

# War News.

## Messages Received Previous to 9 A. M.

### RUSSIAN SUCCESSES.

**PETROGRAD, July 9.**  
Several villages and more than 7,000 men have been captured by the Russians west of Stanislaus in Galicia, the war office announces. Forty-eight guns, including twelve of large size, and many machine guns also were captured by the Russians.

### RUSSIANS CONTINUE ATTACK.

**BERLIN, July 9.**  
Russian troops continue their attacks in the region of Stanislaus. A supplementary official statement adds that a German counter thrust stopped the Russian advance.

### AUSTRIANS ADMIT LOST DEFENCES.

**VIENNA, July 9.**  
Northwest of Stanislaus in Galicia the first defence positions of the Austrians have been occupied by the Russians after two days' hard fighting, says an official from the Austro-Hungarian general headquarters today.

### PRISONERS TAKEN.

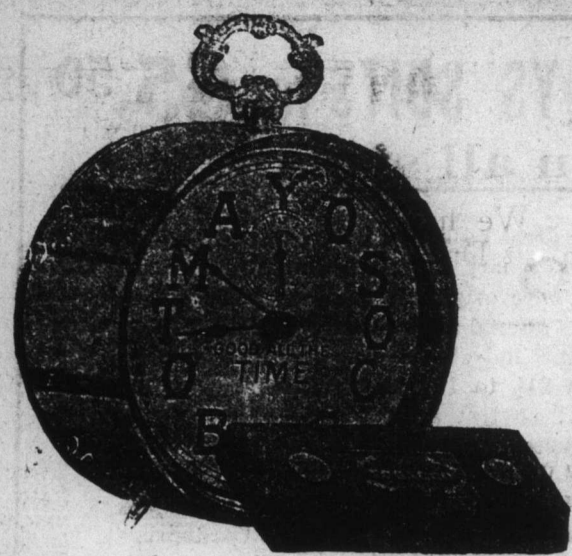
**LONDON, July 9.**  
In a successful raid by us last night southeast of Hargicourt, we captured 35 prisoners, including one officer, says to-day's official announcement. A hostile raiding party was dispersed early this morning southeast of Loos.

### GERMAN ATTACK.

**PARIS, July 9.**  
Another attack in strong force was made by the Germans last night on the Aisne front in the region of Chemin des Dames, between Dovetts and Chevregny Ridge. The war office announces that in a brilliant counter-offensive the French recaptured the major part of the trenches occupied by the Germans yesterday between Panteton and Froimont Farm.

### VISITS SCENE OF RAID.

**LONDON, July 9.**  
Indifferent to a steady downpour of rain, which lasted the whole day, many thousands visited yesterday the area where bombs fell Saturday, hoping to see very extensive damage to property. But in this they were disappointed. An inspection of the damaged buildings showed that the zone affected by each bomb was marvelously circumscribed in nearly every case. The damage consisted mainly of broken glass and window frames. The actual material damage effected was comparatively insignificant and tends to prove that the bombs carried by the airplanes were far less destructive than those dropped previously in Zeppelin raids. Saturday's aerial attack more than ever proved the wisdom of seeking shelter. The fleet of raiders was plainly seen by the general public before the bombardment commenced. Nearly everyone took measures of self-protection, while in the previous raid when the enemy airmen were so high as to be practically invisible the people remained in the streets. Hence there were fewer casualties and the injured in this raid to a large extent suffered slight wounds from scattered glass. Although the loss of life is considerably less than in previous raids, Saturday's attacks appealed more to popular imagination owing to the peculiar circumstances and temerity of the raiders in flying low. Little else is talked of but the impunity whereby the raiders were enabled so deliberately to set about their task and it is certain the Government will have to meet very strong criticism, both in press and Parliament. The feeling in Parliamentary circles is rapidly growing in favour of vigorous reprisals. Ministers will be pressed in the Commons for a defini-



