



Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, Proprietor
C. T. JAMES, Editor

TUESDAY, Nov. 12th, 1918.

Peace Through Victory.

Never since the sun first rose over a created world, has there been a more glorious dawn than that of this morning, when after a period of over four years of magnified and unprecedented carnage, the first rays of the orb of day shone on a universe at peace. Stilled are the noises and tumults; captains and kings have departed; millions of men rest on their arms, and to Victor and Vanquished alike comes the feeling of relief and thankfulness, because the strain is eased and the burden of battle lifted from their shoulders. We almost fail to estimate the new blessing with which we have been endowed, nevertheless our appreciation of the dawning of a new day over a blood-stained and battle weary world is such that mere language fails to express the new born thankfulness, which the cessation of hostilities, and the early approach of permanent peace, generates in the heart of mankind. We scarcely realize as yet that fighting has been suspended and that peace is assuming a concrete form. Though not unexpected the absolute and unqualified submission of Germany to the Allied terms, comes almost as a surprise, and more especially since the terms of the armistice, to which her representatives have agreed have become known. Not in all history is there any surrender which parallels that of the German nation, which is now entirely at the mercy of the Allied powers. Short of all her arrogant power and might, which she has now humbled in the dust, her submission is complete, her degradation accomplished, the latter not so much by the prowess of arms of those arrayed against her, as by the hideous and inhuman acts of her soldiers at the instance of those in higher authority. The misfortunes brought upon others by the Germans have recoiled upon themselves. The miseries which others endured are being duplicated in Germany. Her intrigues have failed, her conspiracies have been foiled and her armies beaten. With her Emperor a fugitive, another Cain, with the mark upon his brow, shunned by mankind as uncle and unfit to inhabit any country, unless a Caesar, now a pariah, and with revolution and anarchy biting at her vitals, and the conqueror within her gates, the once proud German people have found that the conquests which they sought, the dominion which they craved, and for which they schemed and connived and plotted, is but dead sea fruit. Out of this discovery may come the future regeneration of Germany, but it must be a Germany purged and cleansed in heart and body which must humbly crave entrance into the Council of Nations. Repentance must be genuine and sincere and proof of her good intentions must be beyond cavil or criticism.

And in this hour of victorious triumph, the triumph of light over darkness, the vanquishment of the dragon of evil by St. Michael and his hosts, casting forth from all the places, let us not forget that we too must humble ourselves before the throne of the Great Commander of all armies, lest in our pride, we forget the honor due Him, who alone giveth the victory. "Not unto us O Lord, not unto us, but unto Thy name give glory."

Carbonear Rejoices.

The news of the signing of the armistice was received at Carbonear yesterday morning, with every evidence of joy, gratitude and relief. Immediately the glad tidings were circulated bunting was spread to the breeze from shops, stores, houses and vessels in the harbor, the brigantine Olinda being resplendent in all the flags and colors of the signal code. At noon the bells of the churches rang out triumphant peals, this being the signal for a general closing of the business premises. A monster procession for the evening was being organized with the music of the town brass bands heading the march. On every side were heard expressions of gladness that the agony of four years had passed and that the crowning blessing of peace had come to a strife-weary world.

W. P. A.

The Packing and Shipping Committee acknowledge with thanks the following:

Joe Batt's Arm and Barr'd Island—60 pairs socks.

Greenspond—14 pairs socks.

Lamaline—42 pairs socks.

Salt Pond—9 pairs socks.

Catalina—15 pairs socks, old white material.

Bader's Quay—43 pairs socks.

Rose Blanche—46 pairs socks, 14 shirts.

Vallierfield—46 pairs socks.

Trinity—13 bags of moss.

Flat Pond, B.B.—35 pairs socks sent last May.

ANNIE HAYWARD, Convenor.

Monster Peace Procession.

Regiment, Brigades, Societies and Citizens Parade—Bands, Banners, Autos and Carriages in Line—Joy Bells Ring Out the Message of Peace at Noon—Our Gallant Ally, La Belle France, Represented.

At 10 o'clock this morning, thousands of citizens assembled on the barracks grounds, for the purpose of celebrating the cessation of hostilities, news of which came yesterday. The schedule time of marching was eleven o'clock, but arrangements having been completed, it commenced ten minutes earlier. While the various units were forming a squad of 40 from the French patrol ship in port came on the grounds, and immediately the boys of the Regiment cheered enthusiastically, and the gallant Frenchmen cheered back. The Regimental and C.L.B. Bands also struck up the Marseillaise and the thousands who waited outside were thrilled with the stirring music. The climax of the enthusiasm came when all present cheered and clapped. The order of parade was as follows:—

Cars with wounded Blue Puttees.

C.L.B. Band.

French Naval Detachment.

Royal Naval Reservists.

Blue Puttees.

Regimental Bugle Band.

Minister of Militia and Staff.

C.C.C. Band.

C.L.B. Bugle Band.

C.C.C.

