

### ST. JOHN BOYS TOP LINERS AT HALIFAX

Swept Everything Behind Them in First Racing for Dinghy Racing Champs.

DISPLAY ABILITY IN STEERING CRAFT

New Brunswick Boys Led the Fleet the Entire Way Around—Logan First.

Special to The Standard

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 9.—The two Heans dinghies, carrying the colors of the Royal Kennebecasis Yacht Club, swept everything before them, or at least behind them, in the first day's racing on the North West Arm here today for the dinghy racing championships of the Maritime Provinces. Logan was fully 300 yards ahead of the next boat at the finish line, said next boat being the other New Brunswick entry, and it was nearly that much ahead of the nearest Halifax craft.

Considering the fact that the course was new to them, the St. John men showed an almost uncanny ability to steer their craft. They showed excellent judgment and apparently are past masters at the sport.

The race was started sharp on time, at three o'clock, and the four-teen dinghies, representing eight different clubs, swept off on the long beat to the first mark. There were three races within one race. The first seven boats in one group, three bunched in a second, and four—Nottingham of Dartmouth, Abraham from St. Mary's, and Bowes and Colquhoun in the last named.

St. John Led

The New Brunswick men led the fleet the entire way around. They made the Red Can buoy first and turned, closely followed by Slater and Halliburton with Silvera a short distance behind. The remainder of the dinghies were bunched a short distance in the rear. As the boats proceeded around the course, the St. John men gradually widened the gap that separated them from their rivals. On the reach to the second mark the local dinghies drew on somewhat, but they were unable to hold their own on the run into the third mark. On the second circuit of the triangle, honors remained about the same. On the third leg, Logan, piloting the leading boat, lapped three of the other craft. He gained on both the best to windward and the reach, and came in a good quarter mile ahead of the nearest competitor. His companion, H. W. Heans crossed the line in second position.

Haliburton, with the colors of the Royal Nova Scotia Yacht Squadron, was third and Barley, with a second to spare on Slater of the Halifax Dinghy Club sailed a fine race and came in fourth position. A minute and a half afterward Silvera, of the N. W. A. R. C., finished. Then there was a gap of some distance. Edward Jollimore was next to cross the line, followed by C. B. Milton, both of the Jubilee Boat Club.

Conditions Only Fair.

Allen Jollimore, the second of the leaders of the Halifax Dinghy Club poor showing yesterday came as a surprise to most followers of the sport. G. L. Fraser, of the Westwolfic was the next boat over. The remainder of the boats did not get within the time limit. The winner's time for the six miles of the course was 1 hour and 12 minutes flat. The conditions were only fair, a moderate wind and a heavy log, making the going hard. The winners deserve every credit for the way they gained their victory and it was a clean cut one.

The race series is being run off on points, the first six boats to count. Should St. John men win the second contest tomorrow they will have a good hold on the Royal Nova Scotia Yacht Squadron trophy for this season. The only thing that could stop them from winning in this event would be for both of these boats to be placed quite a distance down in the finish list for the race. The second contest will be raced tomorrow afternoon over the same course with the start at the Government wharf. At 3 o'clock, several waters on the final outcome of the series have been made with odds of 5 to 1 favoring St. John.

Many motor boats followed the dinghies over their course during the third contest.

### Did Not Know Who Marshal Foch Is

Paris, Sept. 9.—Those isolated persons who were reported several years ago not to have known there was a war in progress have been outdone.

When Marshal Foch went to Rome recently to lay one of the many coronations he has put in place, he passed a group of old women.

"Look," said one. "There goes Marshal Foch."

"Well," said another, "who is he and what has he done."

### Feeler Sent Paris On U. S.-German Treaty

Paris, Sept. 9.—The American State Department has made unofficial inquiry of the French Government, it is announced, as to how it would receive an official note respecting recognition of the German-American treaty.

### PARIS GROWTH DUE TO MANY FOREIGNERS

Largest Increase in Americans in Parsy and Jews in Belleville.

