ne, 1878, Chief Justice Allen was appointed in place of the late Governor L. A. Wilmot, the arbitrator on the part of the dominion government, to determine the northern and western boundaries of the province of Ontario. Chief Justice Harrison was the arbitrator for Ontario and Sir Edward Thornton, the British minister at Washington, was the third arbitrator. From various causes, the meetings of the arbitrators, previous to the death of Governor Wilmot, had been delayed, and it was necessary to meet and determine the exploits are told among the traditions of was necessary to meet and determine the question without further delay, but as Chief Justice Allen had been assigned to hold the Westmorland circuit in July, and he was always ready to abide the alleged murder of Timothy McCarthy was to take place, and which he knew was to take place, and which he knew would occupy a month, he informed the law was his choice and his pleasure. government that he would not be able to attend the arbitration probably before the beginning of September, and if it could not his grandfather had died after nearly a be postponed till that time, he would be obliged to resign the appointment. He was informed that it could not be further delayed, and his resignation was accordingly accepted, when Sir Francis Hincks was appointed in the place of Chief Justice The award was made Aug. 3.

The Chief Justice Visits England. Sept. 24, 1884, the chief justice sailed from St. John for Liverpool, having obtained four months' leave of absence, reaching St. John, on his return, Feb. 10, 1885.

The summary of the leading incidents of career would be incomplete

In the field of politics, Mr. Allen never knew defeat, and of the various offices held

Mr. Wetmore was a sour all came unsought.

lines of his ancestor, illustrated in an inci-Allen was asked for a warrant for his arrest.

His answer was, "I will hear him for my-The judge unable to get in the outside by the door. The text was, "Be asked for the warrant: "God forbid I should lay hands on that young man. I would there were more like him in the Naturally he had enemies, but he also

Mr. Allen's admission as an attorney, will be a fitting crown to one whose ancestor, removed from the arena of party strife. the Hon. Isaac Allen, over a century ago took his seat on the bench at St. John as road that led to honor, his fellow student,

litigants of Westmorland county sought had that qualification, which many lawyers the man. He is one against whom in all Dorchester Corner for "law," all of them lack of being. felt more or less interest in a little square

the buildings to be seen under the shadow

was simply a country lawyer's office. This particular country lawyer was an important man, even in those days. The of everything that pertained to a ship or important man, even in those days. The era of brisk competition in legal lore had not dawned. Attorneys of the Supreme court were not obliged to advertise and cut alone. One of the cases in which he was country divided on the confederation question. Mr. Fraser

of the wooden shanty in question was One of the Most Succe He was for plaintiff or defendant in every important case in Westermorland and on from Cumberland in the sister pro-

vince men sought his aid and counsel. Thus it was that even while he was a young man he began to grow rich and his name became famous. It was a privilege for students to read law in such an office, and from its doors went forth from year to

the shadens two lads of eighteen. They were born in the same month at the year 1820, and both came of sturdy, vigorous ancestors. They were lads of strong physique que, full of youthful energy, and had about them that grit and push which is the touchstone of success in life.

stone of success in life.

The future had its honors in store for these three men. The country lawyer was Edward Barron Chandler, who died some forty years later the Governor of New Brunswick. The students were Andrew Rainsford Wetmore, now senior judge of the supreme court, and Acalus Lockwood Palmer, judge in equity and second in sen-iority on the bench. Young Wetmore was a lively youth.

Even to this day, some of his remarkable by the consequences of his acts. He was no bookworm, but he was no idler. The Heredity had much to do with this. His father had been a member of the bar, and score of years' tenure of the office of at-torney-general. With such an ancestry, the young man was sure to be a lawyer of some kind, and he proved to be one of a very good kind. Leaving Mr. Chandler's office, after three years of study, he com-pleted his term in the office of George Jarvis Dibblee, at Fredericton, and was admitted an attorney in October, 1841.

He began his practice as a country lawyer in the very limited field that Oromocto offered. Soon tiring of this life, he removed to St. John, where for 20 years

Conspicuous as a Leader

without the following:

MARRIED—At the Valley church, Portland, St. John, July 3, 1845, by the Rev.
William Harrison, rector, John C. Allen, Esq., barrister, Fredericton, to Margaret A., second daughter of the late Col.
Charles Drury, of St. John, formerly captain in the 29th Regiment of Foot.

