A TIDE OF TESTIMONY

In Favor of Doan's Kidney Pills Sweeping Over Halifax!

People Being Cured of all Kinds of Kidney Diseased.

Almost everyone in Halifax, from the little white-headed boy to the silver-locked old resident, knows Mr. Thomas Hogan, of 184 Creighton street, and one and all will be interested in reading the story of his rescue from the pangs of pain and his restoration to perfect health.

When our reporter called on Mr. Hogan he was comfortably seated in his cosy parlor nursing his little daughter of four. Said Mr. Hogan: "About 19 years ago I fell a victim to kidney trouble, and ever since that time have suffered more or less from the terrible effects which almost always follow kidney derangements.

"The disease kept growing steadily worse until in the last few years the various distressing symptoms become almost too much to bear. The pains in my back were nearly continuous. Nervousness and dizziness gave me great distress, and although I tried many remedies I could obtain no relief.

"Finally I was induced to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and am pleased to testify to their remarkable effects. They completely removed the pain from my back and left me feeling like a new man with a fresh lease of life.

"Several of my neighbors have used these pills for kidney troubles, and I have not heard of one instance, where, after a fair trial, they have not given entire satisfaction. For my part, I am fully convinced of their powers as a kidney cure, and recommend them to any one suffering as I did."

Doan's Kidney Pills never fail to cure backache, diabetes, dropsy, Bright's disease, rheumatism, urinary troubles, female weakness, etc. Sold by all druggists at 50c. a box, or 3 boxes for $1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

IF YOU ARE GOING TO HAVE A PARTY, HOLIDAY ENTERTAINMENT OR ASSEMBLY—WRITE

Wm. Somerville

THE CONFECTIONER

Next Standard Bank, Chatham, for an estimate.

We are in a position to give you the lowest figures

CHATHAM'S ONLY MILLINERY STORE

We Invite You

To call and examine a specially choice range of New Sailors and Felt Hats just opened up

C. A. Cooksley

OPP. MARKET.

K&K K&K K&K K&

NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.

NO CURE—NO PAY

THE NEW METHOD TREATMENT, original with Drs. K. & K., will positively cure forever any form of Blood or Sexual disease. It is the result of 30 years' experience in the treatment of these diseases.

WE CURE SYPHILIS

This terrible Blood Poison, the terror of mankind, yields readily to our NEW TREATMENT. Beware of Mercury, Potash, etc. They may ruin your system. If you have sores in the mouth or tongue, pains in the joints, sore throat, hair or eyebrows falling out, pimples or blotches, stomach derangement, sore eyes, headaches, etc., you have the secondary stage of this Blood Poison. We solicit the most obstinate cases, and challenge the world for a case we accept for treatment and cannot cure. By our treatment the ulcers heal, the hair grows again, pains disappear, the skin becomes healthy, and marriage is possible and safe.

CURES GUARANTEED

Thousands of young and middle-aged men have their vigor and vitality sapped by early abuses, later excesses, mental worry, etc. No matter the cause, our New Method Treatment is the refuge.

WE CURE IMPOTENCY

And restore all parts to a normal condition. Ambition, life and energy are restored, and one feels himself a man among men. Every case is treated individually—no cure-all—hence our wonderful success. No matter what ails you, consult us confidentially. We can furnish bank bonds to guarantee to accomplish what we claim.

250,000 CURED

We treat and cure: EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, SYPHILIS, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DISEASES, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, KIDNEY and BLADDER Diseases. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call, write for QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT.

DRS.

KENNEDY & KERGAN

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St.

DETROIT, MICH.

K&K K&K K&K K&

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

TREE OF TIBET.

Fabulous Prices Paid For the Leaves of the Sacred Growth.

Few persons probably have heard of the marvelous tree of Tibet. Nevertheless for a long time it has enjoyed a great reputation in the east. It is a sacred tree, and fabulous prices were paid for a few of its leaves.

In his "Souvenirs de Voyage au Tibet" Pere Huc speaks of this wonderful tree. It is essentially of a literary and artistic turn of mind and has the strange habit of producing images and hieroglyphics upon its leaves. Sometimes religious figures take the place of the letters. Pere Huc called the mysterious thing "the tree of a thousand images." These images are found on the leaves, on the stems and on the trunk. Near the temple of Buddha, in the village of Lionsar, Tibet, this great tree has stood for years, the plague and the puzzle of all the botanists who have ever received the gift of faith.

