

country by the governor-general with the advice of his cabinet, in other words, by the Dominion government; he holds office for life and good conduct. A mayor is elected by the electors of a town or city each year. A school inspector is appointed by the county council and holds office until removed by the same authority. A premier is chosen by the governor-general or the lieutenant-governor, as the case may be. (Pupils probably know that the term "premier" is given to the leader of either the Dominion or Provincial governments). He holds his position as long as his party outnumbers the "opposition" in the house. A lieutenant-governor is appointed by the governor-general with the advice of his cabinet, or as we usually say, by the Dominion government. He holds office for five years. A governor-general is appointed by the British Sovereign with the advice of the ministry, that is, by the British government. His term of office is five years.

### Drawing.

BY A. C. CASSELMAN (NORMAL SCHOOL, TORONTO).

We give below the paper set at the Entrance examination of 1896. The answers will appear in our next issue. Our young readers will give the best answers to the questions themselves, and compare their work with that published in the next number.

We have had several communications in reference to drawing for the third and primary or first book classes. From conversation with the editor of THE CANADIAN TEACHER we can assure our friends that the needs of the profession will be fully met in the enlarged paper of next year.

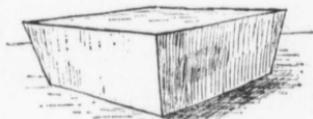
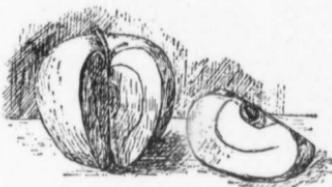
1896.

Examiners { D. ROBB.  
J. J. CRAIG, B.A.

NOTE.—Rulers not to be used.

1. Draw a doorway with a panel door partly opened outward. The drawing to be four inches high, and of proportionate width.
2. Draw a common water-pail lying on its side on the ground below your line of vision, with the bottom turned towards you.
3. Draw a square the side of which is three inches long. Draw diagonals. Then divide the square into nine equal squares by means of horizontal and vertical lines; and draw as large a circle as possible in each of the small squares having no diagonals; and finally join the centres of these circles by means of six straight lines.  
Values: 1. 9; 2. 8; 3. 8.

### ANSWERS TO LAST ISSUE.



Our young readers will be anxious to know something about THE ENTRANCE for next year. Space will not permit us to give even an outline of the changes to be made. We can tell them, however, that THE ENTRANCE will be enlarged to a sixteen-page paper. There will be two editions as at present—the fourth class and the fifth class, or leaving edition. Each edition will contain sixteen pages, of which *twelve or more* will be devoted to reading matter. We say *more* because we do not know where we shall stop. We are building for a perfect paper, and if it requires the whole sixteen pages to carry out our plans we intend to use them. Advertising will be a secondary consideration with us in our work for next year.

E. J. A. Johnston, Nobleton, says: "Am now using over two dozen of your "Canadian History Notes," and pupils are making excellent progress in the subject. They are just the thing for busy teachers."

M. A. Fraser, Combermere, sends along a good order and says: "Find your paper helpful and your notes complete. Shall likely send you further orders."

Central Business College, Stratford, Ont. A popular school. Students may enter at any time. Circulars free. W. J. Elliott, Principal.