit sharing policy in fall of 1911, and since then has given semi-annual bonuses totalling \$57,000.

Bankers Trust Co. is loaning new Du Pont Securities Co. \$8,500,000 for eighteen months, with option to the company to extend loan eighteen months. Purchase of holdings of General T. D. du Pont in the du Pont Powder Co. involves about \$14,000,000.

ALBERTA PETROLEUM CO.

Calgary, Alta., March 3.—At the annual meeting of the Alberta Petroleum Consolidated Company, the financial statement presented, disclosed that the company had in the bank \$30,267.49; accounts collectable \$2,357.02, and a \$5,000 credit with the Northwest Drilling Company to be used against further drilling contracts with that firm.

In addition the company has 60,000 acres leased, seven drilling outfits, and \$27,000 worth of casing.

It was announced by the president that a pooling agreement, covering 2,500,000 shares, had been arranged, and that a large number of the big shareholders had agreed to contribute a portion of their holdings to a common fund, to be sold later should occasion warrant it. He stated, however, that there were still in the treasury 5,600,000 shares for further development.

In conclusion he mentioned that the company had 8,176 shareholders, and that 24,420 certificates had been issued.

KEETON MOTORS, LIMITED.

Brantford, Ont., March 3.—Keeton Motors, Limited, have secured an order for 1,500 motor-trucks for the British War Office.

TRETHEWAY CLOSES DOWN.

Cobalt, Ont., March 3.—The Tretheway mine and mill has closed down and it is not expected that operations will resume for a couple of months.

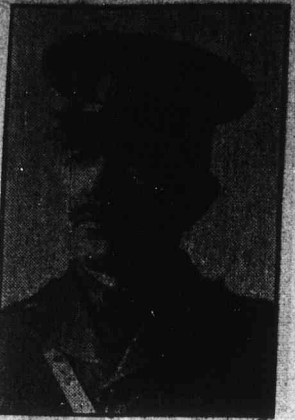
DOMINION GLASS COMPANY.

The Dominion Glass Company has declared its regular quarterly preferred dividend of 1 1/2 per cent, payable April 1st to shareholders of record March 12.

REGULAR B.N.A. DIVIDEND.

A dividend of 40 shillings per share, less income tax, being at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, has been declared by the Bank of British North America.

The transfer books will be closed from 20th inst to 1st prox. inclusive.



LT. COL. J. A. GUNN.

Whose regiment, the 24th "Victoria Rifles," is now at full strength. The probabilities are that the regiment will shortly be sent to the front.

THEATRICAL NEWS

"WHAT HAPPENED TO MARY"—His Majesty's.

Another comedy will be staged at His Majesty's next week by the Anker Stock Company. "What Happened to Mary," is the name of the offering while Owen Davis, who has written many clever plays, is the author. "What Happened to Mary" has been successful wherever presented and should please the patrons of His Majesty's. The first act is laid at Moses' Island, Delaware Bay, and gives ample scope to the artist for beautiful scenic effects. The play is full of bright lines and strong situations. Miss Mildred Page will be seen as Mary and the twelve other characters are in competent hands.

"SERGEANT KITTY"—PRINCESS.

The Princess Musical Comedy Company have chosen a most delightful motive to work upon next week and it should prove one of their successes. "Sergeant Kitty" is a good musical comedy verging upon military theme.

The action takes place in 1830 at the village of Montigny, in France, and at the camp of the 22nd Hussars. Miss Dorothy Maynard will be seen in the title role, and the balance of the company will appear in suitable characters, with the large chorus as soldiers, officers, gendarmes and peasants.

LAST DONALDA SUNDAY MUSICAL.

The last concert of the Donalda series will be held at His Majesty's Theatre on Sunday next at 8 o'clock with two special features for the programme, Miss Lucile Collette and Mr. Rafael Diaz. Madame Donalda will also sing.

