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A Madrid despatch states that immense damage has been done at Madrid by terrible gales since Friday. All telegraphic 31 King Street West, Toronto. THE WEEKLY MAIL, printed and pure every Friday morning by THE MAIL Processor of King and Bay streets, Toronto, RUNTING, Managing Director

# The Toronto Weekly Mail.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1881.

midation. Their offence consisted of call on shop-keepers and endeavouring to com them to join the League. The five League charged at Tralee on Saturday were returned to the magistrates, and warrants were issued the arrest of the eleven officers of the Kebranch, among whom is a Catholic pir The secretary of the Cork League and anot member have been summoned for individual distinct acts of intimidation.

MR. MITCHELL HENRY'S CASE.

DAVITT ON THE RAMPAGE.

THE SHAW PARTY.

Mr. Shaw has formally announced his withdrawal from further parliamentary action under the Parnell banner. This constitutes

THE SALFORD EXPLOSION.

rs were present.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

VOL. IX. NO. 460.

Fifty Thousand Colliers on Strike in Lancashire.

RELEASE OF THE RITUALISTS

Reported Defeat of British Sorties from Pretoria.

SEVERE WEATHER IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Discovery of a Plot to Massacre the Europeans in Kolapore.

LONDON, Jan. 12. A despatch from Bombay says that at the trial of the Kolapore conspirators it was shown that a massacre of Europeans had twice been averted by a mere accident. ANOTHER BOER SUCCESS

ops in Basutoland are making enormous

A DUTCH DEPUTATION

Earl Kimberley, Colonial Secretary, in re-plying to a deputation of Dutch merchants in lon, said if the Boers refrained hereafter from armed opposition to the Government, even now some arrangement might be made which would secure to the Boers the benefit of a practical independence. The Flemish in-habitants of Belgium are signing an address to the English nation against the annexation

LONDON, Jan. 15. Fifty thousand colliers are on strike Lancashire. There was serious rioting Wigan yesterday. The strikers molested th working colliers and the police attacked the mob. Several of the police were seriously wounded, and many of the working colliers

THE RITUALIST CASES. The Court of Appeal has ordered the discharge of the write of attachment against the Rev. S. Pelham Dale and W. Euraght. The court held that the proceedings before Lord Penzance were regular, and the prohibitions forbidding Messrs. Dale and Enraght to per rm service must hold good, but the writs

ordering their imprisonment were defective

because they were not brought into the Court of Queen's Bench. Mr. Enraght will be immediately released. Mr. Dale is already LONDON, Jan. 17. The Meteorological Office warns that the pressure is giving way quickly on the western coasts. Ireland was visited to-day by the severest snowstorm experienced in twenty years. Snow fell to the depth of one foot in Dublin.

BARRACKS BURNED. The Edinburgh county militia barracks have been burned. It is rumoured that the authorities received threats of an incendiary

character FATAL BAILWAY ACCIDENT. railway accident has occurred at Wake field, Yorkshire. Seven persons are reported killed, and thirty to forty injured. DEFEAT OF COMMUNIST CANDIDATES.

ballot. In the supplementary municipal elections yesterday, the reactionaries only

AN ANTI-JEWISH ORGAN. A Berlin despatch says :- Fifty-thousand marks have been subscribed towards founding an anti-Jewish newspaper, the majority o the Berlin journals being decidedly against the anti-semetic movement.

THE KOLAPORE MASSACRE. The Calcutta correspondent of the Times gays it seems that the plot to massacre the . English residents of Kolapore was wild and certain of failure, but it was really seriously

THE SALFORD EXPLOSION. The boy who was injured by the explosion t Salford last week is dead. The keeper of a beer-house in the neighbourhood states that two men visited his house for drink, and left two parcels with hlm, saying they would call for them in the evening. One parcel, he for them in the evening. One parcel, he says, contained wet mortar, with a trowel stuck in it; the other contained what felt like a canister. The men returned according to agreement, and the explosion occurred half an hour after they left the beer-house with the parcels.

SEVERE WEATHER IN BRITAIN. The thermometer in London last night ranged from 2 to 5 degrees above zero, to-day it is about 12 degrees above. In Wales the thermometer registered 5 degrees below zero. A heavy snowstorm prevails in Wales to-day. ANOTHER BAILWAY ACCIDENT.

A Glasgow despatch says a serious railway accident occurred this morning near Dundee. Many persons were injured but no lives were

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The weather continues very severe, and furricanes and snowstorms are reported everywhere throughout England. The aspect in London is almost unprecedented, a blinding snowstorm prevailing, accompanied by a high wind. Several of the mail trains are snowed up, and numerous disasters have occurred to shipping. The Harwich lifeboat, while attempting to rescue the crew of a vessel, capsized, and the rew perished.

