RISINGS DUE TO JAPANESE, SAYS DELEGATE FROM CHITA

Far Eastern Republic Said to Maintain Restraint, But Seeks Troop Withdrawal.

New York, April 15—B. B. Skvirsky representative of the Far Eastern Republic in this country, and onetime Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs for his Government at Chita, paid a visit to New York this week and was asked to state his view of the present crisis in eastern Siberia.

"Our Government is no more Bolshevist than yours," Mr. Skvirsky said in reply to a direct question. "In America there are a good many Communists, so there are in Siberia; my friend, H. G. Smith, who has been American representative on the Inter-Allied Railway Commission, and has held similar official positions in Siberia since 1916, has told me that he thinks there is a higher proportion of Communists in America than in any country. But be that as it may, my Government is anti-Communist and anti-Bolshevist; it is run by a party called the Peasants Party, which is the old Social Revolutionary Party very much modified and under another name.

Japanese Control Told.

"It runs the Far Eastern Republic because in the popular election it got more votes. It elected 220 or more members of the legislative assembly, while the Communists elected only 30. The presidium, or executive council, which, somewhat after the manner of the Swiss Government, runs the chief executive of the Chita Republic, does indeed include three Communists out of seven members, but they were chosen as individuals and not through any party victories. The rest are non-partisan and Peasants Party leaders, and the president is Medvedev, the oldest constitutional leader in Asiatic Russia.

"Our regime is certainly a contrast with that of Vladivostock, where it is even provided in the constitution that persons suspected of being Bolshevist cannot vote. The Far Eastern Republic is the natural government of Siberia; it comprises 1,600,000 square miles and contains a population of over 2,000,000 people. The only reason it is deprived for the moment of its natural outlet at Vladivostock is due to a coup organized under Japanese auspices last May, whereby the present Merkulov Government got control of the Pri-Amur province within a ring of Japanese bayonets.

Spontaneous Risings.

"Ever since that time there have been spontaneous risings to re-establish real Russian authority, for we have no illusions about the objects of Japan's presence among us. At the present moment one such rising is under way, from which much may happen before the month is out. Our troops are at Spasskoe, about 100 miles from Vladivostock, having taken both Khabarovsk and Iman from the Pri-Amur forces since the end of January. This is the northern limit of the neutral zone established by the Japanese. "Neutral zone" means a point within which our adversaries may prepare campaigns against us, but where we may not pursue them when those campaigns fail. My Government has no desire to provoke trouble with Japan, and we have refrained from continuing the fighting, though Vladivostock would be ours within a week should the Japanese evacuate Siberia.

"I see by this week's papers that the Japanese accuse me of having fired on their troops at this important little town. Fortunately, I have myself received confidential information of the true state of affairs, which is that the Japanese fired first, and that although a handful of our men were killed, we took no aggressive action then and are contemplating none now.

Japan Has Made Pledge.

"We do most strongly feel, however, that the time has come for Japan to keep her pledge to the world and leave Siberia. The Genoa Conference, for all practical purposes, is going to try to disarm Soviet Russia and I think it will succeed. We shall be glad to see it for two reasons: First, we shall feel safer from a Soviet attack to impose Communism upon us, and, second it will rob the Japanese of their last excuse for remaining in Russia, the excuse of the Red Army. We are resolved to yield no concessions to Japan, however, as special inducements for their withdrawal. This is an act of plain justice on their part, and the object of our conference with Japan at Dairen is to restore what we hope will be the normal relations between two friendly states by equal negotiations, and not to buy off Japan with special concessions.

"Only by means of the open door to all can Siberia recover her trade, especially her great trade in furs, timber and fisheries with America. My government has no Communist state monopolies; trade is carried on by its citizens as in any other state, and two missions of the American Department of Commerce have been to Siberia and agree this is so. In fact, Mr. Thomas, your vice-consul at Harbin, is on a special mission to Chita at this moment. We have a sound, peaceful, constitutional state, a healthy trade situation based on a well-secured gold standard of currency, and a homogeneous people. Whether as a unit in the greater Russia of the future, or as an independent republic, we are ready for our destiny."