Little Filed of Files Mr. Allen, peyer

Conspicuous as a Leader at the bar. For a time he was in partnership with B. Lester Peters, the present police magistrate, and later with Dr. F. E. Barker. He was appointed clerk of crown in 1857, was made a queen's counsel in 1868, became attorney-general in 1866, and was elevated to the bench in 1870. in 1863, became attorney-general in 1866, and was elevated to the bench in 1870.

Mr. Wetmore was a sound lawyer and an all came unsought.

As a layman of the Church of England and master of himself, he was a cross-Chief Justice Allen has long held a first place as a delegate to synods, diocesan and reason to dread. Of an aggressive nature, provincial, a representative who does honor he spared no words which could damage to the church. The type of the church-manship of Chief Justice Allen is on the lines of his ancestor, illustrated in an ineident of a century ago: The first Baptist preacher at Fredericton was one known in later years as Father Manning. Judge one side and S. R. Thomson on the other a In politics his career was even more

self." The judge unable to get in the house stood, unknown to Mr. Manning, stormy. He was an active worker and butter opponent. In the old days of the hold, the Judge standeth before the door." Confederation struggle he was prominently
After service Judge Allen said to those who

had hosts of friends. It was a wise choice The demonstration today of the St. John | when he was placed on the bench, and even members of the bar, on this the jubilee of those whom politics had embittered against him soon learned to respect him as a judge,

rook his seat on the bench at St. John as one of the first judges of the supreme court of New Brunswick.

Although surned the historic three-score years and ten, the mental force and erect form of the chief justice indicate years of activity, the more as three of the two preceding generations passed four-score years and ten. May he in the future, as in the past, recuperate his strength for the work of official life in church and state, amid the ancestral fields and groves of Auk-Paquet J. W. Lawrence, Member Royal Historical Society of Great Britain.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE'S ASSOCIATES.

In the narrow confines of Dorchester corner the air was as full of politics as of low, and he gave early promise that he was reliculed and and assailed with all the virulence of which a very free press was capable. But the measure was carried, and he was content. The was a phase of Dorchester corner the air was as full of politics as of activity, the mental force and erect form of the chief justice indicate years of a carried, and the was content.

During all these years, his law practice was laws by politics, he must have sacrificed much of it, had be not been associated with a very able past, recuperate his strength for the work of official life in church and state, amid the ancestral fields and groves of Auk-Paquet J. W. Lawrence, Member Royal Historical Society of Great Britain.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE'S ASSOCIATES.

Any that Who Will Take High Place in the of the surface of the interval of the chief in the first and the surface of which a very free press was capable. But the measure was carried, and the was content. The Member was carried, and the was content. The Member was fighted and and assailed with a let the very dependence of the interval of the Guard, or The Merry and all these years, his law practice was large. Hampered as he was by politics and the was content.

The Yeoman of the Guard, or The Merry able account of the opening night:

The Yeoman of the Guard, or The Merry able account of the opening night:

The Hemman of one of the first judges of the supreme court Palmer, was fighting a great battle for him-Jurists Who Will Take High Place in the Legal History of the Province.

out a politician's trick of rhetoric, without an effort at chean dramatic effect he won Half a century ago when the turbulent his case by sound law, and hard work. He

A Thorough Man of Business. wooden shanty which stood on the edge of the "half acre." It was not much of a building to look at. It had no architectural built. In some of the most celebrated beauty, nor did it differ in any respect from marine insurance cases ever tried in the New Brunswick courts he appeared as of the court house in every shire town. It counsel. At such times he astonished all who listened, not only by his legal ability, but by his complete practical knowledge

few lawyers handled a large number of cases, and prospered exceedingly on the business that came to them. The occupant angular-looking stranger stalked in among the big-wigs, they would have smiled had they not stood in awe of the keen eyes which looked at them from under the shaggy eyebrows. They thought that New Brunswick had sent them a ploughman Brunswick had sent them a plougannan instead of a lawyer, but a very brief acquaintance with the stranger dispelled that idea. He could give them points ou marine insurance of which they had never

ss. Clementson for breach of promise. He appeared for the plaintiff and was assisted by his old fellow-student Wetmore. Strong as this combination was, it had to face an array of the leading counsel of the time. One of these was Hon. R. L. Hazen, a One of these was Hon. R. L. Hazen, a most able man and gifted orator, Hon. John H. Gray, another most powerful pleader, and Robertson Bayard. Despite the skill with which these gentlemen defended their client, a verdict of \$4,000 damages was

tor the legislature. A few years later, after tics and took his station on the bench. his removal to St. John, he was elected to