A snowstorm prevails over nearly the whole kingdom. The weather is the severest for twenty years. There is a heavy gale on the Cornish coast. A French vessel is wrecked off the Scilly Islands; no tidings of the crew. Two vessels are ashore at St. Ives. Cold

stormy weather on the Continent is obstructing navigation, also railways and telegraphs. MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE. The Prince of Wales will be present at the long-expected Rothschild wedding to-morrow, and thousands of spectators will attend. The carriage procession, it is expected, will extend three miles. Five hundred pounds will be distributed in Vienna, and the same

amount in London, to the Jewish poor. THE WEATHER IN EUROPE. A Paris despatch says:—The weather in Paris, and in the north-west of France generally, has this winter been unusually mild. On Sunday morning, however, there was a sudden change. Snow began to fall heavily here, and did not cease until evening. Traffic was greatly impeded in consequence, and whole armies of sweepers had to be set to work to clear the roads. The temperature was also very low. It sank to 12 degrees Centigrade below zero, then rose to three below. There was skating in the Tuilleries gardens. Snow several inches deep covers most of the country north and west of Paris, There have been floods near Rouen, Paris. There have been floods near Rouen, and rain has fallen in torrents at Nice.

damage has been done at Madrid by terrible gales since Friday. All telegraphic and railways communications have been interrupted. Hundreds of lamp-posts have been blown down, carriages upset, and pallisades destroyed. The mail steamers have been delayed two days. The weather has been delayed two days. The weather has been vary severe in the cast, north, and delightful to the last.

NOTES. Mrs. H. L. Bateman, formerly a well-mown actress, is dead. Mr. Gladstone has reduced the rents of his enants twenty-five per cent.

The Earl of Fife, a subordinate member the Government, has resigned. It is reported that the police of Naples have just discovered a plot to murder King Hum

The Southport and West Lancashire Banking Company, limited, has suspended pay-

Prof. Huxley has been appointed inspector-general of fisheries to succeed Mr. Francis T. Buckland. A Manchester despatch says:—An attempt was made to blow up the armoury here, it is supposed by Fenians.

The theatre at Cronstadt has been burned. The director of the theatre and seven others perished in the flames.

An official statement estimates the net cost of the war in Afghanistan at £17,500,000, including the frontier railways.

The British steamer Toronto, from Port

passage.

Earl Beaconsfield visited the House of Commons last night and listened to the debate for the first time since he was elevated. to the peerage in 1876.

It is now stated that the detached squ ron ordered from the Falkland Islands to Cape Colony is intended to land a naval origade to act in the Transvaal. The Paris Rappel states that eight hundred million francs worth of redeemable 3 per cent. rentes will be issued in July to complete mili-

rentes will be issued in July to complete mili-tary material and great public works.

Owing to the scarcity of coal, caused by the strike of the Lancashire miners, several mills and foundries have stopped work. Distress among the working class is apprehended.

The strike of colliers is almost universal in Lancashire, principally caused by the desire of the masters to contract themselves out of the law rendering them liable to pay com-pensation in the event of accidents. From forty to fifty thousand men and boys are idle.

THE BOER REBELLION. RUMOURED DEFEAT OF BRITISH SORTIES-THE SITUATION IN THE TRANSVAAL IMPROVING-SURRENDER OF A KAFFIR CHIEF.

LONDON, Jan. 17. A D'Urban despatch says the Boers retired owards Wakketstroom. The colonial troops have taken a Basuto stronghold. The rebels uffered considerable loss.

A despatch from Cape Town says the

African situation, except in the Transvaal, is improving. The Kaffir chief Umditchiva has surrendered. A D'Urban despatch states that it is rumour-ed that the British have made two sorties from Pretoria, and were repulsed by the

A Cape Town despatch says the Boers have issued a proclamation charging the British with firing the first shot at Potchefstroom, and with shooting Boers at Pretoria, complaining of the bombardment of Potchefs troom, and taking credit for sending the wounded of the 94th regiment to Pretoria. A Cape Town despatch says that a skir-mish took place near Pretoria, in which 64 English troops were wounded

THE TEKKE TURCOMAN CAMPAIGN. FURIOUS ONSLAUGHT ON THE RUSSIAN POSITION

A St. Petersburg lespatch states that General Skobeloff telegraphed on the 11th inst, announcing that on the 9th inst. at six o'clock in the evening, 30,000 Tekke Tur-Tepe and assaulted the Russian trenches, which were manned by ningteen companys of infantry and a hundred Cossocks acting as infantry, with three siege guns and twenty-one lighter guns. In spite of fierce fighting by the troops the Turcomans carried the Bussian out-works and also part of the Russian out-works and also part of the second parallel, capturing four mountain guns and three siege guns. The Russians then opened an artillery fire, and the reserve simultaneously attacked the enemy, who were dislodged from all the points they had captured. All the artillery was retaken with the exception of one gun, which had been carried off during the early part of the en-gagement. The Russian loss was heavy. One company of an Apsheron regiment had thirty-two men killed, including a major and a captain, ten wounded, and one officer taken prisoner, The Turcoman losses were much Their dead filled the Russian Simultaneously with this attack. a considerable body of Turcoman cavalry made a sortie on the Russian camp, which was successfuly repulsed. After the Turcomans had been repulsed orders were given for laying a third parallel. As soon as the Turcomans saw the works begun they renewed the attack with their entire strength upon the whole Russian front, but were compelled to retire into the forests by the artillery fire at close range from the Russian second parallel. The Russian losses in the actions of the 9th and 10th were nine offi and 82 men killed, and eight officers and 102 men and eight members of the Medical Staff wounded. The bravery of the troops was SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Canada Sonthern Train Badly Wrecked
-Fifteen Passengers Injured.
Wellandport, Jan. 18.—The 2.30 express this morning on the Canada Southern, with seven coaches and a number of passengers aboard, ran off the track a little east of here.
All but the engine were overturned and badly
wrecked, some of the cars being thrown beyond the railway ditch into the field. Some of the passengers were badly hurt, one of them having his ankle broken, and a lady had her head badly bruised, and some internal injuries. A car had to be broken open to get one body out. It is supposed a rail was cracked or broken.

