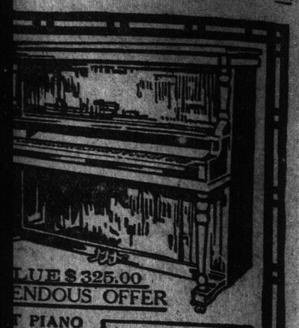

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The jumbled letters given above represent the names of Four Great Canadian Rivers. To help you solve them we have undeclined the first letter in each name. The first is St. Lawrence. Now guess the rest and send us in your solution of all four names in your very neatest and best handwriting.

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MILLIONAIRE'S TRIP TO BONNY RIVER UP IN DIVORCE SUIT

George Man Tells of Thomos G. Plant and Girl's Visit to Camp—Mrs. Plant Gets Marital Knot Dissolved on the Evidence in Boston Court.

oston, Mass., Oct. 29—The news that . Caroline G. Plant, society leader, had ured a divorce from Thomas G. Plant, illionaire shoe manufacturer, took al- t secondary interest today to the ques- of what financial settlement was ex- ed in the case. Mrs. Plant did not alimony, yet she had originally attach- her husband's property for $1,500,000. he testimony given is remarkable. Ac- ing to the evidence, Mr. Plant first the girl in the case when she was loyed as waitress in his private dining at the factory. She was uncouth and tored, yet seems to have exerted a nge fascination over the millionaire. evidence showed that he took steps ave her educated and planned to mar- ier as soon as he could secure a di- e.

e name of the girl was given as Kath- Hadley, or Haberlay, a native of and. Mrs. Plant told the court that 909 Plant and a young woman stayed Plant Camp" Bonney River, N. B. and . Stephen.

interesting witness was John C. Mc- of St. George, N. B. He testified: n the fall of 1909 I had dealings with Plant. I took his baggage from St. ge to his camp about twenty-five . It was on a Sunday in the early of October, 1909. There was a woman him, at the Carlton House in St. ge and at McLougall Lake. We had xpress wagon and took them and the ge to the shore of the lake, and then across the lake in the direction of 's camp."

witness was shown a picture of a n understood to be Miss Hadley and that while he thought it was the wo- he had seen at the lake she was at the time. McGirr further testi- that Plant said: "If you happen to t Mr. Sullivan's don't tell him any- about my being here, because my and he don't get along very well to- r, and she did not want to stay ."

orge A. Martin, of Calais, Me., con- d with a hotel there, on whose regis- he signature of Mr. Plant for himself wife had already been identified, testi- hat in the fall of 1909 Mr. Plant and man were assigned to a room in the

Plant case was the one referred a St. George despatch on Oct. 23, it was announced that a detective isited that place.

GRADES OF ONTARIO FLOUR DOWN 25 CENTS

Thursday, Oct. 31.

grades of Ontario flour declined -five cents at noon yesterday. There en no change in Manitoba patents, ice still remaining at $6.25, while are now $5.85. There is a prob- that Manitoba patents will go low- the market is declared uncertain. fficult to foretell just what changes sue on account of the complications Balkans. The abundant Manitoba had led to the belief that prices range fairly low this fall, and this to be the case unless the Balkan interfere.

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

VOL. LII. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1912 NO 11

POLLING IN U. S. ELECTIONS TODAY

Wilson a Big Favorite for President Among Betting Men

Roosevelt Forces Confident of Beating Taft---Bull Moosers Hope to Capture Illinois and California---Final Appeals by Presidential Candidates in Home Districts---Democrats Sanguine of Controlling the Next Senate.

Canadian Press

New York, Nov. 4—The most vigorous presidential fight of recent years came to an end tonight with the leading candidates for the nation's chief office continuing their personal appeals to voters almost to the last moment.

President Taft, speaking from his train in Ohio, on his trip to Cincinnati, Colonel Roosevelt addressing voters at Long Island points close to Oyster Bay and Governor Wilson addressing meetings at Paterson and Passaic, gave to the conclusion of the long campaign a touch of personal activity that emphasized the interest in tomorrow's balloting.

More than the presidency is at stake in the elections tomorrow. The Republican forces have concentrated their efforts in doubtful states to prevent an overturn of local organizations, or a capture of the legislatures in states heretofore safely Republican.

