

Academy the patronage of the Government, while doing all in its power to overturn the administration.

Messrs. Langley, Hamilton, Gough and others supported the resolution, but the prevailing feeling in the House was averse to the perpetuation of two languages, when one was sufficient.

Mr. Gough argued in favor of the resolution, and said that carriers could be broken down by letting the French know and feel an interest in what was going on in the public departments of the country. More competition in public works would result from the publication contemplated, and he believed public money would be saved.

He moved a resolution that all notices emanating from Public Works Department be made and published in French and in French newspapers when deemed of advantage to the public interests.

Hon. Mr. Crawford said that in the allusion made by him to the matter, he referred to the fact that he would himself patronize a friendly rather than an unfriendly paper.

Hon. Mr. Kelly said that when he had sent notice to the *Montreal Académie* in reference to bridge tenders, references were put near it stating that the contract would be unfriendly given to this or that person.

Mr. Hamilton challenged the Chief Commissioner to cite an instance of what he had stated.

The Chief Commissioner said that if Mr. Hamilton read the papers as much as he professed to he would have seen them. He had never seen any complaints from the French people, because notices were not published in French. The French got many contracts and were good contractors.

Mr. Adams could not deny that the resolution, though he thought the *Montreal Académie* should publish notices relating to the Public Works in Westernland, Kent and Gloucester. No resolution, however, is necessary. On the same principle all country papers must be similarly provided for. He thought the Government had no right to withhold advertisements from an opposition paper as such.

Hon. Mr. King said the Government had no desire to coerce any member but all Governments favored friends in preference to enemies. If the *Montreal Académie* pockets money for an advertisement and says no one need apply for what is advertised in it, he tries to render it valueless. The resolution is an entering wedge for the establishment of a system of two languages.

Mr. Blanchard said the French were rising in importance every day; and the treatment they received at the hands of the Government was a lesson to them; and the Government might find that the increasing power of his people would be felt to hold a balance of even greater weight in the House than now. He referred to the publication of the Government and Legislative matters in both languages in Quebec, and claimed some privileges for the French here.

Mr. O'Leary said that in Kent the French do not know when contracts are to be given. He stated that the French settlers in one parish had to build some thirty miles of roads and large bridges, and they had not been given one cent by the Government.

Mr. Grouard said he had made it his business to see if his country and its settlements had got justice in this matter from Govt. He found they were as well treated as any other country. Mr. O'Leary said one of those who grumbled with his arm folded. The more you do for some people the more they want. Most of the French people who interest themselves in Public Works can read English, and it would be partly a waste of money to subsidize one paper as attempted by the resolution.

Hon. Mr. Kelly replied to Mr. O'Leary, and said Mr. Grouard had looked out well for his country, which drew largely from the public funds for its roads and bridges. There were a great many bridges built by the people themselves.

Mr. Gough, in closing the debate, said the resolution was no attempt to subsidize any paper, as he had suggested it himself. The Editor of the *Montreal Académie* knew nothing of it. The French contribute their share of public money, and have a reasonable right to ask that notice be given to them when money is to be expended in their locality. The opposition of the Government to this resolution is aimed at the *Montreal Académie* rather than at the principle involved in it.

Mr. Blanchard having accepted Mr. Gough's amendment, a division was taken on it as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Gough, Alward, Blanchard, Langley, O'Leary, Gillespie, Hamilton, Maher, Covert—9.

Nays—Hon. Fraser, King, Kelly, Stevenson, McQueen, Crawford, Williams, Tibbitts, McPherson, Montgomery, Hibbard, Beckwith, Phillips, Donald, Napier, Robinson, Nowlan, Butler, Palmer, Ryan, Humphreys, Gironard, Williams, Harrison, Irvine, Lindsay, Brown—27.

Mr. Gough moved for papers relating to the Rivière de Loup grants according to notice.

The Commissioner of Public Works laid his report on the table, and the Secretary laid on the table a number of papers asked for by Mr. Hamilton and others.

February 28.

Mr. Lindsay took the chair this morning in the absence of Speaker Vall.

A message relating to bills was received from the Legislative Council.

Mr. Hibbard presented a petition from George M. Peters and others, asking a definition of what income tax is; also a petition of William H. Murray and others, praying that they may be heard in reference to the Beaulieu Boon Bill.

