or highly unreasonable

e specific performance o

ns on this ratification saio principii. anyone dealing with anright to believe that this ns what he says, or says is one that cannot be has no application here. the agent sold the land rals, he did what he had to do. However, he did

13 App. Cas. 111). Appel-

niss the appeal with costs. NPOWDER IS MADE. article, "Where Gunpowdin which the author desinger Houses." The dangmselves are so construct nail-head or iron in any d, and the roofs are made give easy vent to exploments of the workers are that they cannot carry nes, or indeed anything. f non-inflammable materi buttons must not be of e is allowed to go about turned up at the bottom collected in that way, and d speck of foreign matter gunpowder is fraught with ted by boards placed edgewhen the door is open no es as a check to anyone oughtlessly proceed to en aving first on the overalls that are ide the door. Doors are outwards, so as to enable ape the more readily; and ch of a thunderstorm the opped and the operatives fferent watch-houses scat-300 acres covered by these Every week the mapected, and the reports as n are printed and filed. In danger building needing to must first be washed out When artificial light is working at night or in ced on the window ledges. the works magazine

al Hutton has charge o for an Imperial military Montreal in Sentember, mean the collection regiments from Great parts of the Empire, as rts of the Dominion. The ops expected is placed at

ended with water, no light

ever permitted near it

nts at the works: they are

ever, to show how lively

usually have an arranged

in their minds, and a

cted noise have not hesi-

ense of danger. Men

into the canal.

a few of the precautions

DIARRHOEA CURED.

ify that I have had chronic ince the war. I got so rdly walk or do anything amberlain's Colic, Cholera Remedy cured me sound R. GIBBS, Fincastle, Va. diarrhoea for twelve years. Chamberlain's Colic, Chol-

a Remedy cured me. SHAVER, Fincastle, Va. bbs and Mr. Shaver are ers and reside near Finbey procured the remedy Casper, a druggist of that acquainted with them or the truth of their state-

ale by Henderson Bros., , Victoria and Vancouver.

%O%O%O**%O%O%O%O%O%O%O%O** \$1.50 Annum. \$1.50

Victoria Times.

Twice=a=Week.

VOL. 19.

VICTORIA, B. C. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1899.

Recommended to Mercy

Dreyfus's Judges Send a Petition to the French Presi dent.

Rumors That Mercier Will Be Arrested--Loubet Opposed to Extreme Measures.

A Paris Correspondent Says the Prisoner Will Be Pardoned.

Rennes, Sept. 11 .- A formal recommendation for mercy, signed by the court-martial, was handed to General aucas for President Loubet this after-Its object is to eliminate the deradation which otherwise would be a eature of the punishment. When Dreyfus was informed of this action he said I still have hope

Zola and the Trial. Paris, Sept. 11 .- A letter from M. his famous "J'accuse" letter in the early in the Aurore to-day. It con- from a conviction of his innocence.

indes as follows: "The ministry which its agents have petrayed; the ministry which had the weakness to leave big children with mudthat to govern is to foresee, has only to hasten to act if it does not wish to Madame Dreyfus Visits Her Husband. abandon to the good pleasure of Ger-many the fifth act of the drams the denouement before which every French- valls here. All the troops and gendarmes

o prevent its coming to us from abraid. difficulties than this. Whenever it ventures to ask for the documents enumerated in the bordereau they will be given. and that will necessitate a second reviswill desert his post. Proof, invincie proof, we shall finally end by obtaing. On November 23 we shall be at
this morning, just as did during the resailles. My trial will re-commence trial, when it was necessary. y beloved, my valiant Labori, whose the afternoon.

As for me, I shall not be silent. We will merely have to utter the truth, without fear of injuring me, for I am swore to the innocence of Dreyfus. clap of the avenging Nemesis, de- the date of his former condemnation.

er the clear sun of France. Trouble Brewing.

