POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2035

The Evening Times-Star

VOL. XV., No. 25. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1918 TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

ANOTHER NOTE FROM GERMANY

Comes This Time Not to Wilson But American Government

Details Changes in Government, Taking Power From Kaiser; Austria in Desperate Plight And Resisting Powers Believed About Exhausted

Washington, Oct. 30—Another note from the German government reached Washington today. It supplements the last brief communication saying armistice terms were awaited, by reciting in detail governmental changes which have taken place in Germany as evidence that the Kaiser has been deprived of all power of making war and negotiating peace.

This time the Germans do not address President Wilson personally, but send the information for the American government, apparently recognizing that the stage of personal appeals has passed with the transmission of their armistice and peace plea to the Allies.

It reiterates that the actual power and responsibility of the government have been transferred to the Reichstag and describes the progress of the necessary constitutional changes.

The note probably will be forwarded immediately to Paris where the supreme war council already is reported to have formulated terms upon which the United States and the Allies might permit a cessation of hostilities.

As word of the new German move came it was learned that President Wilson was working today on a reply to the last note from Vienna, in which the Austrian government accepted all principles and conditions of the president and asked for armistice and peace proposals.

The reply, which probably will be made public before night, is expected to inform the authorities at Vienna that on the basis of acceptance of all conditions, including actual independence and not mere autonomy for subject nationalities, their request has been referred to the governments with which the United States is associated.

THINK AUSTRIA IS NEAR END.

Paris, Oct. 30—The second note of Count Julius Andrassy, Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, to President Wilson is interpreted as evidence that Austria is in a desperate plight and has exhausted her powers of resistance.

"The Danubian monarchy seeks an issue all the more promptly because it knows of the anger aroused across the Rhine by its defection and the desire of vengeance which inspires the Berlin cabinet," says the Petit Parisien and other newspapers. Other writers strike a note of caution.

Pressburg Capital.

Paris, Oct. 30—(Havas Agency)—The Czecho-Slovak council of state has decided to make Pressburg the capital of Slovakia, according to the newspapers here. Pressburg is on the north bank of the Danube, thirty-four miles southeast of Vienna.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

CONFERENCES OF THE ALLIES IN PARIS

Paris, Oct. 30—A naval conference was held at the ministry of marine on Monday. Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the British admiralty, presided. Admiral Wemyss, first British sea lord; Vice-Admiral William S. Sims and Admiral W. S. Benson of the United States navy; Vice-Admiral Thaon Di Revel of the Italian navy, and Admirals Grassi and Bon of the French navy were present. The following ministers and military and naval chiefs of the Allies are now in Paris:—Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Minister Balfour, War Secretary Milner, Field Marshal Haig, Sir Eric Geddes, Admiral Wemyss and General Wilson, of Great Britain; Admiral Benson and Vice-Admiral Sims of the United States; Premier Orlando, Vice-Admiral Thaon Di Revel, and Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy.

Col. E. M. House, special representative of the United States government to the European governments, has taken a house in a quiet quarter of Paris. He has already had conversations of considerable length with Premier Clemenceau, Field Marshal Haig, Viscount Milner, British Secreary of State for War; William G. Sharp, American ambassador to France; Premier Venizelos of Greece, and General Tasker H. Bliss American representative to the supreme war council.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

SUDDEN DEATH OF MRS. ELIZABETH THOMPSON

Many people in West St. John, as well as other parts of the city, will be sorry to learn of the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, which occurred suddenly this morning at her home, 23 Dufferin row. She had been ill only one day and death was caused by heart trouble. A particularly sad circumstance is that her husband, William L. Thompson, who is on the checking staff of the C. P. R., is in Montreal, engaged in his duties, and their only son, Robert A., is a soldier overseas, having crossed with the 115th Battalion.

Mrs. Thompson was a daughter of the late John Sleeth, in his day a prominent Carleton resident. She leaves one sister, Mrs. Robert Steele, whose home is in Montreal, but who was visiting here and left to return only on last Monday. There are also three brothers, Joseph and William Sleeth of St. John, and James in Nova Scotia. The funeral will be held on Friday afternoon.

