PEACE CONGRESS DELEGATES UNANIMOUSLY ADOPT PLAN FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS

"Every Civilized Nation That Can Be Relied Upon To Promote Its Objects" Will Be Admitted to World Society To Preserve Peace.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The peace conference on Saturday weathered its first storm and unanimously adopted resolutions declaring for a league of nations. The conference also went on record in favor of incorporating the league as an integral part of the general treaty of peace and admitting to the league "every civilized nation which can be relied on to promote its objects."

Belgium, Serbia, Rumania, Portugal, Brazil, Siam, China and Czecho-Slovakia protested against the various committees being largely restricted to the great powers, and asked for proportionate representation privileges, particularly on bodies dealing with the league of nations; labor, and reparation for war damages.

Although this was a cloud no bigger than a man's hand, it threatened at one time to grow into a general alignment of the small powers against the five great powers. This, however, was averted by M. Clemenceau's good tempered and skilful direction.

The committee of the great powers on the league of nations, it was learned, will be:

For the United States—President Wilson and Col. Edward M. House.

For Great Britain—Lord Robert Cecil and General Jan Christian Smuts.

For France—Leon Bourgeois and Ferdinand Larnaude, dean of the faculty of law of the University of Paris.

For Italy—Premier Orlando and Vittorio Scialoia.

For Japan—Viscount Chinda and K. Ochiai.

The delegates of the smaller nations will be announced later.

The session had the same impressive dignity as the opening session, with a picturesque setting of Arabs and Indians in their turbans and tunics, as well as a distinguished array of prime ministers and other world figures.

LEAGUE PLAN UNANIMOUS.

Although it had been intended that Premier Lloyd George would open the discussion on the league of nations, President Wilson had this honor. The president was followed by Lloyd George, who, in an inspiring address, seconded the resolution, which was adopted without dissent, after the proposal had been indorsed by Premier Orlando for Italy, and representatives of Belgium, Poland and China.

The statement officially given out is as follows:

"The conference having considered the proposals for the creation of a league of nations resolved that:

"It is essential to the maintenance of the world settlement, which the associated nations are now met to establish, that a league of nations be created to promote international obligations and to provide safeguards against war. This league should be created as an integral part of the general treaty of peace, and should be open to every civilized nation which can be relied on to promote its objects.

"The members of the league should periodically meet in international conference, and should have a permanent organization and secretaries to carry on the business of the league in the intervals between the conferences.

"The conference, therefore, appoints a committee representative of the associated governments to work out the details of the constitution and the functions of the league."

Imposing Setting.

This session of the conference opened at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon in the Salle de la Paix in the foreign office, with the same imposing setting as during the first session, but with little ceremony and the manifest purpose of business. M. Clemenceau was again in the chair with President Wilson and the full American delegation at his right and Premier Lloyd George and the British delegates at his left.

When the session opened it was addressed by President Wilson on the subject of a league of nations. The president declared the conference had assembled to make a permanent settlement; the present conference, he added, could not complete its work until some further machinery of settlement should be set up.

Representing All Mankind.

"We are not here alone," he said, [illegible]

President Wilson contended that a league of nations must be a vital thing [illegible]

"It should be the eye of nations, an eye that is always watchful [illegible]

On his travels, the president said, the people everywhere had greeted the league as the first thing in their minds.

"Select classes of men no longer direct the affairs of the world," said the president, "but the fortunes of the world are now in the hands of the plain people."

Throw Off the Old System.

[illegible]

Lloyd George's Indorsation.

At the conclusion of the reading of a translation of President Wilson's speech, Premier Lloyd George said: [illegible]

Miles of Devastation.

[illegible]

Italians Eager for League.

[illegible]

EXCELSIOR LIFE'S RECORD YEAR

Assets Over Five Million Dollar Mark—Record Amount of New Business.

At the annual meeting of the company which was held in Toronto on the 23rd instant the following results of the transactions of the year just closed were announced.

