

Over the Sea.

**Gladstonians Warned To Be All
in Their Seats on Monday.**

**The Government of Guatemala Suspend
Payment.**

**Mysteriously Sudden Departure of a
Clergyman from London.**

**Arrival of the Queen at Windsor—Im-
portant Arrest of Anarchists in
the British Metropolis—Zola
Gets Into the French
Academy at
Last.**

Arrival of the Queen.
LONDON, Feb. 22.—The Queen arrived at Windsor to-day.

**Guatemala's Government Suspend
Payment.**

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Senor Cruz, the Guatemalan Minister, has announced that his Government has suspended payments on its external debt in consequence of the depreciation of the price of silver.

Zola Gets Into the Academy.
PARIS, Feb. 22.—Severin de Horedia, formerly Minister of Public Works, and Emile Zola, the litterateur, have been elected members of the French Academy. The former received a majority of 19 votes and the latter a majority of 17.

Liberal Nomination.
LONDON, Feb. 22.—Mr. Patton, formerly a banker in New York, has been nominated Gladstonian candidate for the constituency of St. Andrew's Burgis. In the last general election this constituency was won by the Liberal-Unionists by a majority of 112.

An Urgent Liberal Whip Issued.
LONDON, Feb. 22.—An urgent Parliamentary whip has been issued to summon all Liberal members to their places at the opening of the House of Commons on Monday. The House will then deal with the Parish Councils Bill in the form in which that measure has been returned again by the House of Lords.

Yellow Fever at Rio.
LONDON, Feb. 22.—The British consul at Rio de Janeiro informs the Government that yellow fever is daily becoming more prevalent there, and that on grounds of humanity owners and captains of merchant vessels in Brazilian trade ought to be warned of the danger of visiting that port.

William Was Wrathful.
BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The Emperor paid a visit to Chancellor Von Caprivi to-day. During the interview the Kaiser hotly expressed his indignation at the Conservative 'Jeuneur' demonstration last Saturday in asserting that fear of Russia had guided the conclusion of the Russo-German commercial treaty.

Ghastly Discovery.
BELFAST, Feb. 22.—In removing the ruins of a building recently destroyed by fire in this city the charred remains of four bodies were found to-day. The building was used as a lodging house, and the theory of the police is that the bodies are those of four would-be emigrants to America who were murdered for their money, the building having been burned to conceal the crime.

Reports from a Dubious Source.
LONDON, Feb. 22.—According to the Scotch Unionist press the Conservative, Unionist and Liberal election agents have been warned that a dissolution of Parliament will, without doubt, occur within 30 days, and instructions have been given to make preparations for a new election. It is also said Mr. Gladstone will probably not stand for re-election in which case Sir James Carmichael will doubtless be the Liberal candidate for the Midlothian seat, occupied by Gladstone since 1880.

Anarchists Arrested in London.
LONDON, Feb. 23.—A Frenchman named Gallien was arraigned in the Bow street police court on a charge of burglary committed in France, and argument was begun looking to his extradition. During the proceedings he was identified as an Anarchist who was associated with Ravachol. He was remanded for further examination. The police to-day arrested in a workshop in Marylebone a French Anarchist named Petit Jean, an intimate friend of Anarchist Martial Bourdin, who was killed by the explosion of one of his own bombs near the Greenwich Observatory. His arrest is regarded as very important.

**Sudden Disappearance of a Clergy-
man.**
LONDON, Feb. 22.—A sensation has been caused in religious circles by the sudden disappearance of Rev. Peter Williams, of the Congregational Church in Hackney. Mr. Williams, who is a forcible and eloquent preacher, was frequently an occupant of Dr. Parker's pulpit in the City Temple and is widely known in church circles. His disappearance is supposed to be due to financial troubles. Efforts to trace him have resulted in learning that he sailed for New York on the steamer Paris, and it is supposed that he proceeded on the steamer Berlin. He is 30 years old and left a wife and four children.

Liberals in Good Fighting Tim.
NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Harold Frederic cables from London to the New York Times: "There has been a very fine and exhilarating muster of fighting Liberals during the week. Not even in 1884 was there a better or more spirited rally round the party standard. Alas, these imposing forces, having marched up the hill, in all like hood will do nothing more than march down again. There will be no fight. As foreboded last week, the Lords will run away. All the amendments intended to smother the Parish Councils Bill have been defiantly kicked out in the Commons, some by majorities trebling the ordinary party majority, and all by decisive votes. Worse still, the Tories in the Commons have given only a half-hearted support, while the Unionists, for

the most part, are in open revolt against Salisbury. No other party leader of our time has ever been so flatly discredited by the rank and file of his own party as he. It is a natural assumption that the Lords will in turn desert him now, when the issue is put to the test. There remains, indeed, a chance that he may be able to appeal to their more proper and mulishness to hold them to some sort of defense of themselves and their order; but I don't think much of it.

