

spots they raise maize Potatoes peas & Beans, with a little wheat & oats. The whole extent of ground under Indian Cultivation at this Station, does not exceed 300 acres. The Hunting Grounds which were set apart for the Nipissing and Algonquin Tribes and which have been enjoyed by them, and their ancestors, long before and since the Conquest of Canada by the British, is that vast tract of land, lying on either side of the River Ottawa & Little Rivers, from Grenville as far up as Lake Nipissing (a distance of 120 miles) that is comprehending both banks of the Ottawa and of the River. Katakangu, called by the voyageurs the little river. — By a Proclamation of His Majesty King George the Third, given at the Court of St James, on the 1st day of October 1763, and promulgated to these Tribes, as well as to all others of North America, by the Honble Sir William Johnson Baronet and Superintendent General of Indian Affairs — in a Proclamation dated at Johnson Hall on the 24th day of December 1763, did expressly declare and provide that the lands claimed by the Indians as their Hunting grounds, are reserved to them for that purpose, and that they shall not under any pretence whatever, be molested or disturbed in the possession thereof, unless they should be inclined to dispose of the same, in which case, it is further declared and provided, that the same should be purchased at some Public meeting or Assembly to be held for that purpose, for the King in His Royal Name. By the Governor or Commander in Chief. — This has not been one of the extensive Grants, have been made by Government & converted or erected into Townships and Settlements.