



CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure!

As they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ache is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great point. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills twice a day. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. Invaluable 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Distilled Sunshine

Did you ever have a headache that made Sunday feel like wash-day?

Q Perhaps you have been drinking inferior teas.

Q No, you don't need medicine—all you need is a package of Grand Mogul Tea.

Q This tea combs the kinks out of the nerves. Why? Because it is rich in theine (the flavoring essence) which is just concentrated sunbeams. Grown on the high table lands of Ceylon, this tea contains the elements of a pure nerve-food.

Grand Mogul Tea

Q There are no other teas "just as good" as Grand Mogul. 25c, 30c, 40c and 50c per pound.
Q Sold only in packages lined with air-tight paper. Premium coupons in each package. The cost of these coupons is not taken out of the tea—but is simply a part of the advertising appropriation.

HEALTH

Beecham's Pills are the "ounce of prevention" that saves many a dollar for cure. Keep disease from getting in, and it will never lay you out.

The safeguards against all life's common ills are: A Sound Stomach, Healthy Kidneys, Regular Bowels and Pure Blood.

Hundreds of thousands—both men and women—keep healthy by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS

a remedy that has stood the test for half a century and is now used over all the civilized globe. They purify the blood, strengthen the nerves, regulate the bowels, aid the kidneys and cure stomach troubles. Build up the nervous force and repair the ill effects of overeating. The best safeguard against indigestion, biliousness and dyspepsia.

Take Beecham's Pills regularly and you will maintain good health at small cost.

At Small Cost

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25 cents.

The Celebrated English Cocoa.

EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.

HON. GEORGE W. ROSS

Services Appreciated And Substantially Endorsed.

GIFTS FROM HIS ADMIRERS

Cheque For Large Amount and an Illuminated Address—Presentation Made by Hon. George A. Cox—The Splendid Work of the Former Premier of the Province of Ontario Fittingly Recognized.

Toronto, Dec. 29.—Men who unselfishly devote themselves to the public welfare have often good cause to complain of the lack of appreciation by the public of the personal sacrifices which such devotion entails.

It not infrequently happens that the great mass of people whose lot in life is made easier and brighter by the efforts of public men awaken too late to a sense of the hard work, untiring effort, and loss of opportunities for personal advancement which those efforts demand. Then they voice their regret that they did not realize earlier the worth of those who strove for their good, and record their feeling in some fitting manner.

But there are exceptions to every rule; the people are not always slow to express appreciation of great public services nobly planned and ably carried out. This was abundantly manifested yesterday afternoon at the home of Hon. Geo. W. Ross, Elmsley place, when the former Premier of the Province was made the recipient of a cheque for \$35,000, and an illuminated address, in which was expressed approval of all that he has done in his long public career on behalf of this Province and the Dominion.

The amount mentioned was made up by subscription from admirers of Hon. Mr. Ross all over the country, regardless of politics. The presentation was made by Senator Cox, Chairman of the committee having charge of the subscriptions, who also read the address. Those present included several who in later years may have been closely connected with Hon. Mr. Ross in hard-fought political campaigns, and in the carrying through of the Legislature of measures of great importance. The former Premier's reply was comparatively brief and quite appropriate.

The illuminated address, the work of Miss Shaw, is excellently done. It bears as part of the border design a little red schoolhouse, and excellent pictures in colors of the Parliament buildings at Ottawa and Toronto, all commemorative of Mr. Ross' long connection with educational and legislative affairs.

Faithful Service Appreciated.

"To the Hon. George William Ross, M. P. P., L.L.D., of personal as well as political friends in Canada here address you, desiring to express their appreciation of your services as a public man to your country, and especially to the Province of Ontario, and to beg you to accept the accompanying cheque as showing a gratitude which cannot be expressed in verbal compliment alone. Sir, for years you have set aside your private interests and avocations and given with lavish hand of your talents and energies to the public service, and we beg you to accept a free and spontaneous gift which can be turned into a form to be chosen by yourself rather than by us."

"Your rise from public school master in Ontario to be a member of Parliament and then Premier of your own Province was due to your own ability and your own unaided effort and capacity for hard and honest work, and your career has been viewed with pride and affection by your political friends, and with respect by your opponents."

"We desire to express our acknowledgment of the manner in which you have been able to place fiscal and educational legislation upon the statute book to the great advantage of the people."

"We have also to thank you for the many occasions upon which you have publicly and with great eloquence expressed for the people of Canada their just aspirations as to national concerns, and their deep-grounded beliefs upon the essentials of democratic government."

