

- Dyeing fabrics, c, m.
 - Polishing material, c, m.
 - Oil, fat, and soap manufacture:
 - Manufacture of soap, c.
 - Manufacture of glycerine, c.
 - Manufacture of candles, c.
 - Renovating fats, greases, tallow, butter, c, m.
 - Removing the acidity of oils and petroleum, c, m.
 - Lubricating greases, c, m.
 - Paint and varnish manufacture:
 - Cold-water paint, c, m.
 - Refining linseed oil, c, m.
 - Manufacture of linoleum, c, m.
 - Manufacture of varnish, c, m.
 - Paper industry:
 - Soda method, c.
 - Sulphite method, m.
 - For strawboard, c, m.
 - As a filler, c, m.
 - Preserving industry:
 - Preserving eggs, c.
 - Sanitation:
 - As a disinfectant and deodorizer, c.
 - Purification of water for cities, c.
 - Purification of sewage, c.
 - Smelting industry:
 - Reduction of iron ores, c, m.
 - Sugar manufacture:
 - Beet root, c.
 - Molasses, c.
 - Tanning industry:
 - Tanning cowhides, c.
 - Tanning goat and kid hides, c, m.
 - Water softening and purifying, c, m.
- (NOTE: High calcium lime is indicated by "c", magnesian, and dolomitic lime by "m.")
- Aerated Water and Carbon Dioxide making. Whiting and magnesite are used for the production of carbon dioxide (CO₂)