The wrecked train, being an hour late,

reached within a quarter of a mile of this station at 3.40 a.m., bearing between 50 and 60 passengers, of whom, miraculously, only about fifteen were injured and only two badly hurt—one, a man from New York State, had his ankle badly smashed, the other a woman, who was thrown through a window and re-ceived a bad bruise on her head with other slight injuries, but neither are thought to be dangerons. One passenger got off with the end of his finger cut off. Some received cuts on the hands and some slight bruises, while others received bad cuts on the face. The exothers received bad cuts on the face. The express train going east, due here at six o'clock, took the uninjured on west. Those who were unable to go on were sent to Perry station, where they were attended by the company's doctor. The baggage car took fire, but was fortunately soon extinguished by the expressman. The only employé said to be hurt is the brakesman, who had his hand badly cut. There have been crowds of people visiting the wreck to-day, which is being removed as fast as possible by the company. The damage will be considerable, as the car trucks are badly broken. The only car without injury is the engine.

## IRELAND'S AGITATION

Continuation of the State Trials at

ADDRESS OF COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENCE.

A Home Rule M.P. Forced to Quit the Country.

SPLIT IN THE PARNELLITE PARTY.

Petition to the Queen from the Grand Orange Lodge.

THE PROPOSED COERCION BILL

A Limerick despatch says .—The Tralee and Listowel mail car was attacked last night near Longhill, Limerick county, the car

LONDON, Jan. 13. The agrarian outrages in Ireland in December, 1880, numbered 866, which was more than the whole of 1879, and a little less than the aggregate of the three preceding years. THE ADDRESS FOR THE DEFENCE.

In the Court of Queen's Bench at Dublin In the Court of Queen's Bench at Dublin' to-day Mr. McDonogh opened for the defence. He made a touching reference to the fact that he is almost the sole survivor of the counsel employed in O'Connell's case. He denounced the prosecution as a landlords' indictment against the tenants of Ireland. The court was crowded. Before the opening of the court a procession of about 200 persons of both sexes, who are understood to be rackrented and evicted tenants, marched from the offices of the Land League to the Four Courts. Mr. McDonough's speech to-day consisted Mr. McDonough's speech to-day consisted of a vindication and reassertion of the princiof a vindication and reassertion of the principles of the Land League, which organization he said was as legal as a trades' union. He declared that the traversers professed the principles of John Stuart Mill, and but for the support from England the landlords would be driven into the sea. The people pay the shop-keepers £40,000 for seed. Were they, he asked, to deprive their wives and children of sustanges in order to pay the landlords? sustenance in order to pay the landlords Before he concluded the court rose.

LAND LEAGUE RECEIPTS. At the meeting of the Land League yeste day it was announced that the receipts for the past week amounted to £4,161. It is stated that the League will no longer give facilities for attending their meetings to Gov-ernment reporters or to the police.

LONDON, Jan 14. The Times says :- "We understand that Mr. Mitchell Henry, Home Rule member of Par-liament for Galway county, who has spent a fortune in reclaiming and beautifying his es-tates in the west of Ireland, and who has been notoriously generous to his tenantry, has been obliged to quit Ireland in conse-quence of threats. Henry refuses to have anything to do with the Land League,"

It is authoritatively announced that the new parliamentary party formed under Mr. Shaw will only oppose the coercion bill within the strict forms of the House. If they consider the Irish land bill just they will not only

LAND REFORM RECOMMENDATIONS. It is understood that the Duke of Richmond's Conservative commission on agricul-tural depression in part of their report dealscheme of emigration; also one of migration from the over-peopled districts, a plan for the reclamation of waste lands, and a court of arbitration for fixing rents. They generally approved a modified form of peasant proprietary. The minority of the commission consider these measures not sufficiently strong.

CORPORATE LAND OWNERS IN IRELAND. CORPORATE LAND OWNERS IN IRELAND.

It is stated that the London city guilds which own estates in Ireland have been sounded regarding their transfer to the tenants under the terms of the new land bill. They are willing to make the necessary arrangements, and about 170,000 acres of land belonging to these companies will probably be thus transferred.

LGCAL LEAGUE ARRESTS. The examination of the officers of the Tralee branch of the Land League was concluded to-day. Brazil, proprietor of the Kerry Independent, and Jeremiah Teefy, President of the Krires branch of the Land League, were discharged. Concerning the other prisoners the magistrates deferred their decision until tonorrow. The defence proffered no evidence.