Toward the end of this coming session, which is expected to begin next week, pressure in the Radical party may be able to compel from the Cabinet a definite proposition to take away from the Lords the veto power over bills passed twice by the Commons. There will be widespread disaffection if this, or something like this, is not introduced. Liberals are sick and tired of being continually forced to work themselves up and to stir the country by elaborate agitation, and prepare for a tremendous national struggle every time they want to score the Lords out of their opposition to Liberal measures. The game is not worth the candle. La-bouchere's amendment to the address will afford a fine chance for an expression of this feeling, and the division on it will be certain to strengthen the Government's hands for an anti-Lords crusade.

I heard, I learn from John Morley, has passed the quietest winter known for 30 years. The police believe that the pestiferous knot of ruffians left over from invincible times, which for years have been terrorizing Dublin by abortive dynamite demonstrations, has been finally broken up and cleared out. It is not pleasant to hear that they are all supposed to have gone to America.

THE A. O. U. W.

TORONTO, Feb. 22.—The Grand Lodge of Ontario of the Ancient Order of United Workmen yesterday voted on a motion to secede from the Grand Lodge of the World, here the motion was defeated, which settles the matter for two years.

There have been 20 lodges organized during the year—3 in the Province of Ontario, 7 in the Province of Quebec, 6 in the Province of Nova Scotia, and 4 in the Province of New Brunswick, with an average of 18 members; number of lodges, Dec. 31, 1893, 406; number of certificates issued since Jan. 1, 1893, 36,039; number of deaths, 1,305; beneficiary paid out, \$2,610,000; death rate per annum, 7.3 per 1,000.

The total cash received from all sources during the year just ended was \$481,791.39. The total cash received on beneficiary fund is \$403,967; this, with balance on hand Jan. 1, 1893, \$13,276, and \$969 relief transferred, makes a total of \$418,243, out of which was paid \$411,800, leaving a balance of \$6,443. \$4,000 of this balance being held for delayed claims.

The total cash received on general fund is \$27,296.56; this with balance on hand Jan. 1, 1893, \$8,153.64, makes a total of \$35,450.20, out of which there has been paid \$26,863.48, leaving a balance of \$8,586.72.

The convention elected officers as follows: Grand Master—D. H. McWatt, Q.C., Barrie. Grand Foreman—F. W. Unitt, Toronto. Grand Recorder—M. D. Carder, St. Thomas. Grand Receiver—James Rushton, Ridgeway. Grand Overseer—George P. Graham, Brockville.

There were three candidates for grand foreman, but Unitt won by 800 in the contest. The proposal to issue \$1,000 as well as \$2,000 certificates was accepted. It was decided not to increase the per capita tax of subordinate lodges. The convention closed to-night.

A Whole Family Poisoned.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—The whole family of Antoine Dorion, a French-Canadian workman, are at the Notre Dame Hospital to-night and several of them are not expected to live from the effects of eating canned tomatoes.

Dr. Rainsford Blackballed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The Sun says the Metropole Club, popularly known as the "Millionaire's Club," has blackballed Rev. Dr. Wm. S. Rainsford, rector of St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, of which the president of the club, J. Pierre-pont Morgan, is a vestryman.

Nest of Smallpox in New York.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Feb. 22.—The sanitary authorities last night discovered a nest of smallpox in the double tenement house, No. 325 West Sixty-ninth street. A number of the inmates who had been attacked by the disease were removed to the pest-house on North Brothers' Island.

Woodmen of the World.

BRANTFORD, Feb. 22.—The Woodmen of the World assembled this afternoon and completed the business of their annual meeting. The session was very satisfactory in all respects. The next annual meeting will be held in Stratford on the third Wednesday of February, 1895.

A Wife-Beater Beaten.

ROCKLAND, Me., Feb. 23.—John Burgess, of Vinland Haven, known as "Johnny Smoker," who has been in the habit of beating his wife, was taken out of his house on Wednesday night by a number of men, stripped, and terribly beaten, and rubbed down with cakes of ice. His condition is serious.