The Democrats have made an organized assault on a number of states to control the legislatures, so that the majority in the United States senate may be swung to the Democratic column.

Democrats Expect to Control Senate.

Against Republican predictions that the senate will remain Republican, the Democratic national leaders today claim enough states to give them the senate, and to greatly swell their majority in the house of representatives, which they captured in 1910.

Few American campaigns have run through a longer period of heated controversy. The fight for the presidency to terminate at the ballot boxes tomorrow, was under way early in February, and has scarcely lagged since that time. Out of the eight men who were active candidates for presidential nominations early in the summer, three candidates, representing three parties, whose relative strength is still a matter of conjecture, remain to solicit the voters' support tomorrow.

The influence of women in the compaign will probably be greater than in any previous election. Each national headquarters has had an organized bureau to appeal to women workers, presided over by women well known in public and social life. In the six western states where women will vote, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, California, Idaho and Washington, their ballots will be an active factor in the results. In five other states Arizona, Michigan, Kansas, Oregon and Wisconsin, the right of women to vote will be an issue at the polls.

Fair weather is predicted for the majority of states. The uncertainty caused by the third party ticket, the more than ordinarily urgent appeal of party managers to all voters to go to the polls, and the local machinery, indicate a record vote in almost all sections of the country, a popular presidential vote of huge proportions.

Hot Fight in Ohio.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 4—President Taft spent the last day before the election in a leisurely trip across his home state, addressing crowds in more than a dozen cities and tonight reached his home city, where tomorrow he will cast his ballot. The Democrats tonight ended their long campaign in the state with a final rally in Toledo, the Republicans and Progressives having finished their efforts Saturday night.

Leaders of each of the three parties are making claims of victory tonight. Governor Harmon, returned from Columbus to vote, expressed his conviction that Governor Wilson would carry the state and said he believed President Taft would run second. Both the Democrats and Republicans claim they will elect a majority of the twenty-two members of congress to be chosen.

Progressive candidates for congress entered the field in only a few more than half of the congressional districts. Almost equal to the interest in the presidential election here is the contest for congress in the first district, comprising the city of Cincinnati between Nicholas Longworth, Republican candidate, and son-in-law of Colonel Roosevelt, and the Democratic candidate Stanley E. Bowdle, an attorney, a member of the recent constitutional convention. M. E. Andrews is the candidate on the Progressive ticket.

Big Vote Expected in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 4—Preparations for the election in Indiana have been completed and according to the party managers here, providing the weather is at all propitious the largest vote ever cast in the state will be polled. The returns from the larger cities are expected to be coming in early, because in most of these counties voting machines have been installed.

Wilson a Big Favorite.

New York, Nov. 4—A curb broker had $10,000 to wager on Wilson at 5 to 1 yesterday. No money appeared to cover the small end.

A bet was made of $1,000 to $2,000 that Roosevelt would carry eight States.

A curb broker offered $1,000 to $800 that Roosevelt would get more popular votes than Taft.

At Schumm's $5,000 has been bet that Hedges beats Straus and $5,000 even that Roosevelt beats Taft in New York state. There is offered the following: $1,00 even that Roosevelt does not carry five states, $2,000 at 2 to 1 on Sulzer, $2,000 even that Straus beats Hedges, $500 even that Straus does not carry ten counties, $500 even that Wilson gets more votes than Sulzer in the state.

Illinois Claimed by All.

Chicago, Nov. 4—Betting odds tonight favored the Democratic national ticket and the Republican state ticket to carry Illinois with the Progressive national ticket a close second to the Democratic ticket. Roy O. Yost, Republican state chairman, declared that President Taft and Governor Deneen would carry the state by 125,000.

Arthur W. Charles, Democratic state chairman, announced that Wilson and Edward Dunne, Democratic candidate for governor, would win by a tremendous majority. He also said that the Democrats would elect eighteen of the twenty-five congressmen-at-large to be elected.

Chauncey Dewey, Progressive state chairman, predicted a plurality of 150,000 for Roosevelt and Frank H. Funk, Progressive candidate for governor.

Indications tonight pointed to a heavy Socialist vote in Chicago and several other cities.

California Likely Close.