Miss Collette, although only 18 years of age, is a violinist of great merit. Her playing is authoritative and is as finished as that of an artist of more years and experience. In 1911 Miss Collette took the first prize in Paris for her violin work, and the same degree of merit for her musique d'ensemble. Last year she took the first prize for the piano in the class of the great artist Raoul Pugno.

Rafael Diaz, the tenor, has a voice of first rate quality and good training, and sings with simplicity, and a fine sense of artistic obligation. He met with decided success, though only a young man, on his recent tour with Tetrazini.

Canada's War Taxes and American Trade

(Continued from Page 5).

ada. Perhaps there will not be much decrease in the Canadian purchases in the American market. The increase of duties applying to iron and steel goods are expected to increase the business of the home Canadian companies. It would seem that the tendency would be to increase costs of construction work of all kinds quite noticeably. The Canadian railways are especially affected by the new taxes. Their requirements in the way of iron and steel, steam coal, and other supplies, will be more expensive to them. One report has it that the Grand Trunk officials estimate that the new taxes will take something like \$700,000 a year out of that company. The duties on what they have to buy abroad are increased. Then they are hit by the stamp tax on checks. Probably the two cent tax on checks will cost the Canadian Pacific \$240,000 a year in case of their monthly pay checks alone.

Another impost on the railways is seen in the tax on railway tickets and on sleeping car and parlor car tickets. The tax in case of railway tickets amounts to 1 per cent. No doubt these items will be passed on to the travelling public—in fact the budget speech clearly intimates that the railway companies are to collect the tax and forward it to the government.

The above mentioned points indicate how Canada's purchases from the United States may be decreased through the working of the new taxes. So far as Canadian sales to the United States are concerned it is probable that the heavy demands here for supplies of various kinds wanted by the British, French and Russian Governments may cause a falling off in our sales to the United States. These sales to Europe, like the American sales to the same parties, are made at high prices, and the manufacturers and producers in Canada are getting very fair profits on the transactions. On the other hand there are some factors in the present situation working in the direction of increase of trade.

Already there is a fairly large list of Canadian provinces, municipalities, and railways who have succeeded in placing new issues of securities in New York. In some cases it is understood that when making the loans the New York bankers have been able to make arrangements for expenditure of the proceeds in part through purchases of goods from American industries. It is expected in the Canadian centres that further loans of this nature will be arranged in New York, and that the transactions when completed will help to increase the trade between the two countries. Of course every fresh loan granted to Canada also helps to correct the abnormal situation in exchange as prevailing in Montreal and Toronto. Owing to Canada's indisposition to part with gold freely, New York funds have been running here at from 3/4 to 1/2 per cent. premiums. Proceeds of new loans in New York tend to help out this situation through giving the Canadian banks balances at the American centre against which they may draw.

NOTES ON PUBLIC UTILITIES

The annual meeting of the National Telephone Company, which was to have been held at Quebec on Monday, has been postponed until the 11th of April next.

St. Thomas, (Ont.) street railway returns for February show a decided falling off from the same period in 1914, there being a deficit of \$265.06 in the cash fares and ticket sales and a total shortage of 6,845 passengers. The ticket sales for 1914 were \$979.75 and for 1915, but \$221.25. The cash fares last year were \$778.39 and this year but \$664.30, while 41,284 passengers were carried in 1915, as compared with 34,489 this year.

The Formosa Electric Light Company has been formed at Walkerton, Ont., and purposes running a line to connect with the Walkerton Light Company's wires at Midland. The sum of \$5,000 has been subscribed and the following officers appointed: President, F. A. Heinz; secretary-treasurer, G. G. Beninger; directors, F. McCue, A. Opperman, J. H. Sheffer. Besides carrying electric current to Formosa it is planned to supply farms en route.

The Phipps group of capitalists are behind a \$10,000,000 public utility corporation, which has been granted a charter in Delaware. The company is the central California Electric Corporation. The latitude given by the charter in the public utility field is wide, particularly in operating telephone and telegraph companies. The incorporators are Lawrence C. Phipps and M. D. Thatcher, of Dover, and Delos A. Phipps and Arthur B. West, of Riverside, Cal.