### WOMEN OUTNUMBER MALES LARGELY

Census Shows Women Far in Excess of Men—Outcome of War.

Paris, Sept. 9.—Statistics show that the increase in the population of Paris over the census of ten years ago is not due to increased birth rate due to the influx of foreigners. Of an 18,000 increase 11,000 are foreigners, with the largest numbers at Passy, where the American colony is established, and at Belleville, where Jews of all nations are rapidly forming a ghetto along the lines of that in New York.

The total foreign element is estimated at 163,000, and as there is a new law which provides that the city's representation in the Chamber of Deputies be based on the total population, instead of on the total number of Frenchmen, several politicians see the possibility of losing their jobs at the next elections.

Another interesting point of the new census is the great excess of women. Although this is natural after a long war, the statisticians declare that the shortage of males is more serious in France than in any other country in Europe. One district in Paris reported 47,000 male adults and children and 63,000 females, the latter chiefly between the ages of 20 and 30 years.

### Throne of Abyssinia At Stake in Battle

Sporting Rules Govern Contending Forces — Abyssinians Only Independent People in Africa.

Constantinople, Sept. 8.—A new war for the possession of the throne of Abyssinia is scheduled for this summer or fall after the rainy season and the war will be fought out on sporting lines, according to Dr. Barum Brown, curator and geologist of the American Museum of Natural History, New York City, who has just completed a long prospecting trip there.

"Their fighting custom is to agree to meet at a given time and place and let the contending armies have it out. They fire one round with rifles and then use knives. When one side or the other is victorious the dead are buried, the wounded disposed of in some manner and then everybody goes home quite satisfied," explains Dr. Brown.

"Since the death of King Menelik, the throne has been jointly occupied by Queen Wazera Zauditu, (daughter of the late Emperor Menelik) and Prince Ras Tafari Makonnen, a son of a brother-in-law to Menelik. The throne was occupied for a time in 1916 by Prince Ljassio, who appears to be a jolly fellow.

"But he got in trouble by catering to his Mohammedan subjects on the Red Sea. The Coptic Christians, who form the majority of the people and who are said by some to be the lost tribes of Israel, objected and a battle was fought wherein the Prince was defeated.

"The Abyssinians are the only wholly independent people in Africa, and they let you know it," said Dr. Brown. "Since they defeated the Italians in the nineties, they have gone around with their heads in the air. Anybody who has killed a white man enjoys special honors. The country is rich in possibilities but they don't wish to have it exploited."

### Sweetheart's Death Kills Young Woman

Warsaw, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Grief killed Mary Miles Standish, whose funeral tomorrow comes one week after the burial of her sweetheart, Lloyd Warren, of Hermitage.

Warsaw was apprehended by fumes from an automobile on which he was working in a small garage. When told of his death, Miss Standish fell in a swoon, which was followed by a period of semiconsciousness and delirium, until death occurred yesterday. Miss Standish was 21 years old.

### ARGENTINA QUILTS LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Action Follows Rejection of Amendments to Covenant Proposed by Argentina.

PROPOSITION NOT AGREEABLE TO OTHERS

Country's Delegation Regards League a Dead One and of No Account.

Buenos Aires, Sept. 9.—Rejection by the assembly of the League of Nations to amendments to the covenant of the league proposed by Argentina may be followed by the withdrawal from the league of certain American republics. It is learned here in reliable sources that the Argentine delegation withdrew from the first assembly when the amendments were not accepted.

Reports from Geneva stating that the committee on amendments had rejected the one proposed by Argentina providing that all sovereign states should be members of the league unless they voluntarily abstained from membership were commented upon by Foreign Minister Pueyrredon last night. He said this action by the committee undoubtedly meant rejection of that particular amendment by the assembly, and that such would result in the absolute and permanent separation of Argentina from the league.

Quit Once Before.

"When the Argentine delegation withdrew from the assembly last year," he continued, "I was sure it was a 'goodbye' for good. Representatives of allied powers, however, told me they would consider my amendments at the next meeting of the assembly and, of course, we could not withdraw from the league until such consideration had been given. I knew the Allies never would accept them, so since then we have simply been waiting outside the door of the league until formal action was taken. That action means the separation of Argentina, absolutely and permanently, from the league."