WANTS SPAIN TO COME IN AT THE ELEVENTH HOUR

Paris, Oct. 29—(Havas Agency)—An exciting sitting took place in the Spanish Cortes yesterday, according to a despatch to the Petit Parisien. Count Romanones, minister of public instruction, condemned the unrestricted neutral policy of the Spanish government and other orators spoke in a similar vein. Romanones asserted that Spain should adopt a pro-ally policy. He added that if Spain wanted to enjoy a lasting peace she must declare her position without hesitation.

Premier Maura declared his intention of resigning. He declared the political crisis would then become acute and that the entire nation would be compelled to intervene in order to bring about a solution.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

MRS. THOMAS NAGLE DEAD AFTER A BRIEF ILLNESS

Sincere regret was expressed throughout the city today when it was learned that Mrs. Thomas Nagle had passed away at her home, 219 Germain street, after a short illness. She took ill on last Friday with the prevailing malady and yesterday pneumonia set in, death resulting about half-past ten o'clock this morning.

Before marriage, Mrs. Nagle was Miss Margaret Hanlon, and besides her husband and six children, she is survived by her mother, Mrs. George Magee of City road, also one sister, Mrs. James McCarthy; her step-father, three step-brothers and two step-sisters. Her step-brothers are Joseph, Harold and Ronald Magee, and her step-sisters, Misses Elsie and Frances Magee. Mrs. Nagle was a young matron of superior qualities and had a host of friends throughout the city. The heartfelt sympathy of all will be extended to the bereaved husband and family in their great loss.

COL. RALSTON OF NOVA SCOTIA BATTALION FOURTH TIME WOUNDED

Halifax, Oct. 31—Colonel J. L. Ralston, D. S. O., officer commanding a Nova Scotia battalion on the western front, has been wounded for the fourth time, according to a private cablegram received here today. His condition is not considered dangerous.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

LIEUT. COL. T. MOWBRAY IS VICTIM IN EPIDEMIC

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 30—Lieut.-Colonel Thomas Mowbray, at one time commander of the Halifax garrison artillery, for forty years representative of the MacDonald tobaccos in Nova Scotia, and for the last seventeen years grand secretary of the Grand Lodge A. F. and A. M., died at his home here last night as the result of an attack of Spanish influenza. He was eighty years of age.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

Say Germans Plan Stand on Line Between Antwerp and Namur

With the British Armies in France and Belgium, Oct. 29—(By the Associated Press)—Between Oct. 10 and 22 various administrative departments were packing up and leaving Brussels for Germany. According to prisoners, Brussels is soon to be evacuated and a line established between Antwerp and Namur.

Panic Flight Of Civilians on Rhine

Banks Being Cleared Out of Money

FACTORIES CLOSING DOWN

Increasingly Violent Demonstrations Mark Decision to Force The Kaiser to Step Down—Threat by Labor and The Middle Classes

London, Oct. 29—(British Wireless Service)—Civilian departures from the lower Rhineland and part of Westphalia, which began on a small scale when the first Allied bombs hit Cologne, have developed into a panic flight, according to The Hague correspondent of the Daily Mail. All the banks are being stormed by depositors who are withdrawing their savings in German banknotes of as high a value as are obtainable, the 100 mark note having appreciable market value over lower currency. But even small notes, of one mark, are being taken eagerly.

Not only are some of the banks at their wit's end for legal currency to pay out deposits, but in places, especially Cologne and Dusseldorff, all except local, and therefore valueless, currency has disappeared as if by magic. Everybody who can possibly afford it, is trying to make his or her way eastward. Scores of houses stand empty.

The working people of Cologne, seeing the war factories closed, big houses evacuated and eastbound trains crowded with well-to-do fugitives, are demanding immediate peace more insistently than ever. Demonstrations have been increasingly violent. A manifesto which has been issued by a section of the Social Democrats declares that if the emperor does not voluntarily abdicate he will be removed. It says:—

"If the necessity arises and the hour comes, the organized masses of labor, with strong middle class support, will remove every hinderance to peace which does not voluntarily yield to the will of the huge majority of the people."

Zurich, Oct. 30—The German Reichstag has issued bank notes to the amount of two billion marks during the last four weeks, according to the Neueste Nachricten of Munich. It says this was caused by the hoarding of bank notes by the people, and points out that if the Germans do not give up their present "craze" a financial catastrophe is inevitable.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

WORRIED OVER HEALTH OF LORD BEAVERBROOK

London, Oct. 30—Baron Beaverbrook, whose resignation as head of the propaganda department of the British government was announced yesterday, has undergone an operation. The result is said to be unsatisfactory and his friends are much concerned over his condition.