A great antiquity was given to the tree; indeed it was claimed that it had existed from time immemorial. But an investigation not many years ago proved the images on the tree to be fakes. The trick was simple enough, like every other trick when it is found out. In the spring and in the summer on dark nights a lama, endowed with acrobatic power, with his pockets full of hand stamps, climbed all through the tree and stamped the leaves with all sorts of holy images and characters, the most numerous being the following formula: "Om mane padone om" (Glory to Buddha in the lotus). This is also stamped upon the bark, and the leaves and portions of the bark are sold to visitors.

GENUINELY HARD UP.

Out of Three Hundred Accepting Free Beds Only Five Had "the Price."

A short time ago a curious test was applied at the London Congregational Union's Free Shelter For Homeless Men at Medland hall, in the east of London. The object of the test was to ascertain if the men were really as penniless as they represented themselves to be. The free shelter is intended for men who have not the fourpence necessary to pay for a night's lodging elsewhere, and one night Edward Wilson Gates, the shrewd superintendent of the philanthropic work of the union, announced that he would give sixpence to each man present who could prove that he had some money, but less than fourpence. A chuckling laugh passed over the 300, that being the maximum allowed in the hall.

"But how shall I know that you have less than fourpence?" asked Mr. Gates.

"Search us!" cried the men.

"You really mean it?"

"Yes."

"Very well, but if any one objects let him go to the gallery, and I guarantee that he shall not be turned away."

Only five of the 300 went up stairs, and the others were thoroughly searched by experienced men. Two hundred and forty-nine had nothing, one had a farthing, 11 had a halfpenny, one had three farthings, 13 had a penny, two had a penny farthing, four had three halfpence, nine twopence, three twopence halfpenny and two had threepence halfpenny. Thus out of the 300 men 295 had not the fourpence necessary for a "fo'penny doss" at a lodging house. It seems pretty clear, therefore, that the men were genuinely "hard up."—London Quiver.

Goldsmith's Generosity.

A beggar once asked alms of Oliver Goldsmith as he walked with a friend up Fleet street, and he gave her a shilling. His companion, knowing something of the woman, censured the writer for his excess of humanity, saying that the shilling was misapplied, as she would spend it for liquor. "If it makes her happy in any way, my end is answered," replied Goldsmith.

Another proof that the doctor's generosity was not always regulated by discretion was at a time when, after much delay, a day was fixed to pay the £40 due his tailor. Goldsmith procured the money, but a friend calling upon him and relating a piteous tale of his goods being seized for rent, the thoughtless but benevolent author gave him all the money. The tailor called and was told that if he had come a little sooner he could have had the money, but that he had just parted with every shilling of it to a friend in distress, adding, "I would have been an unfeeling monster not to have relieved trouble when in my power."

Swiss Funeral Customs.

Swiss funeral customs are most peculiar. At the death of a person the family inserts a formal black edged announcement in the papers asking for sympathy and stating that "the mourning urn" will be exhibited during certain hours on a special day. In front of the house where the person died there is placed a little black table, covered with a black cloth, on which stands a black jar. Into this the friends and acquaintances of the family drop little black margined visiting cards, sometimes with a few words of sympathy on them. The urn is put on the table on the day of the funeral. Only men ever go to the churchyard, and they generally follow the bearse on foot.

Tough Fare.

In a New Zealand town one of the municipal candidates, a pronounced Scotsman, had received a present of a huge Scotch thistle, which at the moment happened to be lying on the table of his committee room. A friend, entering, withdrew suddenly with the remark, "I beg your pardon; I didn't know you were at luncheon."—San Francisco Wave.

Two Ways of Putting It.

"I notice, Miranda," remarked Mr. Neggcholce, "that your first husband's clothes do not fit me."

"No, Cyrus," coincided Mrs. Neggcholce, with a little sigh. "You don't fit them."—Chicago Tribune.

NEW PROCESS BACON.

Mild Curing Which Meets the Fastidious English Taste.