T.A. Band.

C.E.I.

S.O.E.

Cars with Blue Puttees.

Representative Citizens. As the procession moved out of the Barrack grounds, the C.L.B. band struck up "We'll Never Let the Old Flag Fall," and the spirited manner in which they played this popular air pleased everybody. Other bands also played patriotic airs, the "Marseillaise," "Maple Leaf," "Over There" being the favorites. The route taken was into Military Road, across Rawlin's Cross to Queen's Road; down Theatre Hill, up New Gower Street, into Hamilton Street; thence down Patrick Street into Water Street, going east; from there, up McBride's Hill and down Duckworth Street. The procession then proceeded up Ordnance Street, and into the Government House grounds by the eastern entrance, via King's Bridge Road. The procession, although not composed of so many representative bodies as that of the 1st July parade, owing to the short notice, was one of the largest seen here, and it took it exactly ten

minutes to pass a given point. At one time, it extended from the Court House, on Duckworth Street to the East End Fire Hall. Some 1,200 actually formed the parade, but about 5,000 followed it in its entirety. Thousands of these carried small flags in their hands, which they waved with much enthusiasm. Principally, however, these were the younger people, the older expressing their joy in a more sedate and dignified manner. An expression of quiet pleasure was on every countenance and it could well be seen that everybody was glad the war had come to a finish. At the commencement of the parade, it snowed a little, but the march being brisk, everybody was warm and comfortable, and this little impediment was not noticed. At the Government House flag-covered table had been placed, and around it were many of our most distinguished citizens. Amongst these were the Administrator, Sir Wm. H. Horwood, the Premier, Rt. Hon. Dr. Lloyd, Sir P. T. McGrath, Sir M. P. Cashin, members of the Legislative Council and the House of Assembly, Justices Johnson and Kent, Judge Morris, His Grace Archbishop Roche, His Lordship Bishop White, clergy of the Anglican, Roman Catholic, Methodist Churches and the Salvation Army; officers from the Regiment, and French Naval officers. When the soldiers, reservists and French naval sailors had been drawn up before the Government House, the Administrator, Sir Wm. Horwood, addressed the gathering, in part, as follows: (National Anthem being played by the C.L.B. Band). "Officers and men of the Royal Nfld. Regiment, and citizens of Newfoundland—It is my great privilege to address you on this occasion of thanksgiving and celebration. Nothing that I can say would convey to you with clearness the position at present, so I will read to you the following message received from His Gracious Majesty King George. (Published above.) Now, as loyal citizens of the King, I ask you to give three hearty cheers for His Gracious Majesty. (Cheers.) C.L.B. Band plays 'Banks of Newfoundland' and three more for our gallant Allies, noble France, and the great United States." (Cheers.) The cheering concluded, the gathering dispersed, the various units marching to their headquarters, and thus ended the celebration of the greatest event the world has witnessed for more than a thousand years.

there are to be no returns. No. 1 is quoted at from 99 cents to \$1 wholesale.

A Memory.

The warrior angels of the Lord Above the lines of battle fly. Claiming the martyred patriot souls And winging heavenward with joy.

And thou art gone my noble boy, Even as the rustling of the wings Of Peace is heard around the world And earth with exultation sings.

I'll strive to teach my heart to bear Its loss, its anguish in endurance. I know thou'rt crowned amongst the brave Who died that we might live secure.

I know The Greater Love shall give These welcome with the words "Well done."

But ah, a mother's heart is still A human heart—my son, my son! St. John's, Nov. 11th, 1918.

Five Cents Destroys Your Dandruff and Stops Fallig Hair.

Save your hair! Make it thick, wavy and beautiful—Try This!

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scrub. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die. Then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine to-night—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness; but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.

G. KNOWLING, Ltd.

Dry Goods

To the Outport Purchaser --- We would advise you to see our values before purchasing elsewhere. All departments are well over stocked, amongst which we might suggest:

GREY CALICO
WHITE CALICO
WHITE FLANNELETTE
WHITE, GREY and
RED FLANNEL
MOTTLED
FLANNELETTE
STRIPED
FLANNELETTE
TABLE DAMASK
CURTAIN LACE
and SCRIM



Remnants of
DRESS GOODS
Remnants of
COTTON TWEED
Remnants of BROWN
and BLUE DENIM
Remnants of
TOWELING
Remnants of
FLEECE CALICO
Remnants of
GINGHAMS,
COTTONS, MUSLINS,
etc., etc.

GOOD STOCK OF
AND
CREPE
DE
CHINE
LARGE STOCK
RIBBONS

MEN'S SHEEP SKIN LINED KHAKI COATS.

GENT'S SWEATER COATS

GENT'S NEW KNIT UNDERWEAR

GENT'S FLEECE LIN'D UNDERWEAR

GENT'S WOOL
COMBINATIONS
and PYJAMAS
GENT'S OVERCOATS
and MACKINTOSHES
GENT'S DRESSING GOWNS



Big
Assort-
ment
of
PIPES.



