### s Pride.

your clothes if they are SE Soap. y clean. sweet. daintyg, or hard rubbing either. large cake that will do f it than any other soap.

"SURPRISE."

SOAD SE

# FREE!

S

WE give this elegant Watch and Chain Free, also Rings, etc. Bend us your mame and ad-dress and mention this paper and we will send you 2 dos. parkets of our Special Brand of Swept Fea Seeds. Sell for us at 10c. each, re-turn the money when all are sold and we will send you th's cheman threasent free Ą

al Manufactory Co., Toronto. INGS\_ STMR. CLIFTON. ter Saturday 29th inst., and uttil further

Bisamer Cliffon will leave har wharf at Monday, Wednesday and Faturday at 5.80 (local). Returning will leave n same days at 5 m. local. CAPT. R. G. EARLE,

More's & Hundred Years

f the best known religious comm women in the American Episcopal are the Sisters of St. John the The mother house is in the northner of Stuyvesant Square, New and the magnificence of the ry on the vestments of the chapthe richness of the accessories of r are simply amazing.

ave a summer house in the Catintains, and the ritualist clergy of k are all passing on a story which n from there.

isters were passing along the road laters were passing along the road quaint habits. A stranger was long, and looked on them with nt. He had never seen anybody o outside of the family pictorial to the next man he met he said wind o'wimmen folks is them I n the road a piece. all in black, hite thirg round their face and seed kind o'scriptura?<sup>9</sup> tey're the Sisters of St. John the

anger look with incredulous eve

tive. at!' he sneered. 'You can't fool y, man, John the Baptist has 1 more'a a hundred years.'

iny day in spring, an old Yorkrman returned to his native vilan absence of fitteen years, and ought the house which sheltered ed wife.

g without knocking, he seated ar the open door, took a long

# s 9 to 16. PROGRESS. Pages 9 to 16.

## ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1899.

# CASTER-OUT OF DEVILS THIRTY YEARS HE HAS RAD BIS PRACTICS.

girls and young women are mostly afflicted. Sometimes I am called to see boys, and at People Sometimes, and This Table no Chances-His Pat Oures, ands of people in East Pan familiar with the witch doct other times babies in the cradle. who are

No matter where he goes, by y night, in carriag ar on foot, at after thim and wonder who is s latest patient. Plain as a farmer, fibidical, reserved, yet determined, and fied with hard common sonse, the witch stor goes about his business, and in all to thirty years of his practice he has eas thrives.

"They only send for me,' said the doctor, when the usual medical treatment fails. Then they come for miles from all directions, principally in the country districts. You may be sure that when I do come to a house the case I find requires strong sures. If the sufferer is a man ci an, boy or girl, it requires heoric attention. If the ordinary medical aid has failed, and the verdict of the neighbors is that the patient is suffering from witches nothing short of something miraculous is going to satisfy them. I never tell a pat-ient right out what I think of the case. Sometimes I find a young woman upstairs in dark room shrieking that seven devila weaker and wiser. . are after her. She is in a terrible nervou state, pacing up and down the floor, while her parents are in terror below. They have read their Old and New Testaments faithfully, and they implore me to use my power to cast out devils or any familiar spirits that may possess the sufferer. I at once put myself in full communion with these people. As they believe so I balieve. I hear their story. Every symptom is relat-ed to me. For wasks the paitent has been acting like one possessed; no sleep, no apsetite, frightful imrginations, spasms, wasting away, shricks, hysteria, epilepsy, lunacy, whatever it may be. They say she

'I agree with them. I go to the young n, sit down with her, order the light of day turned into the room, take her by the hands, tell her to be calm, con her firmly, yet gently to be quiet. I say I have come to cure her: I am the witch doctor. I tell her that I already know the evil spirit or demon that possess her and that I can certainly drive it from her. It she is strong enough I take her down stairs and out into the open air. To pacity her I may utter some strange sounds or words as I go : make some odd movements turn a chair back to the door ; lay sticks of wond in her path; do ,any odd thing that she sees, while (I asy that for the devil, that for the witch, that for the evil spirit; anything that will strike the patient as a remarkable act or declaratiou-something that she has never before seen or heard.