The secret of superior bacon is in the hog, but the various processes of curing have much to do with the results. In an interesting article in The National Stockman L. N. Bonham says that a young Danish naturalist with an unpronounceable name has devised a rapid and cheap process of curing. He aims to avoid the loss of time required by the dry cure or by packing in brine. The pig is killed by a sharp blow on the head, the throat is cut and an opening made to the heart, into which a force pump injects a strong brine that enters the circulating channels and is

POLAND CHINA YEARLING BOAR.

so evenly and quickly distributed through the carcass that the meat is cured almost as soon as chilled enough to cut and pack.

Besides the saving of time and greater uniformity of salting, it is claimed there is no loss of weight as occurs in the dry cure. The loss by evaporation comes after it has left the packer's hands.

One who has not tested this loss, as has the writer, will be surprised to learn that a ham or a cut of bacon will lose from 10 to 15 per cent from the time it comes out of the packing tub until it goes to the consumer. The retailer understands this, and as soon as a cask or box of cured or canvased meats comes into the store each piece is weighed and the price marked on the ham or bacon. When the piece is sold, the customer takes it without reweighing.

Where hams and bacon are mild cured they go to the consumer as promptly as possible. The flavor is better, the meat less dry, and the shrinkage less.

Another process has been patented, called the autocuring process. It has been tested in Sweden since last April, with such success and profit that a well known curer in Copenhagen has introduced it in his two bacon factories in Denmark and five in Sweden. A syndicate has taken up the process, and its meats have been put on sale in England without any notice to buyers of the peculiar method of cure. Merchants repeated their orders for more of the same kind.

These packers recognized the common prejudice against a new thing, so they tested its value without any new claims or names.

This process consists in cooling the meat in the old way and then placing as much as 200 pieces in airtight cylinders, after which the air is pumped out and the prepared brine is forced in. It takes only five hours to cure, while in the old process it took five weeks or less, according to the nature of the cure.

It is claimed this meat is richer in flavor, retains the natural flavor and juices, and, what is more to the point to the packer, increases rather than decreases the weight of the meat. This increase of weight and lessening of time for curing will make it possible for the Danish, Swedish and British curers to sell their mild cure bacon at enough less to enable them to enlarge their business at the expense of Canadian and American curers.

Sugar Beets and Stock Raising.

The relation of sugar beet growing to stock raising is one of the interesting phases of the new industry, says C. F. Curtiss of the Iowa experiment station. Along with beet culture will come better agriculture, a more intensive system of farming and correspondingly higher returns. Every well tilled field of beets is an object lesson in farming. Having learned how to grow root crops, intelligent stock raisers will never be without them, whether they have a sugar factory in the neighborhood or not. Some years ago, when Sir Henry Gilbert of Rothamsted, England, was here and passing through an agricultural state, he exclaimed: "Where are your roots? What is the matter with American agriculture?" The answer was, "No American will bend his back to hoe roots." A different condition exists today. Farmers are ready to take up the best business if it will pay. This will lead the way to better live stock. A surprising number of farmers say they are successfully growing beets or mangels for stock feeding. The beet pulp from the factory, after the sugar is extracted, retains high feeding value. One of the best bunches of cattle marketed in Chicago last winter was fed at Grand Island, Neb., on corn, oats, barley, oilmeal and beet pulp from the factory at that place, costing 76 cents per ton. The feeder had had extensive experience in feeding beet pulp in Germany and considers it very profitable, especially where heavy grain rations are fed. Experience at the Iowa station in finishing cattle of high quality for the block shows that beet pulp and other roots in the fattening ration produce a more desirable finish.—Country Gentleman.

Every Housekeeper wants pure hard soap that lasts well—lathers freely—is high in quality and low in price.

Surprise is the name of that kind of Soap.

5 Cents a Cake.

THE ST. CROIX SOAP MFG. CO ST. STEPHEN, N.B.

"Take Them Back At Once."

Mrs. S——, a Montreal lady, sent her young son to a store for a packet each of Diamond Dye Fast Black and Diamond Dye Fast Bottle Green to color two all wool skirts that had become faded by sun and wear.