During the year, applications for new assurances were received for $6,734,002.00, the largest amount applied for in any year in the history of the company. There was issued and revived policies to the amount of $5,438,056.00, bringing the total in force up to $26,842,967.30.

The premiums, new and renewal, after deducting payments made to other companies for re-assurances, amounted to $909,206.75, being a substantial increase over 1917 of $113,238.58, or 14 per cent.

The total receipts for premiums, interest, rents, etc., amounted to $1,207,316.18, an increase of $122,233.48.

The amount paid to policyholders for Death Claims, Matured Investment and Matured Endowment Policies, in addition to the amount set aside for profits during the year, totalled $869,567.89, or in other words, out of every dollar of premium received from policyholders during the year over 95 cents was returned to or set aside for their benefit.

The total assets available for security of policyholders have now passed the Five Million Dollar Mark, totalling $5,210,841.21, an increase for the year of $275,279.18.

Included in this amount is $961,500 of long date Gold Bonds of the Dominion of Canada.

The average rate of interest earned on invested assets was 6.72 per cent., almost double the rate required to provide for policy liabilities.

The business of the company in the London district is ably looked after by J. S. Howell, inspector, and W. R. Wilmer, city manager.

"Without any doubt," responded M. Clemenceau.

The Chinese delegates added their support to the resolution, saying that China associated herself in the lofty ideals expressed. The Polish delegates and Camille Huysmans, head of the Belgian delegation, added their strong approval.

Passed Unanimously.

"Is there any objection to the resolution?" asked M. Clemenceau.

There was no response, and he declared the resolution unanimously adopted.

M. Clemenceau then announced the composition, and the order of the names as announced, makes President Wilson chairman.

Louis Klotz, of the French delegation, proposed a financial section to the league of nations, but the proposal finally went over.

M. Clemenceau proposed another plenary session on Monday for the submission of reports, and without division this was adopted.

At 6 o'clock the council adjourned until 3 o'clock Monday afternoon.

First Sign of Division.

The first signs of a division in the conference was when the conference proceeded to consider the four proposals submitted by the council of the great powers, providing for committees on labor, responsibility for the war, reparation for damages and ports, railways and waterways.

Camille Huysmans, in behalf of Belgium, asked for two members on the committees of labor, reparation, the league of nations, and one each on the others. Serbia made a similar request.

Brazil was more emphatic, declaring against a "cut and dried program," and saying that the conference should be master of its own decisions.

[illegible]

Looks Like a Bloc.

It looked for a time as though the small nations had formed a bloc, and would contest the decisions of the great powers to restrict the committees.

[illegible]

Responsibility for War.

[illegible]

"First—The responsibility of the authors of the war;

"Second—The facts as to breaches of the laws and customs of war committed by the forces of the German empire and their allies on land, on sea, and in the air during the present war;

"Third—The degree of responsibility for these offenses attaching to particular members of the enemy's forces, including members of the general staffs and other individuals, however highly placed;

"Fourth—The constitution and procedure of a tribunal appropriate to the trial of these offenses;

"Fifth—Any other matters cognate or ancillary to the above which may arise in the course of the inquiry and which the commission finds it useful and relevant to take into consideration."

Internationalized Labor.

[illegible]

REV. FATHER COSTELLO RETURNS HOME AFTER THREE YEARS OVERSEAS

Rev. (Capt.) Frederick Costello, who has been overseas for three years as a chaplain, has returned home. He has been appointed, temporarily, as assistant at St. Mary's Church. He officiated on Sunday morning at high mass. Prior to going overseas he was one of the assistants at this church.

Father Costello, who is a London boy, was ordained in 1915. Early in the following year he went overseas. He says that everything he has seen in the local papers in reference to the efficiency of the Canadian troops is true. In all the non-Canadian officers with whom he has spoken cannot say too much in favor of the Canadians.

