STAFFA, AND FINGAL'S CAVE

BY THE EDITOR.

south-western isles of Scotland it some of the finest scenery and interesting associations of any part reat Britain. The steamer "Iona" the busy quay of the Broomielaw lasgow, and glides down the river , through the crowded shipping from

land which throngs busy port. On the shore we pass the hamlet of Kilthe reputed place of the patron of Ireland. Acng to legend, the man was so beset minions of Satan. he fled in a small o the Isle of Saints. enraged at his e, seized a huge er and flung it after ngitive. If you preto doubt the story. are shown the idenstone. Dumbarton e. crowned with its castle, 550 feet in To the left is the of Greenock, in quiet "God's-" sleeps the dust of ghland Mary," the of Burns' purest most fervent love, the subject of his tender and touch-

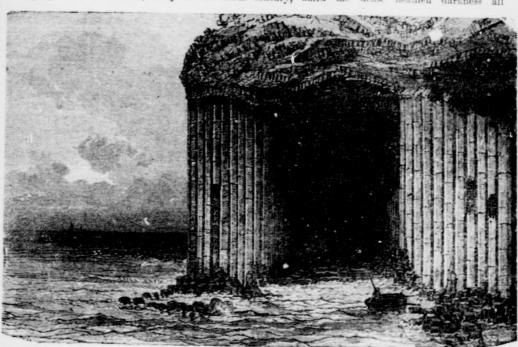
enter now the rising abruptly from the sea, like a ocked lake. Crossing Loch Fyne, we Crinan Canal, which saves a detour venty miles around the Mull of vre, and threading the Jura Sound, en magnificent cliffs and crags, we into the beautiful "White Bay"

om Oban, a staunch little seaworthy er-for the passage is often very conveys one around the rugged of Mull, calling at Iona's hely isle,

and at the marvellous cave of Staffa. The island of Iona-Isle of the Waves, or Icolmkill, the Isle of St. Columba's cellis very small, only two miles and a half in length, by one in breadth-but here burned for long ages the beacon fires of the Christian faith, when pagan darkness enveloped all around.

Among the wild mountains of Donegal,

osier boats, he reached Iona's lonely isle. amid the surges of the melancholy main. Here he reared his monasteries of wattled buts; his chapel, refectory, cow byres, and grange. The bare ground was their bed, and a stone their pillow. The sea-girt isle became a distinguished seat of learning and piety--a moral lighthouse, sending forth rays of spiritual illumination in Ireland, early in the sixth century, amid the dense heathen darkness all



FINGAL'S CAVE, STAFFA.

ng channel of the Kyles of Bute, the was born a child of royal race, destined to become famous throughout the world as the Apostle of Christianity to Scotland, and the patron saint of that land, till he was superseded by St. Andrew. This boy was Colum, or Columba, who in his youth had a passion for borrowing from the convent founded by St. Patrick. and copying, manuscripts of the Gospel and Psalms. When grown to man's estates, in fulfilment of a vow, he became a missionary to the pagan Picts and Scots. With twelve companions, in skin-covered

around. Much time was spent by the monks in the study of the Greek and Latin tongues, and in the transcription of MS. copies of the Scriptures.

The pious Culdees, as these missionaries were called, in their frail osier barks, penetrated the numerous gulfs and straits of that storm-lashed coast. They carried the Gospel to the far-off steeps of St. Kilda; to the Orkney, Shetland, and Faroe Islands; and even to

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