Lord Beaverbrook is Max Aitken, a native of Northumberland county, N. B.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

Phelix and Pherdinand

WEATHER REPORT

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service

Spnopsis—The trough of low pressure mentioned yesterday is moving slowly eastward and showery weather prevails from Ontario to the maritime provinces. In the west, it has been cool with light rain or snow in a few places.

Forecasts.

Lake and Georgian Bay—Moderate southwest winds, cloudy with scattered showers; Thursday, northwest winds and cooler.

Ottawa Valley and Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Moderate westerly winds, cloudy with occasional showers today and on Thursday.

Gulf and North Shore—Moderate southwest winds, mostly cloudy and mild with occasional showers today and Thursday.

Showery.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh southwest winds, cloudy and mild with occasional showers today and on Thursday.

Superior—Moderate west to northwest winds, mostly fair and cooler today and on Thursday, with some light local showers or snow flurries.

Manitoba—Northwest winds, a few local snow flurries but mostly fair and colder today and on Thursday.

Saskatchewan and Alberta—Fair and quite cool.

New England—Probably local rains tonight and Thursday; cooler; moderate southwest winds becoming west.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

TOTAL AT NOON TODAY 770

Increase of 35 Cases In City In 24 Hours

Deaths From All Causes in Last 27 Days Total 116—The Matter of the Schools—Epidemic Makes Gains in West

The Board of Health total of influenza cases up to 2.30 today is 770. This is an increase of thirty-five cases in twenty-four hours. The health officials feel that the present death rate will continue for several days before the disease commences to show signs of decline.

HELP NEEDED QUICKLY IN THESE CAMPS

Hon. W. F. Roberts told the Times this afternoon of a disturbing report received from the McLean Lumber Co., near Plaster Rock, stating that there are three camps in the depths of the woods in which 150 men are prostrated with the disease. The call for help was most urgent and pitiful. The minister says if a returned soldier or any other male help capable of nursing in the woods will volunteer to go to the assistance of these isolated camps the Department of Health will pay them well for their work. Transportation facilities will be supplied quickly and all preventive safeguards thrown around the volunteers. The commonest kind of nursing work is needed and there must be hundreds of intelligent men willing to assist. Volunteers may communicate with Doctors Roberts or Melvin at phone Main 966 or 1807.

West Side Committee.

A committee was organized at the Charlotte street Baptist church, West St. John, on Monday to prepare food and give all possible aid for the residents of the west side, who are suffering from the Spanish influenza. There are at present six families under the care of the committee. The house of one of the members of the committee is used as headquarters, and doctors of the west side have furnished to the committee names of sufferers from the disease.

Organized Work.

Organized efforts of city and town councils, Red Cross societies and Women's Institutes to render succor to the sick and dying during the epidemic, were set in motion at a meeting held yesterday at the residence of Lady Tilley. A telegram was read from Colonel Marshall, chairman of the Canadian Red Cross in which he said that all supplies of the Canadian Red Cross are at the disposal of the provincial authorities dealing with the epidemic. Mayor Hayes was asked to communicate with all the mayors in the province, Miss McCain with the heads of Women's Institutes and Lady Tilley with Red Cross branches for general co-operation.

The death figures

The death record in St. John for the first twenty-seven days of this month indicates the hold the epidemic has upon the community. It is rather in the nature of a refutation of the statement cropping up in professional and lay circles that St. John has no epidemic, that it is merely suffering its annual dose of bad colds and la grippe.

In the twenty-seven days the Board of Health has recorded 116 deaths, which included non-residents, such as soldiers from outside places, the traveling public and others.

Of this number, thirty-four died of pneumonia, seventeen of influenza and seven of broncho-pneumonia. The death rate, however, is considered comparatively small by health officials in proportion to the large number of cases of ailments of the types suffered by the people who died. In other places the percentage has been double that of St. John, even in well-organized communities on the American side.

Secretary T. M. Burns says that the average of deaths in this city is between sixty and sixty-five a month. This includes non-residents. Therefore, the 116 deaths in twenty-seven days (up to last Sunday) shows the people just what we have been passing through and why the need of such official vigilance. Last week's death roll of forty-seven people is as large as some whole months in normal times.

