THE TORONTO WORLD

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FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1887.

Give Us a Rest.

The country asks for a rest on the commercial union question. The Province of Ontario does, at all events, though it would not surprise us were the discussion to live for a good while yet in the Maritime Provinces. As for the Province of Quebec, it has not taken Not: there to speak of yet, and it is not going to either. The business men of Montreal have distinctly refused to be bothered with it; their answer is that they have other fish to fry. To interest the *habitans* in it would be hopeless. Should Mr. Butterworth stir it up again in Congress, which could scarcely be sooner than six months hence, there would be a revival of the question here, we suppose. That appears to be the nearest and most favorable contingency to which its advocates now venture to look forward.

Now that we have come to a resting place the present might be a good time to survey the ground, and see where we have got to. Be it observed that it is the party demanding a change who are bound to show cause and to give us their reasons why. And Canada's position as described by the commercial union men is somewhat as follows:

If the Americans put a duty on our fish we have to pay it all, not a cent's worth of it comes out of them. But, if on the other hand, we put a duty on American flour we have to pay that too. Again, it is the unfortunate Canadian who has to pay the duty; no matter which side the duty is on it is we who are caught by it, while our lucky neighbors swing clear. If *they* impose duties on iron and hold them there, the result is that several states are ablaze with furnaces and rolling mills. But if we try such a trick we are told that we can do nothing. In the States iron ore finds its natural use in the furnaces over there, but that Canadian ore should be reduced in Canadian furnaces is preposterous. No one of these provinces is a natural market for any other. The natural destiny of our fish, our lumber, our minerals, our grain, and what not, is to be sold in the United States. Conversely, it is our natural destiny to supply ourselves from that country with manufactured articles and farm implements of all kinds. It is even pressed upon us that supplying ourselves with what flour we want is all nonsense, the States over the border being our *natural* source of supply. Protection has been a tremendous success in the United States, even The Globe admits that; else it would not be advising Canada to join the American commercial system. This is surely a jam-up sharp turn for The Globe, seeing that for a generation and more it has denounced the American protectionist system as the height of all that is rascally and foolish. Now the same paper calls upon us to adopt this identical system bodily, and so to bind ourselves that we should never afterwards be able to break away from it, even were we to try. That this should be done by The Globe, until very recently the unflinching advocate of "the liberal commercial policy of the Mother Country," is indeed a "sharp turn;" we should call it the sharpest of its magnitude that this country has any record of.

Our neighbors may by protection establish home manufactures, and may have great success at it, too; so it is now admitted by The Globe and all the other papers taking the commercial union side. But in Canada we can do no good with protection, we cannot make it work here at all, though unquestionably it has done wonders over the border. The Americans put such duties on our commodities as they please, and, whatever they put on, we have to pay. But, hey, presto! what a change: when we put duties on American merchandise, *we* have to pay the duties ourselves, and it does not help our own case a cent's worth. As we remarked yesterday, if this be the fix we are in, then we poor Canadians had better get out of here and "take to the woods."

But in sober earnest we believe no such nonsense. It is a poor rule that won't work both ways, and we hope to show ere long that protection can be made to work in Canada as well as in the United States. Nay, more, that it *is* working pretty well, even now, while some people are denying the fact which is before their eyes. Meantime, however, let us take a rest on this subject.

The Toronto Twins.

The Globe and The Mail have come to be known as Mr. Wiman's Toronto twins. They feed from the one spoon upon the same sort of pap, and the result is such coincident articles as appeared in their editorial columns yesterday. Brief extracts therefrom, placed in parallel, will demonstrate the oneness of their inspiration:

JEERING. *From The Mail.*	JEERS. *From The Globe.*
The minor ministerial journals are not so prudent. From jeering at commercial union as an impossibility, they have taken to abusing its leaders.	Knowing that their assertions are of little value, and not daring to enter into the field of argument or discussion, some of the papers opposed to reciprocity indulge in jeers and sneers, and threats and misrepresentations, and in fokes melancholy or malicious.

The fact is that the argument as well as the fun has all been ours. We have repeatedly spiked the enemy's guns with facts and figures. But let that pass for the present. What is now to be observed is that The Globe's and The Mail's articles are both inspired by the same mind, and that the men who write them do not always succeed in varying the language in which the thought of the dictator is couched. This is a curious combination, and one that will steadily develop itself until the details of the conspiracy shall have been revealed. At the present moment it is sufficient to say that both the organs referred to are being edited from New York, in further confirmation of which fact we point to two other articles printed by the twins yesterday, The Globe's entitled "United States Revenues," and The Mail's "A Plethora of Money." Both were devoted to the exaltation of Uncle Sam's horn and the depreciation of Canadian credit. They are enough alike in sentiment and purpose to have been written by the same hand. They were certainly both inspired by the same mind. Canada is poor—the United States is rich—that is the burden of the traitors' song. They ignore all that the United States passed through before achieving her present position. They ignore all that Canada has accomplished within the few brief years of her national life. They ignore the fact that our neighbors have "got there" by the aid of protection, and that a similar policy must have a similar effect in Canada. Their whole argument is that Canada is no good, has no pride in her past and no hope in her future. She is a mule among the nations, according to their story.