Mr. Hamilton said the Chief Commissioner had asserted yesterday that the same time the *Montreal Académie* inserted an advertisement for bridge tenders, it published editorials that no Frenchmen need apply. He (Hamilton) said he had enquired of the editor of the *Montreal Académie* by telegraph, if that or any similar thing had been inserted by him. Mr. Hamilton read the answer from F. X. Robideaux, stating that no such statement was ever made in his paper. Mr. Kelly had refused to pay for the advertisement of the Moncton bridge, three years ago, and he had said to Mr. Kelly, at Kirk's Hotel, personally, that no Frenchmen need apply.

Hon. Mr. Kelly denied having said in the House yesterday that the words were "No Frenchmen need apply."

He said certain parties need not apply. He had never refused to pay a bill presented by Mr. Robideaux.

This matter caused considerable further explanation by Messrs. Gough, Kelly and others, which the Speaker said was out of order.

Mr. Hamilton asked if the Commissioner would inform the House, as asked by him a few days ago, in reference to the length of the bye roads of the Province.

The Commissioner said he would be hardly justified in putting a survey on the bye-roads, at considerable expense, without a resolution of the House asking him to do so.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Feb'y 25th.

Bill to allow Rev. Jno. D. Pope, an alien, to solemnize marriage, passed in committee.

Hon. Mr. Young delivered a message from the Lieutenant Governor, containing the remonstrance of Hon. Messrs. Young, Fraser and King to the Costigan Resolution, and also a message relating to the Export Duty.

Hon. Mr. Seely directed the attention of the House to the fact that four vacancies existed in the Council, and asked if the Government intend to fill them.

Hon. Mr. Young stated that there was nothing in the law to compel the Government to keep the number up to eighteen, he would say the matter was under the consideration of the Government, and at an early day the vacancies will be filled up. The Government was fully aware of the importance of the country that the appointments should not be hastily made, but be an honor to the House and a credit to the country.

Hon. Mr. Seely said two sessions have passed without filling up the vacancies, and in view of important measures coming up he considered the House ought to be filled.

Hon. Robinson-Owen believed the Council was a check on the hasty legislation below, and the men appointed need not be from different Counties, but good men should be obtained without reference to residence.

Hon. Mr. Hamilton believed it was the feeling of the country that the members should be from the different Counties.

The bill to allow the Diocesan Church Society to sell or lease certain lands deeded in trust for the Church, by the late Governor Campbell, passed in committee.

The following bills were brought up from Assembly:

To establish a separate polling place at Colburn, in the County of Restigouche.

To incorporate St. Mary's Grand Lake and Sarny Bay Railway Co.

To incorporate King's County and Grand Lake Railway Co.

Hon. Mr. McInerney presented a petition from Rev. P. Farrall and 188 others to amend the School Act. The roll of the House was called, and Hon. Mr. Harrison found to be the only member absent without leave.

Hon. Mr. Seely presented a petition from James McMillan and others to remove doubts as to Licence Law.

Bill to incorporate Upper Mills, St. Stephen, discussed in committee. Hon. Mr. Lewis in chair. Hon. Mr. Seely proposed an amendment to 24th Sec., as in matters of riot &c., jurisdiction rests with the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. Young believed there would be a conflict between the sessions and Town Council in relation to taxes, but as the mover was satisfied with it, he would propose no amendment. Passed.

Feb'y 26th.

Hon. Mr. Hamilton presented a Petition from Right Rev. Bishop Sweeney, Geo. Cowell, Boyd Travers, and 1205 others of St. John, praying for an amendment to the School Act.

Hon. Capt. Owen-Robinson called attention to small corporation bills.

He said that companies could obtain incorporation by filing their articles of association in the secretary's office by paying a fee of \$16. Scarcely a bill passed the House, but it cost \$100 to \$150 in printing and engraving.

There had been a rule in the Assembly by which private bills had to be accompanied with \$30 to pay the cost of engraving &c.

Hon. Mr. Bailey said the object of the General Act was to facilitate corporation acts during recess.

Hon. Mr. Hamilton, said that in the Commons of England and Canada, fees were paid in, which defrayed the expenses of engraving clerks.

He did not believe in hampering legislation in favor of enterprises calculated to develop the industries and resources of the country. Confederation has left the House nothing to do, except local and private bills, and he did not think the time of the House improperly taken up with these matters.

Hon. Capt. Owen-Robinson did not complain of the time wasted, but money wasted.

Hon. Mr. Lewis said the thirty dollar rule never gave satisfaction in the House. The people preferred this mode of doing business, and he thought the money could not be better expended.

South West Boon Company considered in Committee.

Hon. Mr. Seely in chair. Hon. Mr. McInerney explained provisions of bill. A company already exists.