With five more days' mortality statistics to be added to the list of 116, St. John is very likely to hang up a record unsurpassed by the Grim Reaper except in the days of the cholera in 1854.

The Schools

Speaking today of the effect of the influenza ban upon the public schools, Dr. H. S. Bridges said it was possible some of the time already lost might be made up by employing the Christmas holidays. This, however, was merely conjectural at present.

If it is proven that the loss of study and class work has seriously interfered with the schedule in the higher grades, it would be within the power of the department of education to amend the periodical examination papers to offset the deficiencies.

However, it is understood that until the full length of time schools are to be kept closed, is known, plans for re-adjusting school matters will not be finally decided upon.

In the meantime nearly all school children in the intermediate and upper grades have been supplied with a list of home studies and reviews that should keep them in touch and make it easy to resume where they left off.

Rev. Robert Fulton, formerly of this city, now of Charlottetown, P. E. I., left town today. He reports over 800 cases of influenza in the island capital with approximately 100 deaths. Everything is closed down tight.

(Continued on page 7, fifth column.)

ALFRED EVANS OF 1ST CONTINGENT KILLED IN WAR

Pte. Wm. Harris Also Has Given His Life—A. M. Curran of Moncton Makes Supreme Sacrifice

Private Alfred Evans, who went overseas with the 1st Canadian Field Ambulance Corps in the first contingent, leaving St. John in August, 1914, has been officially reported killed in action on September 27. After two years constant service at the front, he was wounded and gassed in March, 1917. He was invalided to England and after treatment in the Canadian hospital in Liverpool and other hospitals he returned to the front in August of this year. Only a few weeks later his death occurred. Coming from Moncton, he had made his home in St. John for many

PTE. ALFRED EVANS.

years, residing here with Mrs. T. O'Grady of 46 Mill street. Before enlisting he was employed with B. Mooney & Sons, contractors.

Pte. Wm. Harris.

John Harris of this city has received news that his brother, Private William Harris, was killed in action on September 29. Private Harris, who was twenty-six years of age, had resided in Fredericton until a few years ago, following trade of bookbinding. He removed with other members of his family to Roxbury, Mass., but heard the clarion call of the 236th Kilties and returned to Fredericton to enlist in that unit. After crossing the ocean he was transferred to another unit and was soon at the front. In March of this year he was wounded but had returned to the front not long ago and met his death in the recent big drive. He is survived by his mother, two sisters, Mrs. H. B. French, whose husband was killed while fighting with the 26th, and Miss Ida, in Roxbury, Mass, and three brothers, Norman in Chelsea, George of Fredericton and John in this city.

N. B. Names.

Today's Ottawa list includes:

Wounded—H. S. Seeley, R. L. McCullough, E. W. Carvell, no addresses; R. M. Linder, Glassville; D. S. Lapointe, Nash Creek; J. H. Lavigne, Bathurst; E. A. Ison, Sackville; E. Daughty, St. Andrews; W. H. Frairs, Sussex; M. MacFarland, Belleisle; B. A. Chambers, Campbellton.

Ill—P. Meuse, no address.

A. M. Curran.

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 30—Ex-Ald. A. J. Curran has received word that his son, Pte. A. Murray Curran, who a few days ago was reported missing, is now officially reported killed. He enlisted in Western Canada. Prior to going to the west he was in the employ of the Royal Bank of Canada in Rexton. He went overseas in last March. He is survived by his parents, two brothers Allen and Harold and three sisters, Janie, Beulah and Mrs. Wilkinson, wife of Lieutenant Wilkinson.

AIRMEN KEEP UP GREAT WORK

London, Oct. 29—The British independent air force again has been busy bombing German positions far behind the battle line and has met with good results.

On Monday they carried out heavy attacks on the Morhange and Frescaty airdromes. On Monday night they attacked the Badischer soda factory at Mannheim and the railways at Treves and Saarbrucken. The railway junctions at Longuyon, Ecouviez and Thionville also were attacked with excellent results. On Tuesday the railway junction of Longuyon and the airdrome at Jametz were attacked.

The Americans.