We call the Canadian public to witness that a dangerous and disgraceful attempt is being made from New York to degrade Canadians in the eyes of foreigners and in their own estimation. The laborers in this foul cause are being paid by the same men who paid for the Orangeville fireworks and lemons.

The men here engaged in it have proved false to every cause they ever espoused, whether it was the cause of free trade, the cause of Riel, the cause of protection, or the interests of the Kentucky whisky ring. It is a fitting climax that they should end by betraying their country.

Such are the Toronto twins!

The Dufferin Scandal.

The Globe opines that there may be a systematic attempt made during the coming autumn to repeal the Scott Act in several counties. Perhaps so, and if so the most potent argument in favor of repeal will come from Dufferin County, where an official of the Ontario Government has participated in a flagrant violation of the law. It is unreasonable to expect the general community to respect a law when men, sworn and paid to enforce it, openly and ostentatiously treat it with contempt. The Dufferin scandal is the last straw that breaks the camel's back. If The Globe were honest in its advocacy of prohibition it would call the attention of the proper authorities to this scandal instead of suppressing the facts, as it is doing, in the interests of the vendors of the illicit liquor and their Yankee guests.

A Disgraceful Sanitary Condition.

In our news columns will be found the opinions of several medical men on the sanitary condition of Toronto. They point out that the work of cleaning the city is carelessly and indifferently carried out; that the machinery for enforcing the health bylaws is inefficient, and that the general health of the city is neglected. We commend the budget to the perusal of our readers, and hope some one in authority will take the matter in hand and deal with it. The statement of Dr. Cameron in regard to the condition of the back yard next his late father's residence demands consideration and investigation, and so do many other instances referred to in the article.

The Mechanic's Friend—he was in favor of the N.P. at St. Andrew's Hall—has refitted himself and is now The Farmer's Friend, with a platform that declares for butter at 50 cents per pound and "broilers" at $2.50. He is going to run for Wayback County next time, and has therefore no further use for the city workingman.

The Toronto twins have the hardihood to assert that "the leading ministerial journals are not committing themselves against commercial union." It will be conceded that The Montreal Gazette, Hamilton Spectator, London Free Press and Ottawa Citizen are "leading ministerial journals." They have all declared against commercial union, in which declaration they are upheld and sustained by all other Conservative and some Liberal papers such as The Galt Reformer, for instance. What is the good of the Toronto twins telling a falsehood so plainly and palpably false.

There is some speculation as to whom Mr. Wiman loves most—twin Cameron or twin Bunting. Time will tell which has been dearest to him.

This ought to be a good time for Michigan Kirkland to maze another raid upon Canada's timber limits. "The brawling brood of bribers" are again doing business at the old stand.

Pere Hyacinthe was in his time a greater and more eloquent man than ever Dr. McGlynn was. It will be interesting to observe whether the latter shall have greater success in his rebellion against the Vatican than the former had. Dependence upon a new political party that has all the wealth and most of the intelligence of the country against it is a perilous experiment for a priest to make.

A miller near this city said a short time ago that he was in favor of commercial union, as it would bring cheaper wheat into Ontario. He offered to wager that in August, this year, wheat would be 10c. cheaper in Michigan than in Ontario.

The persistency with which United States papers will have it that Newfoundland is a Canadian province is wonderful. Nine times out of ten an American journalist exhibits the most profound ignorance when he attempts to discuss anything affecting Canada.

By a comparison of market reports The Spectator demonstrates that prices for farm produce are upon the whole higher in Hamilton than in Utica, N.Y., a town of about the same size. What would the Canadian farmer gain by free access to the latter market? Nothing.

A New Yorker's View.

