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LEBRATED ODONTALGIQUE, reserving the Teeth, 10s. 6d. and tent White Enamel for stopping unted never to change color, 5s. oket; and the Gutta Persha Ist tical Treatise on the Teeth numerous advantages obtain-ed method,-may be had of their furnished direct on receipt of ap2-ly w

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ABLE MEDICINE for weak and n. may be had in the form of INE GLOBULES IN BOTTLES and LOZENGES. The POWDER INE UNALTERABLE, and the EW, AGREEABLE, and conjutating the medicine. Manufactured by SON & SON.

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nd first-class Hotel, situated nearly to the Landing, in the own of Yale, B. the accommodation the public, and up with great care, is provided with on for the comfort of its guests. In the

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EPING APARTMENTS,

BAR, ne choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

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its excellent qualit in any climate ET VINEGAR, Tto supersede E ANDER WATER, distilled fr m EY CLUB, Frangipanne, &c, CERINE, Honey Windsorand JUICE and Glycerine for beautifying

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Adjourned till the 29th I

E WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST.

And Victoria Chronicle.

VOL. 7.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1866.

AGENTS.

Vancouver Politics.

Ever since the news reached Victoria that the Colony was to be hand- the ridiculous threats of the transcened over "neck and crop" to the ten- dant genius of our evening contemder mercies of Governor Seymour and porary to send him "quietly to sea," New Westminster, there has been a will hardly induce to swerve from the growing feeling of "want of confi. line of policy he has adopted on this dence" on the part of the public in important question. The "dead lock" the Assemblymen who were instru- necessitates an appeal to the Home the Assemblymen who were instrunecessitates an appeal to the Home his duty to make a few remarks. In the mental in passing the Unconditional Government, and a speedy answer first place, he denied that the Bill sent up to Union resolutions; and who, by their from headquarters will be the result. subsequent unconstitutional and ille- That that answer will be another degal acts have contributed to bring on feat for the politicians, we do not the present depression in commercial doubt. affairs and a "deadlock" in the polities of the Colony. In consequence of this feeling of dissatisfaction on the part of the people with their representatives, a feverish desire has been anifested by the politicians, by the manifested by the politicians, by the Council met at 11 a. m. Present—The which they could reter and on which they could reter

their acts, in the hope that when the time for holding the next general election shall have arrived, their sins will have been forgotten and they will be The hon. Colonial Secretary rose and the Bill, or having no proper relation to each enabled to ride into office without moved, "That this Council has received the other, could be comprised in the same law, have been forgotten and they will be mistaken as to the state of the popular mind towards these conspirators if contained, the same being in opposition to dule of the Bill? The Instructions would they do not receive such a withering rebefore the Council." He said the series of to any such measure even had it passed the buke at the polls as will strip them of the senatorial togas they have disgraced and send them to shiver in the cold engaged the attention of the Council the people are not blind to the fact that peace and prosperity have fled from among us since the politicians first the content of atmosphere of popular disfavour. The attempted to take the management of foreign clauses introduced into th public affairs into their own hands. sent it back with such clauses struck out. On the form come before the Council, the Council the previous occasion attention had been must alter and amend them, and the rule They remember with bitterness that drawn to the origin of the powers of both every act of the Radicals, from the Houses, and it had been shown by the Govday when they encompassed the rethe usurpation of Executive functions, the peace of the country, and good has the most ardent admirer of the men did not wish to interpose designedly, and had who-aided by a corrupt press- in the resolutions accompanying the return have brought the present state of of the bill; he was very sorry the Assembly had not seen fit to take it is the light intendthings to pass, be pointed out. had not seen it to take it is the light that the Have they not arrayed sect against Council desired to arrogate powers they did sect; friend against friend; interest against interest to the detriment of the had the Schedule what was foreign, and against interest to the detriment of the country? Did they not, according to Council would have passed the Supplies. their own contession plot for and ob. their own confession, plot for and obtain a "back-stairs influence" with the rejected Schedule had not been sent up. the Executive and sell out the Colony to British Columbia without condi- sert its right to alter Supply Bills. He was tions? We charge that they did. We not prepared to say they could not-but that charge them with using their positions as legislators to advance the in other Colony, probably Australia or Jamaica terests of their friends in office. We charge that under the hollow and false ory of Reform, they took it upon themselves to raise the salaries of two friends of certain members for political of Commons by Mr Ayrtoun and the Chaneffect, and when the Executive opposes the increase as unconstitutional, Ayrtoun had clearly shown that the truly they turn around and ask the country to support them in their corruption. We charge them with attempting to tion had nothing in it. There were no foun-

WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST

[AND

VICTORIA CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY BY

HIGGINS, LONG & CO.7

FOR Annium, in advance.