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 29, 11.15 p. m.—(By the Associated Press)—Eighteen enemy airplanes were shot down during the day by American aviators. Five American machines were lost in reconnaissance. The artillery fire on the Verdun front was heavy today and there was much machine gun fire as well, west of the Meuse, especially north of St. Juvin.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

AUSTRIAN FLEET HURRIED TO FIUME

Paris, Oct. 30—(Havas Agency)—The Austrian fleet has been hastily concentrated at Fiume, according to a despatch from Rome to the Temps under date of Oct. 27. A few vessels remain at Pola, but all that were at Cattaro have left. It is said that the concentration was demanded by Hungary.

Steadily Worse For Austrians

ST. JOHN MAY HAVE TO BUY MORE HEAVILY

May Have to Shoulder Part of Outside Victory Loan Burden

Incomplete reports show that up to last night St. John city and county had subscribed more than $900,000 for the Victory Loan. As this did not include two or three of the city wards or any of the county parishes it is regarded as certain that the district has passed the million mark.

Reports from other counties show subscriptions as follows: Upper Gloucester, $15,900; Northumberland, east, $18,450; Westmorland, $70,000; Kings, $70,000; Charlotte, $145,000. These figures make a total of $314,350.

While the outside reports are far from complete and in some sections the campaign may not be well under way, the local committee takes these figures as confirmation of the prediction made by the chairman, S. E. Elkin, M. P., that it would be necessary for St. John to do more than its share to shoulder the burdens of other districts more seriously affected by the influenza epidemic. A suggestion that failure to reach the provincial total is possible is stimulating the canvassers to even greater efforts, and the citizens are expected to rise to the situation.

The local campaign is believed to be going fairly well so far. There have been only three really large subscriptions yet recorded and as the bigger ones are secured it is expected that the total will swell rapidly. Meanwhile it is the man and woman who has to scrape and sacrifice to put up the money and who are borrowing from the banks to buy bonds who are being counted on to help.

City hall employes today raised the question whether the city would aid them in financing purchases of bonds, as other employers are doing. On the advice of the comptroller, the mayor decided that it was impossible, but as long term arrangements can be made with any of the banks this will not necessarily hamper the officials in their purchases.

Singing For Victory.

The Victory Bond salesmen will again offer a fine line of Victory bonds at the Imperial Theatre lobby tonight. They will have as assistants Mrs. L. M. Curren and Miss Blenda Thompson, who will sing patriotic songs; the Depot Battalion band, in some of their best selections, and some speakers in short, pithy addresses. Among the speakers will be W. J. Mahoney and A. M. Belding. These meetings are intended solely for Victory Loan purposes and all who attend are expected to go prepared to invest in Victory Bonds. At last night's meeting $3,700 worth of Victory Bonds were subscribed.

(Continued on page 2, sixth column)

RECALL PETITION TO CTIY HALL TOMORROW

Said This Morning That It Bears 1,200 Signatures — The Procedure

The petition for the recall of Commissioners H. R. McLellan and E. J. Hilyard will be presented at city hall tomorrow, according to a statement made this morning by an official of the committee which has had the matter in hand. It is said that the petition has 1,200 signatures, all secured by voluntary workers without any expenditure for canvassers.

The recall movement was instituted by the labor men of the city as a protest against the dismissal of the thirty policemen who sought affiliation with the trades and labor congress, after being warned that such affiliation would not be permitted, and in Commissioner Hilyard's case, because of a statement regarded as unfriendly to labor unions. The committee has been at work for something like two months and it is now said that preparations are complete.

The commission charter provides that recall proceedings may be instituted on petition of duly qualified voters equal in number to not less than fifteen per cent. of the total number of persons who voted at the final election last held. Within ten days after such petition is filed the common clerk shall examine the petition to ascertain whether it is signed by the required number of qualified voters. If it is, he shall certify to that effect and present the petition to the council without delay. The common council is then required to order the election so demanded and shall fix the date for election which shall be not less than thirty days and not more than forty days from the date on which the petition was presented to the council by the common clerk. The provisions for nominations and election are the same as for any regular election, including primary and final elections, if the number of candidates make both elections necessary.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

Death in Devon.

Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 30—Mrs. Mina Mitchell died on Tuesday at her home in North Devon. She was aged thirty years and is survived by her husband, two sons and one daughter. Death was caused by pneumonia.