Senator Pueyrredon declared the league was "dead," explaining he did not believe it could survive under the "present undemocratic system of organization, in which there is an equality of duty, but not an equality of power."

### Wife Beater Got Stiff Punishment

Caught by Masked Men and Towed Along Country Road Behind Car.

Freehold, N. J., Sept. 9.—Masked men tormented Mrs. Ka Klux here today when he caused the arrest of six persons including his wife. The accused has refused to discuss the charges.

The man, who was punished is Wesley Smith, a farmer. Five men with their faces shrouded in handkerchiefs and dressed in dark clothing, entered his home and set him and his wife and feet, roped him to the rear of a touring car and hauled him along the road until his head and face were cut and bruised. They then looted him, poured tar over him and set him adrift without adding the feathers which usually feature such attacks. "The avengers" worked without uttering a word.

Smith appeared before Justice of the Peace L. U. Arrowsmith, almost unable to speak. His face was in a bad condition and it is feared he will lose the sight of one eye which is closed. Information he gave to the justice led county detectives to arrest Mrs. Smith, Charles Schneider, Randolph Fitchart, Kenneth Schier, William Baird and Arthur Thompson. Justice Arrowsmith held the six in \$500 bail each for the grand jury.

Several months ago Smith was arrested and fined for abusing his wife Margaret. Since then she has been separated from him. The local police said he has been annoying her by prowling about her home.

### Seek Canadian As Kidnapper

Believed to Be Responsible for the Carrying Away of 15 Year Old Boy.

London, Sept. 9.—A special dispatch from Paris says: The Paris police are seeking vainly for a man described only as a wealthy Canadian, who is believed to be responsible for the kidnapping of 15 year old Marcel Koresl, from a suburb of Paris, where his disappearance has caused a sensation. The dispatch says it is believed the man fled to London, but Scotland Yard professes to have no knowledge of the case.

Constantinople, Sept. 9.—In consequence of repressive measures by the Turkish Nationalist government of Adala, Asia Minor, some elements of the Sixth division of the Turkish army have mutinied and been joined by the local population. It was reported here today.

### Root Likely To Head International Court

Geneva, Sept. 9.—It was said in League of Nations circles here today that Ethel Root would be elected a judge of the new international court of justice in spite of reports received here of his declination to accept the post. It was added that Mr. Root's declination was not regarded as final and that friends of the league in the United States had declared that there still were hopes that he would accept. In case Mr. Root was elected it was declared that he would be chosen unanimously and probably become the chief judge.

### MOORS TURN SUDDENLY ON THE SPANISH

"Friendly" Natives Attack 40 Positions Around El Araish Inflicting Heavy Losses.

SUPPRESSED NEWS NOW LEAKING OUT

Pessimism Expressed in Madrid Over Series of Disasters in Morocco.

Madrid, Sept. 9.—El Araish just missed suffering a disaster similar to that met by the Spanish troops at Melilla, according to La Libertad's correspondent at that place. The correspondent gives the first description of the recent fighting on the southern extremity of the Spanish zone in southwest Morocco, news of which has been kept secret. He since has been expelled from Moroccan territory.

The Moors in the neighborhood of El Araish, which is on the Atlantic Ocean, far removed from Melilla, were supposed either to be loyal to the Spanish flag or to have been pressed into the Spanish military forces. On Sunday, August 25, they suddenly attacked 40 Spanish positions surrounding El Araish. A majority of the positions were able to resist the onslaught, but Arba-Kola succumbed with a loss of 300 men, only five of the garrison escaping.

A sensation was caused today in Madrid by the publication of the story of La Libertad's correspondent, estimated after continued claims by the Government that nothing of importance had occurred at El Araish. The Revista Financiera today expressed pessimism over the Moroccan campaign, saying:

"The present moment all are concentrated against us, together with the courageous and illustrious chiefs of the men are rather well disciplined and possess rifles, machine guns and cannons captured from us, and their warlike ardor has been increased by recent successes."

