

PREMIER LENINE OF RUSSIA
NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH AT

GOVT. CRISIS
AT BUDAPEST

FIRESWEPT LISTOWEL MAIN STREET

FORMER FRENCH PREMIER WAS
PLOTING WITH GERMAN AGENTS

Petrograd, Jan. 15.—An automobile carrying Nikolai Lenine, the Bolsheviki premier, it is reported, was fired upon tonight when he was driving to a meeting of the Council of People's Commissaries. Four shots were fired.

**LARGE SUPPLIES
OF BACON FISH**

Atawa, Jan. 18.—Decreases in the amount of eggs, butter, mutton, cheese and beef in cold storage on January 1, as compared with December 1, 1917, are shown in the monthly report of the acting commissioner of labor, re cost of living, Mr. W. E. O'Connor. On the other hand there were, on January 1,

While the stock of eggs on hand had declined during the month from 6,819,163 dozen to 4,144,490 dozen, butter from 5,414,154 pounds to 11,273,627 pounds, beef (fresh and pickled) from 48,093,680 to 45,395,952 pounds, there were increases during the same period in the quantity of bacon, ham and smoked

The holdings of the firms reporting quantities of food on hand January 1, 1918, who also have reported for January 1, 1917, show the following comparisons:

SHIP REPORTED SINKING IS NOW REPORTED SAFE

New York, Jan. 16.—The American-Canadian Line steamship Texan, reported sinking off the coast two days ago, has been reported safe.

ned by one of the new "flush deck" destroyers, the navy department announced today. The voyage was from Pacific to an Atlantic port, and occupied 304 days, the average speed being 19.15 knots per hour. A new record also was set in the construction of the destroyer, only 51 weeks elapsing between the laying of the keel and the completion of the ship.

of the Hungarian cabinet on account of failure to obtain necessary support for the military program is reported in a Budapest dispatch to Copenhagen, forwarded by the Exchange

It was reported in an Amsterdam dispatch on January 8 that the Austrian Ministerial Council opposed unanimously the Hungarian Government's army

Hamilton, Jan. 16.—The trial of Dr. E. L. Hanseiman, a Brantford chiropractor, on a charge of tampering with shells, and a second count of practicing fraud and deception on his majesty, in connection with the supplying of military

Chief Siemtn of Brantford told about questioning Hanselman as to his nationality. He did not consider him a fit subject for citizenship.

shells from a pile, bore holes in the base, plug and polish off the end of the shells, and then replace them in the pile.

Court adjourned before cross-examination of the witness began.

BETTER DISTRIBUTION.

The question of the better distribution of labor, it is understood, was one of the main topics under discussion with the labor men, the aim being to secure the greatest possible output from essential

**TWO MORE PERISH OF
YARMOUTH SHELLING**

London, Jan. 18.—Two of those injured in the bombardment of Yarmouth on Monday night died last night. This brings the number of dead to five.

from non-essential work in the West or secured elsewhere. Prairie representatives here are understood to be in favor of a general mobilization of labor, but opposed to conscription of alien labor.

Labor's Leaders There.

premier's personal guard of soldiers, were met at the entrance by the workmen and sailors. They were escorted to the premier's private room. The conference lasted forty minutes and was carried on behind closed doors.

100

RUSSIA SENDS ULTIMATUM

will be taken.

**COAL IS ON WAY,
BUT SITUATION**

INDUSTRIES BE CURTAILED

GERMANS' DASH ABOVE VERDUN

Paris, Jan. 15.—Delayed. — German troops who attacked the French lines on a front of 200 metres in the

the statement reads:
"On the right bank of the Meuse the Germans attacked our positions in the Chaume wood on a front of 200

During the night of January 14-15 a number of enemy patrols were working in the region of Merckem. One of them attempted to surprise one of our advanced posts, and was repulsed by

region of Doprige, ters,

U. S. Govt. Prove Calliaux Was Intriguing Against Allies Through Enemy Agents At Argentina and Using Bernstorff To

ing evidence as to Cailaux's references to the French Government, and warned German newspapers against praising him. Another gave notice of the ship on which Cailaux was sailing from Argentina, and planned its capture by submarines.

indirect courtesies from us, but emphasized the extreme caution which he is obliged to show as the French Government, he said, had him watched even here. He warns us against the excessive praise bestowed upon him by our papers, especially the Neue Freie Presse, and desired on the other hand that the Mediterranean and Morocco agreements should be adversely criticized. Our praise injures his position in France. Calixtaux's reception here was cool. His report about Brazil had nothing

The instruction of the German censorship to the German press on June 16, 1917, follows:

"For political reasons, it is urgently requested that nothing be written about the former French Prime Minister Cailhau, and that his name be not mentioned under any circumstances."

[Special To The Advertiser.]

Stratford, Jan. 16.—Blame for taking down the bars for oleo was placed

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 19; lowest, 9 above.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours ending 8 o'clock were:—

Winnipeg	12	0	Clear	he was informed that only one-half
Port Arthur	8	0	Snow	bottle was allowed daily. He wrote
Parry Sound	0	0	Cloudy	until 11 o'clock at night. The next
Buffalo	22	0	Cloudy	morning he saluted the eye at the
Toronto	24	5	Cloudy	Continued on Page Three.
Kingston	24	5	Fair	
Ottawa	18	10	Snow	
Montreal	18	0	Fair	

the provinces except British Columbia, the provisions put to him by the military authorities.