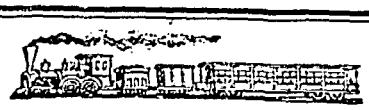
through. In return, the life she led under their authority was of the most painful description. Neither friends nor amusements were allowed her, and even attempts were made by her guardians to influence her sister against her, by unceasingly pointing her out as a disobedient child, unworthy of affection or respect in the world, and in danger of everlasting punishment in the next. No arguments, however, could evoke even the most trifling disagreement between the sisters. They continued to love each other tenderly, till at last their unnatural protectors, finding it impossible to effect a coolness between them, ceased their annoyance, and allowed matters to take their natural course.

Things went on in the same way till the sisters approached womanhood, when a new system of annoyance was practised on them by Mrs. Gibbons, for, to do her husband justice, with all his faults, he was not to blame in the affair. The natural desire of young girls to appear attractive now developed itself. This was soon noticed by Mrs. Gibbons, who construed their attempt to adorn themselves to be independent of her, and she resolutely determined to crush the mutinous spirit in the bud. She insisted on the sisters still wearing the girlish dresses they had hitherto been accustomed to, nor would she allow their hair to grow longer than the crop they had been used to in childhood. This last order was a cruel infliction on both the girls. They had naturally fine heads of hair, of beautiful color and texture, and they were certainly somewhat proud of them. Maria, the elder, in her gentle manner, begged as a favor that her hair might be allowed to grow, urging as a reason that her sister and she would be laughed at by any acquaintances they might make if they continued to wear it in that childish manner. Her arguments were received only as indications that she was tired of her guardians, and wished to be relieved from their superintendence; and she was rewarded with a sharp lecture on the sin of disobedience, and the terrible punishment which might await her sister and herself hereafter if they set at nought the wishes of those whom Heaven had appointed to guide and control them.

Maria, terrified by these arguments, quietly submitted to her aunt's orders; not so Margaret. The high-spirited girl for some time positively rebelled, greatly to the annoyance of her guardian. They were puzzled for a time to decide what steps to take against the refractory girl. She was now too old to dread the ordinary penalties she had been accustomed to receive for disobedience, and with all their ingenuity they could invent no other. At last they bethought themselves of getting Maria to remonstrate with her sister on the sinfulness of her conduct. The docile girl obeyed them, and Margaret, out of consideration for her sister, submitted to wearing her hair cropped, at the same time nourishing the most intense aversion to her aunt for her cruelty.

When the elder girl was about seventeen years of age a great change took place in the conduct of Mr. and Mrs. Gibbons towards each other. If they had never been what might be called an affectionate couple, they had hitherto continued to preserve a certain amount of decorum in any matrimonial differences which had arisen between them, especially in the presence of the children. Mrs. Gibbons now began to show a strong aversion to her husband, whom she openly accused of practising acts of great dishonesty in relation to the money she had been left by her father, and which she now said her husband had appropriated to his own use in direct defiance of his father-in-law's will, of which he had been sole executor. Mrs. Gibbons asserted, and truly, as far as it went, that the will stated that the money left should be for her sole and separate use, not subject to the control of her present or any future husband; but, in face of this injunction, Mr. Gibbons had possessed himself of the whole. Although this could not be denied, it was hardly a fair description of the case. That he had invested the money in his own name, on securities expected to pay a heavy rate of interest, is true; but it had certainly been with his wife's consent and approbation. She was naturally exceedingly avaricious, and she was dazzled at the large amount of interest she was to receive for the investment of her money by way of annuity. Now, the securities on which her money had been expended, like many others of the same description, were found to be exceedingly faulty, and the result was one by one they turned out to be valueless.

(To be continued.)



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 20th, the following alterations in the Train service will take effect:—

The 1.45 P.M. Train to Lachine on Saturdays will be discontinued.

The Passenger car run in connection with the Freight Train leaving *Montreal* for Vaudreuil at 2.15 P.M. on Saturdays will be discontinued.

—ALSO—

The Passenger car run on the Freight train leaving Vaudreuil for Montreal at 10.00 A.M.

JOSEPH HICKSON
General Manager.

Montreal, September 25th, 1879. 23

TENDERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE received by this Department, at Ottawa, up to the 13th OCTOBER, 1879, for the construction of Range Light Towers at Ste. Emelie, County of Lothiniere, and at Ile Ste. Therese, County of Hochelaga, all on the River St. Lawrence, in the Province of Quebec.

Plans and Specifications can be seen, and forms of Tenders procured by intending Contractors, at this Department, here; at the office of the Inspector of River Police, Harbor Commissioners' Building, Montreal; and at the Agency of this Department, Quebec.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Tenders for Ste. Emelie Range Lights," or "Ile Ste Therese Range Lights," as the case may be.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine.

Department of Marine, Ottawa, 9th September, 1879. 23-2k

TRADE SALE

FOR ACCOUNT

JOHN OSBORN, SON & CO.,

OF

TEAS, Brandies, Wines, &c.,

Advertised for September 30th, is

POSTPONED

UNTIL

Wednesday, Oct. 15,

On account of non-arrival of invoice New Season's Teas.

JOHN J. ARNTON,
Auctioneer.

23-2k

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after MONDAY, the 3rd of NOVEMBER next, this Bank will pay to its Shareholders a Dividend of

Two and One-half per Cent

for the six months ending the 31st of October next.)