San Francisco, Nov. 4—California for Roosevelt and Johnston by 30,000, for Wilson and Marshall by 20,000 were the predictions of rival campaign managers on the eve of the election. The result lay with the women voters. Professional predictions, aside, it was the best opinion of politicians of all parties that the addition of La Follette and Taft strength to the normal Democratic vote by reason of the inability of Taft supporters to vote for Taft electors in this state would make the contest extremely close.

LONDON LAWSUIT REVEALS $740,000 PICTURE SALE

Sir George Donaldson, Who Sold Collection of Old Masters to Senator Clark, Sued for $100,000 Commission.

London, Nov. 4—The sale to ex-Senator William A. Clark, of Montana, of a collection of old masters for $740,000 by Sir George Donaldson, is the subject of a suit which began in the Lord Chief Justice's court here.

Alfred G. Temple, the well known expert and director of the art gallery of the corporation of London, is suing Sir George Donaldson for $100,000 commission on the sale. At first Mr. Clark bought pictures of the value of only $170,000 and Mr. Temple received his commission on that transaction. Later on, however, Mr. Clark purchased the balance of the collection, and Mr. Temple is now suing for the commission. The late Edwin Abbey, it was explained, refused to accept a commission and would not allow Sir George Donaldson to give his wife a present.

A letter was read from Sir George Donaldson to Mr. Temple complaining that the latter was acting too quickly. In it Sir George says: "Wait until your hare is on the field. Then start the dogs. Oh, you innocent lamb! Kopp of Old Bond street has his measure and is trying to get him to make an offer for a portrait, but I anticipate failure and if your letters have gone at this inopportune moment the game has been given away. Remember the blase buyer only wants to buy when the holder of fine things don't want to sell. Put a pinch of that salt on your bird's tail."

The case was adjourned.

U. S. SUPREME COURT BARS INJUNCTION WITHOUT NOTICE

Washington, Nov. 4—In promulgating today the first revision of the equity rules of federal courts in the last fifty years, the Supreme Court of the United States prohibited the granting of preliminary injunctions without notice, and restricted the granting of temporary restraining orders. The court embodied in the new rule many of the points of the Clayton anti-injunction bill for which labor leaders have been fighting and which has passed the house and waits in the senate.

THAT "EMERGENCY"

Just Trying To Scare Mother—a Sort of Hallow'een Affair—Toronto Star

LIBERALS WILL OPPOSE HON. MR. CODERRE

Conference at Ottawa Decided to Put a Strong Candidate in the Field in Hochelaga.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, Nov. 4—Several prominent Liberal leaders of Montreal are at the capital today, among them being Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux and Aime Geoffrion, ex-M. P. for Chambly-Vercheres.

The visitors were in conference with Sir Wilfrid Laurier this morning in connection with the choice of a candidate to run against Hon. Louis Coderre for re-election in Hochelaga.

No definite decision was reached this morning, and Mr. Lemieux left for Montreal in the afternoon, but it is expected that, as a result of advice from the Liberal leader the choice will be made in Montreal either tonight or tomorrow morning.

It is certain that the Liberal party will have a strong and able candidate in the field.

It is generally conceded here by both parties that Mr. Coderre will have a strenuous fight for re-election in the constituency.

SUFFRAGETTES NEARLY CAUGHT HOME SECRETARY

Mr. McKenna Prevented from Speaking, Escaped Mauling by Fleeing Through Side Door of Hall.

London, Nov. 4—The Home Secretary Reginald McKenna, was prevented from making a speech tonight in Holborn town hall because of the uproar created by Suffragettes. The secretary escaped a mauling by fleeing with his wife through a side door.

ENGLISH CAPITALIST FIFTH VICTIM OF POISONED FOOD

Believed to Have Got the Fatal Dose in Colorado Mining Camp Boarding House.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 4—With the death of John Leverson Gower, an English capitalist, at Colorado Springs last night, the mystery surrounding the supposed poisoning of several persons at the Mary Murphy Mine, near Buena Vista, two weeks ago, has deepened.

Five deaths already have occurred among persons who ate in the boarding house October 21. George E. Collins, general manager of the mine, declared that the investigation made by physicians of the food eaten at the boarding house disclosed no traces of ptomaine poisoning.

BALKAN WAR BAD FOR CANADIAN RAILWAY WORK

3,000 Bulgarian Workmen Drop Shovel and Pick and Start for Home to Fight the Turks.