THE STATE TRIALS. A Dublin despatch says:—Mr. Macdonogh to-day continued his speech for the traversers. Judge Fitzgerald intimated that although Mr. Macdonoch would be allowed to refer to the famine of 1848 he could not call evidence relating to facts that occurred 30 years ago.
When Mr. Macdonogh concluded he was loudly cheered. Mr. Macdonogh submitted jury that the Land League was a perfectly legal organization, to cause by agitation certain alterations in the land laws, with the necessity of which not only Ireland, but all England was now ringing. He cited the example of the jury who acquitted the Seven Bishops, and drew a moving picture of the evictions succeeding the Irish famine. Mr. Samuel Walker followed on the same side in a powerful speech. He quoted the charter of the Land League, and contended that it was legal. He then read extracts from the parlia-mentary speeches of Messrs. Gladatone, Lowe. and Bright in support of the Compensation for Disturbance bill. He insisted that the traversers said nothing more calculated to damage landlordism than was said in the speeches in Parliament referred to. The court then adjourned till Monday.

The split in the ranks of the Home Rulers has much weakened the Irish party. It is rumoured that Mr. Parnell has resolved to use all the forms of the House to oppose the coercion bill, which is set down for Monday, use all the forms of the House to oppose the coercion bill, which is set down for Monday, and that the Parnell party will threaten that the Government will be compelled to suspend or imprison the members before the coercion measures are passed. Mr. Parnell claims that the Government wants to force a premature rebellion in order to suppress the League organization. The Irish members were greatly disappointed by the small Radical vote against coercion. Thirty were expected to support Mr. Parnell's amendment, but only eight of the leading Radicals, Measrs. Jacob Bright, Burt, Bradlaugh, Jesse, Collins, Labouchere, Thompson, Joseph Cowen, and Arnold, voted; many of them abstained. There is a decided feeling in English Parliamentary circles that Mr. Parnell's party will commit a serious error in opposing further the direct legislative measures entertained by the Ministry toward Ireland. It is generally assumed that Mr. Gladstone has employed the delay caused by the debate in elaborating a land bill further in favour of Ireland than was originally sketched.

PROSECUTION OF LAND LEAGUERS. Land League prosecutions are cropping up all over Ireland. On Saturday no fewer than 96 summonses were served on six prominent members of the Maryborough Land League, charging them with "Boycotting" and inti-

Address.

THE DEBATE AND THE DIVISION

and distinct acts of intimidation.

AN ORANGE PETITION.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Ireland has forwarded a strong memorial to the Queen on the state of Ireland, signed by Lord Enniskillen, Imperial Grand Master. The memorial states that in this portion of her Majesty's dominions coercion and tetroriam prevail, which have become unsupportable, and which mat speedily drive every loyal and well disposed subject of her Majesty sut of the country unless put to an end. Aurders, robberies, and the sending of threatening letters are of daily occurrence, and take place with impunity. After declaring that the existing Government has proved its inability to copewith the exigency of the case, the memorial humbly prays "that her Majesty will be graciously pleased to order that such steps may be taken as may be necessary to punish evil-doers and protect the lives and property of your faithful and loyal subjects, that they may be able to live in peace and security un-Development of Obstructionist Tactics.

EXCITING SCENES IN THE HOUSE. Attack on the Ministry by Irish Members.

WHAT WOULD FOLLOW COERCION

The debate on Mr. Parnell's amendments of the address has developed an unexpected mount of sympathy with Ireland on the part of the Laberal members. General disappoint-

servative Commission on the agricultural de-pression, the terms of which have been pub-lished, was adopted by 14 to 5. It is under-stood that the majority of the Commission-will recommend the adoption of the "Three F's." proposition, Mr. Mitchell Henry, in a letter to the Times, says it is true his tenants have disappointed him very much owing to secret instructions from the Land League agents, which virtually are, that every landlord is a robber and intruder. Very few of his tenants, he says, have paid their rents, though many would do so if not intimidated by the lawless confederation who have snoceeded in completely changing the character and behaviour of the people. Davitt to-day, near Kanturk, vehemently ttacked the landlords. Government report-

under the Parnell banner. This constitutes one of the two re-arrangements which may be made from the small factions in the House. Mr. Shaw's influence in Parliament is far greater than with the Irish people, but may yet result in so reducing Mr. Parnell's following as to increase greatly the difficulty of sheer obstruction. Mr. Shaw openly expresses his delight at the conciliatory manner in which Mr. Gladstone received the deputation, and has strong hopes that the land bill will yet assume a satisfactory shape. HOUSE OF COMMONS. HOUSE OF COMMONS.

In the House of Commons to-day
Mr. Forster asked members whose bills
are on the order of the day not to insist on
their rights, as the Government desired to
proceed with the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech.
The Irish members began obstructive objections, and the wrangle continued
for three hours. Ultimately a motion that
the debate on the address be resumed was
carried. Just before the division was taken,
Mr. Pannell said his party had made their
protest against the action of the Government.
The said his conduct had always been fair and The explosion at Salford, which was supposed to have been caused by a Fenian attempt to blow up the armoury of the infantry barracks, was heard for a mile. The district. One woman was desperately, and one boy, it is feared, fatally, injured. There were several thousand stand of arms in the armoury. It is asserted that the regiment now quartered in the barrae's contains many Irish, and that Fenianian has been previoustest against the action of the Government, said his conduct had always been fair and we board, but he would not pledge him self as to the conduct of himself and his friends when the bills for the coercion of the

DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS. It is generally believed that the State trials will collapse early next week. The withdrawal of the nineteenth count by the Attorney-General has brought the Land League evidence to a sudden termination. The concluding speeches will be short, and there only remains the judge's summing up. DEPARTURE OF MR. BENCE JONES' FAMILY.