Retreating Under Increasing Pressure

Munitions Expected to Give Out—More Towns Captured by Allies and Heights on Left Bank of Piave Won

Italian Headquarters on the Piave, Oct. 29—(By the Associated Press)—Austrian forces are retreating under ever-increasing pressure and it is felt that the attack against the enemy will become overwhelming as soon as the entire Allied force can enter the action.

With three successive days of fine weather, an extremely large body of troops, with supplies, has crossed the pontoons over the Piave. It is expected that the Austrian munition supply will give out. There are indications that the enemy's heavy artillery is being withdrawn in an effort to save the big guns.

The latest reports show the Austrians retreating steadily to save themselves in the Piave district where 150 guns and 1,000 additional prisoners were captured today. Monte Grappa has been attacked violently by the enemy, however, but the action resulted in his repulse.

King Victor Emmanuel visited the reconquered territory today. The correspondent saw him helping to straighten out traffic in a crowded road over which Italian troops and thousands of Austrian prisoners were passing. The Italians cheered the king, who smiled and shook hands with the Italian soldiers nearest him.

More than 20,000 prisoners have been captured since the attack began.

Wrest Heights From Enemy

Rome, Oct. 30—The official statement issued at the war office last night reads:

"The enemy, attacked frontally by the eighth and twelfth armies and threatened on his flank by the tenth army, has been forced to abandon the heights on the left bank of the Piave, and, hard pressed by our troops, is retreating.

"Several more villages have been liberated. Closely following the enemy, who blew up the bridges across the Monticiano, we have entered Conogliano.

"To the north, on the right bank of the Piave, other troops, in co-operation with those on the left bank, have passed beyond the Calcino torrent after a brilliant struggle. Bitter fighting is taking place in the region of Monte Grappa.

"The capture of another thousand prisoners is announced and more than 150 guns have been taken, many of them of medium and heavy calibre. A good part of those captured are already in action against the enemy."

Two Towns Won.

With the Italian Army in Northern Italy, Oct. 29—(By the Associated Press)—The towns of Valdobbiadene and Conegliano, on the eastern side of the Piave River in Northern Italy, have been taken by Allied troops from the Austro-Hungarians.

Austrian Statement.

Vienna, Oct. 29—(via London, Oct. 30)—In the Alano Basin on the eastern end of the Italian mountain front Austrian detachments were forced to retire Monday, but elsewhere between the Brenta and the Piave, the fighting activity was not intense, according to the statement tonight from Austro-Hungarian headquarters.

Vienna, Oct. 29, via London, Oct. 30—Concerning operations in Albania and Serbia, Austro-Hungarian headquarters tonight issued the following statement:

"In Albania our rear guards have evacuated Allessio. There has been no change on the Drina front. In Serbia yesterday our troops, who were not in fighting contact with the enemy, reached Palanca."

The Italian war office on Tuesday announced that Italian troops had occupied Allessio, a seaport on the Adriatic coast.

Quiet in Flanders

London, Oct. 30—On the British front in France, Field Marshal Haig announced in his statement today that there has been no activity except patrol encounters in which the British troops advanced and captured a few prisoners.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

H. MONT JONES LTD. INCORPORATED

Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 30—A new company has been incorporated under the name of H. Mont Jones Limited, with capital stock of $40,000 with head office in St. John. Those incorporated are Hugh Montgomery Jones, Mrs. Mary Rosiland Jones, Margaret Irene Kiervan, Florence Sylvester Kiervan and J. MacMillan Trueman. The company is authorized to take over the business conducted in St. John by H. Mont Jones and his wife as furriers.

Hop Lee and Hum Ton of St. John have entered into a co-partnership under the name of Hop Lee & Company to carry on business as importers of Chinese goods in the premises now occupied by Hop Lee and Tom Lee.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

LIBERAL WINS A DECISIVE VICTORY

Edmonton, Oct. 30 — J. J. Gaets, Liberal, supporter of the Stewart government, is elected by a majority of 879 over F. W. Galbraith, Unionist Independent, in the Red Deer provincial riding. Galbraith loses his deposit.

—BUY-VICTORY-BONDS—

AT THE HOSPITAL.

The condition of George Rogers, of Barnesville, in the General Public Hospital as the result of being shot, was reported today as still being serious.

Miss Sarah Burke, who was admitted to the hospital on Monday evening, having fallen in Adelaide street, and sustained injuries, was said today to be in a serious condition.