

The Best Shops Throughout the World Sell Sunlight Soap

**PIN THIS UP TO YOUR KITCHEN WALL
FOLLOW DIRECTIONS AND SAVE MONEY**

Use Sunlight Soap in this way which saves time and trouble. Put your linen and cotton clothes to soak in cold water overnight, or for at least two hours. Wringing out in the morning, then rub each article with Sunlight Soap, see that you put Soap on all of each article. Roll each article tightly and place the entire wash in a tub of hot water.

LEAVE SUNLIGHT SOAP ONE HOUR TO DO ITS WORK

Then rub the clothes lightly on the washboard, turn each garment in-side out and rub Sunlight Soap on the seams and soiled places. Next, rinse in lukewarm or tepid water, wring out and hang up to dry.

THE SUNLIGHT WAY IS THE EASIEST WAY

For woollens and flannels first shake each article well to get rid of loose dust. Cut a piece of Sunlight Soap into chips or flakes, put the chips of Sunlight into a pan of boiling water and make a good lather. Wait until the water becomes lukewarm, then wash out each article in this lather without rubbing. Don't use the washboard, let Sunlight Soap do the hard work. Squeeze out the water, don't twist. Rinse well in two relays of lukewarm water. Squeeze out the surplus water, don't twist. Hang up the clothes to dry.

**Sunlight Soap Will Save Your Clothes
and Consequently Save Your Money**

Every Intelligent Woman Uses Sunlight Soap

Produce and Provisions.

(Trade Review.)

Fish.—The condition of the market continues practically unchanged, according to reports received during the week from the various European countries with which we have business connection. As we have repeatedly stated the Oporto market remains heavily overstocked, but fresh shipments continue to go steadily toward each week to swell the enormous stock already on the spot. Much of the fish being sent forward is shipped from the westward. Prices still hold the same low level and the demand though fair at this writing is not what can be called brisk. It is generally acknowledged by merchants and people of experience that both the Shores and Labrador fisheries will produce a comparatively small this year owing partly to scarcity of fish and the reduced number engaged in the prosecution of the industry. Whether this will have any appreciable beneficial effect on the foreign markets remains to be seen, but from indications that now present themselves there will be no appreciably higher prices than those being quoted for the new Canadian cure recently shipped to Europe. Reports received from the Board of Trade during the week show that the consumption of fish has increased by several thousands of quintals in the Oporto market, and if this rate of disposal holds for the next few weeks there is some possibility of getting clear of the old stock before the new fish enters the market. Anyhow at this rate there should not be much old fish left by the time the first new shipments get across. Some new cure, however, was received in Italy during the week on which an offer of 48 shillings was made. This is about 20 shillings less than that quoted for the new fish entering this market last year when approximately the first of the season was 65 shillings. It is too early yet to hazard with any near approach to accuracy what our fish might fetch. It is feared that the figure will not approach anything like that of the year. Shipments of Icelandic fish are being received in Europe and there is great competition amongst the exporters so that figures for the Icelandic catch are pared down to the minimum. It is to be hoped that this condition of affairs will not affect our new fish similarly, but we must possess our souls in patience and await developments. As regards the catch of fish in this country in some sections the catch is fairly large, but in most is small and the aggregate will be nothing at all like that of last season. The stocks at Oporto were this week 27,145 with a consumption of 2,200 whereas last week the figures were 21,115 and 4,315 respectively. The consumption of Norway's catch there this week was 2,715 quintals as against 4,500 last week. The following were the exports of fish for the week:—Schr. Harriet from St. John's, 1,000 qts. shipped by A. B. Hickman & Co. and others; Gordon Tibbo from Grandbank to Oporto, 2,000 qts.

from S. Tibbo & Sons; Haabet from Burnt Ids. to Oporto, 4,098 qts. from S. Harris, Ltd.; C. B. Frances from Howard & Courtney; Union Jack from St. John's to Bahia, 4,000 qts. from Nda. Products Co. and General Santos from Lamalene to Oporto, 4,443 qts. from S. Harris, Ltd. There were exported by the Silvia 1,826 packages of fish to Italy, the West Indies and elsewhere as well as 17 barrels of herring, while by the Manoa there was forwarded to Montreal a small consignment of whale oil.