BOARD WILL INSPECT MILITARY HOSPITALS

C. A. M. C. Men To Be Here on Tuesday.

Lieut.-Col. O. A. Cannon, assistant director of medical services in this military district, has been notified that a board of consultants from the C. A. M. C. will be in the city tomorrow to inspect the local military hospitals. This board, of which the chairman is Col. I. H. Cameron, has its headquarters in Ottawa, and its particular function is to inspect all military hospitals all over Canada and to give advice as to treatment, equipment, etc. The board consists of five members, but not all of these, it is expected will come to London. Those who are coming are expected to arrive on the noon C. P. R. train.

END OF MONTH TO SEE BIG REDUCTION OF MILITARY STAFF

Several Branches and Offices To Be Closed.

LT.-COL. DOUGLAS RESIGNS

At Present Sick and Will Be Kept On Strength Until Well.

The end of the present month will see a reduction in the number of military officers attached to the various headquarters departments and to the W. O. R. The casualty branch, the M. S. A. branch will cease to exist and all these departments will be handled through the D. A. A. and Q. M. G.'s branch.

Lieut.-Col. W. J. Douglas, the present D. A. A. and Q. M. G., has handed in his resignation to take effect from the end of this month, but as he is unwell and under medical treatment, he will not be struck off strength until the treatment is completed. Capt. H. R. Caradis, of the casualty branch, is similarly situated. Those who, so far as is known at present, will leave at the end of the month are:

Major James Gordon Wood, casualty branch; Capt. E. C. Kirkland, district records office; Capt. D. G. McIntosh, M. S. A. branch; Major D. Black, W. O. R.; Capt. E. L. Money, W. O. R.; Capt. J. E. Pope, W. O. R.; Lieut. H. Ashley, W. O. R.

Major A. S. Law, formerly of the R. C. R., who was in London before the war, and who has just been discharged from hospital in Toronto, where he has been undergoing treatment following severe wounds received while fighting in France, will for the present perform the duties of the D. A. A. & Q. M. G., but has not yet been stationed permanently to this district.

ONLY ONE WAY TO ETERNAL LIFE AND THAT IS ESSENTIAL

Rev. H. H. Bingham Deplores Multiplicity of Religions.

SONG SERVICE POPULAR

Congregation Enters Into Gospel Songs With Great Fervor.

That everybody loves to sing is evidenced by the spontaneity with which the opening notes of each gospel hymn are eagerly caught and swung along by everyone in attendance at the Sunday evening services of Talbot Street Baptist Church. These song services always precede the opening of the regular service. One wonders as one listens to the happy volume of song if these hymns are not a wonderful inspiration to take out into the workaday world. The meaning and needfulness of the knowledge and proof of the truth of the words of these gospel songs come very often through the busy intricate days of the week in every walk of life. Following a particularly stirring service of song, last evening, Rev. H. H. Bingham preached on the subject of "The Divine Pathfinder." "I take it," he said, "that every man has a form of religion, for man is created with the capacity to worship, if not the living God, then some form of idolatry. Man is created with the capacity to know God and to contain his spirit. Nearly everyone has a vague idea of a Supreme Being, and yet it is pathetic to note the multiplicity of religions in the world today. In the mystery and, to many, darkness of the path of life, there comes the Son of God with a statement that falls from his lips with startling naturalness. 'I am the way.'

Necessity of the Way.

"Christ has answered the inquiry of all ages and for all generations. There is the necessity of the way of life, just as there is the essentialness of highways. Pioneers and travelers tell us this. If we have felt the need of great highways to guide us across countries, surely there is a great need of a way being opened to guide the soul to God. Man in his natural condition is in a far country and to reach God is the confessed goal of all human life. No one can be saved or satisfied until that goal is reached. Jesus Christ came to open up that way. Buddhism is a religion of method, Mohammedanism of a book, but Christ's is the religion of a person. If we had no Bible we would still have a way to God through Christ. Christianity centres around a living personality.

It is a familiar phrase to speak of the cost of opening up that way of life. Christ crossed those vast mountains of despair by prayer. He said that one man's soul was of more value than a world. Many a vessel is lost at the mouth of a harbor. A human soul may be very near the way of life and yet be lost. Many efforts are made to find this way; good conduct or one's own efforts; some say, 'Let's depend on the mercy of God for God is very merciful, we will run our chances.'