Paris, Sept. 11.-Sunday and to-day we passed off quietly, but this condiof things is not likely to continue. A ong, heavy rain yesterday, combined with the fact that the leaders of the oping parties were all at Rennes, pre-tted any organized demonstration. be boycotted, which would mean a family were sanguine and looked forward of millions to the country.

There is little doubt that the trial of

st 100.000 francs. They don't in- torture he has undergone. o let matters rest, and rumors are ved of the impending arrest of Gen-

he has done his duty.

. Demange has been blamed for conog so many points in his speech, but of the day reading them. pears that he did so in the hope of ing another waverer among who finally, however, joined the on condition that the verdict d be accompanied with the provision extenuating circumstances, so that would not be subjected to a

degradation.

rviewed regarding the sentence, M eres, the clerk of the court-martial, most emphatic in declaring that Dreymust serve ten years from the date

having considered the case as beginning Forest. when Dreyfus appeared before them, disregarding altogether his previous sentence. M. Couperes said: "I have no doubt whatever that, according to the military code, Dreyfus must undergo degradation, as he was reinstated as a captain in the army and appeared before the court in uniform. That he will actually be put through this cruel ordeal I think doubtful. If it depended on me, I know what I should do, and the president of the republic may

think with me." Colonel Jouauste also declared that Dreyfus must serve ten years, but speaking with friends to-day he expressed a conviction that there would not be a fresh degradation. This ceremony requires breakhis epaulets. But Dreyfus never had his reported from the principal capitals. ing the prisoner's sword and tearing off sword restored to him, and he only wore undress uniform without epaulets, so that it would be impossible to carry out the regulations for degradation. This is Col-

Those who think Dreyfus will be released in October because the five years on Devil's island will wipe out the present sentence, saw in the fact that he was sentenced for exactly ten years a confirmation of their, martial, view, but they are mistaken. He was sentenced to ten years, not because that happens to double his confinement on Devil's island, but because, according to military code, the recording of two votes in his favor fixes the term of detention at I ten years. Had the verdict been unanimous he must have been sentenced to twenty

Those professing to have ascertained since the verdiet the opinion of the judges, Zola, the novelist, which is a pendant to declare that the vote of five to two was not given by mutual agreement, but bestages of the revision movement, ap- cause the two judges voted in his favor

London Press Opinions.

London, Sept. 11.-The afternoon papers of this city to-day are unanimous in their dled minds to play with materes and denunciation of the verdict in the Dreyfus mives; the ministry which has forgotten case, and they teem with abuse of the system "producing such a decision."

Rennes. Sept. 11 .- A state of calm pre

this fifth act as soon as possible in order prison this afternoon, but not the slightest the population. She found him as calm as ments. Diplomacy has settled greater yesterday. The prisoner smoked a pipe which indicated he was in better spirits than could be expected.

Expects to Be Released.

would be this time, I hope, fully inthe terrible shock of the verdict with formed, and would quash the verdict.

"But if the government were to recoil with unnatural calm. Yesterday he seemagain, the defenders of justice and truth ed stupified when M. Labori communicated will do what is necessary. Not one of to him the news, but he has since rallied.

all its fullness. If meanwhile justice mot done, we will again help to do it.

Mme. Dreyfus and Mathieu Dreyfus, his brother, visited him during the course of

ing, but both bore up as well as possible

He said to her: "I am not uneasy regarding myself, as receipt of Mr. Chamberlain's despatch. ready to pay for it with my liberty and I shall soon be free, but I think of you branded as the children of a traitor."

