## DEFINATION OF WORDS USED IN THIS BOOK.

- METABOLISM—The process by which living organisms are sustained through conversion of foods and oxygen into protoplasm.
- INNATE INTELLIGENCE—The intelligent Vital Force, with which all living organisms are endowed. The controlling principle which governs the functions of organs into a harmonious unit. The animating principle of matter making living things possible.

VISCERA-Internal organs.

FLEXUOUS FLEXIBLE—Capable of bowing and bending. APEX—Point.

PELVIS--The basin formed by the two innominate bones, the sacrum and coccyx.

CONVEX-Rounded outward.

CONVAVE-Opposite to convex; hollowed; having a cavity.

EMACIATION-Wasting of bodily tissues; getting thin.

CORPULENCY-Over fat; undue fleshiness.

OBESITY-Over fat; undue fleshiness.

PREGNANCY-The state of being with child, gravid, "in family way."

ANTERIOR-LY-Front-frontward.

POSTERIOR-LY-Back-backward.

LATERALLY-Side-ward.

CONDYLES-Irregular, ovoid heads on bones.

NORMAL-According to a set rule.

ABNORMAL-Not according to rule.

PUBERTY—The age at which one can reproduce his kind; from about 13 years.

MATURITY-The age of ripeness, about 25 years.

PREMATURELY—Before the proper time.

DIURNAL-Daily.

RECUMBENT-Prone; the lying down position.

RESILIENCY-The attribute of bounding back; springing.

TRAUMATISM-Wounds, accidents, contusions.

EXOSTOSIS-Bony growths or tumors.

ANKYLOSIS-The fusing together of two or more bones.

CARIES-Decay of bones (Potts' Disease).

KYPHOSIS-Posterior curvature.