A Fatal Mistake.

"This is a fatal mistake, for God is not merciful at the expense of justice. There are certain definite laws that have to do with mercy and one of them is that we have to confess Christ as our Lord. Some depend on education. Germany was one of the best educated countries in the world. Some say it does not matter what you believe as long as your heart is right. It has made all the difference in the world what Germany has believed. Christ asks for regeneration. Some speak of evolution, of man aspiring to goodness through his own efforts. Christ says we must be born of the spirit from above. He is the communicator of life, and there is no life apart from him. We thank God that the way of life is essentially democratic. Everyone may travel it. The highways to God is for all people. The destination of our life explains the sorrows and discipline of it, for life is not a playground but a school. Soldiers drill, train and sacrifice for months for one supreme hour, therefore our souls must know the language of heaven. The language of some men and some women would be strangely unfamiliar in heaven. Let us learn here the language of heaven. This side of heaven we speak of death as sleep, there it is waking; this side farewell, there welcome; here it is sunset, there it is sunrise."

At the close of the service the male quartet of the church sang very effectively, "The Shepherd True." Sunday, February 7, is Mr. Bingham's last Sunday in the city before leaving for his new field of labor in Calgary.

ESQUIBO MEN ARE ON TRAIN FOR HOME

The information bureau at the armories received the following message from Moncton, N. B., regarding the men for this district who arrived on the steamship the Esquibo at Halifax on January 25:

Moncton, N. B., Jan. 27.

A. A. G., London.—Special C. G. R. number 1225 arrived here 1:25 a.m. Left 1:50 a.m. 1 officer, 2 nursing sisters, 44 other ranks.

Lieut. W. Bell, T. C. O.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

THE LOCAL MARKET

Hay was slow on the local market today, a few of the choicest loads being sold at $18.00 per ton. Straw is still scarce and is now quoted at $9.00 to $9.50 per ton. Oats are quoted at $2.00 to $2.10 per cwt. No other changes in grain prices are reported. The hog market is still unsettled. The price is now quoted at $16.00 per cwt., but it was stated that the price here will be $15.00 to $15.50 per cwt. Potatoes took a drop on Saturday's market and are selling at $1.35 per bag wholesale, and $1.50 per bag retail. Honey was selling on the market Saturday in five-pound pails for 25c per pound.

Grain, Cwt.—			
Oats, per cwt........	$2 00	to	2 10
Wheat, per cwt........	3 50	to	3 53
Barley, per cwt........	2 25	to	2 35
Grain, Bushel—			
Oats, per bu........	68	to	71 2-5
Wheat, per bu........	2 10	to	2 12
Barley, per bu........	1 08	to	1 10 4-5
Vegetables—			
Cabbage, per doz., wholesale........	40	to	60
Cabbage, each, retail.	5	to	10
Potatoes, bag, retail.	1 50	to	1 50
Potatoes, load, bag..	1 35	to	1 35
Potatoes, retail, peck.	35	to	40
Celery, per doz........	40	to	75
Spinach, per doz........	60	to	60
Lettuce, per doz........	40	to	40
Beets, per bu........	50	to	60
Cauliflowers, per doz., wholesale........	1 50	to	2 50
Cauliflowers, each, retail........	15	to	20
Sage, savory, doz........	40	to	40
Dry onions, bu........	1 00	to	1 00
Dry onions, bag........	1 25	to	1 25
Parsley, per doz........	30	to	40
Carrots, per peck........	20	to	25
Turnips, per bu........	30	to	50
Parsnips, per bu........	50	to	65
Rhubarb, per doz........	1 00	to	1 00
Fruit—			
Apples, per bbl........	2 00	to	2 25
Spies, per bbl........	3 00	to	3 25
Apples, per bag........	75	to	1 25
Snow apples, bu........	1 00	to	1 00
Apples, cooking, 11-qt basket........	25	to	30
Apples, snow, 11-qt basket, retail........	25	to	40
Citrons, each........	10	to	20
Hay and Straw—			
Hay, per ton........	17 00	to	19 00
Straw, per ton........	9 00	to	9 50
Dairy Products, Retail—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	57	to	58
Butter, dairy, lb........	53	to	55
Butter, crocks, lb........	53	to	53
Eggs, per doz........	60	to	60
Dairy Products, Wholesale—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	53	to	54
Buter, dairy, lb. rolls	50	to	52
Butter, crocks, lb........	50	to	50
Eggs, crate lots, doz.	56	to	56
Eggs, basket lots........	58	to	58
Poultry, Dressed, Retail—			
Spring chickens, each	1 00	to	1 50
Chickens, per lb........	30	to	35
Spring ducks, dressed	1 10	to	1 50
Ducks, per lb........	26	to	30
Geese, per lb........	30	to	32
Geese, each........	2 50	to	3 50
Turkeys, per lb........	45	to	45
Live Stock—			
Hogs, dressed, cwt........	22 00	to	22 50
Fat sows, cwt........	12 00	to	12 50
Live hogs, cwt........	16 00	to	16 00
Small pigs, pair........	14 00	to	15 00
Beef, per cwt........	18 00	to	22 00
Veal, per cwt........	20 00	to	23 00
Heifer beef, cwt........	20 00	to	22 00
Lamb, per cwt........	23 00	to	25 00
Hides and Wool—			
Calfskins, per lb........	25	to	30
Country hides, lb........	15	to	16
City hides, lb........	17	to	17
Sheepskins, each........	1 00	to	2 00

LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—Cattle trade at the Union stockyards this morning was exceedingly slow, trade in domestic beef being draggy. The tendency in lambs was easier, while hogs were weaker, with the market extremely unsettled. Receipts, 2,436 cattle, 97 calves, 1,124 hogs and 260 sheep. Quotations:

Cattle—Exporters, choice, per cwt, $13@14; do, medium, $12@13; do, bulls, $9@9 75; butchers, choice, $10@10 50; do, medium, $9@9 50; do, common, $7@7 25; do, cows, choice, $9 25@10; do, medium, $7 50@8 50; do, canners, $5@5 25; do, bulls, $8@9; feeding steers, $9@10; stockers, choice, $8@9; do, light, $6 50@7 50; milkers, choice, each, $85@130; springers, choice, $90@135; calves, $15@15 50.

Sheep—Ewes, cwt, $8@9; bucks and culls, $4@8; lambs, $13 50@14.

Hogs—Fed and watered, cwt, $16@16 25; f. o. b., $15 25.

Montreal, Jan. 27.—Cattle—Receipts at the various markets this morning were much smaller than has been the rule for some time past. At the west end market cattle receipts amounted to 540 head, sheep and lambs 105, hogs 108 and calves 81. During the week receipts amounted to 895 cattle, 330 sheep and lambs, 840 hogs and 265 calves. The falling off in offerings is possibly attributable to the decline in prices. Choice selects, off cars, were selling this morning at $16 50@17. The market for small meats continues firm, sheep and lambs being quoted at last week's figures. The tone of the cattle market, while not particularly weak, is not very certain, and it is expected that there may be some changes in the near future. Quotations:

Choice steers, $12@13; good, $10 50@11 50; medium, $8@9 50; choice butcher bulls, $8 50@9 50; good, $7 50@8 50; medium, $7@7 50; choice butcher cows, $9@10; good, $8 50@9.

Sheep, $8@10; lambs, $11@14.

Calves—Milk-fed, $13@15; stall-fed, $5@10.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Jan. 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; slow and lower; prime steers, $17@17 50; shipping steers, $16@16 50; butchers, $11@16; yearlings, $12@16; heifers, $10@12 50; cows, $4@11 50; bulls, $7@11; stockers and feeders, $7@11; fresh cows and springers, $65@150.