Editor World: I have been much pleased with the stand you have taken on the commercial union question, and believe your views represent not merely the sentimental side, but hard, practical "dollars and cents," in the pockets of Canadians, if they maintain their manhood as advocated in your columns. To the farmers of Canada I would say that night and morning I ride through miles of market gardens, and if anything in the agricultural way should pay it is these splendidly situated gardens of Long Island just outside the cities of New York and Brooklyn. Yet I am credibly informed that though the men, women and children toil from early morning till late evening, they can scarcely make ends meet, owing to the railroad facilities which now exist, enabling the Southern States to send on their supplies long before the Long Islander right at the door of consumption can dream of having his ready for the market, thus securing for the Southerner what fancy prices may be paid for the "first" of each article sent, and also enabling him to flood the market so that the market gardener here has to contend with a low scale of prices.

As to Mr. Wiman's stories of from 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 of people being here to constitute a market for butter at 30 cents to $1 per lb., they are simply worse than absurd. True there are occasional dairy farms which produce limited quantities of choice butter and have the "reputation" of selling at these prices, but I am certain that there are not 200 families in New York and Brooklyn who pay these prices, and the bulk of the people of wealth and liberal living are pleased to content themselves with paying 30 to 40 cents for butter which is probably as good in all respects as that from the "fancy dairy farm." I freely admit that New Yorkers are the most liberal spenders of money living, but it is a libel on their character and ability to say that they spend their money for their living expenses without thought and without question as to the value they are receiving, and outside this city the people of the country generally exact full value for each cent they expend, and will not pay the Canadian farmer 30 cents for the butter they can produce themselves for 20. So much for the farmer. For the merchants of Canada it would be to relegate themselves into little local shopkeepers as Montreal would have to divide her trade with New York; Toronto with New York, Buffalo, Rochester and Detroit; Hamilton and London with Buffalo and Detroit. This would be without a spark of hope of extending their trade in any quarter of this country, for outside the city of New York, whose trade permeates everywhere, this is a country of distinct districts, as much so as if separate countries. Thus Baltimore, St. Louis, Kansas City, New Orleans, Albany, Syracuse, Detroit, Chicago, St. Paul, Boston, Philadelphia and all the great cities have each their own district, and to imagine that in fact, as well as theory, there is a market of 60,000,000 for each of these cities is too great a stretch of the imagination.

The lumber interest would undoubtedly enlarge their market to the present gain of the few and the ultimate heavy loss of the country, as a careful conserving of the forests and the sale of the lumber spread over many years would undoubtedly result in a greater benefit, both as to price received and the labor it would afford to Canadian lumberers, than if it were hurried to sale as the result of obtaining a free pauper here.

I agree with you that every true man instead of belittling his country should point with pride to her marvellous growth and feel that it enticles him to be rightly proud to be able to say he is a Canadian. Though but a young man I have seen the City of Montreal grow nearly four-fold, Toronto more than doubled, counties with hundreds of thousands from nothing, land in cities increased in value more than ten-fold, railroads from about 50 miles to more than 11,000, capital and savings as represented by the banks multiplied many fold. Thousands of farmers instead of borrowing are lenders, and I might go on instancing dozens of branches I have seen grow in a manner not excelled even in this great country. What more can men want? In conclusion, I would urge true Canadians to put their quietus to this talk of commercial union, whether by Canadians at home or from New York. Let there be no uncertain sound and Canada will go on as she is, and has been doing, to become one of the great peoples of the world, justly proud of herself and enjoying the esteem of her great neighbor far more than if she showed so little faith in herself as to sink her aspirations for that "Will-o'-the-Wisp," "commercial union." Thanking you for your valuable space, I am,

CANADIAN.

New York, July 6.

Extend the Use of the "Cat."

Editor World: Your account in The Toronto World, headed "The Cat at the Central Prison" spurs me to suggest an idea that I have long held: That a law might be passed in which the "cat" would form an addition to the prison term for cases, say of house-breaking, highway robbery and such like offences. Such crimes as I have named are far too common; the prison is often looked upon in rather a friendly light by this class of law-breakers; prison labor interferes in some measure with the industries of a country and the public are taxed to support the prisoners—in other words, the law-abiding are taxed to support the law-breakers. The dread of the "cat," I am sure, would have the effect of reducing such crimes as I have named. It would, at least, shorten the prison-term of offenders and save the country much outlay that is wholly unprofitable.

Could not this idea be submitted to our "law makers" for their consideration?

READER OF THE WORLD.

An Exclusive Church.

Editor World: In your last Thursday's paper is an article with the above heading taken from The Christian Guardian, wherein that organ of Methodism reveals the soreness of its sect that the Anglican Church does not in her official utterances designate them as the Methodist Church or Christ's Methodist Church, but calls them and other sects "religious bodies." The Guardian is over sensitive in this respect and imagines a want of respect here where none was intended, forgetting that their ministers and those of the other denominations have enunciated it from platform and pulpit that the Church of Christ is composed of true believers from the various religious bodies, or in other words that Christ has no visible church on earth. While, as a matter of courtesy in conversation, it is well enough for Anglicans to use the affix "church" when speaking of the Presbyterian, Methodist or any of the other religious bodies, as the case may be, it would manifestly be out of place "officially," for it would not be compatible with their belief.

