Remember the enthusiasm, peculiar to the cause of liberty, with which it was attacked!

Remember that generous humanity that taught the oppressed groaning under the weight of insolved rights, to save the lives of the oppressors!

* Extinguish the mean prejudices of nations! and let your numbers be collected, and fent as a free will offering to the

anational affembly.

* Sut, is it possible to forget that your parliament is venal; your minister hypocritical; your clergy legal oppressors; the reigning family extravagant; the crown of a great personage too weighty for the head that wears it; too weighty for the people who gave it; your taxes partial and oppressive; your representative; a venal junto upon the sacred rights of property, religion and freedom.

But on the 14th of this month prove to the sycophants of the day that you revertnee the Olive Branch; that you will facifies to public tranquility till the ma-

fority thall exclaim-

The peace of flavery is worse than the war of Freedom I -of the day let Tyrants

beware !"

Can any man of honest principles—can any loyal subject—can even the boldest of our anti-ministerial senators read this without studdering at the dreadful scene it was meant to realize? Rebellion is featured on its countenance—and Rebellion is countenance—and Rebellion is countenance—and Rebellion is bosom. He who withes to defend his property—he who loved the Constitution under which that property flourished—must no doubt have taken the alarm at so daring a libel against all that was dear to Englishmen.

The public however was determined before they proceeded to violence, to have fome further proof of the intention of those Commemoration Men. This handbill might he a forgery,—or might be an infiduous scheme to raise a mob for the purpose of plunder; they therefore waited till they heard what was said at table—bow the political complexion of the company would manifest itself, and whether any thing more than a mere scene of commemoration conviviality was intended.

They had their suspicions, after which the first course, were realised, by the following

toall being drank:

DESTRUCTION TO THE PRE-SENT GOVERNMENT—AND THE KING'S HEAD UPON A CHARGER.

The inhabitants, and they were almost to a man respectable house keepers and manusacturers, who waited outside the Hotel to watch the motions of the revolutionists within, no sooner was this treasonable toast made known to them, than Loyalty swift as lightning that through their minds, and a kind of electrical patriotism animated them to instance vengeance. They rustred into this conventicle of treason, and before the second course was well laid upon the table, broke the windows and glasses, pelted and insulted those modern reformers, and obliged them to seek for safety in an immediate slight.

The Birmingham Gazette, received by this day's Post, says, About five hours after this paper went to press, three troops of the 15th regiment of Dragoons reached

this town from Nottingham.

July 20.
By the Coach Last Night.

It gives us particular pleasure to announce to the public, that peace is restored to Birmingham, the tumule having subsided on Sunday night in that town, from which the mob had gone in a large body toward Worcestershire early in the morning. It was believed that a party of them had gone in pursuit of Dr. Priestley.

A King's Messenger being dispatched to Nottingham on Saturday, sarrived there at eight o'clock on Sunday morning, with an order for Elliott's Light Horse, who were quartered there, to go with all expedition to Birmingham. A detachment of go immediately fet off, and got there at ten at night, covered with duft and much fatigued. A Magistrate immediately attended, and the Riot Ad was read. troops then rested for the night at the Swan-Inn, and in the morning took their route in pursuit of the rioters, for Worceftershire, where they were obliged to wait until a Magistrate of that county could be procured to read the Riot Act there, which was shortly after done.

But the pursuit was fruitless, no rioters were to be sound—nor any intelligence had which way they had bent their course. All seemed quiet, and the general idea was, that they had dispersed, the principal purposes of their resentment being accomplished.

The object of the body of colliers who came to Birmingham was certainly plunder. They went from house to house begging money, and where they met with a refusal, they broke the windows. This the rioters disclaimed, and the consequence was, that these black-looking auxiliaries were obliged to retire.

The moment the Light Horse appeared, there was shouting in the town, and several houses began to illuminate, but this was slopped very prudently, and all re-

mained