She Played Billiards.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 23.—A pretty woman playing billiards at the Gibson House was the bright particular attraction early yesterday morning. She was one of the Raymond J. Whitcombe excursionists stopping over for a day. She played with charming grace and success. She was Mrs. H. D. Foinsee, of Buffalo, and the game was with her husband. Mrs. Foinsee is the first woman to play a game in a public billiard parlor west of the Allegheny Mountains.

An Exiled Bruiser.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—Buffalo Costello has returned to exile in Canada after secretly coming back to Chicago. He remained in hiding until Saturday night last, and when surrounded by detectives on the West Side, slipped out of a window in disguise. He has forfeited his \$4,000 bail to appear before an Indiana court in connection with the Roby prize fight case, and the Indiana Supreme Court will not have a chance to test the McHugh laws, legalizing glove contests, by passing on Costello's case. This means that the Roby or Columbian Club will have no chance to bid for the Corbett-Jackson fight.

It is awful to see some people try to laugh when they are not amused.

The Legislature

**Speaker Ballantyne Again in His
Place.**

**Petition from the L. and P. S. R. Com-
pany and Various Other Bodies
—The Speaker's Annual
Dinner.**

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

TORONTO, Feb. 22.—At this afternoon's sitting of the House Speaker Ballantyne was in his place. He was rather husky. Mr. Barr, of Dunedin, asked: "Did Mr. F. J. Dodds, who held the office of license inspector for the electoral district of Dufferin, resign that office, and, if so, when? Was he reappointed to the office, and, if so, when? What salary is now attached to the office, and what was the salary at the time of Mr. Dodds' original appointment?" Mr. Harcourt replied that Mr. Dodds had resigned on Nov. 1 last, which had not as yet been accepted. His salary was \$400 per annum.

Mr. Meredith presented a petition from the London and Port Stanley Railway Company, signed by E. T. Essery, president, and W. C. Coe, secretary, asking for the passage of an act to enable the city of London to borrow \$110,000 for the purpose of improving the company's line.

The council of St. Thomas, through a petition laid before the House by Mr. McColl, asked that the Assessment Act should be so amended that the pipes, poles and wires laid down by gas companies on the public streets and squares in each municipality, connected with their gas buildings, shall be liable to assessment as real property. This document bore the names George L. Oill, mayor, and Henry G. Ellis, city clerk.

Mr. Ferguson laid a petition on the table from the council of Kent county, praying for amendments to the Municipal Act regarding road making.

Mr. Ferguson delivered another petition in relation to the same matter—this one from the council of Chatham, superscribed by Henry Smyth, mayor, and John Tissemann, town clerk. Mr. O'Connor, of South Bruce, presented a petition from the town council of Winton, asking for an act to consolidate their debt and to provide for the construction of a railway, a debenture debt of \$43,645.13 has been incurred. Aside from this there is also a floating debt of \$5,149.15. Various public works will have to be provided for in the near future. Owing to these facts, it is asked that the debts shall be consolidated at \$50,000. The signatures attached are those of Mr. B. B. Miller, mayor, and T. D. Gallaway, town clerk. Mr. Balfour gave notice that on Monday next he will introduce a bill to prevent the pumping of natural gas.

Mr. Preston, gives notice for a return showing the amounts expended in connection with the Provincial binder twice industry for buildings, machinery, material, labor and superintendence and wages paid, and also showing the total output of twine in quantity and the amounts raised therefrom, the names of the agents employed for the sale of the twine, and the remuneration paid to each of them.

Speaker Ballantyne gave his inaugural dinner for the present session this evening. There were 45 invited guests. Among these, besides all the members of the Cabinet and several representative citizens, were Messrs. A. Pattullo, Woodstock; Charles Mackenzie, West Lambton; D. Guthrie, South Wellington; J. T. Garrow, West Huron; W. B. Wood, North Brant, and Dr. A. McKay, South Oxford.

MR. WIMAN'S DEFENSE.

**He Contends He Has Committed No
Crime.**

**After His Accusers Have Done He Will
Have Something to Say.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Gen. B. F. Tracey said to-day that he had been busy all day looking over the indictments and examining the papers relating to the charge made by Mr. Dun against Mr. Wiman, and that to-morrow he would endeavor to have his client released on bail. Mr. Wiman promises to speak when his turn comes, and it is said he will then give another color to the story already given by the accusers. He contends he has committed no crime, but only did what he considered he had a right to do by reason of his business relation with the mercantile agency.