The object is to repeal the old Act of incorporation and obtain a new Act with larger powers and a capital stock of \$40,000.

marked logs and one quarter was not too much. Progress reported.

Feb. 27th.

Bill to establish a polling booth in Colbourne, County of Restigouche, committed. Hon. Mr. Lewis in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Young said if Hon. Mr. Hamilton was satisfied that there was a necessity for the bill he would not oppose it.

Hon. Mr. Hamilton said the people had to travel from 15 to 18 miles to vote, and he believed it was a proper bill. House went into committee on South West Boon bill. Hon. Mr. Lewis in chair.

Hon. Mr. Young proposed an amendment making Mrs. Wilson's right of water way, the whole of her lot, which was carried, and the bill passed.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Reported for the Dominion Gov't by G. A. Blair, Esq.

FEBRUARY.

DATE.	Time.	Height of Bar.	Thermometer.	Thermometer.	Thermometer.
Mon.	23	8.20 a.m.	30.35	23.8	
		8.30 p.m.	30.43	23.8	
		11.45 p.m.	30.51	23.8	15.0
Tues.	24	8.30 a.m.	30.41	15.0	
		8.30 p.m.	30.41	15.0	
		11.45 p.m.	30.41	15.0	12.4
Wed.	25	8.30 a.m.	30.41	15.0	
		8.30 p.m.	30.41	15.0	
		11.45 p.m.	30.41	15.0	12.4
Thurs.	26	8.30 a.m.	30.41	15.0	
		8.30 p.m.	30.41	15.0	
		11.45 p.m.	30.41	15.0	12.4
Fri.	27	8.30 a.m.	30.41	15.0	
		8.30 p.m.	30.41	15.0	
		11.45 p.m.	30.41	15.0	12.4
Sat.	28	8.30 a.m.	30.41	15.0	
		8.30 p.m.	30.41	15.0	
		11.45 p.m.	30.41	15.0	12.4

The minus sign thus— at the left hand, denotes below zero; its absence denotes above zero.

The column for Maximum Thermometer shows the highest temperature for every day.

The column for Minimum Thermometer shows the lowest temperature for every day.

RAILWAY TICKETS for Halifax, Shelburne, and intermediate Stations on the Intercolonial Railway. Through Tickets for Montreal, Quebec, Bathurst, Miramichi, and other North Shore Ports per *Rothschilds Castle* and Gulf Ports steamers. For P. E. Island per Company's steamers, and also for all points in Canada and the United States, per Railway &c., can now be obtained with Time Tables, maps and general Railway Information, at Hall & General Railway Ticket Agency, 61 Prince William Street, opposite Eastern Express Office. 6m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

One of the most remarkable qualities of Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment is the rapidity and certainty with which it relieves contracted ligaments and sinews. Joint that have been stiff for years, have repeatedly been restored to activity by a persevering use of this powerful rubefacient. A good hand rubbing is necessary, so its anæsthetic influence may thoroughly penetrate the fibre.

When your horse's hair becomes dry and is sticking up, and his head hangs down, and he refuses to eat, you may know he is troubled with worms or some serious ailment. Procure directly Clark's Derby Condition Powder and feed it in his grain, and by the time you have got one package your horse will be in good condition. Everybody says they are the best powders ever known for horses, sheep and cows.

JUDICIAL MANAGEMENT.—Though it is impossible, in this climate of changing tempests, heat and cold, to prevent coughs and colds altogether, yet their form may be much mitigated by remedial measures. When hoarseness, cough, and any lung complaints set in, resort at once to Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam. No cough can resist this remedy.

Listed cases, Headache, Flatulency, &c., &c. These symptoms, to frequently the forerunners of serious diseases, if neglected too often terminate in apoplexy. When giddiness and dizziness of sight comes on, Dr. Wilson's Anti-Bilious and Purgative Pills should be taken to thoroughly cleanse the bowels. No medicine equals these Pills for removing Biliousness, suppressing Nausea, checking flatulency, and acting as mild, yet effective aperients. They are suitable for either sex or any age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Arrival of New Spring Goods in this Market.

Just received by last English Steamer—6 CASES London Fancy Goods, Feather, Millinery, etc., etc. 3 cases Ladies New Styles Spring Hats; 8 " New Spring Styles Tweeds, Dressings and Corsets; 2 " Shirts, etc. 3 cases Wet Wove Shirting.

The above have been carefully selected by our Mr. Butler, for early sale, and we beg to call the attention of the Clothing, Millinery, and Fancy Traders, in Town and Country.