The Spanish offensive against the Moors at Melilla cannot be started for some time, said a notice today. Preparations are not complete, as sufficient reserves must be assembled. Gen. Berenguer, Spanish High Commissioner in Morocco, hopes to begin the attack in eight or ten days and continue it until the Moors are completely defeated.

### Sousa Is Injured When Horse Falls

Thrown While Riding for Exercise — Receives Severe Shock and Cut Over Eye.

Philadelphia, Sept. 9.—John Phillip Sousa, who with his band has been filling an engagement at Willow Grove, was thrown from his horse, in Abington Township, yesterday and badly shocked. Also he has a deep cut over the right eye.

It is not believed there will be any serious results. Part of Mr. Sousa's daily programme is a horseback ride of from fifteen to twenty miles and to enjoy those rides he brought here two of his favorite mounts—Charlie and Arab. Yesterday he had an engagement to ride with Thomas E. Mitten, president of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, the start to be made from the Huntingdon Valley Hunt Club, three miles from the Country Club. Mr. Sousa was cantering from the Country Club over Ridge Hill road, where his horse, Charlie, picked up road pebbles, stumbled and went down.

### UNEMPLOYED MADE TROUBLE IN ENGLAND

Demonstrations Occurred in Several Places—Serious Disorders Narrowly Averted.

EXCITING SCENES AT LIVERPOOL

Lord Mayor Informed Crowd Plan Would be Formulated for Finding Work.

London, Sept. 8.—Demonstrations by the unemployed were held in many places throughout England yesterday, and in several cities serious disorders were narrowly averted. An ugly spirit was in evidence at Bristol where a crowd attacked the building occupied by the Board of Guardians, and clashed with the police. In the ensuing struggle banners were broken and a red flag was captured by the police. Finally the gates before the building were opened and a large body of constables charged upon the crowd, which was dispersed. Windows in a hundred shops were smashed by the manifestation.

Exciting scenes also were witnessed in Liverpool. After an encounter with the police, unemployed workers presented to the council a 10-minute ultimatum, threatening that at the expiration of that time they would not be responsible for the consequences. The lord mayor subsequently appeared and assured the leaders in the demonstration that a plan would be formulated for finding work.

One of the most notable demonstrations occurred in Wales, where 4,000 people marched across the mountains from Aberdillyr to Trefgarra, a distance of 15 miles. A similar manifestation in Sunderland culminated in an attempt to force the gates of the workhouse. Falling in this members of the crowd entered the Guardians building, and it was necessary for the police to eject them.

### Mrs. Hamilton Did Swimming in Ink

Boat Owner Who Accompanied Trip Speaks Up.

London, Sept. 9.—The criticisms and apparent attempts to sow London newspapers to discredit Mrs. Arthur Hamilton's statement that, on Aug. 20, she swam within three miles of the English Channel, reached a climax when the Evening Standard published a signed statement by the boat owner who accompanied her on her channel swim Sept. 1, 1920, to the effect that she actually remained in the water less than one hour. Mrs. Hamilton maintained that on that attempt, starting from the English coast, she reached a point nine miles from the French coast and remained in the water 12 hours.

Arthur L. Prier, the boat owner and a widely known sportsman, says today that the conditions were bad for the swimmer last year and that Mrs. Hamilton, who was carried shoreward by the tide, climbed into the boat, which made for the shore and tied up for the night with the swimmer asleep on board. The next morning, he says, Mrs. Hamilton wrote the account of her "achievement" which appeared in the newspapers. Mrs. Hamilton's challenge to the Standard, which received scant attention and Mrs. Hamilton's version was accepted by the public.

Mrs. Hamilton's report of her attempt last month quickly brought from Mrs. William a request that Mrs. Hamilton's part of the swim, supposedly kept on the boat accompanying her, be published. She also challenged Mrs. Hamilton to a channel swim under any conditions the latter might name. Mrs. Hamilton declined the challenge and also to publish the chart, saying she did not wish to start a controversy. The Standard says today that Mrs. Hamilton has acknowledged no chart was kept.