GENT'S LINEN and SOFT COLLARS

GENT'S FLANNEL SHIRTS

GENT'S WHITE SHIRTS

GENT'S STRIPED TUNIC SHIRTS

GENT'S KHAKI SHIRTS

GENT'S HEAVY KNIT SOCKS

GENT'S CASHMERE SOCKS

BRACES, NECKTIES,

GLOVES, CAPS,

And HATS in great variety.

LADIES' Fashionable Winter COATS from \$6.50 up.

LADIES' FLEECE LINED UNDERWEAR

LADIES' NEW KNIT

WOOL UNDERWEAR

LADIES' CASHMERE, VOILE,

FLANNELETTE and SILK BLOUSES

LADIES' CLOTH and TWEED SKIRTS

LADIES' BLACK SILK SKIRTS

LADIES' BOUDOIR CAPS

LADIES' NECKWEAR

GIRLS' BLACK and COL'D COSTUMES

GIRLS' UNDERWEAR

in FLEECE LINED, WOOL, etc.

GIRLS' and WOMEN'S HOSE

GIRLS' and WOMEN'S SUSPENDERS

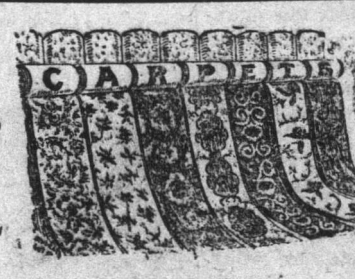
GIRLS' and WOMEN'S SWEATERS

GIRLS' and WOMEN'S CORSETS

LADIES' HAND BAGS and PURSES

LADIES' COSTUMES AT BARGAIN PRICES.

FLOOR COVERING
CARPET SQUARES and
HEARTH RUGS
STAIR CARPET, STAIR PADS
CARPET LINING PAPER
WALL PAPERS, CURTAINS



TOWELS
WHITE and COLOURED QUILTS
EIDERDOWN & WADDED QUILTS
WHITE SHEETS & PILLOW CASES
COTTON and WOOL BLANKETS
TAPESTRY TABLE COVERS

Come in and look around at our Prices and be convinced at our Values.

G. KNOWLING, Limited.

The Epidemic.

Four patients were admitted to Grenfell Hall Hospital yesterday, a young woman named Fitzpatrick, a domestic of Freshwater Road; Mrs. Kennedy and her daughter; and Miss Hickey, from the same house. Two women and two men were discharged. Two were removed to the convalescent ward.

In Hospital.

Mrs. Richard Howlett, the Goulds Bay Butte Road, has received a letter from her son Percy, a repatriated prisoner of war, now in the 1st London General Hospital. Pte. Howlett states that the treatment and food received in Germany were both bad and very little, if any, kindness was shown to British prisoners. He is delighted to be back in England, where every kindness is being shown him.

Here and There.

When you want Steaks, Chops, Cutlets and Collops, try ELLIS'. S.S. WELLINGTON DETAINED.—The s.s. Wellington is still detained in port.

Here and There.

PROSPERO FOR NORTH.—Prospero, which has been in the York route, will sail for the ports about Saturday.

WHIPPED

Germans S

A

The Surrender Magnitude

WASHINGTON

The following are the terms of the President Wilson in Congress to-day:

MILITARY CLAUSES ON THE

1.—The cessation of operations by the Germans after the signature of the armistice.

2.—Immediate evacuation of invaded France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxembourg, and completed within fourteen days from the date of the armistice.

German troops which have not been evacuated within the period fixed will be repatriated by the Allied and the United States at their own expense.

3.—Repatriation beginning at once and completed within 14 days, of all inhabitants of the occupied territories and persons under their control.

4.—Surrender in good condition by the Germans all military equipment, arms, and munitions.

5.—Evacuation by the German army of the left bank of the Rhine. These countries shall be administered by the Allied and United States armies.

6.—In all territory evacuated by the German army, military establishments of all kinds shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments, way and their personnel shall not be removed.

7.—All civil and military personnel shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, and ten thousand motor lorries, and all necessary spare parts and fittings shall be handed over in the same period.

8.—The right of requisition shall be exercised by the United States armies in all occupied territories. The German command shall be charged to the task of maintaining the railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine.

9.—The right of requisition shall be exercised by the United States armies in all occupied territories. The German command shall be charged to the task of maintaining the railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine.

10.—An immediate repatriation of German prisoners of war shall be effected. The German command shall be charged to the task of maintaining the railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine.

11.—Sick and wounded who cannot be repatriated will be cared for by Germany on the spot with the medical material at its disposal.

12.—All German troops at present in the territory belonging to Russia, Roumania, and within the frontiers of Germany shall be repatriated.

13.—Evacuation by German troops of all military instructors, prisoners and civilians now on the territory of Russia.

14.—