"For yourself and your nearest and dearest, sir, we wish long life and continued health, happiness and prosperity."

"Dated this 20th day of December, 1905."

"On behalf of the givers."

"(Signed) G. A. Cox, chairman of the committee; S. C. Wood, secretary of the committee."

Reply of Mr. Ross.

Hon. Mr. Ross said in reply: "It is no very easy task to find words in which suitably to express my appreciation of the address and testimonial just presented. Notwithstanding the vanity incident to human nature, I can hardly bring myself to believe that I merit either the one or the other. It is true that for nearly my whole life—certainly the most effective part of it—I have given myself entirely to the public service. Such service demands in most cases the sacrifice of personal ease and comfort, as well as the loss of opportunities for the acquisition of wealth, and often of a simple competence for declining years. Through your kindness, this latter contingency has been to a large extent averted, need less to say to my great relief and the comfort of my family, those dependent upon me."

"It is gratifying to be assured that my public career has met with the approval of my personal and political friends. To take an active part in the strife and conflict of party politics, keeping in mind at all times the public interests rather than mere transient success, is not an easy task, and when opinions differ as they necessarily do on the issues which divide parties, it is not unreasonable to expect that opinions will also differ as to the motives by which the actors in such conflicts are moved and the objects which they are endeavoring to attain. I am pleased to think, however, that during this long period, in which there was perhaps no more criticism than circumstances warranted, you are able to say

I have won the affection of my political friends and the respect of my opponents. Much more than this does not fall to the lot of the most successful men in the political arena, and beyond this there is little to desire."

"But whether your estimate of my services is too high or not, I think I may say without affectation, that they were the very best, with such talents as I possessed, that I was capable of rendering."

His Ambition.

"As Minister of Education, my ambition was to place the school system, in all its departments, in the very front of the school systems of the world, and as Premier later, I was anxious to give such an impetus to the development of the natural resources of the province as would increase the comfort and happiness of the whole people, and at the same time maintain for Ontario her position and rank among the other provinces of the Dominion."

"You are good enough to say that I have rendered some service in expressing the aspirations of the people of Canada and their confidence in the essentials of democratic government. Canadians have, in my opinion, been far too slow in claiming for themselves the standing as a people which they have rightly earned, both as to enterprise and statesmanship. What country, having regard to its population, has done more in developing its natural resources than we have done; what country has settled as many perplexing questions in politics and government, and at so little cost, as we have done, notwithstanding the restraints of our colonial relationship?"

And looking to the future, what country affords better opportunities for the highest order of statesmanship than Canada now offers? And if I have done anything to deepen the aspirations of my fellow-countrymen for a future worthy of our opportunities, in a future in which the actors for the time being will not consider public service a personal sacrifice, nor the most generous toleration of differences of race or creed or political convictions, a disqualification for the confidence of state, then I shall consider I have not dissipated my energies in claiming for Canadians a place among the most enlightened and progressive exponents of the essentials of democratic government to which you have referred."

"Permit me in closing to thank you most sincerely for your good wishes for myself, for my family, who appreciate your kindness as freely as if it were expressed to each of them individually."

Among those present at the ceremony were: Messrs. F. R. Latchford, Ottawa; G. P. Graham, Brockville; Robert Jaffray, N. W. Rowell, K. C., P. C. Larkin, E. R. Wood, Hugh Blain, G. S. Lindsey, H. M. Mowat, K. C.

Miss Ross assisted her father in receiving the deputation.

GIRLS DRINK AMMONIA.

Were In Owen Sound Cells Awaiting Removal to the Mercer.

Owen Sound, Dec. 29.—While confined in the police cells here, previous to being taken to the jail, Annie Nelles and Ollie Bowie, two girls who had just received a sentence of a year each in the Mercer Reformatory, attempted suicide by drinking a quantity of liquid ammonia.

The pair had been confined in jail for some days, awaiting trial, and is not known whether the small bottle of ammonia was concealed on them during that time, or whether it had been given to one of them on the quiet by some one in the crowd through which they passed in leaving the court room.

When cries were heard it was at first thought they were merely lamenting over the sentence, but on their continuing an officer investigated and found both of them in terrible agony. Doctors were summoned, and after some hours' work the pair became well enough to be conveyed to the jail.

Although the Bowie girl is now almost well, the Nelles girl will suffer for some time.

Woman Attempts Suicide.