LAY DELEGATE.

July 6, 1887.

Lager and John Peter.

Editor World: I am no commercial unionist, but I can't sympathize with some of your remarks on County Attorney McMillan. You think he was wrong in selling or having liquor sold at the Dufferin Lake picnic. Well, there was nothing sold but beer, mostly lager, and there wasn't one drunken, or even tipsy, person on the grounds; it was a grand demonstration of the liberal temperance idea, that lager is a good drink for the people. But anyway, was John Peter McMillan wrong if he did break the Scott Act? Is not the law an iniquitous tyranny, to submit to which would be traitorous to the law of morality? It robs fellow citizens. Should we as honest men see them robbed? Surely in sometimes is a duty to break the law. The law is not merely unwise but positively wicked, and such a law is the Scott Act. Mr. McMillan might give up the commercial union motion, but I hope that he won't give up lager or defiance of Scott Act tyranny. We want more like him. Liberty and justice are dearer than bad law.

CLEAR GRIT.

No Commercial Union in This.

The Kingston News has been unearthing a speech made by 'Ras Wiman on Dominion Day, July 1, 1885, at a dinner given by the New York Canadian Club. This is a portion of that speech:

It can nevertheless be claimed for Canada that, for twenty years, she has made a progress in government, in legislation, in law, in science, in art, and in development of material resources equal to that of any country in the world. . . . The ships built in the maritime provinces whiten every sea with their sails; her fisheries are the envy of her neighbors on the adjoining mainland; the largest, the richest and the soundest on the continent; her canals and waterways are the grandest in the world; her railways rival those of every other country; her credit, her extent and amplitude of communication. . . . And above all, the splendid achievements in the Canadian Pacific, which unites any Pacific trunk line in the United States, running only from the center to the circumference of the continent, this magnificent work stretches from ocean to ocean, under one control and impulse. The completion of the Canadian Pacific marks the day when a great nation, already born and well nurtured, takes on the manhood. For then has been attained a period when its whole vast area is brought within easy and immediate reach; and manhood, civilization, which is the highest attribute and outcome of civilization, will be possible for the promotion of man's best interests in time of peace, and, as we recently have seen, for his protection in time of war.

They Expect a Letter From 'Ras.

From The Montreal Gazette.

Mr. Wiman has returned to New York, leaving the care of the Dominion's destinies for the moment to its duly elected Government. He will now, no doubt, as president and controlling spirit of the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company, have time to write some more letters to the shareholders of the Montreal Telegraph Company, extolling his own large-hearted magnanimity and explaining why the dividend he covenanted to pay them has been again withheld. The condition of the business of the country precludes the idea that the money has not been earned, and the rumor is that stock jobbing operations are responsible for the delay. It is known that on a previous occasion when a like default was made, large sums were taken out of the street by those who were presumed to have the inside track. Consistent efforts have for some time been made to depress the stock. They have not been as successful as was hoped, and any difficulty about the payment by the Great Northwestern Company of the rental of the Montreal lines would be the saving of the gang, who are not, it is believed, unknown to the hero of the Staten Island deal. The result, and the Wiman letter thereunto relating, will be awaited with some curiosity.

—Why, what is this great beverage which is vigor to the workman,
" nourishment to the mother,
" strength to the weak,
" cheerfulness to the despondent,
" invigorating to the sick? 246
It is Davies Brewing Co.'s Family Cream Ale.

Amusement Breezes.

"Zozo" is playing to good business at the Toronto Theatre. Matinee to-morrow afternoon.

Manager Shaw's Cyclarama building on Front-street, west of the Walker House, is being rapidly pushed forward. It will cost $30,000 and will be ready for occupancy by Sept. 1. "The Siege of Sedan" will be the opening show.

The Holman Opera Troupe opens for the summer season here on July 18 in the Mutual-street Rink. Comic opera and comedy will be given. The rink is being fitted with scenery and stage appointments.

The Citizens' Band will give its third gratuitous concert to the public in Riverdale Park to-night. An entirely new program has been prepared.

John Swift, aged 22, of Hartford, Conn., shot and killed his wife, Katie J. Swift, last night. She had left him some months ago because he had abused her.

NIAGARA FALLS WINNERS.

PROGRAM OF THE AMATEUR ROWING REGATTA AT OTTAWA.