swear it before the entire world, which He is convinced that the ten years' impossible way. As a first step the governtruth is on the march. Nothing will be wiped out by the five years of solitary that their men will receive protection so

stating the Fatherland, unless we has. He is so sanguine that he has made an It is officially announced that the article ourselves to make it shine forth un- extraordinary request of his wife for a in the gold law about the confiscation of novel to be read in the meantime, explaining that his mind is so shaken and weigh- vioted of treason or conspiracy against the ed down by recent events that he needs to state, which was last year eliminated, will divert his thoughts and to try to get all the recollections of the last three months out of his mind. He thinks that reading be worked, and provides that if this in a novel will afford the desired mental re- struction is disregarded the government pose and keep him from brooding over

w, however, they are beginning to see A correspondent of the Associated Press want of logic in conceding "extenu- called upon Mme. Dreyfus this afternoon circumstances" to a convicted trai- after her visit with her husband and saw a concession which creates doubt her father, M. Hadamard, who said his the strength of the case against daughter was bearing up wonderfully well, Moreover, public opinion is considering the circumstances, but desired ng sobered by reading the comments to remain undisturbed to-day in view of he world at large, and by the pros- the emotional strain of the interview. M. however remote, that the exposition Hadamard said that Mme. Dreyfus and the

to some favorable developments. "The verdict," he added, "is an infamy. Derouledests next Monday, at which Captain Dreyfus is in poor health, as asserted sensational evidence will everyone knows. He has been extremely should hostilities arise. Hollanders here developed, and the re-opening of the ill from the moment of his arrival in held a meeting to-day and adopted resolumber of deputies, will be the signal France and has been put on a special regime. His health has not improved and the nervous effect of yesterday's terrible At present both parties are taking blow is bound to react on his general conth, but the latent animosities are in- dition. His suppression of all outward emotion is due to his almost incredible It is estimated that the last year's force of will, but it does not imply that he eedings have cost the Dreyfus party is insensible to the mental and physical

"On the contrary, the family just now Mercier. He declares he does not see in his weak state of health an abnorwhat happens, being quite satisfied mal impassivity, an ugly sign, and fear Rennes, Sept. 12.-M. Mathieu Dreyfus opposes such an extreme course as visited his brother this morning in priuting General Mercier or the other son. He found him still bearing up well. rals. He is rather inclined to a The prisoner has received an enormous latory policy, extending even to a number of letters of sympathy since Saturday, and passes the greater part

London, Sept. 12.-The movement to boycott the Paris exposition continues Several additional firms announced this afternoon the intention to suspend the preparation of their exhibits until "the Dreyfus blot is wiped out."

Prepared to Receive Dreyfus. Stuttgart, Sept. 12 .- So confident were the friends of Dreyfus that he would be acquitted that they had taken lodgings opened.

of a fresh degradation, the court-martial for him in the lower half of the Black

Meeting of the Cabinet.

Paris, Sept. 12 .- At to-day's cabinet council, the premier, M. Waldeck-Rous-seau, informed his colleagues that he had received reports from the prefects of various departments, which showed that the verdict of the Rennes court mar tial had been everywhere received quietly up to this. It is presumed the council will take no action in the Dreyfus or other matters of great interest. It was one of the frequent meetings held by the cabinet, and was not hurriedly called, being announced several days ago, and no special importance is attached to it. London, Sept. 13.-Agitation in favor

of a boycott of the Paris exposition The Home Office has granted permis sion for the proposed demonstration in pathy with Dreyfus and appeal to France to do him justice. Twenty-one platforms

The London solicitors of the French consulate have resigned as a protest against the verdict of the Dreyfus court

The correspondent of the London Daily authority for the statement that Dreyfus will be pardoned, although President Loubet will not exercise his prerogative until after the meeting of the conseil de revision. He adds that Captain Bauvais and Major Breen were the two lit will probably be delivered to the gov-members of the court martial who vot-ernment of the Transvaal to-day. for acquittal, and it was Captain Parfait who insisted upon the provision regarding extenuating circumstances.

Chicago Demonstration. Chicago, Sept. 12.-Arrangements are ing to protest against the sentencing of Captain Dreyfus. Prominent citizens are said to be concerned in the movement which was started yesterday at a mass meeting held in the Jewish section.