Common Cod Oil.—The prevailing tone is easier. There is a lack of demand from all quarters and a lack of offerings here so very little chance for business. In the United States mahogany oil, which is the principal substitute, is offered very much cheaper owing to a more abundant catch of these fish.

Cod Liver Oil.—Some excellent reports have been received from scientific quarters. Some letters have been received from the largest handlers in England and the United States with congratulations on the successful report published by Dr. Zilya. His report is so practical and his reasons so convincing that there is no difficulty for any person to grasp the fundamental facts showing the superiority of the Newfoundland oil over that of the Norway oil. It appears so simple that the wonder is why it was not thought of long ago. We hear that quite a number of the factories have started operations and are getting their livers at a reasonable price now that the common oil has declined. We strongly recommend all refiners to keep up the high standard they have attained.

Flour.—It is now generally accepted that an extremely large crop of wheat will be harvested this season in all the countries of the world which are noted producers of this article of commerce. This will in especial manner apply to Canada and the United States which countries will approximate, it is thought by some observers, a record crop. Last week there was a report that the pest known as black rust had attacked the growing grain, but this week nothing further has been heard of the matter, and it is not unlikely there was a good deal of exaggeration as to the rumour. After an extended visit to the Canadian North West, Mr. W. A. Black, general manager of the Ogilvie Flour Mills, gives it as his opinion that all indications point to a crop of from 400 to 450 millions of bushels for the Dominion. Flour prices have now descended near the pre-war level and dealers think that they cannot go

lower. Any little reductions will be strenuously resisted by the farmers. An aggregate of 1,154 barrels of flour were imported during the week as follows: 350 per S.S. Anna, 285 per Digby and 529 per Rosalind. Local prices vary, ranging from \$7.50 to \$8.10 according to quality.

Pork.—The pork market, which has been dull for some time past has become buoyant, and during the week put on a much firmer tone in comparison with its former lethargic state. A free market of hogs has been induced by the high prices paid for corn, the farmers concluding that it will pay them better to sell their corn than to feed it to the swine. It is therefore likely that the quantity of hogs to come into the market in future months will be very small and that as a result prices will advance pretty smartly so that quotations for the fall months in the local market will be appreciably higher than they are at present. Figures wholesale here are pretty well the same as those of last week and vary from \$22.50 to \$27.50 the barrel, according to quality.

Beef.—Some 1,564 barrels of beef were imported this week from the United States. The Anna brought 190 barrels, the Digby, 487 and the Rosalind 387. No change is recorded in the market; the demand is, if anything, a good deal below the general average owing to depressed trade conditions and no improvement is looked for until the autumn has well advanced. The quotations in the local market vary as to grade from \$19.00 to \$24.50. Molasses.—Not much can be stated this week as to the molasses market. Its condition is slow and it now looks as if we had received what the market demanded of the Barbados crop. No imports of molasses were received during the week and prices in the local market are the same as last week, viz: 90 cents for Fancy by the puncheon and 80 cents for Choice.

Sugar.—The market has been quiet during the week with a strong undertone and dealers in the article expect a comparatively early advance in prices, owing to the depletion of stocks caused by the heavy consumption all the summer in the United States, Great Britain and other countries. The importations this week were 3,985 cwts., 2,400 of which were landed by the Rosalind and 1,585 by the Sable I. The price for the best granulated in the local market is \$10.00 per barrel wholesale.

Hay.—Pretty nearly all the farmers are now mowing their hay, of which they will reap a pretty fair crop this season. Considerable stocks of Canadian hay are now held here and there were no imports during the week. The market is dull, there is practically no demand and Canadian hay figures at \$35.00 per ton.

