

nighest portion of the cliff is the Citadel, covering an area of forty acres, and completed in 1832 at cost of about \$25,000,000. Frequently two or three regiments of the line were quartered here, but they were withdrawn in 1870, and now only two or three hundred officers and men of the Royal Canadian Artillery occupy these massive walls. Further to the right along the range of vision the magnificent pile of the Chateau Frontenac stands upon Dufferin Terrace with its magnificent outlook on the St. Lawrence. The Chateau Frontenac built by the Canadian Pacific Railway at a cost of a million dollars stands almost on the exact site of the old Chateau St. Louis, built by Champlain, almost two centuries and a half ago and occupied by the French governors for many years. The architecture is in the style of Louis Quinze. Upon Dufferin Terrace is a bronze statue of Champlain, erected in 1898.

Next in the range of vision are the Archbishop's Palace and Laval University. Among the other notable piles in the Upper Town are the Basilica, or French Cathedral, the Ursuline Convent and the Hotel Dieu Convent, St. Patrick's Church, City Hall and others. Outside the wall is the magnificent quadrangle of the Quebec Parliament Buildings on the Grande Allee which leads to the famous Plains of Abraham. Quebec was besieged five times, by Kirke in 1629, Phipps in 1690, Sir Hovenden Walker in 1711, Wolfe in 1759, and Montgomery and Arnold in 1775.

The environs of Quebec are beautiful, Montmorency Falls and St. Anne de Beaupre being the chief points of interest. The Falls are a magnificent spectacle and the famous shrine of St. Anne is annually sought by tens of thousands of pilgrims who have tales to tell of miraculous cures that have been wrought there.