The Toronto Double Up the Jersey Citys—Bicyclists From Syracuse—Racing at Monmouth, Chicago and in England—The Yacht Thistle Coming Over.

Judges—J. J. Burke, G. Fleischman and A. H. Gluck.

Timers—A. T. Williams, A. Scholbkopf.

Clerk of Scales—L. P. Ezekiel.

Starter—R. Dwyer.

NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y., July 7.—This was the fifth day of the inaugural meeting, and termed by the association Ladies' Day, and it was rightly named, as the fair sex were largely represented. The attendance was the largest of the meeting, and the weather fine, though warm. The program was an excellent one, and the racing enjoyable.

The Canadians failed to score a win to-day, excepting the Hunt race, which comprised only their own representatives. The betting on the events was brisk, especially in the Hunters' race. The favorites had rather the best of it, winning three of the five races. The steeplechase proved the keenest contest of the day. Geo. McCullough had the call in the betting, but the Canadian mare, Lucy Lightfoot, proved a dangerous rival, and so doubts if she had not acted so badly at the finish by swerving in behind McCullough, would have won.

First race, purse $200, of which $20 to 2d, for all ages, winner of one race at this meeting to carry 5 lbs. penalty, of two or more races 7 lbs. 1 mile.

J. Mason & Son's b.m. Pink Cottage, 4, by Buckden—Beatrice, 115.....(Meehan) 1
Linwood Stables' b.m. Lenora, 4, 115.....(Whyburn) 2
Excelsior Stables' ch.g. Alaric, 3, 110.....(Johnson) 3
W. B. Scarlett's br.m. Castilian, 6, 115.....(Walker) 0
O. Morton's ch.g. Sir George, 4, 115.....(Warder) 0

Time—1.49¾.

Betting: 3 to 5 against Pink Cottage, 6 to 5 Alaric, 6 to 1 Lenora, 7 to 1 Castilian, 15 to 1 Sir George. Mutuels paid $8.65.

The race: At the drop of the flag Castilian took the track and made the running for the first quarter. When well into the back stretch Alaric moved up and passed the leader, who also gave way to Pink Cottage. At the half the pair were on even terms, but on rounding the turn Pink Cottage forged ahead and on entering the stretch led by a length, which was increased to two at the finish. In the stretch Lenora got on even terms with Alaric and a desperate struggle ensued between the two for the place, Lenora finally finishing in front by a head.

Second race, purse $350, of which $30 to 2d, selling allowances. Horses entered to be sold for $1500 to carry weight for age, then 1 lb. allowed for each $100 down to $1000, then 2 lbs. for each $100 down to $500. 1¼ miles.

Uniqa Stable's br.g. Middlesex, 5, by Barkawar—Aldinde, 112.....(Whyburn) 1
S. W. Street's b.g. Orlando, 5, 110.....(Maynard) 2
Excelsior Stable's ch.f. Nettie, 4, 112.....(Curtis) 3
James Pearse's br.f. George Angus, 4, 106.....(Jennings) 0
N. J. Daly's b.m. Bellevue, 6, 96.....(Trabor) 0
Campbell & Fenton's ch.g. Lizzie, 5, 103.....(Caswell) 0
T. E. Kennedy's b.g. Felix, 4, 112.....(Coleman) 0
Osborne Morton's ch.g. Tantrum, 5, 102.....(Walker) 0
Chas. Noyes' gr.g. Moorfield, 5, 108.....(Silver) 0

Time—1.29.

Betting: 2 to 5 against Nettie, 2 to 1 Bellevue, 3 to 1 each Lizzie and Orlando, 5 to 1 Middlesex, 8 to 1 George Angus, 10 to 1 Felix, 12 to 1 Moorfield, 20 to 1 Tantrum. Mutuels paid $15.25.

The race: For a good start Bellevue was first to show in front with Middlesex second. Bellevue led for the first five-eighths, when he was passed by Moorfield, who was followed closely by Middlesex, coming cleverly by a length. Bellevue second, half a length in front of Nettie, the others finishing in the above order.

Third race, purse $400, of which $80 to 2d; handicap for 3-year-olds. 1 mile.

Wm. Mulkey's ch.c. Hornpipe, 5, by St. Mungo—Carrie F., 98.....(Curtis) 1
Gorman & Haig's ch.c. Nil Desperandum, 103.....(Maynard) 2
J. T. Williams' ch.c. Mahoney, 103.....(Caswell) 0
Excelsior Stable's ch.g. Bronzomarie, 110.....(F. McLaughlin) 0
J. D. Matheson's b.c. Harry Cooper, 100.....(Higgs) 0
Excelsior Stable's blk.f. Lady Mayl, 100.....(Johnson) 0
H. J. Woodford's blk.g. Roundsman 100.....(Coleman) 0

Time—.1464.

