legs with scopa strongly plumose, long and loose, wholly pale; hair on inner side of hind tibiæ fusco-ferruginous.

In my table in Trans. Amer. Ent. Soc., XXXII, the female runs to the vicinity of M. gilensis communis and hortivagans. It is smaller than gilensis, with much clearer wings, and hair on outer side of middle tibiæ all pale (largely dark gray in gilensis). The same characters at once separate it from hortivagans. The wings are much paler and shorter than in communis, and the band on middle of second abdominal segment is much broader. The hind margin of fourth abdominal segment has dark hair only in middle, not right accross as in M. wheèleri. Among Robertson's species M. semiagilis female resembles M. vernoniæ, which has short, still clearer wings; but vernoniæ has a patch of black hair on outer side of middle tibiæ apically, the hair on abdomen whiter, and the hair on inner side of hind basitarsi black.

Hab.—Quanah, Indian Territory, at flowers of Helianthus, June 10, 1906 (J. D. Mitchell), U.S. Nat. Museum, 9♂, 4♀. A female from Dallas, Texas, at Helianthus, Sept. 22, 1905 (F. C. Bishopp) has a little dusky hair at apex of middle tibiæ, and the hair on inner side of hind basitarsi is fuscous; but the general appearance and colour of the hair agrees exactly with semiagilis, not with vernoniæ. Thus it rather approaches M. simillima Rob.

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Melissodes suffusa Cresson, variety.

♂. Differs from a cotype in having the flagellum only obscurely reddened (instead of bright clear ferruginous) beneath; otherwise normal.

Hab.—Falfurrias, Texas, on Helianthus, May 18, 1907, (A. C. Morgan).

Melissodes bishoppi sp. n.

 \circlearrowleft . Runs in my table in Trans. Amer, Ent. Soc., XXXII, to the vicinity of M. aurigenia Cresson, which it closely resembles differing as follows: Third antennal joint (view from front) 192 μ long, fourth 752 (the same measurements for aurigenia are 128 and 1040); the third joint very much longer than second; flagellum about $5\frac{1}{2}$ mm. long (about $7\frac{1}{2}$ in aurigenia); nervures darker; second s. m. narrower; third t. c. angular in middle;