'I believe in anımal magnetism. You see I am physically strong. I believe in mental centrol to a certain extent. I find that the unusual, extraordinary, mysterious or heathenish as you may put it, has a wonder-<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text> ful effection on such a sufferer. She watches

# SANOAN FIGHTING TACTICS. The Natives Fearless of Death but Easily

apparently starving amid plenty, but who have shrunk to living skeletons. The par-The repeated use of the words, " ents of such babies invariably tell me an "ambuscade" is the accou bush" and old woman witch is under suspicion. I at enformer into their belief aud proceed with a number of incantations, but leave the recent fight in Samoa makes it more than a little difficult to grasp the circum-stances from the scanty details. It by ammedicines for the ailment I think the child bush is meant what word has always meant in Indian warfare, then it does not is affl cted with. and then go away saying that I had baffl :d the witch, and giving apply, for the Samoan does not fight that special instructions about the first old wo-man who crosses their threshold. Mind At the beginning be establishes himself in you, I do not say that a spell caunot by put on a child or any one else. It is safar skin. This may be a convenient stone to tell you that all such cases are overwall, or it may be a Samoan fort. The wrought nervousness. But people have been possessed with devils in all ages. The Lord cast out devils. Familiar spirits are chronicled in all histories. The American Indians had their medicine men who with incantations cast out devils, or vals are places where a good masksman might command the line of hestile apevil spirits. We are no better than the people of a century or ten centuries age. We are weaker and wiser, but we may be proach. But when the combat has pass the early stage of resisting an attack the ust as full of evil, and just as much sub-ect to devils as the people of the past numbers and the impetuosity of their rush. were. I don't say we are, but the sup-In this there is little of the real idea of position is that we are, because we are mouse, and tew Samoans could restrain

themselves long enough to admit of a suc-'We have keener imaginations, have cessful ambuscade. The probable meanmore business, more mental activity, and ing is that to the marines and sailors all bush fighting with savages seems ambus-cade. In the only other instance in which our nerves are more played upon. Now couple a mental or a nervous disorder or disarrangement of any bodily function with the Sympony sailors have ventured to oppose the regular forces of white people, the slaughter of the German sailers in an imagination of devils, witches or devils, and what is the result? It must not be said that a man who pretends to cast out witc'es is a believer in witchcraft. The 1888 on the beach at Fangalii the result was due to the ifaculty of the foreigners, patients generally, are the believers, and they wast human sympathy first, and then, having faith they can be aided, possibly, better than in any other way. But, mind who coasted along within pistol shot of the beach, making themselves conspicuous by their white uniforms and showing themselves so distinctly that the darka you, I don't say they are wrong. I don't say that the casting out of devi's in the New Testament is take doctrine or permicinight was no veil over their secret expedi-tion. When people fight savages in that way almost any skirmish appears as an ous teaching. The greatest scholars of past history believed in demonology. It ambush.

There are two German plantations on the is not for me to say they ars wrong. No outskirts of Apis, each the property of the one of today will question the efficacy of great Germany trading company known prayer. Powwowing for burns or affliclocally as the Garman Firm. One is the tions is simply praying for a cure or replantation of Vailele, adjoining the manicilief. You do not know what prayers may pality on the east, and the other is the Va-tele plantation, which is just beyond the be said during incantations for the relief of the nervously distracted patient that is

ing them that they would be certainly relieved from the powers of the witches or devils in hem. 'Men are not so often attacked. Young 'Men are not young 'Men are no

life they have it in their power to think are own manufacturers, our own sgents themselves painlessly out of life. The our own jobbers, and, to a large extent risk of a fatal ending in battle cannot, our own retailers. There's a big saving in risk of a fatal ending in battle cannot, therefore, restrain such people from the attack. Yet at the same time that these savages are so reckless of their own lives they go abcu: in deadly fear of wounds. They do not mind being killed, but they dialike to be hurt. A very slight scratch of a wound will serve to put the boldest fighter of the party out of action, and the wounded can never be counted on as part of the effective force until long atter all outward signs of the hurt have passed away.

away. Holding such ideas as to fighting mere cowards when it comes to enduring mere pain and absolately careless when it comes to meeting death, the Samoans must

pain and absolately careless when it comes to meeting death, the Samoans must always prove surprising to the white man who become involved in their quarrels. This will account for the stand made by the Samoan trubermen which left them in possession of the field They had killed the leaders, they had cording to Samoan ethics the fight was won and the sailors abould have withdrawn. But when the sailors renewed the attack the fighting rage was on the islanders, to-gether with the encouragement of victory, and they made a stout stand to hold their position. Yet when the while forces with draw to their ships it is asfe to say that the savages no longer cared to hold the place they had been so fiercely detending. In their own custom they would break into small parties and scatter to various points where they might get pigs and taro for a feast.

DOLLAR WATCHES POPULAR.