The Methodist Ministers' Association of Chicago, at their regular meeting, went on record as protesting against the injustice of the verdict in the Dreyfus

"Pacification."

Paris, Sept. 12.-In an article headed 'Pacification," the Temps this morning urges the government to take advantage of the present conditions and pardon Dreyfus, which it adds "would put the finishing touches to the Rennes verdict, and would permit France to occupy her-

Must Not Be Neglected or the Government Will Work the Mines-Hollanders Support Kruger.

Pretoria, Sept. 11.-A notice has been issued by President Kruger warning burgh- to bring about a settlement. ion from the local authorities.

The tension remains high, pending the The Transvaal government, with a view my blood. Before the Seine assize court and my poor children. They will be of keeping up activity in the mining in- Great Britain. dustry, has decided to protect it in every w proclaims it with me. And I repeat prisonment to which he is sentenced will ment has notified the Band companies stop it. At Rennes it has just made a seclusion he has undergone on Devil's long as they remain peaceful, and should to the latest Transvaal note was read at giant stride. I no longer have fear, ex- Island, and he expects to be released by war unfortunately occur, the men will be in the volksraad in silence, except for bett Hat I shall see it arrive in a thun- October 15, which will be five years from given a reasonable time to leave the coun-

try if they desire. claims and mines belonging to people conbe re-enforced. The article also gives the government power to order that the mines may work them through its own agents. Commandant-General Joubert denies that cation in the state schools. the government is ordering heavy ordnance and rifles. He declares that he is anxious for the preservation of peace.

Mr. Convugham Greene, British diplomatic agent, has made a representation to the Transvaal government regarding the recent arrest of Mr. Pakeman, editor of the Transvaal Leader, and the government

is sending a reply. Italians and Hollanders

Johannesburg, Sept. 11.-Italians in the Transvaal have decided to remain neutral tions of sympathy with the Transvaal gov-The officials of the Netherlands Railway Company have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to guard the line in the

NOTES FROM OTTAW

Commissions in the Artillery and Cavalry Will Be Offered to Graduates of the Royal Military College.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Sept. 12.-Militia general orders issued to-day provide that the commissions for vacancies in the permanent artillery will be offered to graduates of ternate commission in the permanent catary College. In the establishment of the permanent force there will in future be four captains, and the lieutenants will be reduced from 12 to 8. There are no

captains at present.

The tenders for the purchase of Dominion creek claims have not yet been

Must Accept Britain's Terms

Kruger's Proposed Reforms Do Not Go Far Enough For Chamberlain.

The Note to the Transvaal Government Causes a Pessimistic Feeling --

Secretary Reitz on the Situation An Ex-Congressman's Appeal to McKinley.

(Associated Press.) Capetown, Sept. 12.-It is understood that the reply of Mr. Chamberlain to the last Transvaal note has been received by the British high commissioner. Sir Alfred Milner, and forwarded to Pretoria.

Pretoria, Sept. 12.—(11:50 a.m.)—'The British cabinet's dispatch of Friday has just been handed to the Transvaal gov-Simla, Sept. 12.-The first transport for South Africa sails with field hospitals from Bombay on September 16th, and the entire force from India will be embarked by September 25th. General Hun-

row night for South Africa. London, Sept. 13.-Pretoria despatches says the note from the British cabinet, read in both raads yesterday (Tuesday), is regarded there as a virtual ultimatum. The correspondent says: "It proposes a five years' franchise, a quanter represen-tation for the goldfields in the volksraad, equality for the British and Dutch in the volksraad, and equality for the old and new burghers in regard to presidential

ter, chief of staff, leaves Simla to-mor-

and other elections. "If the conditions are accepted, a conference between representatives of the two governments shall follow, for the purpose of drafting the necessary measures, and of avoiding the introduction of unnecessary conditions by the Transvaal government, or the possibility of the passage of any bills calculated to defeat

"In view of the fact, the note goes on to say, that the present state of affairs in South Africa cannot be prolonged, the definite acceptance of this proposal is demanded without delay.