Prices as heretofore at our usual low quotations.

EVERITT & BUTLER, Wholesale Warehouse, 55 and 57 King St., St. John.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.—In the matter of William Palmer, an Insolvent. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above Insolvent will be held at the office of the undersigned in Chatham, on Friday, the 29th day of March, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering the Insolvency of the said Insolvent, and for ordering the affairs of his estate generally. The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.

Dated at Chatham, the 28th day of February, 1874.

JOHN ELLIS, Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.—In the matter of Edwin Parker, an Insolvent.—The undersigned John Ellis, of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, has been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month.

Dated at Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, the 28th day of February, A.D. 1874.

JOHN ELLIS, Assignee.

All persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JOHN ELLIS, Assignee. Chatham, 28th Feb'y, 1874. 4 3w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bankrupt Sale.

THURSDAY, the 12th INSTANT. AT AUCTION.

I AM Authorized to sell at PUBLIC AUCTION at the store lately occupied by Edwin Parker, on Thursday, the 12th inst., commencing at 10 o'clock, a.m., a well selected stock of general Merchandise, consisting in part of: Towels, Cottons, Dressing, Trunk Cottons, Winches, Corgues, Lustrous, Mullins, Laces, Edgings, Thread, Buttons of all kinds, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, Parasols, Paper Collars, Neckties, etc., etc.

Blankets, Cotton Warps, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes & Rubbers' Ready-Made Clothing.

Room Paper, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, Matches, Corn Brooms, Dried Apples, Tobacco, Washing Crystal, Ground Pepper.

7 BOXES SOAP AND CANDLES, Perfumery, Hair Oil, Toilet Soap, Hair Brushes, Castor Oil, Patent Medicines.

One Set Counter Scales, 1 stove and Pipe, and a variety of Merchandise.

HURRAH! FOR GOODS CHEAP AT THE PARKER SALE!

TERMS—All sums under \$20, Cash; \$20 and upwards approved Joint Notes at three months. By order of the Assignee.

C. C. WATT, Auctioneer. Chatham, 3rd March, 1874.

NOTICE. A GIRL to do Work. Wages six dollars per month. J. JOHNSON. Newcastle, 3rd March, 1874. 4

GRAND TROTTING TOURNAMENT. Under the direction of the Northumberland Trotting Association, on the ice opposite Newcastle, on THURSDAY, 19th MARCH, at 12 o'clock, noon.

First Trot. Open to all Competitors. Entrance Fee, \$10.00. MILK HEATS—Best 3 in 5. First Prize, \$70.00. Second Prize, \$20.00. If more than three horses compete, the third horse to save entrance money.

Second Trot. Open to all horses owned in the County of Northumberland, subject to the objection of the Committee, on application for entry. Entrance Fee, \$5.00. MILK HEATS—Best 2 in 3. First Prize, \$30.00. Second Prize, \$15.00.

Third Trot. Same as second race. Winners in previous Races not admitted. Prize, \$25.00. Entries may be made with any of the Committee until 9 p.m. on the 8th March.

COMMITTEE: R. R. Call, Alex. Stewart, T. G. Russell, JOHN PARELL, W. M. Hildreth, Jr., T. B. Hilley, ROBERT BAIN, Sec'y. Miramichi, Feb'y 27, 1874. 4 3w

Mutual Fire Insurance Company OF CLINTON. ESTABLISHED, 1858. HEAD OFFICE, ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO. ROWLAND HILL, MANAGER.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION: D. Thompson, M. P. Co. of Haldimand; Henry R. Hume, M. P. Co. of Monck; J. P. Merritt, Gentlemen, St. Catharines; Thos. K. Merritt, Esq., M. P. Co. of Lincoln; W. T. Benson, Manager Quebec Bank; Hon. P. Mitchell, New Brunswick; Capt. James Seton, M. P. Co. of Lincoln. Hon. R. Benson, Senator.

The Clinton Insures only Insured Property, and is subject to not more than Two Thousand Dollars in any Risk.

This Company Effects Insurance as follows: 1st.—On the PREMISES, NORTH PARTS, in that is a small payment each year. 2nd.—On the SHORT DATE NOTE PRINCIPLE, that is, the amount to be paid in full at any time within six months at the option of the Applicant.

3rd.—On the CASH PRINCIPLE, that is, all down at the time of insurance. By the two latter methods the applicant knows at once the amount to be paid, and by the Premium Note Principle, the applicant is liable only for the Amount of the Note and the good fortune of the Company tends to lighten his payment.