FIGHT TO BRING UNITED STATES TO THEIR SENSES

Statesmen Across Atlantic Still Hope America Will Take Its Part in Affairs.

By Robert Barry.

Genoa, April 15.—That school of European statecraft which regards American participation in some sort of an entente to promote and maintain stability in trade and government has begun here its greatest fight to bring the United States back into Europe. American business and diplomacy observed the process from the sidelines.

From the Washington viewpoint this conference has become the most important commercially since the Senate forced a separate treaty with Germany. On the measure of success attending this attempt by Europe to set her economic house in order all shades of opinion are agreed will rise or fall the hope that President Harding and Secretary Hughes will seek from Congress the necessary authority for participation in politics-commercial relationship with Europe. It is not forgotten that President Harding, as senator opposed going into the reparations commission, but his recent utterances justify the belief that he has changed his mind and simply looks to Europe to make an early entry possible.

There is an abundance of politics yet to be played before these nations will cease snarling and snapping at one another, but Premier Lloyd George as the driving power has brought them closer to the scratch here than at any time since the collapse of the Versailles Treaty structure. He has brought them face to face with one another and their problems. On the result of the meeting will depend the American course in the future. Selfish interests, war hatreds and racial jealousies are not to be abandoned readily for the intangible benefits resulting from America's involvement in Europe's economic affairs but for once the leaders seem to realize here that they must act, not just talk, if their threadbare fabric of commerce is not to be torn to tatters.

That consciousness is the chief ally of those who believe the world will be served best by a cordial working understanding and concert of policy among the United States, Great Britain and France. The same thing is said here as was heard at Washington and London. France holds the key. M. Poincare, sitting back in Paris, can make or break the whole British programme for a policy that would demonstrate Franco-British unity. Through such unity the other nations could be forced to come to terms and render it possible for President Harding to take the step American business is demanding with growing insistence.

For those reasons America's vacant chair at the council table occasioned no pangs of British remorse when the Italian premier rapped the conference to order. It is better America stays out this time, say the leaders, that he absence may be an object lesson to recalcitrant European politicians, making them realize their hopes have ended for a further America Santa Claus policy.

The British hopes to erase the memory of the unhappy discord with France at Washington, seal an alliance with France and devise a political progress which would almost inevitably force Germany into a working understanding, stabilize production and finance, balance budgets, reduce burdensome military establishments and accordingly pave the way for abandonment by America of the position taken when the Senate refused to approve the Treaty of Versailles.

There is no effort to conceal fear of a break-up here that will let President Harding in for a bad time with the Senate irreconcilables on the very eve of the Congressional elections when party harmony is desirable and necessary. However, a bare majority only is required for a resolution providing for American membership in the reparations commission on similar bodies and the Democrats are committed to such participation.

Baptism At The Tabernacle

Special Services Yesterday and Sixteen Candidates Were Baptized — Special Easter Programme.

The largest congregation that has favored the four year pastorate of Rev. A. Lawrence Tedford, of the Tabernacle Baptist church, attended the morning services in that church yesterday. At the close of the service nine candidates followed their Lord in baptism.

In the afternoon the children carried out a special Easter programme in the Sunday school before a capacity audience. The church was again filled at the evening service at which seven more were baptized, making a total of eighteen who have been baptized as a result of the evangelistic campaign recently carried out in the church.

A walnut clock, presented to the church as an Easter gift by the Brotherhood Class, and which has been placed in position in the balcony, was much admired yesterday.

Auto Drivers Fined For Road Violations

Officer Robert Crawford is on the Job—Five Men Reported for Disorderly Conduct.

Officer Robert Crawford is on the job again looking after automobile drivers who break the laws on the public highways. On Saturday, before Magistrate Allingham, one man was fined $8 and costs for driving on the Westfield road, another was fined for a violation on the Rothesay road; two were fined $8 each for driving on the old Black River road, and another was fined $2 for driving a motor cycle without a license.

Yesterday Officer Crawford reported five men for being under the influence of liquor and acting disorderly while in an automobile on the Rothesay road. The officer forced the men to leave the road and they will be notified to appear before Magistrate Allingham next Wednesday.