Calves—Receipts, 1,600; slow, 25c lower, at $5@16 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,200; pigs steady, others 20c to 25c lower; heavy, $17 80@17 90; mixed and yorkers, $17 60@17 80; light yorkers, $15 50@16; pigs, $12@15 50; throw-outs, $12@15 50; stags, $10@12 50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 8,000; easier; lambs, $11@16 75; others unchanged.

GRAIN.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Opening: Corn—February, $1 18; May, $1 15½.

Oats—February, 57¼c; May, 59⅜c.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Varying constructions on a lengthy statement by Food Administrator Hoover resulted today in sharp and contrary changes in the prices of corn. At first traders as a rule drew inference that Mr. Hoover favors maintaining present holding prices throughout February. Later the bearish aspects of what Mr. Hoover had said attracted attention, and assumed that the cost standard of hogs would be lowered. Dealings were on a large scale. Opening prices, which ranged from ¾c off to 1½c advance, with May at $1 15@1 15¼, and July at $1 13@1 14¼, were followed by material gains all around, and then sudden breaks to far below Saturday's finish.

Oats reflected the changes in corn. After opening ⅛c down to 1½c up, with May at 59@59¾c, the market underwent a decided setback.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.—Beef—Extra India mess, 370s.

Pork—Prime mess western, 330s.

Hams—Short cut, 137s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 152s; clear bellies, 160s; long clear middles, light, 160s; do, heavy, 159s; short clear backs, 157s; shoulders, square, 128s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 149s 6d; American refined, in pails, 152s; do, in boxes, 150s.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Provisions lacked support. Medium declines were shown, but a fair rally ensued.

OILS.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 72s.

Rosin—Common, 64s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 6⅝d.

Linseed Oil—62s.

Cottonseed Oil—68s 6d.

War Kerosene—No. 2, 1s 2¾d.

London, Jan. 27.—Calcutta Linseed—Afloat, £32 10s.

Linseed Oil—58s.

Sperm Oil—£54.

Petroleum—American refined, 1s 4½d; spirits, 1s 5½d.

Turpentine—French, 105s; Spanish, 104s; American nominal.

Rosin—Type G, 55s.

MONEY.

London, Jan. 27.—Closing: Bar silver, 48 7-16d per ounce.

Money, 3 per cent.

Discount rates—Short bills and three months, 3 17-32 per cent.

New York, Jan. 27.—Bar silver, $1 01⅛ per ounce.

COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.—Commencing February 3, trading in futures on the cotton exchange here will be extended to and include September, under special new contract terms.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.—Cotton—Futures closed barely steady; January, 17.10d; February, 15.54d; March, 14.02d; April, 12.63d.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 27.—Closing prices today were:

British 4½ per cent loan..........	99½
Consols, for money..........	59⅜
Atchison, com..........	97
Baltimore & Ohio..........	51
Canadian Pacific..........	175
Chesapeake & Ohio..........	58
Chicago Great Western..........	8
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul....	48
De Beers..........	17½
Denver & Rio Grande..........	8
Erie, com..........	21
Erie, 1st pfd..........	33
Grand Trunk..........	11
Illinois Central..........	101
Louisville & Nashville..........	118
Missouri, Kansas & Texas..........	7¾
New York Central..........	77
Norfolk & Western..........	110
Ontario & Western..........	22
Pennsylvania Railway..........	49
Rand Mines..........	3¼
Reading Railway..........	82
Southern Railway..........	31¼
Southern Pacific..........	103
Union Pacific..........	122
United States Steel..........	97

WALL STREET.

New York, Jan. 27—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—Declines of 1 to 2½ points were recorded in speculative issues at the opening of today's stock market, oils, equipments and local utilities, including Brooklyn Transit and Consolidated Gas showing special heaviness. Marine preferred also was lower with American Smelting, Baldwin Locomotive, American Tobacco and Southern Pacific, but other rails held their grounds. Pools resumed their bullish activity, motor subsidiaries, chiefly rubber shares, showing moderate gains.

1:30 p.m.—Conflicting movements characterized the very light dealings of the noon hour. While oils, steels, leathers and rubbers developed further strength, shippings, rails, utilities and sugars again inclined downward. Marine preferred, Atlantic-Gulf and Cuban Cane Sugar displayed marked weakness.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, Jan. 27.