Mr. Wiman passed a restless night in the Tombs last night, pacing the floor of his contracted quarters the greater part of the time. In spite of his apparent restlessness the prisoner brightened up with daylight, and he appeared to take a certain interest in his breakfast. After the meal a reporter sent a note asking for his version of the circumstances which led to his arrest on charges of forgery. He declined to see any reporter, however, and sent out the statement that after his accusers had made all their false accusations and fired their ammunition he would have something to say. For the present, though, he had no statement to make.

Shortly before 11 o'clock Mr. Wiman's son, H. Dun Wiman; his son-in-law, Mr. Norman S. Walker, jun., and Mr. Morrow, a clerk in Mr. Morrow's office, called at the Tombs and were admitted to the cell where the prisoner is confined. They were there for a quarter of an hour or more, and when they came out Mr. H. D. Wiman said, in answer to queries concerning the case, that his father was acting under advice of counsel in declining to make any statement at the present time. "He has conferred with Gen. Tracey," Mr. Wiman explained, "and that was his advice." The son said his father was more cheerful than the apparent circumstances of the case would naturally warrant.

LIGHT ON THE SUBJECT.
Investigation throws some light on the apparent rigor of Mr. Wiman's persecution. About a month ago a mysterious pamphlet was circulated, and everyone who was likely to make use of mercantile agencies received one. In brief, the circular revealed many hitherto dimly understood facts in regard to mercantile agencies and their method of doing business. It was a revelation not of the most pleasing character for the agencies. Mr. Wiman was promptly held responsible for its authorship. Now,

as a matter of fact, Mr. Wiman, his friends say, not only did not write the circular, but was unaware of the fact that it was published. Nevertheless, it is supposed that R. G. Dun & Co. had ever since felt embittered toward him on this account.

WIMAN'S SON DYING.

W. Dwight Wiman, eldest son of Erasmus Wiman, is lying in a critical condition at his home on Stuyvesant Place, St. George, S. I., a victim of pneumonia. Dr. Jefferson Seales, the attending physician, said last night that he had only slight hopes of Mr. Wiman's recovery. His temperature last night was over 103. He was unconscious. Owing to heart trouble Dr. Seales said that the young man was likely to die at any moment. Young Wiman's mother, wife and two brothers, Harry and Frank, are constantly at his bedside. The young man was manager of his father's interest in the electric power plant on Staten Island, and was extremely popular. Owing to his critical condition he has not been told of his father's arrest. The arrest of Mr. Wiman was the sole topic at the clubs and in Staten Island homes yesterday.

Reporters requested admission to see Mr. Wiman this morning at the Tombs, but he still declined to see them. The warden said he had a few moments before seen Mr. Wiman, who did not appear unusually depressed. He ate a pretty fair breakfast, continued the warden, and did not put in as restless a night as the night previous.

RAIL CAN BE HAD.
Several well-known real estate owners called to see Mrs. Wiman and offered to furnish bail for Mr. Wiman. They were, it is said, referred to Mr. Wiman.

WILL SEEK BAIL.
NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Erasmus Wiman has reconsidered his determination not to seek release from the Tombs through a bail bond, and will to-day make an effort to secure bondsmen for the \$25,000 bail, the sum fixed by Judge Martin. Mr. Wiman's reason is his anxiety to reach the bedside of his son, Wm. Dwight Wiman, who lies at the point of death from pneumonia at New Brighton, Staten Island.

FIFTY FEET DEEP.

**Rescuers Will Dig for the Snowslide
Victims.**

RENO, Feb. 26.—Fifty men started from here this morning for Verdi to search for the victims of a snowslide who were buried under a snowslide. The slide is a narrow canon over a mile long, and the snow at the bottom is 50 feet deep. Ede, the survivor, is resting easily and will recover. The blockade has been raised. The first train from the west in three days pulled into this station at 8:30 this morning, bringing mail and passengers. Other trains followed in an hour.

IN CONGRESS.

**Proposed Bill to Amend the Act in Re
Reciprocal Relations With Canada.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.—Mr. Chickering (Rep., N. Y.) introduced to-day in the House a bill to amend the act of July, 1892, to enforce reciprocal trade relations between the United States and Canada. The bill provides in addition to the present powers that whenever the President shall be satisfied that there is any discrimination in the use of the Welland Canal, the St. Lawrence River, the Champlain Canal, or the new Canadian Saint Canal, detrimental to the United States, it shall be his duty to suspend the transportation across the United States in bond of goods imported or exported from any foreign countries from or to the British dominions in North America. In case of the suspension tolls are to be levied and collected on freight of whatever kind or description at \$2 per ton, and on passengers at not more than \$5 a head. No tolls are to be charged on collection upon the goods or passengers carried to and landed at Ogdensburg, N. Y., or any port west of Ogdensburg and south of a line drawn from the northern boundary of the State of New York through to the St. Lawrence River, the great lakes, and through the connecting channels to the north boundary of the State of New York.