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ite statement of policy. The morning newspapers subordinate everything to Saturday's raid. The comments thereon reflect the popular indignation, while some are indulging in condemnation of the Government. The incident is described by most angry commentators as disgraceful alike to the War Office and Admiralty Air Service, and the removal of those responsible for the miserable display of incompetence is demanded. Even those comments which are more restrained complain that Great Britain is falling behind in air craft construction and say it needs speeding up. General Haig's reference to increased German air activity is regarded as highly significant. In all comments there is the same note of outraged national pride and disgust at the impunity with which the enemy raided and departed. It is regarded also that aerial attacks raise to a practical level the question of a possible absolute devastation of London by air-crafts and the infliction of such losses as would amount to serious military defeat. If a score of enemy machines were able to operate with calm impunity, it is asked what would happen if 200 come, or as the Koklinische Zeitung recently urged, a thousand. Those favoring reprisals naturally emphasize their demand, while those opposed contend that reprisals not only are useless, but would lead to competition in brutality, wherein the expert will be as the amateur.

### BRITISH OFFICIAL.

**LONDON, July 9.**  
The official report from the British headquarters in France to-night says: Hostile raiding parties succeeded in entering one of our advanced posts west of Warneton last night. Four of our men are missing. Enemy artillery was active during the day in the neighborhood of Bullecourt, Ypres and Nieuport. Owing to thick mists, and low clouds no aerial activity was possible on our side yesterday.

### ALLIED AIRMEN.

**AMSTERDAM, July 9.**  
On Friday night Allied airmen flew over a fortress in the region of Cologne, but no bombs were dropped, according to a statement received here from Berlin. Ludwigshafen and its environs were attacked by airmen, but the material damage there was very slight and no persons were injured. On the return, the statement adds, the raiders approached Karlsruhe, but were driven off by artillery fire. They dropped bombs on Treves without any apparent objective, and most of the bombs fell without effect in the open country. Others caused damage to buildings, and one child was killed and one man injured. A French machine, the statement concludes, was forced to land near Saarburg in the Rhine province, by fire from anti-aircraft guns. The two oc-

cupants of the machine were made prisoners.

### AMERICAN STEAMER SUNK.

**LONDON, July 9.**  
The American steamer Massapequa was sunk on Saturday by a German sub. The crew landed at the small island of Sein, off the French coast, 28 miles southwest of Brest.

### RETURNED TO HEADQUARTERS.

**BERLIN, July 9.**  
An official announcement is made that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg and General Von Ludendorff, who came to Berlin on Saturday to make a report to Emperor William on the military situation, have returned to headquarters.

### EARTH SHOCK IN ROME.

**ROME, July 9.**  
Pope Benedict was awakened by an earth shock which shook the whole of Rome early Sunday morning. Many people dressed, others left their homes fearing a second shock. The Pope inquired as to the extent of the earthquake and learned there was no damage or victims. The shock was especially felt at Avezzano, which was practically destroyed in an earthquake in January, 1915.

### GERMAN SOCIALISTS' IDEA.

**STOCKHOLM, July 9.**  
The immediate conclusion of peace under conditions which shall include the establishment of an international convention to bring about a general disarmament, is demanded of the international proletariat, according to the German minority socialists, who have just issued a lengthy memorandum. The economic isolation of states is condemned in the memorandum which contends that an obligatory international arbitration should be instituted, and that equal rights of all inhabitants of any country regardless of nationality, race or religion is an imperative necessity.

### INVITED TO A CONFERENCE.

**LONDON, July 9.**  
According to reports reaching Rotterdam from Berlin, Emperor William invited neutral ambassadors and ministers to a conference on Saturday.

### KILLED AND INJURED.

**VALLEJO, Cal., July 9.**  
A report that eight men had been killed in the black powder store house explosion at Mare Island yard this morning, was received in Vallejo. Naval officers admitted that great numbers of men had been injured.

### GERARD RETIRES.

**WASHINGTON, July 9.**  
Jas. W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, has resigned from the diplomatic service and returned to private life. His resignation was ac-

cepted some time ago, though the fact was not allowed to become known until to-day.

### HOLLWEG AND WILLIAM.

**AMSTERDAM, July 9.**  
The German Imperial Chancellor, Von Bethmann Hollweg had another conference with Emperor William today.