Palmer which PROGRESS gives, it is easy to see the force of character which marks the man. He has that individuality about him mercantile practice was large man. He has that individuality about him which would compel attention from the passer-by, even on the great thoroughfares of New York on London Thoroughfares from 1867 to 1883 he had an enormous

of New York or London. There is
Not a Weak Line in His Face, carry out his views regardless of what peo-ple may say or think. It is sufficient for him that he feels satisfied that such views are right. He decides for himself, and not for

While Mr. Palmer was diligently reading Blackstone's Commentaries, in October, 1839, a fine healthy baby was born in St. John. In due time he was named George E. King, and he is today third on the list of puisne judges.

George E. King was a born politician. When he was a very young man the science of politics engrossed his thoughts, and at the age of 30, he was the most prominent figure in the legislature of New Brunswick. Before that time, however, he had been conspicuous among the young and enthusiastic advocates of a federal union. Two years after he was called to the bar, confederation became an accomplished fact. His election to the house of assembly at this time gave him a scope for his talents, and from 1870 to 1878 he was steadily before the people as attorney-general and leader of the government. Measures of abiding importance were discussed and dealt with in this interval. Chief of these was the school bill, of which Mr. King was the father. It was carried only after a prolonged struggle and some of the most remarkable debates ever heard within the legislative halls at Fredericton. The conflict caused an intense excitement throughout the province. Public feeling was strong on both sides, and the passage of the bill only increased the animosity of many who had bitterly opposed it from the the outset.

During these years, Mr. King had ample oppertunity of learning everything there was to know about himself. On the one hand he was upheld as a

A Patriot, a Statesman and a Man whose memory should be honored by children yet unborn. On the other hand he was ridiculed and and assailed with all he was ridiculed and and assailed with all the virulence of which a very free press The following cuttings are from a cable

A kindly face, telling of "charity for all and malice toward none" is that of Judge John James Fraser. It is a true index of his career as a lawyer and politician no one could harbor ill will. While a staunch friend he was always an honorable opponent. It was not in his nature to do a mean action or take an unfair advantage. His blows were strong but they were fairly dealt.

Mr. Fraser was admitted an attorney in 1850, when he was 21 years old. With a perseverance due to his Scotch ancestry, he devoted himself wholly to his profession for the next fifteen years. His office wa electors of York believed he was right. They elected him, but a year later their sentiments changed, and they voted that he should stay at home.

Despite of this rebuff, it was destined that he should, a few years later, be not only a politician but one whose position meant power. From 1871 to 1882 he was comprisuous in the legislation of the province. For four years he was attorney

for students to read law in such an office; and from its doors went forth from year to year young men whose names were thereafter to be linked with the history of New Brunswick and of Canada.

Just 50 years ago there were among famous cases of the time—the suit of Smith death of Judge Duff.

Judge William Henry Tuck, the junior of the bench, has the aignal distinction of never having represented a constituency in any parliament. Had his inclinations led him to seek such a position, he could undoubtedly have had it. He preferred to stick to the law, and do yeoman's duty for

In the field of politics Mr. Palmer found many obstacles at the outset. He was a Confederate when confederation was mooted and the county in which he lived was bitterly opposed to the scheme of union. As a result he was twice defeated as a candidate for the legislature. A few years later, after and after the days of the confedera

Mr. Tuck had good preceptors in the the house of commons. He was made a queen's counsel in 1867 and raised to the bench in 1879.

In the very good portrait of Judge in the office of William Jack. He devoted large

amount of criminal business. The most famous of the cases in which he took part nor is there a trace of weakness in the composition of the man. He has that strength of purpose which compels him to

never solved. When Hon. R. L. Hazen, died in 1874, Mr. Tuck was appointed recorder of St. John, which office he resigned in 1882. When he was raised to the bench, his congratulations came from both sides of politics. The honor was merited, he was qualified for the position and all who knew him were his friends. W. K. REYNOLDS.

MUSIC, AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Of the Bennett & Moulton Opera com pany which will visit St. John for a week eginning the 22d. the Leader says:

beginning the 22d, the Leader says:

The company makes six-days stands as a rule, with a change of programme at each performance; plays at popular prices, and gives the best possible performance for the admission charged; in fact better than some of the high-priced companies.