POR Annium, in advance.

POR Months.

POR MONTHS office of two heads of the Police De-

partment, when only one was voted; for the appointment of an Auditor and for a general want of sympathy with the public in their present depression—we wish to be understood as endorsing him fully in the stand he has taken on this constitutional question, and the effort he is making to "nip i' the bud" a system of corruption sought to be introduced by our public men. Thus far we go in the support of the Executive, who

> LOCAL INTELLIGENCE. Monday, Sept., 3rd 1866. Legislative Council.

SATURDAY, Sept. 1st, 1866.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

The series of resolutions passed by the House of Assembly in reference to this Bill resolutions of the Legislative Assembly, dated and he would ask, was it not reason and comncur in the statements therein long resolutions of the House of Assembly that had just been read to the Council were in respect of a very simple measure that had other day. The Bill sent up by the Assemlation to each other could not be comprised would amend it, and send a Supply Bill up was no desire to interpose between the House of the House to show the grounds on which In answer to the first and second resolutions, he would say that the Council never did as. was not the question raised. Hon. members in the other House must have had some right of the House to initiate money-votes. There was no Imperial Act here. Did they find such constitutional right at home? Quite the reverse. The hon, gentleman here reviewed the arguments advanced in the House cellor of the Exchequer, the substance of which have been previously given. Mr

which gave a downright denial to the state. not aware of any such introduction, and he would further ask the Council to remember for the appointment of an Auditor that the Appropriation Bill passed through without the consent of the Legislature; all its stages after the Council had rejected the Real Estate Tax Act. To the seventh resolution, denying that the House had attempted to coerce the Council, he would reply that coercion was attempted by endeavoring to make the Council assent to the introduction of what they had rejected. Mr Young concluded by saying that the Council was willing to concur in the constitutional votes of the Assembly, and he was sorry the House had taken the view it had done; but the Council could not be blamed. If the Assembly tied down the bands of the Executive in the reduction of expenditure, it did not concern the Council, who had only to see that they confined themselves to legitimate constitutional bounds. The House had not ent back the Bill, so there was nothing before the Council to deal with except the reson lutions, and he thought all that was now needed on the part of the Council, was to put a resolution on record of the tenor of

The hon. Attorney General considered it

the Council was a Supply Bill, it was something else, it was anything else, and might with equal propriety be termed a Bill to repeal the Real Estate Tax. (Hear, hear.) The definition of a Supply Bill was clearly given, and a more aggressive, a more extensive, a more comprehensive, and a more vague Supply Bill, had never before been submitted in this Colony. To admit such a Bill as a Bill of Supply, he thought would be admitting a most dangerous precedent. The Constitution of this Colony was formed by documents to which they could refer and on sessed certain privileges, therefore every other Legislative body in the Colonies must necessarily possess the same. The Governor's Instructions laid it down that neither things foreign to the professed scope and object of Council. Having no mouthpiece in the Assembly, the Council took the opportunity of pointing out an error in the law that came before them, that the Bill was a great many other things besides a Supply Bill. The mit: When, however, Bills in an irregular must alter and amend them, and the rule

could not then apply. He seconded the reso-lution of the hon. Colonial Secretary. The hon. Treasurer said he regretted that he had been absent during the first discussion moval of the former Governor and in the same Bill." The Council desired to on this subject, though he concurred in the draw the attention of the House of Assembly to the irregularity, in the hope that they such a Bill containing conditional votes of has been a fatal blunder. Let a single in such a form as would enable the Council to which there would be no end; and he instance in which they have overturned to pass it. He (Mr Young), on behalf of the certainly must protest against any conditions Council, emphatically declared that there being attached to votes of Supply. So long as the House of Assembly kept within its resulted therefrom, be stated. Let and the Crown as to supplies. The Council limits the Council should do the same, but when it stepped out of its line it became the purposely inserted a declaration to that effect duty of the Council to follow and correct them. He commented on the House baving frittered away three-fourths of its time in considering the Estimates, and questioned whether the Governor, under the circumstances, would be justified in calling the House

together again Hon. Mr Rhodes and others, suggested that the resolution should state what the documentary evidence alluded to was, as it was the absence of proof that was complained of in the Assembly's resolutions.