Cobalt, Ont., Nov. 4—The labor situation in construction camps on the Transcontinental Railway is becoming serious on account of the large exodus of Bulgarians back to their native country. Last night's train took 140 foreigners, mostly Bulgarians on the first stage of the journey from Cochrane, while last week over 500 men left their work for the front. Contractors who a few weeks ago were short of men, are facing a worse shortage, as it is expected that many more will leave this week for Bulgaria, and authorities on the question state that before the middle of the month contractors will have lost upwards of 3,000 employes who have gone back to their native country to fight the Turks.

REV. F. J. McMURRAY NOT TO LEAVE WOODSTOCK

Report That He Is to Accompany Archbishop Casey to the Coast Unfounded — Missionary Institute Opens November 7.

Special to The Telegraph.

Woodstock, N. B., Nov. 4—The missionary education movement of Canada will open a missionary institute here on the 7th instant, continuing for two days. The meetings will be held in the United Baptist and Methodist churches. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. H. S. Priest, of Toronto; Rev. E. S. Hennigar, Rev. M. E. Fletcher, Rev. E. B. Wylie and Rev. A. S. Hazel. The movement is non-denominational, and its aim is to stimulate an interest in all mission work, both home and foreign.

There is no truth in the report that Rev. F. J. McMurray will go to Vancouver with Archbishop Casey. It is understood that the archbishop can take one priest from the diocese if he so desires. Father McMurray is held in high esteem by his parishioners and this feeling is also shared by the people in general, who realize his worth and would deeply regret his removal.

Freight handlers, clerks and accountants of the C. P. R. went out on strike today.

J. S. Kinney, a former resident of Greenfield but now a mine owner and a prominent figure in the business and financial circles in Michigan, is visiting here after an absence of thirty-five years.

CHICAGO SPIRITUALIST GETS 25 YEARS FOR POISONING HER SON

Chicago, Nov. 4—Mrs. Louisa Lindloff, spiritualist and crystal gazer, was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury in Judge Winde's court tonight, and her punishment fixed at twenty-five years in the penitentiary. She was charged with the poisoning of her fifteen-year-old son Arthur. She is also accused of having poisoned three other members of her family.

MONCTON WANTS CHANGE IN FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Representative Committee to Draft a New Constitution—Hockey Meeting Tonight—To Hold Poultry Show.

Moncton, N. B., Nov. 4—(Special)—The board of trade tonight discussed the question of a better form of civic government, board of control or commission. While no definite conclusion was arrived at yet, the consensus of opinion seemed to favor a board of control. A committe from the city council, board of trade and labor unions will deliberate on the question and draft a constitution for a new form of civic government for the consideration of the citizens.

The finance committee tonight decided to recommend that the city council grant $200 towards a poultry exhibition to be held by the Westmorland association about the middle of December.

A meeting of hockey followers will be held tomorrow night to consider the question of organizing for the winter and putting a team in the Maritime Professional League. It cost the backers of the Moncton team considerable last year to win the maritime championship, and the question of paying such high salaries to upper province players will probably cause serious discussion this year.

SACKVILLE FIREMAN BADLY INJURED

Was Thrown from Cart While Going at Rapid Rate and Severely Cut and Bruised.

Sackville, N. B., Nov. 4—(Special)—John O'Blenes, driver for the Sackville fire department, was the victim of a bad accident this afternoon. He had the town horse hitched to a cart and was driving down Lorne street at a rapid rate when the king bolt of the cart broke. O'Blennes was thrown violently to the ground, the wheels of the cart passing over his head, which was cut and bruised. His left arm was also badly injured, the muscles being torn and a blood vessel punctured. It is hoped that he is not injured internally.

HADLEY FAVORED AS TAFT'S RUNNING MATE

New York, Nov. 4—Twenty members of the Republican National Committee have thus far, in an informal poll, expressed their intention to vote for the selection of Governor Hadley of Missouri, to fill the vacancy on the Republican ticket caused by the death of Vice-President Sherman, according to a statement made by Chairman Hilles of the Republican National Committee, tonight, supplementing his announcement last night. There are forty-eight members of the national committee.

Hope to Float Steamer Bellona.

Quebec, Nov. 4—Should the weather continue fine there are good prospects of getting the stranded steamer Bellona afloat. A channel has been sounded from the ship to deep water, which is only a short distance away. On the other hand, if heavy weather sets in the steamer may have to be abandoned.