The Transfer Book will be closed from the 18th October to the 2nd of November inclusively.

by order,

F. VEZINA,
Cashier.

Quebec, 27th September, 1879. 22

PICTOU BANK.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1873.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL - - $500,000

Hon. R. P. GRANT, President.
J. R. NOONAN, Esq., Vice-President.
THOMAS WATSON, Manager.

Sterling and American Exchange and United States Currency Bought and Sold, and Drafts issued on all principal towns in New Brunswick, Ontario, and Quebec.

AGENTS.—Halifax, Union Bank of Halifax; Montreal, Bank of Montreal; New York, Bell & Smithers; London, Eng., Imperial Bank, (Limited).

TENDERS FOR PRINTING, &c.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Secretary of State, Ottawa, and endorsed respectively

"TENDERS FOR PRINTING PAPER;"

"TENDERS FOR PRINTING," AND

"TENDERS FOR BINDING,"

will be received until THURSDAY, the 9th day of OCTOBER next, inclusive, for the performance, during a term of five years, from the 1st day of December next, of the following services, viz.:

1. Furnishing Printing Paper for the Printing of the Canada *Gazette*, the Statutes and Orders in Council and for Pamphlets, and other work required by the several Departments of the Government.

2. Printing the Canada *Gazette*, the Statutes and Orders in Council, and other Books, Pamphlets, Blank Books, Forms, Blanks and such other printing as may be required of the Contractor by the several Departments of the Government.

3. Binding the Statutes and Orders in Council and such other Books or Blank Books, and such other Binding, Map Mounting, &c., as may be required by the several Departments of the Government.

Blank forms of Tender and Specifications will be furnished on application to the Queen's Printer on and after Wednesday, the 24th inst.

Good and sufficient security in the sum of five thousand dollars, approved by the Government, will be required from the contractor for the due fulfillment of his contract. The Secretary of State will not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

EDOUARD J. LANGEVIN,
Under Secretary of State.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ottawa, 22nd September, 1879. 22-2k

New York Daily Commercial Bulletin.

(Entitled the N. Y. Daily Bulletin up to Dec. 31st, 1878.

NOW IS GENERALLY CONCEDED TO BE

THE LEADING BUSINESS JOURNAL

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

IT IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE ONE OF THE FOREMOST EXPONENTS OF THE BANKING AND FINANCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Its Market Reports, its Commercial News and its Statistical Information are more complete than those of any other Journal.

Without political bias or alliances, it seeks to subordinate legislation to the material interests of the people. It favors Freedom in Banking, Freedom in Commerce, and Freedom of Corporations; demanding for the individual and the association the largest liberty to buy or sell, to lend or to borrow, anywhere and on any terms and conditions without artificial restriction.

Specimen copies free on application.

Terms of Subscription—Payable in Advance.

One Year (postage prepaid).....$11.00
Six Months " " 6.00

N. Y. DAILY COMMERCIAL BULLETIN,

5 & 7 South William St., New York.

DOMINION

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.

Head Office, HAMILTON, ONT.

Deposit with Dominion Gov't, $50,000.

JOHN HARVEY (of J. Harvey & Co.), Pres.
F. R. DESPARD, Manager.

Head Office for Province of Quebec,

119 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

J. F. NOTT and C. D. HANSON,
Joint General Agents.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

ANNUAL AUTUMN

SALE

OF

BUFFALO ROBES.

The above Sale will be held at the Robe Warehouse,

No. 46 St. Peter St., Montreal.

On Wednesday, 8th Oct.,

WHEN ABOUT

10,000 ROBES

of various grades will be sold.

CONDITIONS LIBERAL.

The Robes will be on view, and Catalogues may be had two days before the sale, at the Company's Office, No. 5 St. Peter Street, or from the Auctioneer.

SALE AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

JOHN J. ARNTON,
Auctioneer.

23-1k

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875

And Amending Acts.

IN THE MATTER OF THE

MECHANICS' BANK,

A body corporate and politic, duly incorporated, and having its head office in the City and District of Montreal,

INSOLVENT.

A WRIT of attachment has issued in this cause, and the creditors are hereby notified to meet at the Office of the Mechanics' Bank, in the City of Montreal, on THURSDAY, the NINTH day of OCTOBER, A.D. 1879, at TEN o'clock in the Forenoon, for the purpose of receiving statements of affairs, to appoint an Assignee if they see fit, and for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

PILLANS S. STEVENSON,
Official Assignee.

Montreal, 22nd September, 1879. 22-2k

FERTILE FARMS,

Cheap and Healthy

HOMESTEADS

IN THE FAMOUS

Red River Valley,

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

The ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND MANITOBA RAILWAY COMPANY offers for Sale to ACTUAL SETTLERS, about

TWO MILLION ACRES

OF THE BEST

Wheat Lands,

Chiefly in the Red River Valley,

and contiguous to their lines of Railway running from St. Paul to the Manitoba boundary line, at prices ranging from

$3.00 to $5.00 per Acre!

AND

Easy Terms of Payments.

To induce speedy settlement, a discount will be given to actual settlers equal to nearly one-half the purchase price, on all lands brought under cultivation within three years from date of sale.

Pamphlets describing the lands, and supplying full information relating to them, may be had on application at the office of Messrs. GEO. STEPHEN & CO., 11 St. James street, Montreal, or to

D. D. McKINLAY,
Land Commissioner,

22 St. P., M. & M. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.