Betting: 6 to 5 against Nil Desperandum, 2 to 1 Hornpipe, 3 to 1 Bronzomarie, 4 to 1 Mahoney, 10 to 1 each Harry Cooper, Lady May and Roundsman. Mutuels paid $17.60.

The race: Roundsman ran away several times before the start, going over a quarter of a mile each time. When the flag fell Bronzomarie shot to the front, with the others all close up except Roundsman, who was several lengths away and never in the race. Going up the back stretch Hornpipe, Nil Desperandum and Mahoney closed up on the leader, and the four ran bunched to the head of the stretch, where Hornpipe drew clear of the others and won by two lengths. After a fighting finish Nil Desperandum beat Mahoney by half a length for second.

Fourth race, a handicap sweepstakes for qualified hunters (gentlemen riders), of $25, with $100 added, of which 50 per cent. of entire stakes and added money to 2d. 1 mile and over.

A. Shields' b.g. Cyclone, 4, by Astronomer—Pride of Erin, 160.....(Lower) 1
A. Smith's ch.g. Chandos, 5, 155.....(Mr. Loudon) 2
H. Walker's b.g. Pawnbroker, 4, 154.....(Mr. Campbell) 3
Waverly Stables' b.g. Mandamus, 4, 170.....(Mr. Ward) 0

Time—1.58¾.

Betting: Even against Cyclone and Mandamus, 2 to 1 Pawnbroker, 3 to 1 Chandos. Mutuels paid $14.10.

The race: Chandos was the quickest away but at the turn gave way to Cyclone, who led the entire journey, winning by three lengths. Chandos second, a length in front of Pawnbroker. Mandamus pulled up lame.

Fifth race, purse $400, of which $100 to the 2d; handicap steeplechase. Full course.

Ackerman & Co.'s ch.g. Geo. McCullough, 4, by Harry Bassett—Sportsgirl, 156.....(Ward) 1
Orkney Stables' ch.m. Lucy Lightfoot, 4, 135.....(Warder) 2
Wallingford Stables' br.h. Valour, 4, 138.....(Jamieson) 3
McIlroy Stables' b.g. Capt. York, 4, 140.....(Blogg) 0
Waverly Stables' b.g. Williams, 4, 156.....(Butler) 0
M. Sullivan's b.g. Beechbloom, 5, 150.....(Graver) 0
Fell.

Time—5.46.

Betting: 2 to 1 each against Beechmore and Geo. McCullough, 4 to 1 Capt. York, 6 to 1 Williams, 7 to 1 Lucy Lightfoot, 10 to 1 Valour. Mutuels paid $17.35.

The race: Lucy Lightfoot showed the way over the first four jumps, where Valour went to the front and led down the back stretch, followed by Lucy, McCullough 4th, Capt. York 5th, and Williams, who sulked, last. Rounding the turn Capt. York set sail and going up the far side of the inner field took the obstacles cleverly and headed all field. At the upper turn Lucy Lightfoot came again and led over the second time. McCullough and Beechmore now moved up and made the pace very hot over the two banks on the home stretch, but the last fence more came to grief, but without injury to horse or jockey. McCullough had Lucy Lightfoot now had the race at their mercy, and the two alternated in the lead to the last jump, which McCullough took in advance. Water now another obstacle was reached, but mare would swerve in behind McCullough, who finally won by half a length. Valour came fast from the last hurdle and finished 3d, Capt. York 4th, and Williams 5th.

A meeting of the directors of the racing association was held at the International Hotel last night to consider the propriety of continuing the meeting next week, as a speculator had been endeavoring to get up a meeting at the track of the Buffalo Trotting Association, he having leased the track for the purpose. At the meeting last night horsemen and others interested were invited to express their views, and the discussion was continued for an hour, after which the directors went into executive session. It was decided not to extend the present meeting, but to give one early in September, for which an attractive program will be prepared.

Racing in England.

LONDON, July 7.—The race for the Chesterfield Stakes, 2 furlongs, was won at Newmarket to-day by the Duke of Portland's Ayrshire, Beatholm's Bartigan 2d, Lord Hartington's Boresaldine 3d; time 1.04. There were six starters.

The race for the Summer Cup (value 300 sovereigns), 2 miles, was also run at Newmarket to-day. Lord Ellesmere's Ham won, Douglas Baird's St. Michael 2d. They were the only starters.

Racing at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 7.—First race, 6 furlongs—Leo H. won, Aristi 2, Vattel 3; time 1.17.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles—Pearl Jennings won, Poteen 2, Lewis Clark 3; time 1.48½.