Founder of Prohibition Party Dead.

Detroit, Nov. 4—"Father" John Russell, founder of the Prohibition party, and the oldest Methodist preacher in the Detroit conference, is dead at the home of his daughter in this city.

POWERS REFUSE TO HELP TURKEY

Decline to Intervene at This Stage and War Must Continue

Ottoman Troops May Make Last Stand at Fortifications Outside Constantinople---Have Lost Most of Their Artillery and Their Hopes of Beating Back the Victorious Bulgarians Are Considered Slim.

Canadian Press

London, Nov. 4—The prospect that a considerable portion of the defeated Turkish army will be able to reform behind the lines of Tchatalja, the last fortification before Constantinople, is not altogether excluded, but whether the Turks will be able to maintain any serious resistance to the Bulgarian advance is a question which permits of doubt.

In the struggle with the allies, the Turks lost more than half their artillery. In fact the Servians alone claim to have captured no less than 300 guns. This will certainly militate against any prolonged stand at Tachatalja.

In a circular note to the Turkish ambassadors abroad the government maintains that although embarrassing, the position of the affairs is not desperate, and declares that when the allies had completed their mobilization, Turkey had barely begun hers. The note insists that Turkey is still able to maintain prolonged warfare.

Up to the present hour there is no sign that anything has come off the Porte's appeal to the powers for mediation. No replies have been received in Constantinople and there is little doubt that when they are received they will embody a declination to consider the idea of proposing an armistice.

Bulgaria in No Mood for Peace.

Apparently Bulgaria is in no mood to negotiate peace at the present time, although fighting is still proceeding on the Tchorlu-Serai line and correspondents are sending reports of Bulgarian and Turkish successes in that neighborhood, according to which side they draw inspiration from.

The official announcement from Constantinople that the Turks are withdrawing to Tchatalja line of forts is not to be doubted, and it is evident that this fighting is merely an extensive rear guard action to cover the movement of the Turks towards Constantinople.

The fall of Adrianople is expected daily. The occupation of the Buk, on the railway between Saloniki and Kuleli Burgas, is the last link of the chain wholly cutting off the Turkish armies which have been fighting the great battles in the east from the scattered forces in the heart of the country and to the west.

It is considered not unlikely that the fear of serious outbreaks in Constantinople may influence the powers to use diplomatic pressure to bring about peace at the earliest moment.

War Must Continue.

London, Nov. 4—Those powers thus far consulted have responded to Turkey's appeal for their mediation in the war by declaring that they could make only proposals for peace and could not approach the Balkan nations with a request for an armistice.

Some of the governments have pointed out that Turkey's proposal for a sessation of hostilities, in other words an armistice would offend the Balkan victors. Other governments take the position that it would be an infringment of international law for the moment.

The war must therefore continue and the Turkish armies which the Porte has at last admitted have been beaten, must keep on with their unequal struggle against the victorious invaders.

It is hoped and believed still that the powers will soon find a formula under which they can offer their good offices.

The terms of peace themselves are a matter entirely for belligerents to settle, Bulgaria having again affirmed that no interference by outsiders will be tolerated by her or her allies who settled the political as well as the military aspect of the campaign before the war was undertaken.

The negotiations which were taking place among the powers when Turkey sprang the surprise of asking for mediation were not over successful. The European governments had not even agreed upon the preliminaries for an offer of mediation. The suggestion made by France to which both Russia and England subscribed, met with nothing but criticism in Austria and she, of course, was backed by Germany and Italy, the other two members of the Triple-Alliance. It is suggested, however, that Austria misunderstood the proposal in regard to "disinterestedness" which was not as believed in Austria, directed against the idea of economic arrangements between Austria and the Balkan league. Still Austria's attitude has caused much uneasiness and reports that she is mobilizing continue to circulate all over Europe.

In the meantime the war is going on and what was left of the Turkish army after the defeat at Lule Burgas, is rushing for supposed safety behind the line of forts at Tchatalja with the Bulgarians left trying to cut them off. It is suggested in some quarters that Hazim Pasha, the Turkish, commander-in-chief, has received reinforcements and is making a last desperate stand to cover the retreat of his shattered forces.

Turks Explaining Their Defeat.