Other papers' reporters have failed to find the members of the crowd which Mrs. Hamilton says cheered her when she left a small village near Boulogne at the beginning of her last attempt.

### Two Million Koreans Starve in Manchuria

Help Sought Because of Crop Failure—Government Endeavors to Help Unfortunates.

Tokio, Sept. 9.—Appeals for assistance are being sent out by 2,000,000 starving Koreans in Manchuria who are suffering from the drought which ruined the crops last month.

According to the Japanese newspapers, the Governor-General of Korea has appropriated 1,500,000 yen for the relief of Korean immigrants in Manchuria for the next fiscal year.

Most of the Koreans are living near Mukden, in the neighborhood of which are about forty-two villages exclusively inhabited by Koreans.

### Sinn Fein Confident Parleys To Continue

Dublin, Sept. 9.—Word from Inverness that the British Cabinet had appointed a committee to deal with Mr. De Valera's reply lends strength to the optimism in Dublin that the negotiations will not be broken.

### URGE DE VALERA TO ACCEPT PLAN OF DOMINION

Sir Horace Plunkett and Capt. Harrison Send Letters to Irish Leader.

CO-OPERATION BY CONSENT

Would Have Representation in Imperial Conference and League of Nations.

Dublin, Sept. 9.—Activity is apparent in moderate Irish circles to prevent a rupture of negotiations and the rejection of the terms until the precise significance of Premier Lloyd George's offer is definitely ascertained. Sir Horace Plunkett, who was chairman of the Dublin convention, and Capt. Harrison, chairman of the Dominion League, today addressed a joint letter to Eamon de Valera and the members of his Cabinet. In the letter they say:

"Ireland would be well advised to accept dominion status, if it implies, as we believe it must, full legislative and executive and economic independence, and imperial relationship, functioning as to policy and action by co-operation founded on mutual agreement arrived at by consent and carrying with it direct representation in the imperial conference and the League of Nations.

"It would reasonably follow that true acceptance by solemn treaty of dominion status by Ireland would be accompanied by extension of consular agreements to regulate co-operation between Ireland and the other units of the empire in all necessary matters."

They proceeded to argue that the Prime Minister offered dominion status in express terms, subject to six conditions, which appeared to indicate that there were questions that might be adjusted by agreement.

They voice the belief that Mr. De Valera must have some special information derived from his conferences with Mr. Lloyd George and they invite him to take the public into his confidence.

They clearly show they believe that on the documents made public dominion status for Ireland can be obtained, and are anxious to know the grounds for Mr. De Valera's contrary opinion. The Sinn Fein publicity department today pointed out that some of the headlines and headings of paragraphs in American newspapers referred to Mr. De Valera as refusing dominion status and holding out for separation, whereas his actual position, it is maintained, is that a dominion status has not been offered, and therefore could not be refused.

While there has been little public criticism here of the method of conducting the negotiations, some of the Sinn Feiners have expressed themselves in private that while they realize De Valera is striving for the best settlement possible, there has been overmuch weight attached to what they consider non-essentials, such as naval and air service arrangements.

In their opinion more attention should be given to freedom of trade, for which Ireland is anxious, and to the questions of Ireland's share in the national debt and Ireland's contribution to the Imperial Treasury. On all these matters, it is pointed out, there is a possibility of bargaining with the British Government.

### "Perfect" Man Mate Jilts Miss Munson

Ex-Cowboy Spurns Chance to Be Father of Her "Ideal Family."

Dallas, Tex., Sept. 9.—Cleve R. Wood, Dallas jockey and former Texas cowboy, today displayed cold feet and threw away his chance to be selected as the "perfect man mate" of Audrey Munson, famous artist's model and beauty.

Wood sprang the invitation from Audrey to visit her at her home in Syracuse, declaring he was not going to Syracuse and "you might add that I wouldn't even go as far as the Dallas Union Terminal to meet her if she were coming to Dallas.