This gives promise of a better performance than is usual from these travelling companies, owing to the modesty of the an-

The Boston Orchestral club, which has The Boston Orchestral club, which has had such success on its tour under Manager Bachert during the last two years, will begin its third season early in October, and continue its tour during the winter and spring months, extending its journeyings as far as California. Mr. Willis Nowell, of Boston, will be the conductor and leading violinist, with Mr. Charles Palm, of the Dawyseek and Thomas orchestras, as second violinist, with Mr. Charies Falm, of the Damrosch and Thomas orchestras, as second violin; Richard Stoeltzer, formerly of the Thomas orchestra, viola; Louis Blumenberg formerly of the Mendelssohn Quintet club, 'cello; and Joseph Beckel, formerly of the Boston orchestra, bass. A flute soloist and a soprano singer of ability will make up the organization.—Leader.

The curiosity of the public is at last set at rest with regard to the new Gilbert and Sullivan opera. The scene is set neither in Egypt nor Norway, as gossip had it, but in

humorous, burlesque, and satirical features have given way to a classic vein. So far as last night's audience—with a large proportion of critics and educated people—were concerned, this was considered to be a big mprovement, and the opera enthusiastically received as a success. Whether it will be so popular with the general public, who go to see Messrs. Gilbert & Sullivan's operas for the sake of the funny satire found in Pinafore and Patience, is a matter of much speculation.

Though the music of the opera as a whole is of dignified and distinguished style, there are three or four taking melodies and two effective duets. The general verdict was that the opera is a success.

effective duets The gene that the opera is a success.

Members of the Orpheus club have just introduced in Halifax a Boston lady artist of high reputation. She is Miss Louise Laine, the possesso: of an excellent soprano voice, who occupied a prominent position voice, who occupied a prominent position among concert singers in Boston, has been a member of the Listeman concert company and was soloist in the Schumann ladies' quartette. She is now engaged in giving singing lessons at the ladies' college and to private pupils.—Halifax Echo.

The bishop of the diocese having appointed tomorrow as the day for Harvest thanksgiving, the choirs of the majority of the Episcopal churches have been busy the last week or so preparing the special music with which these occasions are always celebrated. It would take too much space to give the full list of music to be used at each church but I may mention the name of the anthem to be sung at some of the churches: at St. Paul's (Valley) church the anthem

will be "O Give Thanks," by E. A. Sydenham, which I believe is new to this city The Mission church of St. John Baptis have a very fine anthem of Sir John Stainer's, "Ye shall dwell in the Land", with bass and tenor solos. At St. Luke's, Portland, there will be special anthems at both services—"Thou crownest the year with Thy goodness" by Thos. Smith being the one for the morning service and in the evening J. Baptiste Calkin's "Rejoice in the Lord ye righteous" will be sung. Owing to the rector's absence from the stone church, there has been no extra music prepared, and at St. James' there will be no harvest festival anthem, probably owing to the fact of the organist being away on a well-earned vacation

I see by a Boston paper's advertisement that Signor G. B. Ronconi is singing and playing on the flute, at Music hall, Sunday evenings, in the Star concerts. Admission 15 cents.

The Clara Louise Kellogg English Opera The Clara Lonise Kellogg English Opera company has secured from several church choirs the best talent available for their choruses. This will ensure a good chorus and good voices. This method of obtaining a chorus is an entirely new feature in making up opera companies, but one which the managers hope will be endorsed by the public.—Boston Sunday Times.

The concluding sentence of the above a most intricate affair, well calculated to the concluding sentence of the above test the ability of any man, but Mr. Tuels that the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. The concluding sentence of the above test the ability of any man, but Mr. Tuels that the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. The concluding sentence of the above the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. The concluding sentence of the above the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. The concluding sentence of the above test the ability of any man, but Mr. Tuels that the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. The concluding sentence of the above test the ability of any man, but Mr. Tuels that the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. The concluding sentence of the above test the ability of any man, but Mr. Tuels that the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. The concluding sentence of the point of proved himself fully equal to the emergence. large experience of church choirs, they would have a very good idea of how very insubordinate they are as a rule. I think the Times is rather dubious of the result, as in another part of the same paper the following appears:

Edgar Strakosch of the Clara Louise Kellogg opera troupe sends word that the chorus will surely be excellent because he has selected the members from the best church choirs. Mr. Strakosch's promise will be preserved for future reference.

The italics are mine.