About 20,000,000 of Then Now in Use and

More Coming. About 725,000 dollar watches are sold by a single firm of manufactures last year. this year will reach a million. This is a pretty good advance from the figures of 1894, the first year that the dollar watch really dawned upon the country. The firm sold 30,000 that year. The price of the watch is surprising enough, but the really astonishing thing about it is the fact that a guarantee goes with the timepiece. A dollar watch is one thing. A guaranteed doller watch is another. The agreement is as follows. 'The makers agree that it, without abuse, this watch fails to keep good time, they will upon its return to them

our own retailers. There's a big saving in

tion of the small clock. For sev eral years we experimented in making a clock which could be carried in the pocket We made over 200,000 of these clocks, all the time working over the problem of how to make it smaller and cheaper. We make four different watches, ranging in price from \$1 to \$2. The movement ally the same in each one. The dollar watch has a brass case, gilt or nickel plated. With the exception of the other watches we make, it has the smallest lantern pinion movement made. Includirg plates it is only three-eighths of an inch is thickness.'

Of course, the watch itself is thicken than this. A good deal of the additional thickness is due to the fact that it is wound and set as a small clock is except that the back of the case closes over the screws fo this purpose. The screw for winding has one of the 'wings,' which fold down when not in use. Beside it is the pivot for setting. There is a cap over the works in order to exclude dust, the cree not being a double one. There is not the fine adjustment which is in expensive watches, there same firm estimates that the sale for { is no jewelling or engraving. The ernaments are absent, but the necessities are there. Only four turns of the winding serew will run the movement from thirty to thirty-six hours. There is the full comple ment of hands-bour, minute and see The watch complete weighs three out The \$1.25 watch is a stem-winder, but i set by the screw at the back. The \$1 50 watch is both stem-winding and stem-set-ting. The \$2 watch is eilver plated and has an engraved case and back plate. One point about the construction of the

watches is that many of the different parts direct or through 1gint named above, of the works which in an ordinary watch iiit You do not know what prayers may be said during incentations for the retrong to the works which is just beyond the several second to be makers to date works. The makers of the nervouly distracted patient that is is the matery of the manoing. jumping, arrive is a set to be seen at the matery of the manoing. The makers of the second to be made to feel they are in the very set induces. They will not obly coofees they see things I seen there. They will not obly coofees they are point in the vale plantation. The Vailed plantation, the basts side. The second is with the wilded terror, for and hall of that the overser of the are observed of the second indice the town, for that while ins of coart with a set with the wilded terror, for and ballow is point in angagd by Capt. Huttaggl, who had now man is pointed out, I must prompty conside and proved accordingly come are took and the the order to a with the tormer troubles of the set are point. The valled plantation, the basts side. The set are of the set are the set the town, for that while ins of coart set are to be seen allight to the the order of the set of the tart the overser of the town, for that while ins of coart set of the set are of the town, for that while ins of coart set of the set are of the town, for that while ins of coart set of the set are of the town to that the order to the plantation. The Vailed plantation, the basts side. The that the overser to the plantation the charge of a argument for the same opinion. The Vailed plantation, the basts side. The same opinion the the tormer troubles of the same opinion. The Vailed plantation to the carge of a argument for the same opinion. The Vailed plantation to the tormer troubles of the same opinion. The Vailed plantation to the tormer troubles of the same opinion. The Vailed plantation to the tormer troubles of the same opinion. The Vailed plantation to the tormer troubles of the same point in a within one year from above date, repair or are male of steel are here made of brass.

ous pull at his dirty clay pipe, ed perkily to 'l'owd woman.' .', Maria,' he said, with affected

whed up from the potatoes she og, and tried to utter the soath-she had daily reheared since ure; but it world not come. he said instead, once many re-ar work. 'oring thesen o'er to t' h'll darn that hole i' thy jergey. doin' it t' day tha went awzy, at put me off !

### A new Proverb.

A new Proverb. ppped economizing,' said the girl poped economizing,' said the girl ioletr, as she stirred her chooo-m't sfford it. I trimmed myself a wearing. last month, and aswed ach. I aaved so much that 1 felt upy a new gown, and it will cost s what I saved before it's finish-always the way. If I save a car. always the way. If I save a car. walking down town, I spend a violets before I get home. 1'm stop trying to save, and Pve proverb to go on my mantel to e of it: 'A penny saved is a sted.'

The Esgle Soreams. an Officials (in China) - 'This g with American residents must

Official- 'Hub! Whatee Meli-ment do 'bont it?'' Do you hear that terrible romble?' earthqueke. We havee many.'' know, sir, what causes earth-

sabe." American Government testing its-ans at Sandy Hook.'