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INVENTIONS PATENTED.

NOTE—Patents are granted for 15 years. The term of years for which the fees have been paid, is given after the date of the patent.

No. 18,377. Centrifugal Separator.

(Séparateur Centrifuge.)

Winslow P. Northway and Joseph L. Willford, Minneapolis, Minn., C. S., 3rd January, 1831; 5 years.

Olying botting reel, longitudinal ribs on the interior surface of the of the right of the same direction as, and at a greater speed than the speeds, and many for coating the reel and beaters at different covered with holding cloth and provided with ribs having beveiled rear surfaces, a series of beaters arranged horizontally in a centrifugal separator, a horizontal revolving reel rear since botting cloth and provided with ribs having beveiled containly in a circle within said reel and connected to a central shaft, speeds and circle within said reel and connected to a central shaft, as described. 3rd. In a centrifugal separator, a horizontal revolving rear augment of the provided with ribs having beveiled surfaces, and with soil in gloth and provided with ribs having beveiled surfaces, and with soil in gloth and provided with ribs having beveiled surfaces, and with angular flights hattached to said beveiled surfaces, and said reel, and connected to a central shaft and than early one with a series of beaters arranged horizontally shaped with soil reel and connected to a central shaft and than early to be revolved in the same direction, and at a greater speed has early seen and connected to a central shaft and than early reel, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 4th. The beater shaft and the end plate P, covering the entire end of the serve with radial scharge slots i', i', and hoods i'z, i', covering sand reel, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 4th. The combination of a reel substantially and the end plate P, covering the entire end of the serve with radial scharge slots i', i', and hoods i'z, i', covering sand freel substantially as set forth. 5th. The combination of a reel substantially as set forth. 5th. The combination of a reel ranged beatters be to one of said sleeves, a series of circularly arranged with bolting cloth and mounted upon sleeves I', I'z, sproc Winslow P. Northway and Joseph L. Willford, Minneapolis, Minn., U.S., 3rd January, 1884; 5 years.

No. 18,378. Hame Fastener. (Attache-attelles.)

David G. Miller, Frankfort, Mich., William W. Sly, Cleveland, Ohio, and Christian C. Miller, Frankfort, Mich., U.S., 3rd January, 1884; 5 years.

Claim.—Ist. In a hame-fastener, the combination, with the hinged shank B, of the lever E pivoted to the case, at the point on the lever E stated and described, and provided with the end-bearing, all substantially as shown and described. 2nd. The catch C, in combination with the hinged shank B, the locking device D, the lever E pivoted as shown, and case A, all substantially as described and for the purposes specified.

No. 18,379. Leather Splitting Machine.

(Machine à refendre les cuirs.)

Eustace Cummings, Woburn. Mass., U.S., 3rd January, 1884; 5 years, Claim.—1st. In a leather splitting machine, in combination with the feed and guage roils b1, b2 and belt knife A, the positively operated revolving drawing rolls C, C1, all substantially as and for the purposes described. 2nd. In a leather splitting machine, in combination with feed rolls b1, b2 and belt-knife A, the drawing rolls C, C1, revolved at a greater speed than the feed rolls, whereby the material split is kept taut during the splitting operation, all substantially as and for the purposes described. 3rd. The combination, in a leather splitting machine, of the feed rolls b1, b2, the belt-knife A, and the drawing rolls C, C1, located in relation to the splitting knife as described, all sustantially as and for the purpose set forth. 4th. The combination, in a leather splitting machine, of the feed rolls b1, b2, the belt-knife A and the drawing rolls C, C1, one of which is adapted to be moved vertically in relation to the other roll, substantially as and for the purpose described. 5th. The combination, in a leather splitting machine, in a leather splitting machine, in the feed rolls b1, b2, the belt-knife A, the drawing rolls C, C1, the treadles d3 and connecting mechanism, whereby the rolls are brought together, all substantially as and for the purpose described. 6th. In a leather splitting machine, in combination with suitable feeding and gaging devices, and a revolving belt-knife A, of the drawing roll or rolls C, C1 located in relation to the belt-knife, as set forth, all substantially as and for the purposes described. 7th. In a leather splitting machine, in combination, in a leather splitting machine, in Eustace Cummings, Woburn. Mass., U.S., 3rd January, 1884; 5 years,

No. 18,380. Waterproof Paint.

(Peinture hydrofuge.)

Albert Sorg and Franklin D. Phillips, Ann Arbor, Mich., U.S., 3rd January, 1884; 15 years.

Claim.—A compound made of the herein specified ingredients, viz: coal-tar, sulphur, hematite, litharge, allum, salt and asphaltum, sub-stantially in the proportions and for the purposes specified.

Process for Extracting the Oxides of Cobalt and Mangan-No. 18,381. ese from their Ores. (Procédé pour extraire de leurs minerais les Oxides de Cobalt et de Manganèse.)

Henri Herrenschmidt and Marmaduke Constable, Sydney, N.S.W., 3rd January, 1884; 5 years.

Ciaim.—The use of sulphate of iron, or any substance or compound, which will form sulphate of iron, for the purpose of extracting the oxides of cobalt and manganese from their ores, in the manner substantially as herein described and explained.