Constantinople, No. 4 (6 p. m.)—None of the powers has yet replied to the porte's request for mediation.

The belief is held here that King Ferdinand will not be sorry to accept European intervention as it is considered that after its tremendous sacrifices, the Bulgarian army must be near exhaustion.

Abdul Lah Pasha, commander of the Turkish eastern army, is still at Tcherkesskeui, and at noon today a Turkish detachment destroyed an important railway bridge at Tchorlu.

It now becomes clear that the deficient commissariat was largely responsible for the Turkish reverses. The Turkish plans aimed at encircling the Bulgarian forces by an advance on the right wing. The Bulgarian general concentrated his efforts on an attack against the Turkish centre at Serai, and the left wing along the railway.

The Turkish right was meeting with much success, but the commissariat broke down completely, owing partly to bad weather which made the roads difficult and prevented landing operations at the Turkish base, Midia.

As a consequence Mahmoud Mukhtar Pasha, commanding the right, was compelled to sacrifice the advantage gained because his troops were without food the whole day.

All preparations have been completed for the heir-apparent to proceed to the Turkish headquarters, accompanied by Ghazi Ahmed Mukhtar Pasha, the late Grand Vizier, but up to the present they have not started.

It is asserted that the Sultan himself was deceived by Nazim Pasha's optimistic reports and only realized the true situation when an English cruiser brought the latest news, which was conveyed to the porte by the British ambassador. The porte then asked the powers to intervene.

The difficulty in maintaing order is increasing daily.

It is said that a mob went to the war office at Stamboul and asked for weapons with which to attack the Christians, and this was the reason why Kiamil Pasha asked the ambassador to have warships at hand.

Turkey's Proposals.

Paris, Nov. 4—The French attitude in regard to the Turkish appeal for mediation is shared by England and Russia. Turkey's proposals were as follows:

First—That the powers offer and, if need be, enforce an armistice on the belligerents.

Second—That the powers profit by the armistice to invite the belligerents to make known their peace terms and, if necessary, harmonize the conflicting terms of the beligerents.

In refusing to act, Premier Poincaire declared that France was unable to accept the suggestion about an armistice without furnishing to the Balkan allies guarantees relative to the conditions of peace. An armistice, he said, would check the advance of the allies at the height of their victories and give the Turks time to reorganize and strengthen their armies.

Germany to Try Her Hand.

Berlin, Nov. 4—The Turkish ambassador presented to the foreign office this afternoon a communication from his government asking the powers good offices to bring about an amistice. Germany immediately put itself into communication with the other five powers with a view to carrying out the request.

Adrianople Cut Off.

Sofia, Nov. 4—Bulgarian troops have now occupied Buk on the Saloniki-Constantinople railroad, and this, with the possession of Nevrekop, finally cuts communications between the Turkish army in Macedonia and the Turkish garrison of Adrianople.

The Turkish troops on Saturday attacked the Bulgarian left flank at Narhissar, but the Bulgarians repulsed the attack, putting the Turks to flight and capturing five of their officers and 1,300 men in addition to a quick-firing battery.

The spoil captured by the Bulgarian troops at Lule Burgas included depots of clothing, arms and stores, fifteen camels, a searchlight, and telegraphic instruments.

Prisoners taken by the Bulgarians say that a Rrussian officer named Von Teit, who held the rank of Colonel in the Turkish army, was killed by his own men after the disastrous defeat at Lule Burgas. The prisoners say they went into action in a famished condition. The men had only one biscuit or half a loaf of bread for three or four days and many of them deserted to the Bulgarians.

France Declines to Intervene.

Paris, Nov. 4—The French government has refused the Turkish government's appeal for it to take the initiative in brinking about an intervention of the great powers to stop hostilities and impose an armistice on the Balkan States.

The reply of the French foreign office points out that for France to take the course suggested would be contrary to International law and would make her appear as siding against the Balkan States. France can only, it was added, consider in accord with all the great powers a request for mediation.

Turks Flee from Impregnable Position.

Uskup, Nov. 4—The advances of the Servians toward Monastir and Saloniki is progressing successfully. The defeat of the Turks at Kumanove was so complete that the purusing Servians found the Turkish troops had abandoned the absolutely impregnable positions of Katchanik Pass and Ovchepolya, which it was expected would be the scene of desperate resistance on account of the natural defenses.