Mr. Bence Jones' family left Clenakilty for
England to-day, after arranging that their
farm should be managed in their absence by

THE IRISH LAND BILL. The following is said to be the draft of the Government's land bill, which may, however, undergo modifications before its presentment:—The surplus fund of the Irish Church will be devoted:—1, to the reclamation of waste lands; 2, to assist migration from overcrowded districts; 3, according to a carefully-drawn scheme to assist emigration. The measure will-also include the "Three F's," guarded by certain restrictive provisions necessary for the practical working of the measure.

the measure. THE COEPGION BILL With respect to the Coercion Bill, it is With respect to the Coercion Bill, it is stated that the Government contemplates the creation of a commission of two judges, for which precedents are alleged, with power in certain cases to supersede the ordinary judicial tribunals. A general disarmament Act will be passed. As the Government is still busy discussing the bill, however, many modfications are possible.

THE STATE TRIALS,

A Dublin despatch says:—The Court of Queen's Bench was crowded to-day. Mr. MacDonogh, for the traversers, said he intended to put in ovidence forty-one Acts of Parliament passed before and after the Act of Parliament passed before and after the Act of Union regulating the land laws, and the preservation of peace in Ireland. He called as witness an evicted tenant, aged \$3, whose feebleness caused a sensation. The prosecution objected, and the court decided it was admissible if the presecution intended to rely on the nineteenth count of the indictment, which charges the traversers with conspiracy to create discontent and disaffection among the subjects of the Queen, and ill-will and hostility between different classes of her subjects, and then, the court said, the trial would last for years. A short adjournment was granted on application of the Attach the Act of the Act of the Attach the Act of the Act short adjournment was granted on applica-tion of the Attorney General, to enable him to consult his colleagues.

During the late trials at Dublin yesterday, the Catholic bishops of Donegal, Meath, and Killala were seated beside the traversers.

The distress in County Clare is worse than last year. The Lord-Lieutenant has ordered a presentment for the organization of relief works. The first meeting in connection with a movement in England against coercion, for the organization of which a committee of Home Rulers has been formed, will probably be held in Birmingham on Saturday. Parnell will attend

THE POPE ON THE AGITATION. A Rome despatch states that the Pope has requested Archbishop McCabe, of Dublin, to immediately publish throughout Ireland the recent papal letter concerning the agitation there. The Pope expresses regret that, contrary to his instructions, the publication of the letter has been delayed.

GIGANTIC FENIAN ORGANIZATION FORMED A London correspondent says the Secretary of State for the Home Department states that he is in possession of details which show the formation of a gigantic secret society, with local branches in every important town of the kingdom, by Fenians from the United States. Great alarm is felt at this new danger,

Mr. Parnell's Amendment to the

LONDON, Jan. 12.

received from the Secretary of the Home Bepartment, stating that the setition has been laid before the Queen.

THE DURE OF RICHMOND'S COMMISSION.

The report of the Duke of Richmond's Confinity prevails among the Liberal members in favour of a settlement which would meet the favour of a settlement which would meet the

views of the Irish people. The extreme Radi-cals, led by Jesse Collins, head of the Liberal caucus, and by Mr. Cowen, editor of the Newcastle Chronicle, have signified their inention of joining the Irish members in resistance to coercive measures. Reinforced by this powerful English contingent, Mr. Parnell and his followers will, it is said, offer a and his followers will, it is said, offer a strenuous resistance to the passage of a Government coercive bill. It is expected that several months will elapse before their resistance can be overcome. The excitement of the struggle has already told on Mr. Gladstone's health, and rumours are abroad to night that he is again confined to his bed. He was not he is again confined to his bed. He was not present in the House to-day, but re-seived the deputation of Irish Liberal members headed by Mr. Shaw, late leader of the Home Rule party, who urged the necessity of the land bill securing the "three F's" and ample provinon for the establishment of a peasant proprietary.

The answer received by the delegation, which was entitled to speak for the English Liberals, is said to have been favourable. There was is said to have been favourable. There was an obstructive scene in the House to-day, the Irish members objecting to the continuation of the debate on the ground that it was an invasion of private members' rights. Several hours were wasted in wrangling, but the Irish party finally cave way in order that they might not exasperate the English Radicals. I have just heard a rumour that the Government land bill was submitted a few days ago to the leading English Radicals, who advised the Government to put it in the fire.

