

Formulary.

INSECTICIDE FOR MOTHS.

Carbolic acid.....	10.0 grams
Oil of cloves,	
Oil of lemon,	
Camphor, of each	5.0 grams
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	500 grams

DYSPEPSIA TABLETS.

Pepsin, pure	gr. 100
Pancreatin, pure.....	gr. 100
Taka diastase	gr. 100
Bismuth subgallate.....	gr. 250
Ext. nux vomica.....	gr. 8

Make into 100 tablets or powders.—*Spatula.*

A HARMLESS COSMETIC.

The following formula makes an application as nearly harmless as any that we have yet examined. It has considerable covering power—what our German friends call *Deckkraft*:

Zinc oxide	13 parts
Bismuth oxychloride	2 parts
Glycerin	1 part
Rose water, q. s., to make.....	100 parts

Mix. Mark "shake." Violet water, or in fact, any other perfumed water, may be used. If desired, a trifle of ammoniacal carmine may be added.—*National Druggist.*

ACETANILID DENTIFRICE.

Acetanilid.....	5 grams
Glycerin	20 grams
Alcohol	75 grams
Tincture cochineal	5 grams
Oil of peppermint,	
Oil of geranium, of each.....	5 drops

One teaspoonful in $\frac{1}{2}$ glass of water as antiseptic-mouth wash.—*Hagar.*

AROMATIC TINCTURE OF DIALYZED IRON.—MOOV.

Sol. dialyzed iron, 5 per cent.....	parts 5
Glycerin.....	parts 4
Cinnamon water.....	parts 2
Water, distilled	parts 9

—*Pharm. Weekbl.*

EFFERVESCENT "TASTELESS" QUININE MIXTURE.

In the *Annales de médecine et de chirurgie infantiles*, we find the formula for an effervescent "tasteless" quinine mixture, which may be found useful. It is as follows:

Quinine sulphate.	62 grains.
Citric acid	155 grains.
Simple syrup	3 drams.
Syrup of orange peel.....	3 drams.
Distilled water..q.s. to make	1 ounce.

Mix and dissolve.

Make another solution of bicarbonate of sodium in water, carrying thirty grains of the salt to the ounce.

To use, add ten drops to an ounce or so of water. Add a teaspoonful of the

soda solution to another ounce of water, mix, and let the patient drink while effervescing.

The dose given is, of course, for a child, and must be increased according to age.—*Nat. Drug.*

HOWARD'S ANTISEPTIC.

This preparation is used for rendering the tooth-cavities and root-canals antiseptic in dental work, and has the following composition:

Carbolic acid crystals.....	5iv.
Oil of cassia.....	5j.
Oil of cloves.....	5j.
Thymol	5ij.
Glycerin	5j.
Tannic acid.	5j.
Mix.	

SYRUP OF PHOSPHOMURIATE OF CALCIUM AND GUAIACOL.

Make the three following solutions in separate vessels:

(a) Calcium phosphate.....	parts 60.
Distilled water.....	parts 120.
Hydrochloric acid.....	parts 70.
(b) Tolu balsam.....	parts 15.
Alcohol.....	parts 75.
Distilled water.....	parts 75.
(c) Guaiacol.....	parts 10.
Glycerin.....	parts 150.
Syrup	parts 90.
Arrack	parts 30.
Malaga wine.....	parts 60.

Mix the liquids and set the mixture aside for five or six days, at the expiration of which time filter.—*Pharm. Post.*

VINUM IODTANNICUM PHOSPHATUM.

The *Annales de Pharmacie* gives the following formula:

Iodine.....	13 parts
Potassium iodide.....	13 parts
Distilled water.....	50 parts

Mix and dissolve.

Tannic acid.....	30 parts
Distilled water.....	150 parts

Mix and dissolve. When solution is complete mix solutions *a* and *b* and warm the mixture for ten minutes, then add to it the following:

Calcium monophosphate....	135 parts
Distilled water.....	1100 parts
Sweet wine, q.s.ad.....	10000 parts

Mix and dissolve.—*National Druggist.*

AJAX LINIMENT.

A liniment with gasolin instead of alcohol as a base has had an extensive sale in some parts.

It does well as a quick stimulant and counter-irritant for neuralgia, rheumatism, pain, etc., and is very cheaply made.

Oil Wintergreen.....	oz. 1
Oil sassafras.....	oz. 2
Oil hemlock.....	oz. 1

Oil mustard.....	dr. 1
Gasolin.....	gal. 1

Put all the ingredients together in a gallon bottle and macerate with frequent agitation seven days, then filter quickly through paper, taking care not to get near a fire or light. This is to be applied quite freely.—*Formulary.*

REMEDY FOR PERSPIRATION.

Monin recommends the following mixture: Lavender water, peppermint, orange flower water, tinct. of myrrh, tinct. of quillaya, aa 50; sodium benzoate, 20. To be used as a wash three times per diem, sprinkling a few drops on a cloth moistened with warm water.—*Zeit. d. allg. cest. Apoth. Ver., after Apoth. Ztg. Phar. Jl.*

Veterinary Formulæ.

FOR COLIC IN HORSES.

Spirit of nitrous ether....	28 grm.
Tincture of opium	28 grm.
Tincture of aconite.....	1.18 grm.

To be given in half a litre of water and repeated, if necessary, in half an hour.

FOR WORMS IN HORSES.

Powdered alica nut.....	60 grm.
Powdered gentian root.....	60 grm.
Iron filings.....	30 grm.

Divide into twelve powders.

A powder is to be followed by an emulsion of oil of turpentine.

Turpentine	56 grm.
Linseed oil.....	560 grm.
Soap Solution, q. s., to make an emulsion.	

TONIC CONDITION POWDER FOR HORSES.

Powdered nux vomica	30 grm.
Powdered ferrous sulphate ..	30 grm.
Gentian root	45 grm.
Aromatic powder	15 grm.

Divide into twelve powders.

DIURETIC POWDERS FOR HORSES.

Resin.....	90 grm.
Potassium nitrate.....	90 grm.
Buchu leaves	45 grm.

Divide into twelve powders.

FOR HARNESS OR SADDLE-GALLS AND BRUISES.

Tannin	12 grm.
Alcohol, q.s., to dissolve.	
Boric acid	90 grm.
Glycerine, q.s., to dissolve.	
Water to produce.....	168 grm.

To be applied twice daily.

FOR FISTULÆ.

Zinc chloride	30 grm.
Distilled water.....	28 grm.

Two days after the application of this solution the fistula should be syringed with the following:

Creatin	7.
Distilled water.....	448.

FOR CRACKED HEELS.

Zinc oxide.....	3.
Carbolic acid	0.60.
Lard	30.

—*Annales de Pharm. Phar. Jl.*