The A. P. A. Denounced.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 23.—An anti-American demonstration was held here last night at the Academy of Music. Three thousand people filled the house twenty minutes after the doors were opened. All classes of people were represented and great enthusiasm abounded. Resolutions were adopted amid cheers denouncing the A. P. A. and the ceaseless attempts of the most unwarranted and contemptible kind to disturb the peace of the city and arouse the strongest possible prejudice against Catholic citizens and institutions.

Latest from China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—The steamer Oceanic brings the following advices from China and Japan: The inhabitants of a large village named Ku Laou in Canton Province, hearing that brigands and bandits might pay them a visit, constructed a strong stone building in the center of the village in which they deposited their money and jewelry. But toward the end of last month a band of 40 robbers arrived at the village, blew open the stronghold with gunpowder and took its contents amounting to more than 100,000 taels.

Seven Chinese, while engaged in excavating near Hong Kong recently, were crushed to death by the fall of an embankment.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, retreating in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, backache, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada. Please mention this paper.

MEREDITH FOR OTTAWA.

**Sir John Thompson Maneuvering for
His Entrance Into the Cabinet.**

**The Change Will be Postponed Till After
the Defeat of the Opposition in the
Next General Election.**

OTTAWA, Feb. 22.—Sir John Thompson has for several weeks past been making secret preparations to pave the way for an offer to Mr. Meredith to enter the Cabinet. This information is based on unquestionable authority. The preparations began about six weeks ago with the arrival of the Premier's political godfather, Bishop Cameron, of Antigonish, and a priest politician from Quebec, whose name I cannot for the moment recall. Their arrival and stay at Sir John Thompson's residence was noted in this correspondence at the time, and it was then asserted that some important business was afoot having for its object the strengthening of Sir John Thompson's position. It is now learned that the visitors opened up communication with the Roman Catholic bishops in Ontario with the object of ascertaining if they would agree not to raise any objections to Mr. Meredith's entry into Sir John Thompson's Cabinet. The Quebec priest gave the assurance that the Quebec hierarchy would not raise any objection to a Minister calculated to lend some strength to the Premier in Ontario. These negotiations have not, however, been so favorably received as the Bishop of Antigonish anticipated. They have, therefore, been suspended until after the Ontario general elections, when it is assumed Mr. Meredith will, as a defeated man, be more apt to listen to such a proposal, and the friends of Bishop Cameron more likely to waive their objections to his becoming a member of a Cabinet of which Sir John Thompson is the head. It is not here asserted that Mr. Meredith has been approached on this occasion. It was felt to be an indispensable preliminary that whoever is delegated to make him the offer should be authorized to assure him that his entry into the Cabinet would meet with prior approval of those in Ontario who would be expected otherwise to disapprove of the programme. It is now believed the offer has been made to Mr. Meredith owing to the difficulties now in the way and to recent belief that immediately after the Provincial elections would be the more opportune time to approach both sides. Sir John Thompson is making this stroke off his own bat. He has consulted no member of the Cabinet nor of his party, save the illustrious above. It is understood to rely upon Mr. Bowell being loyal enough to make way for Mr. Meredith. He is prepared to break with Mr. Bowell, or any other colleague, if that was all that was necessary to secure Mr. Meredith's aid. It was said at the time of the formation of the Thompson Ministry that Mr. Meredith was offered a portfolio on the understanding that he would be responsible for the votes of a certain section of the population, and that Mr. Meredith nobly refused. This, however, is not vouched for, because one of the leading members of the Cabinet from Ontario told me that if Mr. Meredith had been asked to join it was without his knowledge, and the new Premier could scarcely have done so at that time without consultation with the Minister referred to. Now, however, Sir John Thompson has grown to know his men, and his certain belief is that unless he can do something to bring strength to the Government in Ontario and offset Mr. McCarthy's influence the approaching municipal elections will end in disaster to the Government.

IN WARD FIVE.