Mr. Shaw Lefevee, Secretary to the Admiralty, said he believed mere passing coercion bills would probably be sufficient to terminate the state of terror in Ireland, and that the Government would not be obliged to enforce its exceptional power. The present state of Ireland was largely due to the Conservative neglect of Irish questions. He trusted Parliament would now be prepared to deal with the land laws in a generous spirit so as to secure a perma-nent settlement. He hoped the question would be dealt with in accordance with Irish

A COMMITTEE OF ENOUTRY. Mr. Parnell proposes a select committee of he House to enquire into the outrages in Ire-

A rumour was circulated in the House to-A rumour was circulated in the House to-day that the Government was making prepara-tions for a prompt suppression of the Par-nellite party should obstructive tactics be adopted when the Coercion bill is introduced. In order to clear the ground for energetic action strong pressure has been brought to bear upon the moderate section of the party to disassociate themselves publicly from the leadership of Mr. Parnell. Mr. Shaw has already done so in a letter not yet made leadership of Mr. Parnell. Mr. Shaw has already done so in a letter not yet made public. At a meeting of Mr. Parnell's Cabiset Council, called to consider Mr. Shaw's letter, nineteen Home Rule members, it is claimed, will join the revolt against Mr. Parneil's leadership. This, however, is doubtful. It is alleged that the Government will ask Parliament to adopt extraordinary measures for the suppression of the Parnellite party, on the ground that they seek, not constitutional reform, but the disintegration of the Empire. Hence the desire of the Government to separate the moderate from the violent acction.

Fifteen other Irish members have seconded from Farnell's party, and more are expected to follow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS. In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Forster, replying to Lord Randolph Churchill, said Davitt's acts are watched, but he has not yet broken the conditions under which "tickets of leave" are granted to convicts. In the House this evening the debate on the address was resumed.

Mr. Commins (Home Ruler) sought to show that the state of Ireland was not so bad as represented.

Mr. SMITH declared that if the agitation

were met by the passage of a strong Lind Act with coercion, it would pass away like a storm from the other side of the Atlantic. Mr. RYLANDS did not consider such a case had been made out as would justify entrusting the Government with exceptional powers
Sir MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH, formerly Chie Secretary for Ireland, said if the facts stated on the part of the Government were true, they were amply sufficient to justify coercion.

LONDON, Jan. 14. In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Sexton and Mr. O'Sullivan (Home Rulers) defended the action of the Land League, and attacked the Government.

Mr. VIVIAN (Liberal) said the feelings of the

Irish were shown by the fact that many waded through the blood of Lord Mount-Mr. PARNELL said "That is a falsehood."
The Speaker declared that if Mr. Parnell applied the expression to any member of the House he must withdraw it.

As Parnell neither withdraw nor repeated the expression, Mr. Vivian said he would leave the House to judge between him and Mr. Parnell.

Mr. CHILDERS, Secretary of War, strongly arred the necessity of energetic measures in Ireland, and said the Government could not

tolerate revolution, and allow Ireland to be swayed by self-asserted authority. Mr. Parnell's amendment to the address was rejected by 435 to 57, and the debate was adjourned. Six Liberals voted with the

A FARCE IN THE HOUSE. In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Biggar (Home Ruler) asked whether the United States had made representations relative to the wretched condition of the Irish. He made a farcical enquiry relative to the intervention of the Sultan in Ireland. He was called to order and his questions were not allowed.

THE VOTE ON MR. PARNELL'S AMENDMENT. Eight English members, including Messrs. Arnold, Jacob Bright, Bradlaugh, and Labouchere, voted for Mr. Parnell's amendment. Many Liberals abstained from voting. Thirteen Irish members voted with the majority Messrs. Shaw and Henry voted with the minority. Mr. Henry denies that he quitted

LONDON, Jan. 18, 2 a. m. The Parnellite party came into open collision with the Government last night in a heated debate on Mr. Justin McCarthy's amendment to the address, praying the Queen not to use the army or constabulary to carry not to use the army or constabulary to carry out evictions pending the reform of the land

bitter speech, accusing the Irish members of delaying remedial measures. Mr. Parnell answered later in the debate, charging answered later in the debate, charging Mr. Gladstone with misrepresenting the Irish members. He stated that he believed the Irish people would justify the shedding of their blood to secure their liberty if they saw the chance of success. He denied having encouraged armed insurrection, because he knew England was too strong. He stated his belief that legislative independence would follow the downfall of landlordism, and under the new relations hostility between England and Iretain of landfordism, and under the new rela-tions hostility between England and Ire-land would disappear. The Government could not suppress the Land League, because if the leaders should be imprisoned the people would organize secret societies. Murier and outrages would be increased tenfold by coercion. If the Act of Habeas Corpus were be the signal for a general refusal to pay rents. Bishops and priests would advise this course, and the Government would be met with the passive resistance of the entire

nation.
Sir Stafford Northcote called on the Government to take action on the serious speech of Mr. Parnell, whom he accused of dictating to the Queen as an equal. Great excitement was manifested by the members during the Mr. O'Donnell made a fierce attack on the

Gladstone Ministry amid constant interrup-tions. An Irish member moved the adjournment of the debate after miduight.

Lord Hartington refused to accede, on the ground that the debate had been succinctly prolonged. The Irish members charged the Government with attempting to gag them. Mr. Parnell stated that the conduct of Lord Mr. Parnell stated that the conduct of Lord Hartington showed that the aristocratic element had obtained the upper haud in the Cabinet, and that the policy of coercion was fittingly represented by Lord Hartington, who, as Irish Secretary, had caused the people of Dublin to be bludgeoned by the police at Phœnix Park.