Third race, 2½ miles—Lucky B. won, Volante 2, Monte Cristo 3; time 4.01.

Fourth race, 1½ miles—St. Valentine won, Comedie 2, Ban Nall 3; time 1.57½.

Fifth race, ¾ mile heats—Kirklin won, Col. Owens 2, Glenhall 3; time 1.16½ and 1.17¾.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—Belle Law won, Archbishop 2, Enchantess 3; time 1.17.

The Winners at Long Branch.

MONMOUTH PARK, N.J., July 7.—First race, 7 furlongs—Laggard 1st, Chickahominy 2d, Ferona 3d; time 1.30.

Second race, ⅝ mile—Wodin 1st, Torchlight 2d, Magnetizer 3; time 1.17.

Third race, 1¼ miles—Hidalgo 1st, Dry Monopole 2d, Stone Buck 3d; time 2.12.

Fourth race, 1½ miles—Hanover 1st, Almy 2d; time 2.40½.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Chickahominy 1st, Monocrat 2d, Grenadier 3d; time 1.45.

Sixth race, steeplechase, short course—Killarney 1st, Mammonist 2d, Jimmie Gowan 3d; time 3.06.

Gossip of the Turf.

There will be a four days' running meeting at the Buffalo Driving Park the latter part of next week. All the horses entered at the races now in progress at Niagara Falls will be there and a number of others en route to the Saratoga meeting a week later.

D. Higgins, Prescott, has sold the chestnut gelding Bob Lockwood to Mr. Lasalle of Ottawa.

The two colts purchased by Mr. George Forbes of Cleveland at the sale at Jerome Park recently, arrived at Niagara Falls yesterday and were reshipped to E. Burgess' farm at Woodstock. One, a chestnut colt, is by Eolus out of Calash by imp. Phaeton, the other a bay colt by Dalnaroodah, dam Retribution. The prizes paid was $700 each.

Program for the C.A.A.O. Regatta.

The program for the eighth annual regatta of the Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen, at Ottawa on Saturday, Aug. 6, open to the world, on a mile and a half straightaway course, is as follows:

Senior four oared race, $600, challenge cup and four silver cups.

Senior single scull race, $300, challenge cup and silver cup; 2d prize, silver cup.

Junior four oared race, four silver cups.

Junior single scull race, 1st and 2d prizes, silver cups.

Double scull race, senior "Hop Bitters" challenge cup and two silver cups.

Double scull race, junior, two silver cups.

Single scull inrigged race, 1st and 2d prizes, silver cups.

Double scull inrigged race, two silver cups.

Entrance fees (which must in every instance accompany the original entry): Four oars, $10; double sculls, $5; single sculls, $2.50. Entries close at 8 p.m. on Saturday, July 23, 1887, and must be made to Fred. Colson, honorary secretary, C.A.A.O. regatta, Ottawa.

The Shamrock and Titania.

NEW YORK, July 7.—In the match race between the yachts Shamrock and Titania, twenty miles southward from Scotland Light and return, the Shamrock's mast was sprung and she was towed in. The Titania finished alone.

The Thistle to Cross the Ocean Shortly.

LONDON, July 7.—The cutter Thistle arrived in Gourock Bay this morning flying thirteen flags representing the number of races she has won. The captain denies that there have been any material changes in the yacht's crew or that insubordination existed among the men. One or two of the original crew had left and been replaced by Scotchmen, but that was all. The Thistle will at once make the necessary changes in her rig to enable her to cross the ocean. It is expected she will depart for America in about three weeks.

The Eastern Yacht Club's Annual Cruise.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., July 7.—The Eastern Yacht Club's squadron sailed on their annual cruise this morning. The flagship Gitanis headed the procession followed by the Mohican, Stranger, Wanderer, Ocean Gem, Ambassadress and Galatea. The Galatea, which started last, passed them all and took the lead. The yachts will touch at Portland first.

Toronto Beats Jersey City.

JERSEY CITY, N.J., July 7.—An excellent fielding streak by the Torontos and Crane's clever headwork in the box allowed the Canucks to walk off with the ball this afternoon. Errors by the home team in the seventh aided the Torontos to secure three runs and virtually the game in that innings. McCormick made a home run. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—	2	13	5
Toronto	1 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—	4	12	2

Batteries: Titcomb and Murphy, Crane and Traffley. Umpire, Emslie.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Newark:		R.	H.	E.
Hamilton	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1—	4	14	4
Newark	0 2 3 0 0 1 0 1 0—	7	11	4

Batteries: Wood and Moore, Hughes and Walker.