Small In Stature But Large In His Mentality

Soviet Russia's Attorney General Very Popular Among Leaders of Bolshevik Regime.

Moscow, April 15.—(Special.)—Nicolai V. Krylenko, Soviet Russia's Attorney General, is probably the smallest son in stature and one of the biggest in popularity among the leaders of the Bolshevik regime.

He stands about five feet in his boots but, with his sturdy physique, grizzled tangle of iron gray hair and firm jaw, Krylenko is the terror of offenders against the Soviet laws and of the game birds, wolves, foxes and all other wild game in the vicinity of Moscow.

Krylenko is an enthusiastic huntsman, as is Nicolai Lenine, the Soviet premier, and they frequently go shooting together.

"I can hit a bird with a rifle and don't need a shotgun," Krylenko told the correspondent in an interview in his office, which is decorated with wolf pelts and other hunting trophies.

Immediately after the Bolshevikii gained power, Krylenko was made commander of the Russian army. Later on when Trotzky, now Minister of War, took command of the army, about the time of the treaty of Brest-Litovsk ranking peace with Germany, Krylenko was appointed to the supreme revolutionary tribunal and has since held that post.

Krylenko is married and has two children. He lives in Moscow in a well furnished house where he also has his office. He wears rough corduroy jackets, baggy trousers and soft colored shirts. He had at least a week's growth of beard on his face. He was active in bringing about the abolishment of the "Cheka," or committee to combat counter-revolution.

MOTOR MECHANIC KILLED BY TROLLEY

While Driving Repair Auto Was Hit and Carried 100 Feet by Electric.

Toronto, April 16.—Harry Faulkner, age 38 years, a motor mechanic, while driving a repair auto was hit by a Yonge street car on Saturday afternoon and injured so badly that he died on the way to the hospital. In making a turn to enter a garage, he got in the way of the trolley car and was carried a hundred feet and crushed against a telegraph pole. Faulkner leaves a wife and two children.

BODY FOUND IN HALIFAX HARBOR

Halifax, April 16.—The body of Frederick William Drake was found floating in the harbor today. It is supposed he fell off the railway trestle near his home. Mr. Drake, who was a retired jeweller 75 years old, leaves three daughters.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No operation needed. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefits. 60c. a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you remember this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

FREE STATERS WERE READY FOR TROUBLE

Troops Placed at Vantage Points to Quell Any Easter Riots.

London, April 16—A number of public buildings and business premises in Dublin were occupied yesterday by Irish Republican Army troops on orders from the Free State headquarters, at the Beggar's court bush barracks says a Central News despatch from Dublin. The buildings occupied, says the despatch, included the Shelbourne Hotel, a jewelery store, the O'Connor bridge, the Broadstone railway station, Jacobs biscuit factory in Bishop Street, and the post office premises in Amins Street. In all cases, however, business was not interfered with. Fully armed sentries were posted at the entrances, some proprietors said the occupation was a precautionary measure against possible developments on Sunday.

Newsy Jottings From Fredericton

Special to The Standard

Fredericton, N. B., April 16—The tug Flushing arrived here from St. John late in the afternoon. She will work for the St. John Log Driving Company. The St. John River is still rising but not as fast as it had been.

The evangelistic campaign which had been conducted at the Fredericton Methodist Church by Mr. and Mrs. J. Ritchie Bell came to a close today. The services all had been largely attended and very successful.

The Queen Hotel, which had been a house of public accommodation since its erection in 1868 by the late William Wheeler of this city, ended its career as an hotel yesterday. The proprietor J. J. McCaffrey, will take a few weeks to dispose of the furnishings and remove from the building. The New Brunswick Liquor Commission is the owner of the property now and will use it for offices and warehouses as soon as it can be prepared.

A raid was made Saturday night in Regent Street by Liquor Inspectors but nothing was found in the way of liquor.

Easter Day was favored by fine weather in this vicinity and was observed with special services and music in the various churches.

NEED OF CANADIAN BUILDING IN LONDON

Sir George Perley Declares Such as Necessity for Dominion's Good.