The city of Louisville has accepted the ten year contract for park lighting submitted by the Louisville Gas & Electric Co. The contract specifies a minimum of 234 lamps to be lighted all night and every light at a price of \$35 per lamp per annum. The boulevards and parks which will be lighted by the new system of ornamental lighting are at present lighted partly by gasoline units. The new system will give about twice as much service for about the same expense to the city.

West Virginia is expected shortly to have a new law relating to hydro-electric developments. The measure has passed the State Senate and will become law when certain amendments have been concurred in by the lower house. Under the new law no permit can be issued to any company to make a water-power development in West Virginia, unless the corporation making such development is chartered under West Virginia laws. This provision will eliminate several companies which have been trying for the last two years to secure permits. All dams are to be erected under State supervision.

The Quebec Railway, Light, Heat and Power Company has passed in a recent storm. The exceptional hurricane of sleet and rain made it difficult to restore the different services back to their normal condition. Good headway was made with the street car service. Expenses incurred through the storm will total \$10,000, while the loss in revenue is likely to reach \$25,000. The Dorchester Electric Company, who have the supplying the street lighting have the full system in operation now. For the past couple of days the lights have been on in the streets in the lower wards, but in the upper levels they were only partially on.

The Birmingham Waterworks Co. has conceded nearly every point the city has asked, and when the new contract rates become effective April 1, Birmingham, Alabama, will obtain the lowest water rates it has ever enjoyed. The rates are at least 25 per cent. lower than those now in effect—in some cases the difference will be far greater. According to the contract accepted by the city the minimum is ten per cent. lower than it was under the terms of 97-C, and the rates for stores are reduced greatly. Also, there is a clause providing special concessions for "vacancies" which is entirely new in Birmingham. The city obtains the right to purchase the plant under the most favorable terms. At any time after April 1, by giving the Birmingham Waterworks Co. four months' notice in writing, the city can exercise its right to buy. The purchase price may be set by agreement with the city, or should this fail, methods are provided to settle the entire price or any part of it by a Board of Appraisalment.

UNITED STATES RUBBER CO. NAMES ITS 1915 PRICES FOR FOOT-WEAR.

Boston, Mass., March 3.—United States Rubber Co. has named its Jan. 1 footwear prices. This may sound a bit paradoxical, because under normal conditions the January prices would have been scheduled two months ago. But conditions in the crude rubber market have been radically disturbed by the vicissitudes of the European war, and the big Rubber Co. felt it was wise to wait until the course of the crude rubber market, following the lifting of the embargo, was definitely known. The new prices will be 5 p.c. lower on light weight goods and 10 p.c. lower on heavy than a year ago, this cut being founded on the lower cost of crude rubber. The average reduction applied to volume is about 8 p.c. The consumer is fully protected by the fact that the prices named are retroactive to Jan. 1.

MÁPES-JOHNSON PROSPECTS.

Brantford, Ont., March 3.—E. L. Gould has returned to the city after an inspection of the Mapes-Johnson property at Cobalt, of which Brantfordites have control.

Samples brought home indicate good prospects both from trepching 10 feet from the surface, and from the 100 and 193 feet levels.

One piece assayed 3,000 ounces to the ton.

NIPPISING ABANDONS OPTION.

Cobalt, Ont., March 3.—Owing to the fact that the ore shoot on the 300-foot level of the Teck-Hughes suddenly pinched out, the Nipissing Mining Company has abandoned its option on that property.

The zone of enrichment at the 300-foot level was 12 feet wide, but two-thirds of this width ran very low in gold contents, although the vein proper was as rich as the average grade of the Kirkland Lake ore.

The Nipissing took up the option on the understanding that they would buy control at the rate of 18 cents a share in the two-million-dollar company. They were to arrive at a final decision in August. Each month a certain amount of money had to be spent in development, which was to be returned to them in stock.