Otherwise Her Majesty's government tion of the proposals in the note of Autority and the proposal is demanded without delay. will immediately take the whole situation under reconsideration, and will act so as

bonor has but increased, will therefore pronounce at Varsailles the address which he was unable to pronounce at Rennes, and it is very simple. Nothing with his wife was naturally very affect will be lost.

To-day Dreyfus has spoken but little, river Limpopo, which forms for many miles the northwest and northern limit of the Transvaal, that they will be severely punished unless they first obtain permission.

To-day Dreyfus has spoken but little, river Limpopo, which forms for many miles the northwest and northern limit of the Transvaal, that they will be severely punished unless they first obtain permission. punished unless they first obtain permis- liable quarters, is prepared to attend the Great Britain is still prepared to accept proposed conference at Capetown uncon- the franchise proposals of August 19th, ditionally, provided he is assured that provided a court of inquiry, whether Mr. Chamberlain's latest despatch repre- joint or unilateral, should the new sents all that will be demanded by scheme be unencumbered by nullifying

Reading the Reply.

Pretoria, Sept. 12.-The British reply some interruptions from Losen and other sary the further intervention of Her ultra conservative members. Its terms, however, have produced con-

siderable excitement here. because they wanted more English edu- ate reply.

Delegates to the Conference. Bloemfontein, Sept. 12.-The Daily Friend predicts that the government of the South African Republic will accept the suggested conference at Capetown. The delegates will probably be Commandant General P. Joubert, vice-president of the Transvaal, Mr. J. M. A. Wolmar, and Mr. Fischer, who has figured prominently in some of the recent negotiations as the special agent of the Orange Free State.

Importation of Arms.

Capetown, Sept. 12.-A despatch from Laimberly in Griquiland West says a charge of importing arms and ammunition without a permit. It is supposed that he has been acting in behalf of the posals for a final settlement." Transvaal government.

Must Fight or Leave. Johannesburg, Sept. 12.-Uitlanders of Boxburg who applied to the burghers for permission to remain neutral in the event of war were refused on the ground that as Britons remaining in the Transvaal and refusing to fight, they must be regarded as enemies. The miners are being offered \$135 to remain on duty unwithdrawn. til ordered to leave.

London, Sept. 13.—A special to the Pall Mall Guzette from Capetown says: "The British reply is regarded as equivalent to an ultimatum, and corthe Royal Military College. Every alternate commission in the permanent cadicate that war is inevitable." A des- Ex-Congressman Cockrane Asks the valry will also be offered, in the first in-stance, to graduates of the Royal Mili-Times says the Transvaal has notified the miners of Italy that it will give them safe conduct and protection in case they wish to remain in the Transvaal.

"The report that the Rand Irishmen

reported to be bitterly divided over the

erits of the controversy, and their probable course is war. "The British message to the Transvaal

A copy of the message has been seen erting military force to restore order at by a representative of the Associated the other side of the globe, surely it Press. It is not an ultimatum in the should generally accepted sense of the word. It expresses the hope that Kruger will accept the propositions to "relieve the present tension." The only part which is at all aggressive is the reiterated declination of the British government to discuss the matter of sovereignty in any

shape or form.

The Evening News is urging the forhibition, and publishes a list of over forty firms and others, headed by Sir William Blake Richmond, who will not

Urge Kruger To Yield. London, Sept. 13.-A special dispatch from Pretoria says the leaders of the Afrikander band have telegraphed to President Kruger urging him to vield to Chamberlain's last demands.