### AUSTRIAN MINISTRY RESIGNS.

**AMSTERDAM, July 9.**  
The Austrian Cabinet, the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin says it learns, has decided to resign. A new Ministry, it is added, already is in course of formation. The present Austrian Cabinet under the Premiership of Dr. Von Zeidler, has been in office but two weeks, having been formed June 24th. It succeeded the Cabinet of Count Martinié, which had a stormy career of but six months.

### NAVY STORE HOUSES DESTROYED.

**SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.**  
Two storehouses at Mare Island navy yard, San Francisco Bay, were destroyed by explosion this morning. The shock broke thousands of windows at Vallejo, a half mile away. Fire started in the wrecked buildings, and desperate efforts were made to prevent their spread to other buildings where explosives are stored. Whether any lives were lost has not been determined.

### TO HOLD CONFERENCE.

**LONDON, July 9.**  
The Entente Allies have decided to hold a conference at Paris for consideration of questions of military and political interests in connection with the Balkans.

### PREPARING FOR LAST STAND.

**PEKING, July 9.**  
General Chang Hsun, head of the Imperialist forces, is provisioning the forbidden city and strengthening its defences. This indicates that in the event that his troops are defeated at Feng Tai, near Peking, a last stand will be made there. The Thirteenth Division accompanied by artillery, is leaving Peking for Feng Tai.

### DISCUSSING POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

**AMSTERDAM, July 9.**  
The main committee of the Reichstag to-day continued its confidential discussion on internal and external political affairs. Dr. Von Bethmann

Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, Secretaries of State and many members of the Budesrat attended the meeting. All speakers, according to a report received here, expressed regret that a portion of the press had not respected the secrecy of the meetings but had published erroneous reports concerning them. The Imperial Chancellor made a lengthy speech.

### THE SUBMARINE MENACE.

**Amsterdam, via Reuter's Ottawa Agency, July 9.**—The military correspondent of the Frankfurt Zeitung, writing on the submarine campaign, recalls how he has always warned the German people not to expect too decisive results from it. It must be admitted he says, that both in offensive and defensive means for combating submarines our enemies have made progress. He then proceeds to describe the methods used by the Allies to cope with German U-boats such as nets, mines and smoke clouds and continues, only continued new constructions and technical perfecting of the submarine will permit Germany to maintain the offensive advantage.

### MEN MUST PAY.

In this old world much is uncertain; to-morrow is behind a curtain that hides it from to-day; one thing is sure, for all wayfarers; for all our follies and our errors, we'll sometime have to pay. We trot along a course unholy; the day of wrath approaches slowly and seems long; Nemesis is cutting clover, preparing now to put one over, and shortly we must pay. In trifling matters and in greater the truth holds good, and soon or later while young or when we're gray, the captain's office we shall enter, approach the wicket in the center, and shed some brine and pay. I see the blithe lads waste their money in courses dissolute or funny, as thoughtless as they're gay; and later on they will be yearning for dollar bills they now are burning, for spendthrifts all must pay. I see good fellows soak their shannies, and borrow money from their aunts, that they may ride to-day, in gorgeous cars with seats of leather, and fenders neatly put together, and some day they



WALT MASON

must pay. I see so many idly taking the road that goes where hearts are breaking, where all the Jonahs stay! Alas, alas, they are not heeding the lesson I am daily reading, which is that men must pay!

### Association Football.

#### "DARK HORSES" WON.

Although it was generally conceded that the St. Andrew's would have an easy victory, the C. E. I.-Fellidians, formed up at the "eleventh hour," won out on St. George's Field last evening after a closely fought contest. The score at the close was C. E. I.-Fellidians, 3 goals; St. Andrew's, 2 goals. The personnel were:—

**SAINTS** — Goal, Ewing; backs, Heath, Barrett; halves, Ellis, Foster, Quick; forwards, Bartlett, Coultas, Elton, Jolliffe, Ewing.