Oats.—The limited local drop of oats usually grown will this year be pretty good as to quality. Black oats (4 bushels) P.E.I. stock are quoted locally at \$3.50 the sack; White Oats \$3.60 and Mixed \$3.50. Corn Meal is now worth \$3.15 per sack and Corn

at \$3.05. There were 1,600 bushels of oats landed by the Rosalind. **Salmon.**—During the past week or more hundreds of cases of canned salmon of this year's new pack arrived here for sale and were offered for sale at 60 cents per case less than last year. The market, however, is depressed and not much were sold, as far as we know, to dealers in the article. The same applies to lobsters, of which a considerable quantity were offered, but the market is very dull and there were no purchasers. By the Silvia 10 cases of lobsters were shipped to New York.

If your icing begins to harden before you have finished spreading it, get the pan of icing in a bowl of hot water.

CHEEKS COVERED WITH PIMPLES Also Chin, Large and Red. Cuticura Healed.

"About a year ago a few small pimples broke out on my face. A month later my cheeks and chin were entirely covered with large, red pimples that festered and scalded over, and frequently caused irritation. I tried different remedies without success. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. After using it I could see an improvement so purchased more, and after using two boxes of Cuticura Ointment, together with the Cuticura Soap, I was healed." (Signed) G. Marcoux, Laval Hospital, Ste. Foye, Quebec.

Use Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum for all toilet purposes.

Maritime Drug Store,
G.W.Y.A. Bldg. Water St. Phone 1858
June 21, 1923, eod



AIDS TO BEAUTY

may be had at The Maritime Drug Store in great variety and effectiveness. We recommend Woodbury's Facial Cream, Woodbury's Facial Powder, Day Dream Toilet Water, etc. Try our toilet preparations and you will be convinced of their great merits.

Maritime Drug Store,
G.W.Y.A. Bldg. Water St. Phone 1858
June 21, 1923, eod

For Delicious Cakes,
which stay fresh longer.
For digestible and flaky pastry, for crisp digestible fried foods, use



The summer cooking aid. No smoke, no odor. No stale goods. Fresh, pure, wholesome. CRISCO makes cakes and pastry stay fresh longer. At all Grocers.

Charles S. Doyle
August 31 Distributor.
June 21, 1923, eod

HOUSE FOR SALE.

That most desirable Dwelling House, No. 6 Kimberly Row, hot and cold water etc. in first class condition inside and out. A chance of a life time to buy a house like this. Situated in a most desirable locality, in close proximity to churches, opera houses, movie theatres, etc. Cash and terms; apply to M. & E. KENNEDY, Bldg. Contractors, June 14, eod, Office Renout Bldg.

—By Bud Fisher.

TAKE IT FOR
CRAMPS—COLIC—DIARRHOEA
APPLY IT FOR
BRUISES—SPRAINS—SORE THROAT

PERRY DAVIS
Painkiller
The Home Remedy

MUTT AND JEFF

HONEST IT'S MY CAR, MUTT! I WON IT AT THE LION TOWNERS' BARBECUE.

LISTEN! I'VE GOT A DATE AND I'M SHORT OF CAR FARE! LOAN IT TO ME, JEFF!

SORRY, MUTT, BUT I'VE GOT A DATE MYSELF.

WHAT'S THAT THING?

THAT'S A METAL GEARBOX! WHEN I AM USING MY CAR I'M GONNA KEEP IT UNDER MY FOOT!

CAN OPEN?

IF MUTT AIN'T GOT CAR FARE HE'S OUT OF LUCK, THASS ALL!

NEW TO FLASH SOME CLASS SPINNING DOWN FIFTH AVENUE WITH MISS SCHULTZ BY MY SIDE!

MICE!

SALE

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ear

Only \$1.50

Only \$1.50

Only \$1.50

Only \$4.75

Only \$1.30

Only \$1.10

50 the Pair

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JOHN'S
ery Stores

reen Cabbage.

I. Potatoes.

al Turnips.

s, lb.14c

Pork, lb.17c

Pork, lb.16c

ce Beef, lb.12c

.22c

Bacon, lb.40c

Beans, tin18c

les and Chow

6 oz., bottle40c

Grade Butter.

Fresh Eggs,

carton50c

ST. JOHN.

St. & LeMarchant

Road.

weather gets cold and

hang up clothes, wear

under your rubber ones.

EN BATSFORD.