After the first division the Government agreed to adjourn the debate. Forty members voted with Mr. Parnell, all of whom were Irish.

#### AN INDIAN FIGHT.

A Brust Between Crees and Sloux—Thirty Crees Killed.

Winniped, Jan. 17.—A Cree Indian who arrived at Abrams, Battle river, last week from the Cypress Hills reports that two weeks before six half-breeds and thirty Crees were killed in an engagement with the Sioux. The police did all the could be revent bleed. shed, but could not. Forty lodges of half-breeds who had pitched across the Missour river had all their horses stolen.

### SITTING BULL.

The Chief Suspects Bad Faith-Preparing for War. New York, Jan. 17.—A special from Wolf Point, M.T., Jan. 12, says:—Two white men arrived at Wolf Point on the night of the 11th from the steamer Batchelor, which is laid up near the mouth of Milk river. They report that Long Day, a chief of Sitting Bull's camp, and a white man named Thompson, who is living in Sitting Bull's camp, and about twenty of Sitting Bull's bucks stopped over twenty of Sitting Bull's bucks stopped over night on the Station Batchelor on the 10th. They report Sitting Bull camped twelve miles from the mouth of Milk river. They say Allison, the Government scout, promised to return in fourteen or fifteen days with three waggon loads of provisions. He has not rewaggon toacs of provisions. The has not re-turned according to promise, and Sitting Bull thinks he is trying to draw him into a trap, and has ordered his men to reload their cart-ridge shells and prepare for war.

## MONTREAL AFFAIRS.

MONTREAL, Jan. 18 .- The Rev. J. J. Roy, Church of England clergyman, stated at a meeting last night that thirty years ago there was not a single French Protestant church in this city, the few French Protestants at that time meeting in a room in a private house. A great change has taken place since then, as there are five churches at present, with con-gragations aggregating an attendance of three thousand.

Real estate sales are now matters of daily

occurence, there being purchases for all that offers. To-day an auction sale of eligible inoffers. To-day an auction sale of eligible inside property brought \$26,000.

A number of French-Canadian capitalists are forming a syndicate for building a monster hotel here on Notre Dame street, on the site of the old Government House, and near the depot of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, and Occidental railway. The cost is estimated at \$3,000,000, and the establishment will be could be synthing of the kind on this will be equal to anything of the kind on this

ontinent for magnificence.
Richard Liston, the prize-fighter who married a young Jewess girl of respectable family in the city, to obtain his freedom from a charge of robbery and seduction, was tried to-day for a brutal assault upon his wife. Evidence for the prosecution was conclusive, but the case was postponed to allow the prisoner to bring up witnesses. Mrs. Liston testified that she called in sub-constable of police Malone to arrest her husand, but that valiant officer declined, on the ground that a man had a right to whip his wn wife, and he, the officer, said he had

often whipped his.

The famons crim. con. case of Higgins v.
Bowes came up for trial this afternoon before
Judge Ramville. The defendant, who is a
wealthy contractor, is accused of having on the 12th August last committed adultery with the wife of plaintiff. The damages claimed are \$10,000.

The City Corporation has been applied to by the promoters of the Trent Valley Canal for their assistance in urging upon the Government the necessity of making a survey of the route to connect the waters of the Georgian Bay with those of the St. Law-

Answer This.

Did you ever know any person to be ill, without inaction of the stomach, liver, or kidneys, or did you ever know one who was well when either was obstructed or inactive; and did you ever know or hear of any case of the kind that Hop Bitters would not cure?

Ask your neighbour this same question.—

Times.

## POSTSCRIPT.

MAIL OFFICE. THURSDAY, Jan. 20.

Mr. Mackenzie's Condition Mrs. Mackenzie has joined the ex-Promier at Ottawa. He continues very ill, but his physicians still hope for the best.

The Thames Overflows. London, Jan. 19, 9 p m.—The Thames has overflowed its banks, causing much damage in Lambeth and Southwark. Over 100 barger have been sunk, and the Woolwich pier habeen washed away. The damage will amount to not less than £2,000,000:

Accident on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Jan. 19.—A serious accident occurred on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa railway this morning shortly after 6 o'clock, a mile south of Osgoode. At this point a portion of this morning's train, due here at o'clock, consisting of the first and second class coaches and the pullman, jumped the track, owing to a broken rail the cars being thrown into a ditch. There were quite a number of passengers in the train, among whom were Mrs. Alexander Mackenzie, the Misses Carling, of London, Ont., Miss Fellows, of Ottawa, Mrs. Von

Wedtt, of New York, Dr. Canniff, of To-ronto, and Dr. Phelan, of Kingston. Fortu-nately but very few persons were injured by the accident. Their wounds were dressed by the two medical gentlemen mentioned who were passengers on the train. Miss Fellowes, who lives on Gloucester street, was the most seriously hurt. She received a severe scalp wound, which Dr. Phelan stitched. Mrs. Von Koeber and Mr. F. Shanly had their wrists painfully injured, whilet several others, including Dr. Phelan and the Pullman porter, were slightly bruised. Mrs. Mackenzie, the were slightly bruised. Mrs. Mackenzie, the Misses Carling, and the other passengers escaped without injury. When the report of the accident reached the city Mr. A. G. Peden, Superintendent of the Company, ordered a special train to proceed to the scene of the accident for the purpose of bringing the passengers to the city. Dr. Brouse and Hon. John Carling accompanied Mr. Peden in the special, the former taking with him the necessary material for the relief of the injured passary material for the relief of the injured pas-sengers, who arrived here shortly after nine o'clock. It appears that the rail which caused the accident had been repaired only rester-day, and it is supposed that the labourers did not properly attend to their work.

