Che Bome Mission Journal.

A record of Missionary, San lay School and Temper one work, and a resorter of classes and notational action as, and part of a sea monolay.

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Our New Serial.

Having finished the story, "Railreading with Christ," with our last issue, we now begin a new serial entitled, "The Coming of Catoline, It is a story of thrilling interest, and we feel some that those of our readers who appreciate a stary of real life as this is, will be pleased with its perusal. We are careful in selecting serials for this paper, to choose one that presents a typical or ideal character. Searching that tends to enoble the minds of our young people. The feelings, disposition and temperament at youth are largely made up of what kind of Interature they read. If their minds are fed with sensational, or viciating novels they will find it difficult to cherish high moral principles. But a story of Christian heroism, or of good word behaviour on the part of a young per-m persevered in through many trials tends to uplift the youthful mind, and for that reason, and with that object in view we reproduce these stories.

The Coming of Careline.

BY NAMY E. Q. BAURH.

CHAPTER I.

HE big wax doll leaned languidly against a divan made of boxes containing manicure sets, and stared thanely with great, blue eyes at Mrs Rossman.

When that lady laid her flat on the counter.

When that Lacy had near had a when the lacetrinning corsage was squeezed slightly, there was a muffled whitring inside and then there came forth a husky squeak which a visit imagination might affirm was "Mamma," There were crowds of children in the street at

These were crowds of children in the start at aftermoon of December the overstyden the them soft little bodies pushed and josded Mrs. Rossman as she stood there, examining the big dolf. There were children of all sorts and conditionsfrom the petted darling in white plush, clock and satin hood, to the little match-girl in her mother's tattered shawl, with a torn handketchief for bend year.

But not one of the children belonged to Mrs. Rossman—more's the pity! A glance at ker pale, worn face revealed the hungering mother-love, the ever-yearning desire, the bitter consciousness of loss and desolation. The face itself was of the Madonna type with its low, broad brow, and waves of hair parting softly over it; the deep, brooding dark eyes, the tender, wistful month.

A rarely beautiful woman had Mrs. Rossman once been, when health, joy and pride of life had been hers, but now her countenance was as a garden over which a storm had passed. Yet she was still young, though a widow and childless, and esteeming herself as one who has reached the end of the pleasant path marking a happy interest in people and things and her own affairs.

She looked with lack-lustre eyes at the faces of the children taronged about her; their shrill clamor jarred on her nerves, nevertheless something impelled her to watch them. Half involuntarily she sought to find in some one of the dozen faces a resemblance to the child she had loved and lost. But a mocking smile soon curled her lips. "Commonplace faces! Ordinary faces every one of them?" she said to herself with a mother's proud partiality. "Not one of them

has the soul sweetness, the grace and refinement of rw little Lois! They simply add to the formber of life; the would have added to its worth its teader beauty. But she was taken and they are 1,500.

Mis. Resemen hiel down the del'--its still males standing up like blue and white billows all mound it -and walked queetly out of the

"I was foolish to go in there! I'm sure I don't know what taile not! If that, I suppose, or the subtle uninence of the sussent may be a morbid desire to teat open the huit-headed wound, or risiby whem to gratify taisself for the noment by mengining that my surrow was hat an exidence in the all was as loyents as it once was, and that I must perform the happy duty of selecting projects, here use it was the day before Christians, and underly shaply eyes—an't those dear cyshow will be all expectant for the green tree, and comelsely's stockings were to be linuing up to make."

Mr. Raseman want slowly down the street. The firsts are was all a trible with merry sleighbells; new raffer societatis likely and agraded in the smoothic and a fringe of lendes glittered along the caves of the houses. There was suffered to in almost every face, and one heard nearly lightest of laughter; and valces with gay Christmas greetings in them rang out here and three. The slops were decked with the greenery of laurel and ground place and bright with hollsberif s; wagous from the country came exaking in trading the fragrance of Christmas trees.

berties; wagens from the country came excaking in trading the fragrance of Christmas trees.

Suchends along the white road came a gleam of silver plated learness—a gliouse of horses ground notif their backs and limbs shone like back sain. There was a lavels display of rich fur toles, crimon lived with a large, luxurious sleegh, its accurages tielty and warmly strayed.

back sain. There was a layed display of rich fut robes, crimson lined, with a large, luxurious sleep, its occupants tichly used a trinly arrayed.

As R in it's to be blowed the fine equipage. That is Mrs. Gregory!" she said with a touch of scent in ler tone. "Her child died two years ago—the same day my little Lois was taken! She heard grieved herself to death, I've bent told. She is a middle-aged woman—the child was her all! But it seems that now she has find to conside herself. She has adopted a child—a little girl, a foundling it is said. And Mrs. Gregory spanses are on everybody's tougue. She has set an example for all childless people of means," I heard that the minister had spoken of it and commended it in prayer-meeting the other transmit.

evening!