At Utica:		R.	H.	E.
Scranton	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1—	3	15	7
Utica	2 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 7—	12	15	4

Batteries: Oberlander and Schriver, Hotford and Sexsmith.

At Syracuse:		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0 2 0 2 0 0 1 x—	5	11	1
Syracuse	0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0—	3	9	9

Batteries: Walsh and Reidy, Murphy and Buckley.

American Association Games.

At Cleveland:		R.	H.	E.
Athletics	0 0 0 1 4 0 0 1 0—	7	17	3
Cleveland	1 0 4 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—	6	15	4

Batteries: Seward and Robinson, Crowell and Snyder.

At Louisville:		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—	4	6	0
Louisville	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—	3	15	7

Batteries: Toole and Clark, Ramsey and Kerns.

St. Louis game postponed on account of rain.

At Cincinnati:		R.	H.	E.
Mets	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—	1	5	4
Cincinnati	1 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—	4	9	2

Batteries: Mays and Holbert, Smith and Keenan.

National League Games.

At New York:		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	3 0 1 0 0 3 3 0 1—	11	10	3
New York	0 4 1 0 0 1 2 0 2—	10	14	4

Batteries: Getzein and Briody, Keefe and Brown.

At Philadelphia:		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0 0 2 1 0 1 0 1 0—	5	12	2
Philadelphia	1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—	3	8	4

Batteries: Clarkson and Flint, Casey and McGuire.

At Boston:		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	2 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0—	6	13	10
Boston	4 2 0 2 3 4 0 2 0—	17	26	5

Batteries: McCormick and Miller, Radbourne and Daly.

At Washington:		R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	4 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 x—	5	15	2
Washington	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 3—	5	8	1

Batteries: Boyle and Myers, Gilmore and Mack.

Dust from the Diamond.

The Jersey skeeters and the umpire are worrying the Hams.

Crane is alleged to have given five men bases on balls at Jersey City yesterday, which is no doubt a libel. Umpire Emslie's eyesight is evidently bad.

Pete Wood, it is said, is to be allowed to rest for a few days as the Hamilton management is dissatisfied with his work in the box.

Toronto is becoming more strongly entrenched in third place. To-day they play Hackett's Want-the-Earth Combination.

The Hams claim the Newarks played two pitchers against them on Wednesday, the one behind the bat doing the best work for the home team, however.

Big Bresnahan, the elongated first baseman of the Scranntons, has been released.

Rochester has only two pitchers. The trouble with the team in the past was that it had too many pitchers—of beer.

The Toronto-Ontario Match To-Morrow.

The old-time rivals, the Toronto and Ontario Lacrosse Clubs, will meet on the Rosedale ground to-morrow afternoon to play their second championship match. The game is sure to be a good one as both clubs will place their strongest team in the field. Betting is slightly in favor of the Torontos.

Bicycle Spokes.

The Wanderers' Bicycle Club held its monthly meeting last night, Mr. T. Lalor in the chair. The chairman of the Brantford Trip Committee reported favorably, saying, "we took the cup and some of the championship prizes."

A committee was appointed to make arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the Ilderans of Brooklyn, N.Y., who will arrive here on Monday next and remain till Sunday.

Another committee was appointed to arrange for the Wanderers' trip to Newmarket on Saturday, July 15. The boys will leave by the 5 p.m. train, and will be entertained at a banquet in Newmarket. On Sunday there will be a run to Lake Simcoe and the return by train will be made early on Monday.

Votes of thanks were passed to the Brantford Bicycle Club and to the ladies of that city for many hospitalities.

After the regular meeting the baseballists of the club met and organized a baseball club, with these officers: President, Thomas Lalor; Secretary-Treasurer, W. F. McGee; manager, Fred. Foster; captain, A. S. Rennie.

Representative nines of the Toronto and Wanderers' Bicycle Clubs had a baseball contest on the Toronto grounds last evening, resulting in a victory for the Wanderers by 16 runs to 10, only six innings being played. The Torontos' battery was Lawson and Nethercley, and the Wanderers' McGee and Dixon, pitchers, and Rennie, catcher. Rennie played a fine game and made the only home run.

Captain C. N. White, and Messrs. J. P. Besker, C. C. Besker, G. W. H. Harris, Treasurer L. S. Wilson, and Charles A. Trundell of the Syracuse Cycling Club arrived here yesterday on a tour. Last night they were taken in tow by a couple of the Wanderers who showed them the Island, and other points of interest. This morning they will wheel to Kingston.

West End Gun and Dog Sports.

The West End Gun and Dog Sports' Club held its regular monthly me