The Latest in Brief. A Dutch rifle corps is to be organized to ssist the Boers in the Transvaal.

The crews of the Irish coast guard ships have been reinforced in view of anticipated McCarthy's Home Rule Amendment was rejected in the Imperial Commons this after-noon by 201 to 37, after he had been denied

permission to withdraw it. Ottawa : Rev. Dr. O'Connor died in a fit of apoplexy this morning. He was recently appointed Vicar-General. — Mr. Patrick, pioneer stock-raiser of the Rocky region, has gone home. He says Canadian territory is

#### far superior to that south of the line. THE ACCIDENT RECORD.

CLIFTON, Jan 18 .- A range in Chris. Flan-CLIFTON, Jan 18.—A range in Chris. Flanagan's kitchen exploded this morning when at breakfast, scattering fragments of the range and red hot coal promiscuously around the house, setting fire to the floor, which was extinguished by the timely arrival of Mr. Smith, express agent, who heard the report of the explosion. Mr. Flanagan was strock by one of the flying fragments breaking two of his ribs and otherwise injuring him. The explosion was caused by the pipes attacked to the range being left full of water and freezing during the night.

reezing during the night. GALENA, Ill., Jan. 18 .- Yesterday morning in Guilford township Geo. Ehrett, aged 17 was shot dead by his younger brother Fred was shot dead by his younger brother Fred, who after coaxing him to get up playfully picked up a rifle, threatening to shoot him if he did not. Both supposed the weapon was not loaded, when Fred, pulling the trigger, sent the ball crashing into his brother's brain. Their father, rushing to the room, found one son weltering in his blood and the other standing with the smoking rifle in hand, transfixed with fright. A coronor's jury found a verdict of "accidental death."

found a verdict of "accidental death."

DETROIT, Jan. 18.—Yesterday noon a horrible accident happened to Mrs. Buttner, wife of Mr. A. Buttner, secretary of the German branch of the Young Men's Christian Association. She had been advised to take an alcoholic sweat for some ailment, and ignorantly placing a saucer full of alcohol on the floor, set fire to it, and then stood over it, wearing her ordinary garments. The flames set fire to her under garments, and in a moment the unfortunate woman was a mass of flames. She was alone in the house, but a neighbour heard her screams, and arrived before aer clothes had been entirely burned off. She is 23 years of age. She is in a critical condition, and may not recover.

LONDON. Jan. 18.—Mr. Jos. Shoebottom, postmaster of Ballymate, was found this morning frozen almost to death on the road about one and a half miles from his house. about one and a half miles from his house. He went to a friend's place yesterday afternoon and drank a good deal. It is supposed that on attempting to come home on foot late at night he was overcome with the cold and liquor, and lay down to sleep. The members of his family went out to look for him at daylight with the result stated. The unfortunate man was quite stiff, and his clothes were one mass of ice and had to be cut from him. He died in an hour or twe afterwards, never recovering consciousness. afterwards, never recovering consciousness.

ELECTION PETITION.—A petition was filed on Monday at Osgoode Hall, in the Court of Queen's Bench, by G. P. Pattullo against the return of James Sutherland as member for the north riding of Oxford. The election was held in September last, and the grounds for petition are, that bribery and corruption were largely employed as a means of returning the present member.

THE COMING 'DRINK-KAOKA. to entirely supersede tea and coffee. In addition to being an excellent table beverage, it is at the same time an infallable cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, nervousness, consti-pation, sick headache, sleeplessness, and all complaints arising from derangement of the stomach and digestive organs. Sold in half pound tinfoil packages at ten cents by all first-class grocers and druggists. e o w

A commercial traveller from Boston having had a run of hard luck in prosecuting busi had a run of hard lines in prosecuting outsiness on the road received from his firm the following exhibitanting despatch:—"If you can't make expenses, come home at once."

To which he sent the following reply:—"All right; can make plenty of expenses, but no sales. Will follow your implication and make au effort to increase expenses."

A son of Mr. Edwin Jenkinson, of the Kingston read, died on Sunday morning under very distressing circumstances. On Friday morning Mrs. Jenkiuson went into the yard morning Mrs. Jenkiuson went into the yard to get some water, leaving the little fellow, who was about fifteen months old, in the kitchen. On her return, she found him in flames, his clothes having caught fire at the stove. He ran out into the hall, thus fanning the flames, and his mother, seizing a shawl, ran after and wrapped him in it, thus extinguishing them. The upper part of his body and face were very badly burnt, but hopes were entertained of his recovery. The shock was too much for his nervous system, however, and in spite of all the doctor could do, he died as stated.