Kingston, Dec. 29.—Mrs. Coleman of Gananoque, at present in British Columbia, attempted suicide by placing a cloth saturated with chloroform over her face and wrapping her head up closely. A neighbor going into the house found the woman in an unconscious condition. She has been in poor health.

Sir Henniker Heaton Here.

Montreal, Dec. 29.—Sir Henniker Heaton (Sir Henniker in spite of himself) arrived in Montreal yesterday on his rush to England for the general election. He was astonished on looking over the files of The Times at the St. James' Club to find that he had in his absence been knighted by the King on the retirement of the Balfour Government. He was decidedly indignant, stating that he had twice refused the honor before and had immediately called King Edward asking that he be permitted to decline the honor he had unwillingly had thrust upon him. He left England on October 9, and travelled via Colombo, Australia, the Fiji Islands, Honolulu to Vancouver and arrived in Montreal yesterday. He is intended sailing for England on Saturday from New York.

Struck Down by Farm Hand.

Kingston, Dec. 29.—Saad, the Syrian peddler, will recover. He has regained consciousness and accused Thomas Newport, an English immigrant, as his assailant. Last Friday he left Luke Whelan's, near Enterprise, for Parham, where he was carrying an axe. Newport struck him on the head with the axe, and Saad said to him, "Don't hit me, Tommy, and I will give you a present." The man again struck the peddler, who knew no more till he awakened at the Hotel Dieu.

Admiralty Offer Accepted.

Ottawa, Dec. 29.—A cable has been received from Solicitor-General Lemieux, saying he has accepted the offer of the British Government for a battleship to convey the remains of the late Mr. Prefontaine to Canada. He will go to London to arrange details. The funeral will take place on Saturday at Madeleine Church with great impressiveness and solemnity and participation by the French Government. The remains will leave Cherbourg on Jan. 12, and will reach Halifax on Jan. 22.

POLAND CENTRE NOW

News Indicates General Strike Is Extending There.

"BLACK HUNDRED" IS FEARED

End of the Revolt in Moscow May Be a Horrible Massacre of the "Reds."

—Revolt Is Practically Over In the City, Only a Few Fanatics Continuing the Struggle—The People Are the Chief Sufferers.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 29.—Yesterday's news from Russian Poland indicated that the general strike is extending to the cities. At Sosnowice, near the Emperor's hunting lodge, an attempt has been made to blow up the barracks with dynamite. The employees of the Riga-Orel Railroad have again struck, but the majority of the railways are still running.

The Novoe Vremya reports that a meeting of railroad men at Rostoff-on-Don was bombarded by artillery, and that 800 of those present were killed or wounded. The paper also says that all the Russian officials in Courland, except those at Mittau and Libau, have been driven out of that province.

A telephone message from Moscow to The Molva says the Town Council has denounced the indiscriminate firing on the troops and the organization of the Black Hundred under the direction of the police.

According to advices received by the Government last night, the rebellion at Moscow is entering on its final stage.

The same guerilla warfare was continued yesterday, but on a smaller scale.

Governor-General Doubassoff is acting with great energy and hundreds of members of the "Druzhina" are already behind the bars. The strikers have lost heart and the Workmen's Council is considering the question of calling off the strike.

The principal danger now seems to be that the "Black Hundred" will complete the work begun by the troops, and end the revolt with a horrible massacre of the Reds. The lower classes are represented as enraged at the attempt of the revolutionaries to overthrow the Emperor, and, even with the best intentions, it may be impossible for the authorities to restrain the fury of these classes once the opportunity is offered them. The attacks made on striking railroad men at various stations sufficiently shows the temper of the peasant classes.

Four thousand strikers marched out of Moscow, and completely destroyed several miles of the railroad track between St. Petersburg and Moscow, thirty miles outside of Moscow, in order to prevent the arrival of troops bearing the Semenovskiy battalion of the Horse Guards and the trains backed twenty miles to Clynne, whence it is understood the troops will proceed to-day on foot for their destination.

In the Baltic provinces the Lettish insurgents, in carrying out their plans for preventing the arrival of reinforcements, saved, through the timber bridge at Kausika, forty miles from Riga, and caused a frightful accident to a passenger train, which fell through into the water. The numbers of dead and injured have not yet been established. A troop train containing a squadron of the Horse Guards has also been wrecked and two other trains have been derailed near Narva.

Revolt Practically Over.

Moscow, Dec. 29.—The revolt is practically over and the strike will be called off Monday. Comparative quiet prevailed yesterday, only a few fanatics continuing the struggle.