Ottawa, April 16 (Canadian Press)—The Great need for a Canadian building in London, for the housing of official offices of the Dominion was emphasized by Sir George Perley in an address to the members of the Canadian Club Saturday afternoon. The co-ordination of the offices would materially aid the High Commissioner in the performance of his duties. The building need not be large, he said, but it should be dignified and in keeping with the prominence of Canada in the British Empire. He hoped that the finances of Canada would permit its erection at an early date.

PERSONALS

James D. Shannon of Nelson, N. B., arrived in the city on a business trip Saturday and will be at the Victoria for a few days.

J. L. White of Grand Falls is registered at the Victoria.

H. H. Hetherington of Aroostock arrived in the city on Saturday and is registered at the Victoria.

George M. McDade of Chatham arrived in the city on Saturday to spend the Easter holidays at his home here and is being warmly welcomed by many friends.

Miss Cecelia Goldman, who has been attending Mount Allison Ladies' College, is spending the Easter holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Goldman.

Mrs. King Hazen, mother of Sir Douglas Hazen, his sister, Mrs. George Allan, and niece, Miss Hazen Allan, of Fredericton, are guests of Sir Douglas Hazen.

Miss Constance White, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. W. White, arrived from Toronto last week to spend the Easter vacation.

Leo Fitzgerald of Milltown has arrived home to spend Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Fitzgerald, King street east.

William Evans, formerly caretaker of the Bull's Lake Fishing Club, while in the city on Saturday was taken suddenly ill and is now at the home of his sister, Mrs. James Sproul, 251 Princess street, where he was reported improved.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Williston of Halifax are spending a few days in the city, guests of their daughter, Mrs. H. H. Clarke, 111 Paradise Row.

AN INCIDENT

While coming down Mill street last evening a motorist saw one of the lenses of his headlights go tumbling out of the light and rolling down the street. In some strange manner it survived the shock of the contact with the hard pavement, but just as the motorist was congratulating himself on the fact, it described a wide arc, and lit right in front of the oncoming wheels. The brakes went on with a crunch, but alas! nothing remained of the tough old lens, but a sector, and the motorist was as far out of luck as ever.

Activity In The Trade With Japan

Capt. J. L. Watson Talks Interestingly After Trip Which Almost Completed Circle of the Globe.

Indications seem to point towards an increased activity in Japan's export trade, despite the fact that business in that country appears to be experiencing a period of depression, and the unemployment situation is acute. Such were the views expressed, last evening, by Captain J. L. Watson of Cardiff, Wales, in conversation with a Standard reporter. Captain Watson arrived in the city yesterday morning from Japan, via Vancouver, en route to England, after having almost completed a circle of the globe.

When the Montreal train arrived here yesterday morning at five o'clock it brought Captain Watson and eight officers of the steamer Penelsely and Captain C. Richards and five officers of the steamer Mull, who are all en route to their homes in England, after having delivered these vessels at Kobe, Japan, where they were sold to Japanese buyers. The Penelsely, 1890 tons net, was built in England and formerly owned by the Penelsely Steamship Co., of Cardiff, while the Mull, 2781 tons net, was formerly owned by the late Steamship Co., of Newcastle, England. Both these vessels were recently sold to Japanese buyers and have since been elaborately fitted up and placed in the East Indian and African service for their new owners.

Both steamers sailed from England with cargo, and proceeded to their ultimate destination by way of the Suez Canal and the Red Sea. The Penelsely discharged a cargo of coal at Port Said, and took on salt, with which she proceeded to Kobe, Japan, where she arrived on March 7. The Mull carried coal to Torrevega, Spain, and there took on a cargo of salt, with which she proceeded to Kobe, arriving there at approximately the same time as the other vessel. On their arrival both steamers were turned over to Nisshin Kaiun Ltd., agents for the Japanese buyers. Captains Watson and Richards, together with their officers, then took passage for Vancouver on the Empress of Asia, coming from there to St. John by C. P. R. They will start on the last leg of their trip around the world on April 22, when the Empress of Britain sails from this port for England.