PRICES CUT ON DINING CARS. Winnipeg, Sept. 9.—Walter Pratt, manager of the sleeping, dining and parlor car hotel and news department, Canadian National Railway, Toronto, who is in Winnipeg, announced today that effective Sept. 15, substantial reductions in menu prices will be made on all dining cars over the system. The new prices will approximate the pre-war figures.

### NORTH SHORE POLITICIANS WARMING UP

Northumberland Lining Up for the Forthcoming Federal Election.

MORRISEY TO LEAD LIBERAL FORCES

Will Probably Be Opposed by Geo. McDade on the Government Ticket.

Special to The Standard.

Chatham, Sept. 9.—With every indication of a Federal election approaching, and its arrival not many weeks away, the electorate of Northumberland, at least a more than ordinary interest in things political, and are showing some warmth and eagerness for the battle. It will be a Liberal and Government fight in this district.

No Organization Yet. Neither of the parties to the contest has, as yet, met for organization, but each is carrying on a silent preliminary canvass, doing a lot of button holding, and getting their lips set for the real work.

Report has many candidates in the field anxious to be the standard bearer for one or other of the parties. It can be safely said, however, that only one name will be brought forward by the Liberals, and but one by the Government party.

W. S. Loggie, the present member from this county, will not be a candidate for re-election. His physical condition is such as to preclude any possibility of his candidature.

Morrisey Leads Liberals. John Morrisey, a veteran in the political game, who handles the patronage in the county, has a lead pipe cinch on the Liberal ticket. Prominently identified with the Self Determination League, he is today in control of the Liberal machine and acts as a "Hands Off" sign starting in the face any other person who tries to get near. He is the top notcher and will be unopposed for the nomination.

Government Prospects. The Government party has two promising prospects, either one of whom would be a credit to any district. Allan Davidson, K. C., would make a strong candidate, carry great weight with the farmers, but it is understood refuses to consider the honor.

George McDade, the brilliant young lawyer of this city, has already been approached by the leaders and sounded as to his position on the question of becoming the Government candidate. While nothing definite has been given out, it is believed Mr. McDade would accept the nomination if it were offered unanimously by the party.

He is regarded as the one best bet of the Government. A young man of ability, strong personality, a vigorous campaigner and well trained in the school of politics, his admirers believe he would carry his party to victory. Belonging to the same rank as to his position on the question of support, and draw heavily from the ranks of the Farmers-Labor organization for which he has been an adviser and helper.

When the battle is on a good old fashioned fight may be expected here.

### Crime In Britain On The Decrease

Less Criminality in 1919 Than in Any Previous Year This Century.

London, Sept. 9.—A blue book on crime in the year 1919, just issued, shows that while there was a decrease in most offences, as compared with pre-war days, bigamy charges went up from 133 in 1913 to 197 in 1919, an increase of 569 per cent. In the same period divorce petitions increased from 189 to 5,038.

There was less crime in 1919 than in any other year of the present century. The number of persons indicted was 53,741 against 53,269 in 1913. The diminution in larceny since 1917 is remarkable, although this decrease does not extend to all crimes against the person. Crimes of violence, while totalling 1,337 in 1918, amounted to only 786 in 1919, and rose to 981 in 1919. There was no falling-off in offences of the burglary and house-breaking group, the total for 1919 being 3,792 and for 1918, 3,852. Cases of burglary in the years from 1913 to 1919, diminished by one-half or more, but this was balanced by an equivalent increase in shopbreaking, the figures being 4,260 in 1913 and 6,742 in 1919.

Non-indictable offences—the minor offences dealt with by courts of summary jurisdiction—dropped to their lowest level in 1918. But although the figures for 1919 were higher by an 11,742 or 31 per cent. over 27 per cent less than in 1913.

Among the groups of cases which showed decrease compared with 1913 were cruelty to animals (48 per cent), drunkenness (70 per cent), and begging and sleeping out (87 per cent).