The centre of the city for the first time to-day showed signs of life, the stores re-opening, and the inhabitants, who had been cooped up for five days, were venturing out for a breath of fresh air.

The troops began operation yesterday morning at the Triumphal Arch, bombarding and demolishing an immense barricade near the car stables of the Belgian company which had been built behind overturned trams. Thence slowly pivoting from the arch the columns swept eastward, clearing all the streets of the Tsvetnaya and north of the boulevard which separated the battlefield from the centre of the city.

Sometimes the artillery fired a shot. The work of destroying the entanglements and burning the material from which they were constructed was slow. Occasionally when the troops were fired upon from the roofs the houses were bombarded but the occupants had ample time to escape.

It is not possible to venture an estimate of the casualties which, however, are not heavy, either in the case of the troops or of the "Druzhina." The populace have been awful sufferers. Crowds have been mowed down by rifle volleys, the fire of machine guns and the grape and shrapnel of the artillery. Innocent persons even fell dead before the bullets of the revolutionists while inspecting barricades, perhaps owing to the impression that they were spies.

Revolutionists Big Steal.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Dec. 29.—The general strike is weakening. The shops are open and cabs are circulating in the centre of the city. The employees of the factories and street railroads are still on strike.

The revolutionists during the night of Dec. 27 dynamited the safe of the district treasury of Wyssok-Mazowieckie, Government of Lomzha, and carried off \$250,000.

Odesa, Dec. 29.—Martial law has been proclaimed here. Hundreds of arrests have been made.

See-Relief of E. F. Clarke.

Toronto, Dec. 29.—The Government has purchased the see-relief of the late E. F. Clarke, the work of Miss Kathleen Robinson, which will be placed in a conspicuous place at the Parliament buildings.

Two Years at Kingston.

Stratford, Dec. 29.—Charles Black, Toronto, who pleaded guilty to theft at Crown Attorney McPherson's residence, was sentenced to two years in Kingston Penitentiary by Magistrate O'Leary.

Cause of Headaches

You must look well after the condition of your liver and bowels. Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headaches, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia. Ayer's Pills are genuine liver pills. We have no secret. We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Perfect Fitting

"Progress Brand"

A suit that does not fit, is like bread without salt. Fit depends more on what you don't see, than on what you do. It is the hand work—hand stitching and hand moulding—that shapes shoulders, collars and backs into grace and symmetry.

"Progress Brand" Clothes hold their faultless fit because the inside work—the careful, skilful handwork—is there.

New styles are uncommonly choice. See them.

SMITH & KERR

COME TO-DAY

TO THE

Great Cost Price Clothing Sale

Read the partial list of bargains on the

Bill of Fare:

- Coon Coats regular \$60 selling at \$45.
- Black Martin Fur Coats regular \$20 selling at \$15
- Black Astrachan Curl Rubber lined Coats—Storm Collar \$9.50
- Men's fancy tweed and black Melt-on Overcoats \$4 to \$7
- Youth's Blue Nap Pea jackets \$2
- Men's and Youth's heavy dark brown and Oxford grey Pea Jackets Storm Collar \$2.50
- Men's All Wool Tweed Suits, strong and serviceable \$3.25 up
- Men's Blue serge odd vests 75c
- Men's Corduroy vests 85c
- Men's heavy frieze working pants \$1.00
- Boy's fine tweed Knickers, all sizes double seats and knee 60c
- Boy's Blue tweed Caps, tie tops or cloth sides for turning down 10c

Every thing you buy will be a bargain
A MONEY SAVER

E. F. WATERHOUSE

JAMES MCINTYRE & CO

UNDERTAKERS

THAMES STREET - INKERSOLL.

RESIDENCE—In connection with store. Night bell at front door

ALONZO B. WALKER, Funeral Director.

GEORGE F. WALKER, } Assistants

CHARLES GOBLE, }

Our embalmers are experts. We have no failures

Calls promptly attended, night or day.

The finest funeral outfit in this district. Phone 171

ARTIFICIAL LEGS

Established in 1899—40 years of experience. This is why we make The Best Leg on Record.

Authors & Cox

135 G. Church Street, TORONTO.

Dunlop's Rosery

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Dunlop's Choice Flowers only dealt in. Floral Designs for all occasions. Flowers shipped to any point between Halifax and Calgary, and safe condition guaranteed. Illustrated Price List on application. 100,000 Rose Trees in bloom.

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Good Midweek Flowers. Phone 2790. Night and Sunday Calls. Phone 288-84