**C. E. I.—Goal, Lush; backs, Churchill, Stick; halves, Drover, Gillingham, Reid; forwards, James, Jerrett, Ewing, Miller, Harris.**

Mr. F. Brien refereed and controlled the game satisfactorily. The condition aggregation began hostilities with a vigorous dash into their opponents territory, but did not succeed in breaking through the extreme rear line. The C. E. I.-F. forwards continued their rushes, combining well, but bad shooting made their work ineffectual. Eventually James made a pretty dash on the right wing and gave a pretty pass which Ewing availed of, scoring the first goal for the C. E. I. The St. Andrew's then hit up a lively pace and ere long Coultas registered the equalizer. During the second period the C. E. I.-F., notwithstanding their lack of practice, appeared in better trim. They pressed hard with the result that Miller put them again in the lead, followed one minute later by Elton evening up the score. Then matters became lively and every player put forward his best to win. Just before the close the C. E. I.-F. forwards gave a clever display of combination and Harris, off a pass from James, sent a dandy to Ewing, proving too much for him and the winning goal for the evening was recorded.

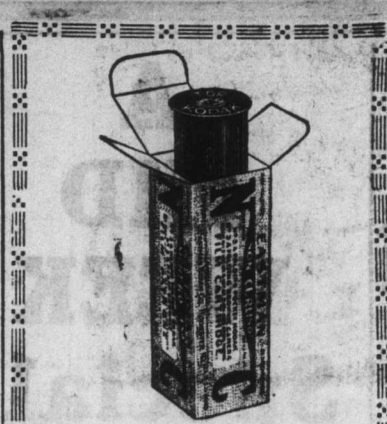
There was a large attendance of spectators, who were well satisfied that they got the worth of their money. The game, though hard fought, was fairly clean. Freddie Harris, James, Miller and Lush, of the "Old Guard" certainly proved that they are "come backs." Churchill and Drover were excellent. Quick, Elton and Barrett for the losers played splendidly. The winners are to be congratulated both on the result of the game and for their patriotic efforts. The C. E. I.-F. are likely championship winners, but a little practice would do them no harm and one or two of their youngsters in the forward line shouldn't be so selfish.

The 300 teachers come from all parts of the country and represent all grades of the profession. Their presence here during their vacation is an earnest of their devotion to the noble work they pursue. One cannot help feeling that the teachers of the country—over 1,200 in number, we are informed—constitute the most generous and noble-hearted band of workers for the country's welfare. Largely in their hands rests the destiny of succeeding generations. As we beheld the throng yesterday, we could not help feeling how little we all recognize what is due to our teachers in training and in encouragement.

We were glad to observe as many as thirty, perhaps, of the teaching Nuns present yesterday among their fellow teachers.

### Summer School For Teachers, 1917.

The School opened yesterday afternoon in the Aula Maxima of St. Bonaventure's College, at 3 o'clock. The presence of a staff of some twenty professors on the platform with well nigh 300 teachers in the auditorium made one feel that a university rather than a school had been called together. With the help of a few very generous friends of education the Superintendents of Education have been enabled to organize this—the first professional summer school for teachers. Yesterday afternoon Dr. Curtis took the chair and delivered a short address of welcome to the assembled teachers, emphasizing the importance of education to any and every community. Dr. Burke and Dr. Blackall followed. The Rev. Mr. Thomas also spoke a few words of joy. Then Dr. Barnes, who



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has been appointed Principal of the School, followed with certain announcements.

The staff contains the following, to whom others may be added:

Dr. Barnes (Principal), Dr. Howard Brunst, Fred G. Morehouse, B.Sc. (specialist in nature study), Messrs. H. E. Goodman, C.T. (Eng.), Int. Sc. (London), S. Whiteway (London Univ.), Jas. Murdock, A.M.C., Geo. House, Rev. W. Thomas, Chas. Huton (singing), and subject to the approval of the military authorities, Capt. O'Grady (physical culture) with the Misses Kathleen Kelly (Art), Mabel Worral (physical culture), Flora M. Curtis (physical culture). We understand that Miss Stirling (French), Prof. Davies (geology) and Prof. Doyle (navigation) are also to be invited to position on the staff of lecturers.

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The Evening Telegram ventures to express a word of welcome to the teachers and feels sure that the good people of St. John's will go out of their way to make their stay in the city a happy one.

We are informed that the Summer School will continue for four weeks. The School assembles this afternoon at 2.40.

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