Prenaring a Renly Pretoria, Sept. 12 .- (Delayed in transmission).—The executive has already de-liberated upon the British reply, and has lations between this country and English in telegraphic approach is a second to the country and English in telegraphic approach is a second to the country and English in telegraphic approach is a second to the country and English in telegraphic approach is a second to the country and English in telegraphic approach is a second to the country and English in the country are considered as a country and English in the country are considered as a country and the country and the country are considered as a country are considered as a country and the country are considered as a country and the country are considered as a country and the country are afternoon with the Orange Free State government, which Kruger consulted in regard to his reply, which will be drafted to-morrow morning after the views of the Orange Free States have been asscertained. It will be submitted to the

volksraad. The situation is regarded as grave, but Secretary of State Reitz, in an interview, declared he did not consider it al-

Chamberlain's Note.

London, Sept. 12.—The message of to insist that any country seeking an Colonial Secretary Chamberlain says he alliance, formal or tacit, with the United understands the concessions made in Kruger's note of August 18th have been gard for moral law, at least, during the withdrawn on account of the British attitude regarding suzerainty, and adds: 'Her Majesty's government have absolutely repudiated the view of the political status of the Transvaal taken by the Transvaal government, claiming the status of sovereign state, and therefore are unable to consider any proposal made

Continuing, the note says: "The British government is satisfied the law embodying the proposed alleviating measures for Utlanders is inefficient to se-

gust 19th indicates the government of the South African Republic themselves recognize their previous offer might, with advantage, be enlarged and the independence of the Republic thereby be

in no way impaired.' 'The despatch goes on to say that Great Britain. A peaceful solution, conditions. In this connection the Brit-therefore, is highly probable." bers of the raad will be allowed to speak

their own language. The acceptance of these terms would at once remove the tension and New York, Sept. 12.—A despatch to "would, in all probability, render unneces-Majesty's government to secure redress serious complaints have been made 'y for grievances," which Uitlanders themselves would be able to bring to the no- transport Tartar, which is being repair-There is no indication as yet of the tice of the executive council and volks- ed here. The men declare the vessel is views held regarding it in official circles. raad. Her Majesty's government is in- overcrowded. She is in a bad sanitary The volksraad has instructed the gov- creasingly impressed with the danger of condition, and the supplies of food are rnment to dismiss Mr. De Jonga, sec- further delay in relieving the strain not sufficient. The officers in charge retary of education, for writing a letter which has already caused so much in- admit some of the complaints, but deto the newspapers accusing the ministers jury to the interests of South Africa, clared the discharged soldiers crowded

If acceded to they will be ready to make immediate arrangements for a fur- sail. ther conference between the president and the high commissioner to settle all details of the proposed tribunal of ar- the World from Hong Kong, sent here bitration and the questions referred to to avoid the Otis censorship at Manila, in the British note of August 30th, which hearing date of September 7th, says: are neither Uitlander grievances nor questions of the interpretation of the an assignment to active duty after a convention, but which might be readily serious dispute with General Otis, who settled by friendly communication be- wanted to sidetrack the veteran fighter tween representatives of the two govern- by sending him to some obscure place

If, however, as they most anxiously Gen. Wheeler now declares he will apthe Transvaal should be negative or con- ed States unless there is some change clusive, "I am to state that Her Ma- in the management of affairs in the European has been arrested there on the jesty's government must reserve themselves the right to consider the situation de novo, and formulate their own pro-

> The exact franchise proposals which Mr. Chamberlain says Great Britain is Hon. Geo. Houston Reid, the premier still prepared to accept, with the court treasurer and minister of railways, and of enquiry proviso, are five years fran-other members of the cabinet, resigned chise, a share for the Uitlanders in the to-day in consequence of the action of election of a president, and equal rights the assembly, which, on September 7th, and increased representation for the gold-by a vote 75 to 41, passed a resolution fields to the extent of eight new seats. declaring lack of confidence in the min-These were presented Kruger on August 19th, and later were

German Warship in Delagoa Bay. Lorenzo Marquez, Delagoa Bay, Sept. 13.-The German cruiser Condor arrived here.