Hon. Colonial Secretary thought that the

esolution was sufficient as it stood. Hon. Mr Rhodes then suggested that the hon. Col. Secretary's explanations should form part of the record which was agreed to.

It was further agreed on motion of the hon. Colonial Secretary, that a copy of the Council's first resolutions should be immediately sent to the Governor, that he might know that the fact of there being no Supplies voted for the year, did not rest with the Council:

The Council then nominally adjourned for

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT .- It is rumored that this body will disband. In consequence of the illegal acts of the Legislature, no money constitutional mode was by address; the Chancellor coincided, and the remarks met can be expended for the benefit of this most beneficial institution. A meeting of the Board of Delegates to consider the state of use their positions as legislators, as dations for the assertions made. It was affairs and take action thereon will be held neither in accordance with the constitution stepping-stones to power and official of the mother country nor with what we have to-morrow evening.

efficient bowling of Mesers Thom and Ralph, than 8. In the second innings Messrs Barnett and Howell retained their bats for some time, and succeeded in making 16 and 19 runs respectively, but they were badly supported and the innings only showed 71 runs or a total of 132 runs. In the first innings of the Fleet, the only good score was made by Mr Saville, but the players generally exhibited fewer duck eggs than the Victorians toe patch generally belongs to an individual and a score of 77 was the result. In their second innings it soon became evident that Victoria must lose the day, as the Navy rapidly lessened the difference and ran up 55 Act should not come into force for three runs with only five wickets down, thus win- months, there might have been something in ning the day with ease. The fielding of the Victorians was very poor, several easy catches were missed, and altogether they shewed a sad want of practice. We hope the control of one man who can order them they will profit by the lesson that has been taught them by the Navy. They have lost their character as "invincibles," but may yet as with white men there would be dissen a retrieve their laurels.

THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY'S CLAIMS .-Hon. Amory Holbrook, counsel for the Hudsons Bay Company, Frank Clark, Esq. counsel for the Puget Sound Agricultural Company, Messrs Applegate, Rinearson and Carson, Commissioners on the part of the United States, and Dr Tolmie, Dr Tuzo, and Mr McDonald, of the Hudson Bay Company, be constantly calling the Indians idle and left yesterday by the steamer Senator for Oregon City, where the final preparations will be made for submitting the evidence recently taken concerning the claims of the British companies against the United States. -Oregonian, 25th August.

RESIGNED .- The Rev. Thomas Somerville, serious opposition. But we are much the 31st August, 1866. That this Council mon sense that the Council should reject tions under other arrangements will depend upon the wishes of his congregation.

> THE OFFICIALS who were notified that the Governor could not guarantee their salaries, remained at their posts on Saturday; but it is impossible to say how long they will continue without remuneration to discharge the duties devolving upon them.

> DAMAGE TO THE CROPS .- The heavy rain great damage to the crops. Harvesting has been going on for several days; but the grain is generally unhoused. The yield, but for this early rain, would have been very heavy.

> LINCOLN HOUSE .- Mr N. C. Mathiessen of the St. Nicholas Hotel, has leased the Lincoln House in Portland. Mr M. is a hotelkeeper of long experience and worth, and has our best wishes for prosperity in his new field.

> Union .- A rumor prevailed at New Westminster at the sailing of the Enterprise, that Mr Birch had received a telegram from Governor Seymour, announcing that the Union Bill had passed the House of Commons.

QUICK TRP.-The Fideliter arrived from Portland, Saturday morning having made the round trip in five days, quickest on record. She will sail again on Wednesday

FOR THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—The schooner Indian Maid sailed yesterday for Honolulu She was loaded by Henry Nathan and carried a general cargo,

Martin, were caught by Inspector Welch in the act of fighting in the streets on Saturday evening and were taken to the lock-up.

RESUMED DUTY .- The Rev. Dean Cridge yesterday resumed his duties at the Cathedral

A type foundry has been established at San Francisco by Faulkner & Sons—the

THE ACTIVE reached San Francisco on Friday afternoon last.