Trunk Lines and Grangers—	Open.	High.	ow.	1:30.
Baltimore & Ohio.	48¼	48½	48	48
Erie, com.........	16	..	..	..
Great Northern...	92½	92¾	92½	92½
New York Central	72½	72½	72¼	72½
Rock Island......	23½	23⅝	23½	23⅝
St. Paul.........	39¼	39¾	38½	38½
Wabash, com.....	8⅛	..	..	..
Wabash, A.......	32	32	31¾	31¾
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Canadian Pacific.	158½	158½	158	158
Missouri Pacific..	24¾	25	24⅝	24¾
Southern Pacific..	98¼	99	98	98⅜
Southern Railway	27¼	27¼	27	27
Union Pacific.....	126½	126¾	126½	126¾
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio.....	55½	55⅝	55¼	55⅝
Lehigh Valley....	56	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	45	45	44⅞	44⅞
Reading Railway.	78	78⅜	77⅞	78⅛
Tractions—				
Brooklyn Transit.	18½	19¼	18⅜	18⅝
Interboro, com...	5⅛	..	..	..
Industrials—				
Am. Beet Sugar..	68⅞	68⅞	67½	67½
American Can....	46⅝	47	46⅜	46⅜
American Car....	90⅛	90½	88⅜	88¾
American Hide...	14⅞	..	..	..
Am. Hide, pfd....	81¼	83	81	82½
Am. Smelters.....	71¼	71¼	69¾	70¼
American Steel..	60	..	..	..
American Wool..	46⅞	..	..	..
Atlantic-Gulf	100½	100½	99⅜	99⅝
Baldwin Loco.....	69	69⅞	68¼	68⅞
Central Leather..	59⅜	59½	58⅞	58⅞
Corn Products....	47⅜	47½	47⅜	47½
Col. Fuel & Iron..	36⅝	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛
Distillers	52¼	52⅝	52⅛	52⅝
Dome Mines......	11¾	..	..	..
General Electric..	150¼	..	..	..
General Motors...	123¾	124	123¾	123⅞
G. Northern Ore..	37¼	37½	37⅛	37½
Inter. Nickel......	26⅞	..	..	..
Marine, com......	24½	24⅝	22¾	22¾
Marine, pfd......	102	102½	98⅞	99¼
Studebaker	48⅝	48¾	48⅛	48¾
U. S. Rubber.....	75½	76⅞	75⅛	76¾
Westinghouse	41	..	..	..
Willys-Overland..	24⅜	24½	24⅜	24½
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper.	58¾	59	58¼	58⅝
Chino Copper.....	33½	33½	33¼	33¼
Inspiration	44½	..	..	..
Miami Copper....	23½	..	..	..
Utah Copper......	69½	70¼	69½	70¼
Oils—				
Mex. Petroleum...	166½	168⅝	164¾	166⅝
Sinclair Oil.......	24⅞	..	..	..
Texas Oil.........	188	193¾	188	192
Steels—				
Bethlehem, B.....	60⅜	60⅞	60	60¼
Crucible Steel....	53¾	53¾	53¼	53¼
Railway Steel....	72¾	72⅞	72⅝	72¾
U. S. Steel.......	92	92	90¾	91½
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's.	97⅛	..	..	..

Sales to 1 p.m., 237,200 shares.

RODNEY MAN INJURED.

George Currie of Rodney, who was taken to St. Joseph's Hospital on Saturday, is being treated for a fractured bone in the leg.

London & Pt. Stanley Railway

TO ST. THOMAS—*6:00, †*6:20, 7:20, *8:20, 9:20, 11:20 a.m., 1:20, *5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 9:20, 11:35 p.m.

TO PORT STANLEY—†*6:20, *8:20, 11:20 a.m., 1:20, *5:20, 9:20, 11:35 p.m.

†Daily except Sunday.

*Limited, London to St. Thomas.