CHARLES S. GARVIE, ESQ., SHERIFF, has been appointed General Agent for the Maritime Provinces, through whom we hope to secure a fair share of the Insurance.

ROWLAND HILL, Manager. March 3, 1874. 4 11

Dress Goods.

REDUCED PRICES.

THE Subscriber will sell the balance of his stock of DRESS GOODS.

MUCH REDUCED PRICES, to make room for SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

INSPECTION REQUESTED. W. S. LOGGIE. February 28th, 1874. 4

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale that lot of land in Youville, in the parish of Bathurst, containing NINETY-SIX ACRES,

more or less. It is bounded on the east by land owned by R. Smith, and on the west by land owned by John Kerr.

Terms made known by applying to John McDonald, Youville. February 28th, 1874. 4

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale Forty TONS GOOD UPLAND HAY, 2 EXPRESS WAGONS, 4 LIGHT WAGONS.

One Set Double Harness, 6 do. Single do., 18 bbls. Ale and Porter, (plugs and quarts).

30 CASES MARTELL'S PALE & DARK BRANDY, 20 do., Irish and Scotch Whiskey, (plugs and quarts) Sherry and Port Wine in cases and 1 cask.

4 cases Champagne, 1 quart, 4 baskets do., 1 plate.

6 cases Old Tom London Gin, 6 do., Holland do., Pale and Dark Brandy in 4 cases, Rye Whiskey, etc., etc.

For Terms &c., apply to the Subscriber or to JAMES LEEKE, Newcastle. J. H. WILBUR. Newcastle, 23rd Feb'y, 1874.

GRAND CHANCE TO BUY CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber, intending to close his business in Newcastle, offers his ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS now on hand, being principally

Dry Goods of various kinds, in Cottons, Tweeds, Flannels, etc., etc. Groceries of superior quality, in Sugar, Teas, Molasses, Raisins, Currants, Soap, Tobacco, etc., also

CONFECTIONERY. Fancy Biscuits, Crackers, etc., and FANCY Goods of several kinds.

AT PRIME COST, commencing from date and continuing until the 23rd MARCH.

The balance remaining on hand will then be offered at reduced prices.

PUBLIC AUCTION, commencing on THURSDAY, the 24th day of MARCH, and continuing until all is disposed of. There will be no reserve. The sale will be positive, and unprecedented value will be given.

GEORGE ROBINSON. Newcastle, 23rd Feb'y, 1874.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF! THE Subscriber will sell his large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS COTTONS, WOOLLENS, DRESS GOODS, FANCY GOODS, Boots and Shoes, HATS AND CAPS, READY MADE CLOTHING, Glassware, Earthenware, HARDWARE, &c., &c.

At a large discount on his former low prices. Call and see for yourselves that such is the fact. W. W. JASSON. Newcastle, 24th Feb'y, 1874.

WANTED. A Second Class Female Teacher for District No. 15, Williamstown.

JOSEPH McLEAN, STEPHEN PEABODY, Trustees. Williamstown, Oct. 6, '73. 8 f

Diseases of the Skin. Diseases of the skin although they are as a rule but little dangerous, yet add much to the sum of human misery. How quickly is the feeling of pity in our breast stirred by those few words in Scripture history "The dogs came and licked his sores." What more deplorable condition can a human being be in than this, and yet we may judge from the rest of the narrative "It came to pass that Lazarus died;" that it was in process of time and not directly from his sores that Lazarus died.

Skin diseases, for their nature is legion, all spring from impurity of the blood. The skin is the safety valve, through which these impurities pass out, when the natural excretories are clogged, as in the case of scurvy, it is necessary to perform their office properly of eliminating the "materia morbida" from the blood.

By recognizing this fact, we see how it is that WILSON'S TONIC SARSAPARILLAN ELIXIR prevents these diseases from forming or cures them when formed.

By clearing out the internal excretories, stimulating the healthy process, by which they drain these impurities from the blood, the Elixir prevents these diseases because it already forms in the blood the basis of the skin to throw off, and where the disease is already formed it cures by getting off the internal supplies.

SEYMOUR'S MINSTRELS, COMPOSED OF FIRST CLASS ARTISTES, WILL PERFORM AT CHATHAM, SATURDAY AND MONDAY EVENINGS, Feb. 28 & March 2.

NEWCASTLE, Wednesday and Thursday Ev'g's, March 4th and 5th.

Don't Fail to go and enjoy a good