That interesting (?) paragraph going the rounds of the American press of Mrs. Alice M. Shaw's whistling to the Prince of Wales between the courses at a dinner party is al most as interesting (?) as the late accounts of John L. Sullivan hobnobbing with his Royal Highness and calling him Albert Edward. Truly the American penny-aliner's brain is fertile.

TALK OF THE THEATRE.

The patrons of the Institute may look for-

pany. The following week, on the 29th, Arthur Rehan's great company will open for three days; and on the 5th of Novem-ber Harry Belair will be seen in the best programme of "magic, mirth and mystery" ever offered in St. John. All these attractions are worthy of patro-

nage, Rehan's company especially so. They are all good enough for the large cities where they are now playing and they ought to be good enough for St. John. An attractive prospect, isn't it?

Mrs. James Brown Potter is the pos-

was no phonograph at hand to record the press men's struggles with the French language, but a favorite question must have been: "Avvez yous sentez bou koo de mal de mere?" I can imagine it all. * **
The dramatization of The Quick and the

Dead, as brought out at the New York Fifth Avenue theater by Estelle Clayton was a flat failure. There was reason for it.

Miss Clayton has very intense feet—the New York papers all said so when she played Favette a few years ago—and her ankles are soulful enough for high tragedy, but she hasn't sufficient brains to grease a gridiron.

Will somebody please tell me how it would be possible to make an effective play out of Miss Rives' book, anyhow? I yield to no one in admiration for that strong and suggestive story, but to my mind there isn't a situation in it—that is to say, from a theatrical point of view. I suppose Miss Clayton was encouraged by the success of such monstrosities as A Rag Baby and A Bunch of Keys, to believe that on the stage today "everything goes."

I have very pleasant recollections of the Bennett & Moulton Opera company, which begins a week's engagement Monday week, at the Lansdowne rink. It gives a better anthem to be sung at some of the churches:

Trinity church will have Barnby's mise a great deal more and I hope to see it sufficiently well patronized to induce it to come again and often. LEON.

NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY

Commencing June 25th, 1888. PASSENGER TRAINS WILL LEAVE INTER COLONIAL RAILWAY Station, St. John, at

16.40 a.m.—Fast Express for Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west; also for Fredericton, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque lale, Grand Palls, and Edmundston. PRILADAN PARLOR CAR ST. JOHN TO BOSTON.
18.50 a. m.—For Banger and points west, Fredericton, St. Stephen, Heulton and Woodstock.
14.45 p. m.—Express for Fredericton and intermediate stations.

14.45 p. m. Express for Fredericton and intermediate stations.

18.30 p. m. Might Express for Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west; also for St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Laie and Grand Falls.

FULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ST. JOHN YEOM
BANGOR ATTURNING TO ST. JOHN YEOM
BANGOR ATTURNING TO ST. JOHN YEOM
Woodstock at 71.46; 110.30 a. m.; 78.00 p. m.
Woodstock at 77.46; 110.30 a. m.; 78.00 p. m.
St. Stephen at 19.30 a. m.; 18.30 p. m.
St. Andrews at 77.60; 10.30 a. m.; 18.30 p. m.
Fredericton at 6.00; 71.30 a. m.; 13.50 p. m.
Arriving in St. John at 15.45; 18.20 a. m.; 12.25; 17.16 p. m. M. LEAVE CARLETON FOR FAIRVILLE.

18,00 a m.—Connecting with 8.50 a. m, train from St. John.
14,30 p. m.—Connecting with 4.45 p. m. train from St. John.

EASTERN STANDARD THE.

Trains marked † run daily except Sunday. †Daily except Monday.

TDaily except Monday.

H. D. McLEOD, Supt. Southern Division. OD, Supt. Southern Division.
A. J. HEATH,
Gen. Pass. Agent, St. John, N. B.

Intercolonial Railway.

1888--Summer Arrangement--1888

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, June 4th, 1888, he trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday Keepted) as follows:

TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN.

Accommoustons. 16 86
Express for Sussex. 16 86
Express for Halifax and Quebec. 22 15
A Sleeping Car will run daily on th 22.15 train to
Halifax. On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, a Sleeping
Car for Moutreal will be attached to the Quebec Express, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday a
Sleeping Car will be attached at Moncton.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

All trains are rer by Eastern Standard time.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintende RAILWAY OFFICE, Moneton, N. B., May 31, 1888.

UNION LINE. Daily Trips To and From Fredericton.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, the splendid Steamers DAVID WESTON and ACADIA, alternately, will leave St. John (Indiantown) for Fred cricton, EVERY MORNING (Sudays excepted), at NINB o'clock, local time, calling at intermediate stops. Far \$1.00.