In discussing conditions in Japan, Captain Watson expressed the view that a period of depression seemed to prevail, business being by no means in a flourishing condition. He said that there seemed to be a scarcity of money in the country, and that there was a great deal of unemployment. Asked regarding the reason for the purchasing of British ships by the Japanese, he said that the shipping men there figured that they could buy from other countries cheaper than they could build, on account of the heavy sur-tax, imposed by the Japanese Government. Captain Watson also said that, within the last few months, there had been a great demand for freighters on the part of the Japanese, forty-two British ships having been already sold and delivered to buyers in that country. The captain was unable t oaccount for this demand, especially in view of the conditions prevailing in the country, but he said that the new owners of the vessels, lately delivered, had immediately set to work remodelling them, and that they were now plying in the Indian and African trade. He said that the people of Japan were all anxiously awaiting the arrival of the Prince of Wales in that country, and his proposed visit was being looked forward to with keen pleasure on the part of the Japanese. According to Captain Watson, the people all express great admiration and fondness for the Prince, and, on his arrival in Japan, he will be accorded a most hearty and hospitable reception.

The English officers made the trip from Kobe to Vancouver on the Empress of Asia, and were sincere in their praises of the service afforded passengers. They made a record trip across the Pacific and the voyage was very pleasant from all angles.

On their arrival in the city, they proceeded to the Dufferin and will be here until the sailing of the Empress of Britain on April 22.

Police Court Cases Saturday

In the police court on Saturday morning, Rene E. Barrin pleaded guilty to a charge of drunkenness, but not guilty to a charge of assaulting Arthur Wood in the latter's shop on Waterloo street. Mr. Wood said that the defendant asked in Dutch or German for a package of cigarettes and box of matches, paying for them out of a $10 bill. After receiving his change he refused to leave the store when told to do so, and the witness endeavored to eject him, with the result that a scuffle ensued and the witness' glasses were broken and his vest torn.

The defendant testified that he was counting his change to three women when the complainant ordered him to leave the shop. He replied that he would go when he finished counting his money, whereupon the complainant attempted to put him out. The police were called after a scuffle took place. The defendant was remanded to jail.

Pedro Meyetso was remanded on a charge of vagrancy until it can be found out whether he can be deported.

Three men were remanded on charges of drunkenness.

"SALADA" TEA

What do you most desire in Tea? — FLAVOUR!

"Salada" Tea is rich in the essential oils of Flavour and will always give genuine satisfaction.

Easter Services In Local Churches

Large Congregations, Sermons on Resurrection and Its Significance, Ordinance of Baptism.

Easter was fittingly celebrated yesterday in the city churches. All had prepared special programmes of music and in many there was the reception of new members. In practically all of the Baptist churches there was baptism at either the morning or evening service.

Main Street Baptist

At the morning service the pastor delivered a splendid message on the meaning of the resurrection and its significance to the Christian church. At the close of the service the ordinance of baptism was administered to seventeen candidates. This makes a total of twenty-six who have been baptised recently. At the evening service the choir rendered a programme of Easter selections which were greatly enjoyed by the large congregation. This evening the choir of the Sunday School will render the Cantata "The Children's Messiah." A chorus of forty voices will take part. The offerings for the day amounted to nearly $800.

Centenary Methodist

Large congregations were present at both services yesterday. At the morning service there was the reception of new members. The pastor, Rev. R. G. Fulton, delivered two powerful addresses on Easter themes. The choir excelled themselves and the organ never was heard to better advantage, the recent overhauling having made it as good as new.

Exmouth Street Methodist

At the Exmouth Street Methodist church there was the baptism and reception of new members at the morning service and in the evening the choir rendered the Cantata "From Manger to Cross." A special programme was put on at the Sunday School and this consisted of recitations by Catherine MacFarland, D. Ellis, Dorothy Belyea, Dorothy MacFarland, and Grace Hughson; a solo by Isabel Carr; exercises by the primary class and six girls of the C. G. I. T., and an address by the pastor, Rev. H. E. Thomas.

Portland Methodist

The Easter services at Portland Methodist church were attended by large congregations. An open session of the Sunday School was held in the afternoon at which a number were baptised and at the evening service there was the reception of new members. The choir of the church rendered most acceptably the sacred Cantata "Victory Divine" in two parts, "In the Garden" and "At the Tomb."