ST. ANN'S CONVENT SCHOOL re-opens to-

THANKS .- To Capt. Erskine and Mate Patterson, of the Fideliter, for files of late papers

mos and his satellites know that the Indians are now away upon their annual visits to the fisheries? that only women are left behind? would he and his gang have the women put up the fences; or would he call the Indians back from their fishing to do so? To put up a fence it requires wood, axes, and labor. Have the Indians axes for the purpose? Many have not. Indians again do not understand splitting rails so well as some white men. It must be reccollected that the potaor a family, and it is that individual or family who would have to fence in the patch. How long would it take to split the rails and put it. Some people say the Indians ought to fence in the whole of their reserve. It would be a good thing were that done, but it must be recollected that the Indians are not under to do the work. It cannot be done except by organization—that the Indian does not understand, and even if he did, with Indians ients to mar the whole scheme. Beside such a work would require oxen to haul the logs or rails, and axes to split the wood; if I remember rightly this was one of the reasons urged a year ago why the Government should enclose the reserve. Even as it is, would it not be better for the Govern ment to enclose the lands for the Indians and deduct the cost from the price to be paid them for their lands ? Get the Indians to do the work and pay them for it. It is cruel to so forth, the title may just as well be aparelied to many white men. The Indian who cultivates his acre of potatoes cannot be considered an idle man. Is it wise to discourage him so by arbitrary proceedings? Are the Indians idle who lay up a store of food for the winter. How many white men take any care of the future? white men take any care of the future? It would be well for many of the people here, if many white men would take the trouble M. A., intimated yesterday at morning ser- of laying up a store for the winter instead vice, that he had resigned the charge of the of starving about that time and having to Presbyterian Church on Pandora street, and look to the public for charitable support-It stated that the continuation of his ministrations under other arrangements will depend idle beggar.

THE JEWISH NEW YEAR will occur on Monday and Tuesday, 10th and 11th inst., and the Day of Atonement falls on the folowing Monday.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER .- The introduction of this healthful and delicate perfume must inevitably render the inferior scented waters, manufactured from strong and impure essential oils, a drug in the market. Twenty years ago it took the place of the Euroof yesterday and last night will, we fear, do pean extracts and essences, in the South American and West Indian markets, superseding every kind of Eau de Cologne. Its aroma is a closer approximation to the breath of living flowers, than that of any toilet article in use; and as a wash for the teeth, and for the complexion (when diluted with water) it is unequaled. As there are imitations abroad, it is important to see that the names of Murray & Lanman, are embossed on the bottle and in scribed on he label. For sale by all druggists.

> SAFETY IN UNHEALTHY REGIONS .- Wonderful cures of chills and fever, bilious remittent fever, a d other dis eases produced by noxious exhalations from the soil and stagnant water, are effected by the use of Bristol's SAR SAPARILLA. Cases are reported from the Mississippi and Ohio Valley, and from all parts of California, in which, after medical talent of the highest order had been employed in vain, this great restorative and safeguard of health has not only removed the disease, but completely enovated the sick, endowing them, to use the words of one individual rescued from the grave's brink, with a new Constitution, and rendering them proof against the effects of malaria, exposure, and all the evil influences of an insalubrious climate. In ulcerous and eruptive mala dies, it is the one, the only, the infallible remedy. For sale by all Druggists.

HOLLOWAY'S CINTMENT AND PILLS.—No Uncertainty—Impure blood or imperfect action of some organ, begets lisease: purify the former and balance the latter; the malady departs and good health returns. By exerting this corrective power, Holloway's Pills have earned a world-wide reputation, and the correctness of the principle by which they excrude disease and institute health, has been proved by an unvarying success extending over thirty years. A Pill or two taken at bed time, when lassitude and low spirits are oppressive, will rouse the liver In Again .- Two jail birds, Cruix and to more energetic secretion, and restore cheerfulness As a dinner Pill, Holloway's medicine is unrivalled. It at once removes all the distressing flatulence, fullness, and uneasiness after eating, which are the most annoying

GREAT TRUTHS IN A SMALL COMPASS .- he substance o volumes of medical advice may be compressed into a entence thus: Keep the digestive organs, in 'aj vigorous condition, the bowels regular and the liver fairly up to its work. But how to do this is the question. Puzzling as t may seem, every man and woman who is acquainted with the virtues of Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills, can answer the query promptly. Their extraordinary properties cover the whole ground. Is the stomach weak and apathetic? They give it vigor and activity. Are the bowels constricted? They relax and regulate them. Is the liver sluggish or congested? They bring it back to its duty. It is their office to restore the system to a natural condition, without undue force, without suffering, without any revolting nausea, and they do it. Many complaints of the organs referred to are complicated with disorders that affect the skin, the muscles, the fiesh and the glands. In all such cases, that great detergent, Bristol's Sarsaparilla, will expedite and complete the cure. The Pills are put up in glass vials and will keep in any climate. All respectable druggists keep both medicines, condition, the bowels regular and the liver fairly up to its