Roturning will leave Fredericton for St. John, etc., every morning, Sundays excepted, at EIGHT o'clock.

Connecting with New Baymans. clock.
Connecting with New Brunswick Railway for
Connecting with New Brunswick Railway for
Voodstock, Grand Falls, etc.; with Northern and
Vestern Railway for Doaktown, Chatham, etc.; and
ith steamer Florenceville for Eel River, Wood Western Haller, with steamer Florenceville for Lee. with stock, etc. On THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS Excursion On THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS Excursion Tickets issued to Brown's, Williams', Oak Point and Falmer's wharves, good to return on day of issue, for 40 cents, or to Hampstead and return for 50 sue, for 40 cents, or to Hampstead and return for 50 months.

SATURDAY EYENING AND MONDAY MORNING
TRIP.—For accommodation of business men and
others, Steamer ACADIA will leave Indiantown
every Saturday evening, at six o'clock, for Hampstead, calling at intermediate stops. Returning,
will leave Hampstead at six o'clock Monday morning, to arrive at Indiantown at nine, thus affording
an opportunity to spend a day of rest and change
in the country without encroaching on business
hours.

nours.
Fare to Hømpstead, etc., and return, 50 cents.
Fare to Hømpstead, etc., and return, 50 cents.
Fare to Hømpstead, etc., and return, 50 cents.
Indiantown. St. John City Agency at H. Chubb & Co.'s, Prince Wm. street.

PHYSICIANS.

We Have Just Received A FULL LINE OF

JOHN WYETH & BROS." Compressed Triturates

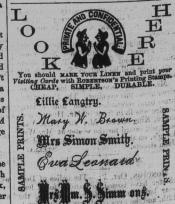
> A. CHIPMAN SMITH & CO., Charlotte Street.

TWEED WATERPROOF COATS With Sewed and Taped Seams.

We are now showing the Latest London Styles in

Gents' Tweed Rubber Coats, Made with above great improven ALSO-A Full Line of LADIES LONDON CLOAKS in newest styles.

ESTEY, ALLWOOD & CO., 68 Prince Wm. Street



154 Prince Wm. Street, St John, N

appears on the iread, I am sure, Pet writes as he ball—"" are appears of thoughts for him

SPORTS

Early in May, of \$25 to the pename the order is clubs should fini-dred and thirty-July 10, when the

For first place named Chicago; The other guesse Second place: New York, 44: F Third place: 87; Detroit. 29; Fourth place: 80; Detroit, 22 Fifth place: P 22; Pittsburg, 7; Sixth place: Pit 58; Philadelphia, Seventh place: ington, 80; Pittsl
Eighth place: apolis, 65; Pittsl

Progress the oys will have to ant to become g

The lists are on gentleman who fer his guesses correc come in and verify The Vail-Galan seeing. Both me the indications no for all they are we

C. E. O'Rielly, fax a few days age the half-mile run. papers say, the ho to win, one of ther man at the start a himself for the fini It puzzles me the for this event. The strongest card, for the was beaten in the strongest card, for the was beaten in the strongest card, and the stro

inferior man, but scared him out in l The cricket end fact, looking backy task to tell just wh The batting average and Harvey gets the McLellan for the b

It shows just how this season when innings played by cup was six.

Mr. Comber has

Mr. Comber has land for the winter St. John is not am he may go to Halifi Wanderers get him eease their howling The Halifax Reco ages of the Socials at that White leads the O'Brien' is at his he leads Davison in the Recorder says: "De by the Atlantas in they scored 15 hits." by the Atlantas in they scored 15 hits tionals at St. John, made 19 hits. Man by the Nationals, ir and in the second g were the most hits game of the season. basemen with .932, 781 and Grabers.

.781, and Graham a eron at short stop Pender leads the fie Comparisons are I may be pardoned of the Nationals I ahead of .327, while

short-stop and two of lead the respective I ing. Neither pitch Robinson's or Wags Commenting upon upon the close of the acknowledgments of ment by the St. J. Echo rises to ask, 'Stephen club, of Booly a week for a second tionals?"

The St. Stephens receipts. Their tou nothing. Having games, the Nationals field in their refusal that the employers clenient and generous

A popular base ballist of bialized shortly.—Halffa.

Who is it? Picke: Concerning the H Halifax corresponder

floremen:

Moremen:

Morem