**Another Workmen's Legislative
Organized—Speeches by Messrs.
Markes, Ashplant and
Barter.**

The fourth Workmen's Legislative Club in the city was formally organized in ward No. 5 in the Oddfellows' Hall, London, last night. The attendance at this meeting was probably the largest of any of the meetings yet held, and the membership roll was signed by a large number of men. Mr. Joseph Brent was elected chairman and read the platform, which, it is supposed will be considered by the executive at its first meeting. Mr. John Stillin chosen secretary pro tem. Mr. Joseph T. Marks, the well known leader in labor movements, was the speaker. He warned them that before he got through he was going to give some pretty plain talk. He referred to the days past when the Knights of Labor, strong in numbers in the fifth ward, how the members had run away and down their guns. He said that had they to their colors they would have been off. A certain person in the room had some years ago asked the speaker to become a member of the Knights of Labor, and he replied that he would not. Upon this reply being made it was termed a "scab," but he did not order, and then the tables were turned on the man who had solicited his membership. He was a "scab." It had also been said that the Legislative Club was going to tail for the P. P. A. kite, that it was going to be a power in the control of Liberal party, and that the Tories going to get them under their thumb. That, however, would soon be shown. The man who entered the club further political purposes would be kindly requested to make a hasty retreat. How many political representatives in Parliament had gone to Ottawa or Toronto and endeavored to get the hours of labor reduced or to promote the Initiative and Referendum? On the contrary the kind of laws that were made were what these lawyers themselves could not understand. Our city solicitor would read over some of the laws and when he got through did not know their meaning. Then the city gets into a big law suit, and when it is over finds it will have to pay a large sum of money for expenses. The speaker said there were two newspaper machines in London which had done considerable work for their parties in the past. One belonged to the Liberals and the other to the Conservative Association. In the rooms of each association they had the voters' lists, and knew where and how every vote was. But the laboring people were going to have a machine, and were going to work for all it was worth by scattering the literature broadcast.

Mr. Harry Ashplant and Mr. Henry Barter also addressed the meeting. Mr. Ashplant, making reference to the advance being made by the laboring classes in

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Europe, and giving notice that at the meeting of the executive board he intended to introduce a new plank into the platform of the club. The new plank would be to secure a strictly secret ballot for Ontario. This, he said, would loosen the hold of the employers upon the laboring classes. This concluded the speeches, and the work of organization was laid over, Messrs. R. W. Burch, H. B. Ashplant and R. H. Nichols being appointed to the executive.

THE MARDI GRAS.

**A Brilliant Event at the Princess Rink
—Those in Costume.**

This event at the Princess Rink last night drew the largest crowd of masqueraders that has been seen on ice this season. The decorations were plentiful and very pretty, and a decided innovation was caused by the introduction of colored illumination while the ice was in reserve for those in costume. This, combined with splendid music and good ice, made the evening one of great enjoyment. The costumes were numerous and represented all the usual figures to be seen at such an affair. Many of the merry-makers did not register. Of those that did Mr. Harold Edwards, as Don Cesar de Bazan, and Miss Kathleen LaBlair, as Marie de Vivandiere, took first prize for the most handsome costumes, and C. F. Wicks, as the Zulu King, and Miss Jennie Flock, as a fishwife, took prizes in the comic class. Among the others in costume were: Alex. Craig, as Prince Paul; W. H. Minchamick, as After the Ball; J. C. Lavasse, as Uncle Josh from Away; Lottio and Maggie Evans, as Japanese Ladies; Alex. McLaren, as Mr. John Whistledriches; Maud Blackwell, as Matron; Jessie Blackwell, as Queen of Diamonds; Jennie Flock, as Fishwife; Charles and William Beattie, as Worth's Latest; Walter Reid, as James Crawford; Gordon Craig, as Grecian Page; C. Carrothers, as Tramp; V. Colwell, as Buccaneer; P. Millman, as Negro Gent; J. Partridge, as Uncle Sally; C. Stevens, as Ballet Dancer; W. Tasse, as Turk; F. Goulding, as Turk; C. E. Bernard, as Lady Swell; W. Heaman, as Irish Gentleman; C. H. Brown, as Colored Gentleman; Gilbert Griffin, as Chief of Pawnee Indians; J. Jones, as Cavalier; Frank Ware, as Turk; James Sullivan, as Gipsy Queen; A. B. Barr, as Hussar; Frank James, as Chicken Thief; Wm. Pope and Frank Niles, as Girls of the Period; George Holman, as Brigand Chief; C. L. Mackay, as John A. L. Lawson, as Chicago Girl; Penn; Miss Jolly; Miss Jolly; Miss Jolly.

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