The deal was made with the Great Northern Silver Mines, which has control of the Teck-Hughes stock. The Great Northern is not in a position to finance operations itself, so that if the mine is again worked it will have to be by some other company. In the district the mine was regarded as quite promising, and its closing down was a surprise.

HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Journal of Commerce Bowlers Defeat Montreal News in Competition at Duck-Pins

WANDERERS vs. TORONTOS

Boston Baseball Fans, in Order to Avoid Confusion, are Demanding That The Players Should Be Numbered—Champions of O. H. A. Go West.

The members of the mechanical staff of the Journal of Commerce are pretty lively players on the alleys with the big pins, but they demonstrated last evening, at the Belmont, that they can also train their eyes on the diminutive duck pins. Not only did they, in a contest with the Montreal News, win three straight games, but they piled up an average of 221.3, as against 264.1 for their opponents. Here are the scores:—

Table with 4 columns: Player Name, Journal of Commerce Score, Montreal News Score, and Total Score.

The scheduled season in the National Hockey Association will be brought to a close at the Arena to-night, when the Wanderers meet the Torontos. The present champions are in a bad way, and will be once more without the services of Cameron. The Wanderers were never free of injuries, and are prepared to put up a great argument.

Twenty members of the Chicago National League team began their spring training at Tampa, Fla.

Ottawa is anxious that Wanderers should go to Toronto on Saturday to play the Shamrocks the postponed game. Martin Rosenthal, the secretary of the Senators, is under the impression that it is merely a misunderstanding that has arisen between the Wanderers and the Shamrocks, and that mutual explanations will obviate further difficulties.

The Brooklyn "Feds" have released Pitcher Mordecai Brown, and he will be added to the pitching staff of either the Buffalo or Chicago clubs.

Mike Gibbons, of St. Paul, was awarded a newspaper decision over Eddie McGorry, of Oshkosh, Wis., in a ten round no-decision bout at Hudson, Wis.

The game that perhaps has most bearing on the N. H. A. race to-night is the meeting between Quebec and Ottawa at the Ancient Capital. The Quebecs have been playing a very fine game lately, and may take a fall out of the Senators. In which case the championship will go to the Wanderers.

Boston fans demand that ball players be numbered. Much confusion last year over persons mistaking Bill James for Rabbit Maraville. If crowds are small next season the ball clubs may order all spectators numbered so as to make it easy for the players.

Draws were the order of the day at the Montreal Sporting Club, Eddie Moran, of New York, was pitted against Young Cohen, the local featherweight, while Harry Bingham and Johnny Burke, of New York, tried conclusions. Young Cohen made quite a reputation for himself in holding his opponent—a man of great experience.

The Canadians have gone to Toronto, where they meet the Shamrocks. The game is of no particular consequence to anyone, and will excite little comment.

James A. Gilmor, president of the Federal League, declared that the league will build a permanent park in Newark, N.J., and has no intention of transferring the Newark club to New York.

The Victorias, champions of the O. H. A., who are now on their way west, have laid claim to the Allan cup on the ground that the Melville team, put up to represent Saskatchewan, is not qualified under the cup rules.

Jack Curley, promoter of the Johnson-Willard bout, originally set for March 6th, at Juarez, Mexico, still hopes to be able to arrange matters with Johnson.

By 14 goals to 5, the Monarchs of Winnipeg disposed of the Fort William hockeyists in the return game, thereby winning the round by the score of 16 to 19, and entering the next round of the Allan Cup series.

Willis Ritchie, the deposed world's lightweight champion, is in New York to prepare for his ten-round bout with Champion Freddie Welsh at the Madison Square Gardens on March 11th. Ritchie says he wants it arranged so that Welsh will have to fight.

The Vancouverians have landed the championship of the Pacific Coast Hockey League by defeating Victoria 14 goals to 19.