The dealer, who had laid in a stock of dyes composed of soap grease and coloring matter—which he was anxious to sell as the profits were large—handed the youngster two packets which he brought to his mother. Mrs. S——, who had had years of experience with the ever reliable Diamond Dyes, told her son to "take them back at once," and if the dealer could not give him the Diamond Dyes, to get his money back and go elsewhere for what she wanted. The Diamond Dyes were procured, and the dyeing operation was a complete success. Had other dyes been used, failure and loss of goods would most likely have been the result. Diamond Dyes are always the brightest, strongest, most durable, and the cheapest.

Most Rubbers are Uncomfortable

It is no wonder that rubbers which are not the same shape as the boot should be uncomfortable. It costs money to employ skilled pattern makers but the result is a satisfactory fit.

Each year the Granby Rubber Co. add new patterns to fit all the latest shoe shapes therefore

Granby Rubbers

ARE ALWAYS UP-TO-DATE.

They are honestly made of Pure Rubber.
Thin, Light, Elastic, Durable.
Extra thick at ball and heel.

Granby Rubbers wear like Iron.

Does it Pay to Paint?

There is nothing that adds to the selling value or the renting value of a house like good paint—there is nothing that makes home more home-like than good paint.

It pays to paint. The better the paint, the better it pays.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT

pays in the beginning because it goes so far—pays in the end because it lasts so long, and looks so well, as long as it lasts. There is no paint like it for beauty and durability, for economy and satisfaction.

Ask the dealer for it.

If you would like to learn many points about painting, we'll send you an illustrated book free.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO., PAINT & COLOR MAKERS,
100 Canal St., Cleveland. 297 Washington St., New York.
1019 Stewart Ave., Chicago. 12 St. Antoine St., Montreal.

FOR **One Day's Work**

We give this fine Watch for selling two dozen packages of Exquisite Perfume at ten cents each. Send your address and we forward the perfume, prepaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the perfume among your friends, return the money, and we send the watch, prepaid. This is a genuine American Watch, and guaranteed a good timepiece. In writing mention this paper. Home Specialty Co. 60 Victoria St. Toronto

The New Chatham Directory

Can be purchased at the Planet Office

Price $2.00

It contains an accurate business directory as well as the names of all householders and boarders.

COOK STOVES

Largest Squares **$15.00**

Largest Extension **$19.00**

These Stoves are from the best makers in the country. Splendid Cook Stoves at . . . . . .

$11.00 and $14.00

SEE THESE BEFORE BUYING.

Wm. Ball

Soane's Block *King St. East*

SHOES YOU'RE SURE OF

We have special bargains in Children's School Shoes in all sizes at lowest prices.

ALEX HALL Opp. Merchants Bank, Chatham.

Our Pure Jersey Milk and Cream

Is being delivered daily to many of the principal families in the city. If you are not amongst the number try our milk for one week that will convince you it is the best that can be produced. If you will drop us a card or telephone 149—we will call.

W. W. EVERITT

Box 168 Chatham

PLANS!

Are You Going to Build?

We are now prepared to draw Plans and Specifications for all kinds of Buildings. Estimates furnished.

POWELL & CARSWELL, ARCHITECTS, Office next The S. Hadley Lumber Co.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOOD

Cedar Posts

In the city and at reasonable prices.

The S. Hadley Lumber Co., L'T'd.

Wellington and Thames Sts

GAS

GAS IS POSITIVELY A CHEAPER FUEL THAN COAL OR WOOD.

Why not have a gas range in your house at once, and do away with the heat and inconvenience of your present coal or wood range?

Ladies who use them say that they would not be without them at any cost.

Stoves of all styles are sold by the Gas Company at cost, at from 16c to as many dollars each. Stoves are connected free of charge where service pipes are in the house.

Call at the Gas Office, see the stoves in operation, have their merits explained, and order one at once.

CHATHAM GAS CO., Lim ted.

Order Your New Suit and Overcoat

At the Chatham Woolen Mill

We have the largest assortment of Suitings, Pantings and Overcoatings, imported and our own make equal to any Tailoring establishment in Western Ontario. You can save money by selecting from our stock. Perfect fit and good trimmings guaranteed.

We Invite the Ladies to Call and See Our Dressing Jackets.

For good Underwear, Flannels, Cloakings, Blankets, Mitts, etc., come and see us. We have the best Family Flour and Feed of all kinds.

The T. H. Taylor Co., Ltd. Flour and Woolen Mills WILLIAM STREET. **'Phone 1**