"Suffer little children to come unto me is a sating that seems to be variously construed. One of the meanings seems to be that the large, entity homes of the wealthy are to become a sort of miresty or kindergunen for the offspring of the outest or the indigent. Well!"—here Mrs. Ressman's stepe quickened impatiently. "Well as if the boly love of parenthood was a thing of bar or. You buy, beg or borrow a child, feed, chairs and educate it, and in return for this it is supposed to give you love and reverence. The mystery of the blood-tie, the holy right and revelege woon by the mother's fond expectation, her painful sufferings—these are lost sight of How can a woman really love an adopted child? She might like it, or feel an interest in it, but for real love—why," and here Mrs. Rossman's small foot came down with a sudden stamp in the soft snow—why, if I were to take a child into my home. I defed as though I were trying to obliterate the image of my dead darling; that I was selfishly trying to banish my sacred grief by a little formumery!"

She walked on silently after this fierce little outbreak, but her thoughts were still busily at work. By this time, she had left the main street of the town; its rierry bells and bustle were far behind her; she was on the outskirts now; the houses were few and straggling. On one side, the open fields lay white and glittering in the sun. A strip of woodland bordering the road reached out evergreen boug's heavy-laden with winter's ermine; there was the promise of a splendid sunset in the western sky and cloud-jewels of ruby and topaz, pearls and amethyst, were being strung on threads of gold. Something of the beauty and peace of the scene began to creep into the heart of the lonely woman, hushing in a degree the tumult reging there.

A flock of birds were hopping and twittering along the stone wall beside the road, merrily feasting in holiday slee on the dry, purple berries of the woodbine trading its leafless length there.

"It is said that he careth for these!" Mrs

Rossman said, and her lip quivered. "Not one of them shall fall to the ground without his knowing it. Is this only a far-away, pretty, pactic fancy! If it is something more—if it is fore?—with sudden energy—"then how about the men and women who fall crushed and broken! How about my heart, so sore and empty? How about my life void of everything." Then the thought that had come into her mind, returned

"As for my adopting a child myself." she continued, reflectively, "it would be a bit of folly! I couldn't do it even if I wanted to! Mrs. Gregory—oh well, Mrs. Gregory! She is rich and able to gratify every whim. But I am poor! I cannot pose as a benefactor. I have to work hard to support myself, or at least to make no large intoads on my small income. The feeding and clothing of a child are no small items—yet how gladly I could have done it for hitte Lois! Self-denial and hardships for her! Toiling until late into the hight—that would have been a joy and an inspiration! But for no one else! I could not have the patience to do it for an adopted child!"—this lest with a little touch of contemps.

To be Continued.

Baptist Doctrines.

The Spirituality of the Church.

LEMUEL MOSS IS. D.

CCORDING to the New Testament, membership in the Christian Church must be preceded by discipleship with Jesus Christ. Regeneration, faith, conver-sion, the personal acceptance of Christ as Savior and Sovereign, the consciousness of the forgiveness of sin, and the free and joyous purpose of obedience to all the commands of Christ—these all are antecedent to Church membership and conditions requisite to it. Baptism, which is, in a sense, the door of entrance into the Church, is itself a profession of an intelligent personal faith in Christ. Baptism cannot be the means of salvation, nor an instrument of regeneration, since the ordinance itself has no significance except as administered to one who is already a believer and because he is a believer. This is the unvarying teaching of the New Testament Scripture. Luke says, concerning Peter and his hearers on the Day of Pente-"They then that welcomed his words cost: were baptized; and there were added on that day about three thousand souls; and they were constantly attending on the teaching of the apostles, and the fellowship, the breaking of bread, and the prayers." (Acts ii: 41, 42.) No description the prayers." (Acts ii: 41, 42.) No description could better cover and include all that can be meant when we speak of the Spirituality of the Church; that is, the spiritual characteristics and activities of the individual members of the Church.

Very naturally this subject is often mentioned in the apostolic epistles, as they are for the most part addressed to organized churches; and it would be well for our readers to take up these letters one by one, with this thought in mind and go over them carefully, noticing how im-pressively and instructively the writers continually emphasize the importance of the spirituality in mind and heart and conduct of all who are professed disciples of Christ and therefore members of Christian churches. "For as the body is one and has many members, and all the members of the body, being many, are one body, so also is Christ. "For in one Spirit we were all baptized into one body, whether Jews or Greeks, whether bond or free; and were all made to . Now ye are drink of one Spirit. Now y Christ's body, and severally members of it. Cor. xii: 12-27.) "So, then, ye are no longer strangers and sojourners, but ye are fellow-citizens with the saints and of the household of God; having been built on the foundation of the apostles and prophets, Christ Jesus Himself being the chief corner-stone; in whom every building, fitly framed together, is, growing into a holy temple in the Lord; in whom ye also are being builded together into a habitation of God in the (Eph. ii: 19-22.) Regenerated by the