AN APPEAL TO M'KINLEY. President to Offer His Services as Mediator in the Dispute. (Associated Press.)

New York, Sept. 13.-Ex-Congressman W. Bourke Cockrane has written the folhave formed a corps to help President lowing open letter to President McKin-Kruger is confirmed, and it is said in ley about the Transwaal: Capetown that a cablegram has been re- "You will, I'm sure, excuse this inva-

ellp the Transvaal.

power which Providence seems to have "The Orange Free State burghers are placed in your hands, with special reference to the danger now threatening the peace of the world. It can hardly questioned that a proffer of friendly mediation by you would suffice to delay, does not demand a reply in 48 hours, 're if not prevent, the threatened invasion exact wording being a request for an im- of the Transvaal.

"If this government be justified in ex-

Exert Every Moral Force

to preserve order at half distance. A recourse to arms, which might result in the kindling of a fearfully destructive conflagration throughout Christendom on such questions as these at issue between Great Britain and the Boer Re-The Evening News is urging the lormation of a British Legion of Honor,
consisting of persons and firms who will
have nothing to do with the Paris exmublishes a list of over
conditions governing the electoral franconditions governing the electoral franpublic, would be an injury to civilized dependent, would be an act of 'crim aggression,' the enormity of which has been described in clear vigorous and scathing terms by the pre-ent English

colonial secretary.

"You cannot be indifferent to the fact that when Mr. Chamberlain denounced

Any Suggestion of Interfer ace by the British government in the oure ly domestic affairs of the Transvan re-lations between this country and Engla were strained over the Venezuelan boun-While now that these relations have become cordial, the same statesman feels emboldened to trample upon his professions, if not to violate his principles. An Anglo-American alliance can hardly be forced for the maintenance of justice and the spread of civilization, as its advocates contend, if England's for-eign policy be marked by respect for justice while two countries are estrange and by wanton acts of aggression while

their relations are cordial. "It is not extravagant or unreasonable States, must show some semblance of re period of courtakin. If there be

Other Sounder Reasons than those assigned by the press for the attitude in South Africa, its position will be strengethened by the disclosure

"A friendly but urgent tender of your conditionally on their acceptance of this good offices would undoubtedly evoke a full and complete statement of the grounds on which the peace and integrity of the Transvaal are threaten Such a statement would be a powerful obstacle to hostilities, for it would enable the civilized world to form judgment on the merits of the controversy, and in all probability, that judgment would impose itself on both disputants. Public opinion is a force, which, in these days, no

nation can disregard. "Allow me to add these suggestions are olely from regard for the welfare of humanity and the true glory of our flag, which. I hope, will remain forever in-

AN OVERGROWDED TRANSPORT

Discharged American Soldiers Complain of Accommodation-They Are Short

of Food.

(Associated Press.) of the United Dutch church of jingoism, and they earnestly press for an immedi- the ship of their own accord, although they had the option of remaining Manila until the next troopship should

> Tried To Side-Track Wheeler, New York, Sept. 12.-A dispatch to "Gen. Joseph Wheeler only obtained pe will not be the case, the reply of ply for permission to return to the Unit-Philippines."

> > N. S. W. MINISTRY RESIGNS.

Sydney, N. S. W., Sept. 11.-The Right

by President istry,
and later were The resignation of the ministers has been accepted, and Mr. Lyne, leader of the opposition, was summoned to form a new cabinet.

THE PLAGUE AT OPORTO.

(Associated Press.) Sept. 12.-There have been no more deaths from the plague, but the situation is unchanged. Dr. Irving, an American, pronounces the plague to be of a mild

GERMANY AND THE EXPOSITION

Berlin, Sept. 11.-It is rumored a committee composed of the leading manufac-turers here is being formed for the purpose of preventing Germany participatceived there from New York saying that sion of your holiday when I explain its ing in the Paris exposition of 1900.

of Shawnigan Lake, is at