Victoria St. Church Easter Services

Large Congregations Enjoyed Sermons and Special Music —Sacred Concert in Afternoon.

The Victoria Street Baptist Church was filled to overflowing both morning and evening. In the morning Rev. G. H. Hudson preached a forceful sermon on "The Resurrection Lesson." The choir rendered special music. At the close of the service nineteen were baptised.

In the afternoon was an open session of the Sunday school, about 500 being present, and a sacred concert was given under the efficient direction of Mrs. Hartley Henderson. Prizes were also delivered to the winners in a recent essay contest.

After the usual congregational song service, in the evening, the Easter Cantata "Judith," was well rendered by Miss Alice McKim, whose talent as a reader is well known. The musical part of the Cantata, under the direction of Mr. Arthur Burk, was splendidly performed. The pastor extended the right hand of fellowship to 56 new members.

CREEPS INTO THE SYSTEM JUST LIKE A SERPENT.

Like a thief in the night, it steals through the system—that's how Catarrh acts. Don't trifle with such a scourge. Time and experience have proved that Catarrhozone is a wonderful remedy for all Catarrhal and bronchial troubles. You don't take any drugs, you just inhale the sweet soothing vapor of Catarrhozone which is laden with balsamic essences that heal relieve and ease the sufferer. To strengthen the throat, to sweeten the breath, to stop nasty discharges, to drive out Catarrh, colds and weakness in the throat, use Catarrhozone. Two months treatment one dollar, smaller size 50c all dealers or the Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

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Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

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HEADS THAT ACHE AND PAIN

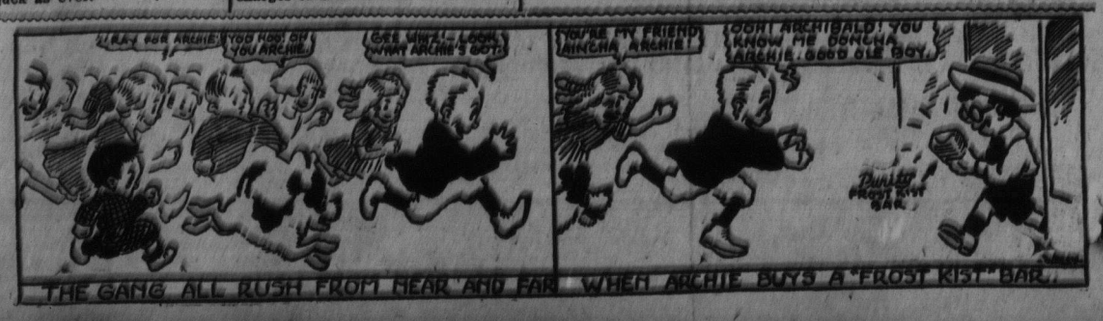
It is hard to drag along with a head that aches and pains all the time.

In nine cases out of ten, persistent headaches are due to poisoned blood, the blood being rendered impure through some derangement of the stomach, liver or bowels, but no matter which organ is to blame the cause must be removed before permanent relief can be obtained.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS which has been on the market for the past forty-five years, removes the cause of the headache by starting the organs of elimination acting freely, and when the impurities are carried off from the system, purified blood circulates in the brain cells, and the aches and pains vanish.

Miss Clara Murphy, Centre Dummer, Ont., writes:—"My system was greatly run down and my blood out of order. I suffered a great deal from severe pains in my head which made me feel very miserable. After having tried other remedies I purchased a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and was very glad to notice a decided improvement in my health. I took another bottle and it has done me an enormous amount of good. I have recommended it to some of my friends who were in a similar condition and they all say it is a wonderful remedy."

B. B. B. is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



Died

GREEN—On Easter morning, in the ninety-third year of her age, Harriette Forde, widow of John Green, and daughter of the late George Young, M. D., of Downpatrick, Ireland.

Funeral on Tuesday, April 18th, at 2.30 from the residence of John Scott, 104 Leinster Street.

FOWLER—At Hampton, N. B., on Saturday night, April 15, Henry J. Fowler in his 78th year.

Funeral from his late home on Tuesday the 18th at 3 p. m.