

HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Charlie Querrie Comments on Shamrock Lacrosse Player's Love of Filthy Lucre

ROYALS LOSE ODD GAME

Kingly Finished Second to Fountain Fay in Feature Event at Connaught Park—Sleepchase Course is to be Constructed at Dorval For Fall Meet.

Charlie Querrie, in the Toronto News, says: Quite a change has come over the Shamrock Lacrosse Club of Montreal, during the past five or six years, judging from the action of several of their stars last Saturday, when they refused to take the field because the money was not in sight.

Of the series of three games at Toronto, the Leafs won two, the other going to the Royals. The odd game was decided in the Queen City yesterday, when the Royals were victorious by a score of 3 to 2.

Suffering his first defeat since coming to the Canadian circuit, Kingly, the winner of the Toronto Cup, the King George Handicap and the Windsor Hotel Cup, finished second to Fountain Fay in the running of the Chateau Laurier Handicap that featured the get-away day offering of the Connaught Park Jockey Club at Ottawa yesterday.

California has come to be recognized as the feeding ground for lawn tennis, and there is a reason. On the coast the boys are just about brought up with a racket in their hand. Public courts are available on all sides, and the youngsters take to the sport there as they do to baseball in the East.

Clarence Wanamaker, catcher of Dartmouth College, has signed with the New York Giants.

Because the infield at Dorval is sandy, the staple course, which is to be prepared for the Fall meet, will have to be constructed just as a track would be. The course will be sixty feet wide at all parts, while the part coming to the jumps will be widened to seventy feet, which will eliminate all chances of crowding.

Four rinks from the Westmont Lawn Bowling Club will go to Ottawa Saturday to meet the Victoria Lawn Bowling Club of that city in a match for the Birks' challenge trophy.

In the American League game at Detroit yesterday, Lowdermilk turned a somersault while fielding Crawford's roller in the eighth inning. Kavanagh scored from third on the tumble; Cobb went from second to third, and while the St. Louis pitcher sat on the ground holding the ball, Cobb stole home. These two runs gave Detroit the game, 4 to 2.

Horse racing, abolished in California several years ago, when betting was stopped, will be revived with a thirty day meet at the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

The fourth annual bowling tournament of the Niagara Falls Bowling Club is now in progress. More than 50 rinks are entered. Among the places represented are St. Catharines, Welland, Port Colborne, Ouelph, Brantford, Dunnville, Fort Erie, Hamilton, Buffalo, Tonawanda.

Roxey Roach, shortstop of the Toronto Internationals, has jumped to the Buffalo Federals.

LONDON STOCK INACTIVE. London, June 24.—Stock markets idle. Consols 65; War Loan, 94.

N. Y. COFFEE STEADY. New York, June 24.—Coffee market opened steady.

EXAMINATION OF CANADIAN CATTLE. Paris, June 24.—The committee on agriculture of the Chamber of Deputies has decided to send a sub-committee to St. Nazaire to examine the condition of Canadian cattle on the hoof, the first shipment of which is due to arrive June 28.

SPOT WHEAT UP. Paris, June 24.—Spot wheat, 1/2 up. Spot, 1.58.

GLEANED FROM MANY SOURCES

Machine steel prices have advanced.

Tennessee Copper directors meet to-day.

Berlin and Vienna claim that the Russian forces are split in two by the capture of Lemberg.

South of Lemberg along the Dniester the battle is still in progress.

French War Office reports substantial gains by the French troops on the Dardanelles.

Austrian troops from Galicia are arriving at the Italian front.

Robert Lansing has been appointed United States Secretary of State.

French exchange is at a new low record.

Paris hears that the French credit established in America is between thirty and forty million dollars.

It is expected that constitutionality of the Cotton Futures Act will be tested.

Average price of twelve industrials 91.36, off 0.58; twenty railways 98.80, off 0.31.

The New Orleans Cotton Exchange voted to close July 3 and 5.

Robert Lansing, Secretary of State in the United States, was awarded an LL.D. at Colgate University.

The total amount of creditors voted by France since the beginning of the war, is estimated at \$3,122,000,000.

Fire caused damage of \$120,000 in the Thomas Potter and Sons Oil Cloth works at Philadelphia. Two firemen were killed.

The village of Saratoga Springs, N.Y., one of the oldest in the state, is now run by a commission form of city government.

The Middletown Car Co. of Middletown, Pa., received an order for 5,000 freight cars. All the cars will be sent to Europe.

Edison benzol plant at Bessemer, Ala., has been completed and is now turning out 2,000 gallons of benzol a day.

London dispatch says American Smelting and Refining Co. has withdrawn from the English lead producers syndicate.

Maryland Steel Co. has issued urgent calls for skilled mechanics, will pay fares, and guarantee three years' work. Wages will be from \$2 to \$5 a day.

Henry Siegel in explaining causes of the failure of his enterprise says that his Boston store which cost \$5,000,000, wrecked him.

Frankfurter-Zeitung in an apparently inspired article denies that negotiations are under way looking for a separate peace with Russia.

D. A. Thomas has been sent by the British government to the United States to co-operate with J. P. Morgan and Company in expediting munitions for the Allies.

Congressman Gardner of Massachusetts has challenged W. J. Bryan to a series of joint debates on question of wisdom of increasing the national armament.

Vienna dispatch says government has arranged \$75,000,000 loan with group of German bankers in order to have available sufficient capital at Austria's disposal for payments in foreign countries.

Dividend and interest payments in the United States in July will amount to \$270,084,813, compared with \$264,385,780 last year, according to the New York Journal of Commerce. Dividends will be \$95,685,794, against \$100,388,935 last July.

Celluloid Co. has begun suit in the United States District Court of New Jersey for approximately \$15,000,000 against the Eastman Kodak Co., charging infringement of its patent on a machine for the manufacture of film rolls from July 1, 1909, to December 29, 1913.

FAIR AND COOL TO-MORROW. Westerly winds; fair and cool to-day and most of Friday.

The area of low pressure near the Atlantic Coast has remained almost stationary but is filling up and the winds are now moderate along the coast and in the gulf the weather is moderately warm in the western provinces and is becoming warmer in Ontario.

CASH WHEAT FIRM. Liverpool, June 24.—Cash wheat firm, unchanged to up 1/2. No. 1 northern spring 19s 8d; No. 2 hard winter, 11s; No. 2 soft winter, 10s 5d; Rosaf, 11s. Corn firm, unchanged to 1/2 up. American mixed 7s 11 1/2d; Plains, 7s 1d.

SPICE MARKET QUIET. New York, June 24.—The spice market lacked new features. Moderately active purchasing was reported by local and interior buyers and prices continue to rule steady.

PRICE OF WHITE LEAD LOWER. New York, June 24.—The new prices list just issued by the National Lead Company, shows a reduction of 1 cent a pound in the price of white lead, red lead and litharge.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET STEADY. New York, June 24.—Cotton market opened steady up 1/2. July, 5.35 off 4; October, 5.77 off 2; December, 10.05 up 1.

JUTE REMAINS QUIET. New York, June 24.—Jute remains quiet and unchanged on the local market, being quoted at 8.50 for June-July.

LACKAWANNA DIVIDEND. New York, June 24.—Delaware and Lackawanna & Western Railroad declared regular quarterly dividend of 2 1/2 per cent.

HEARD AROUND THE TICKER

Dr. Anns Shaw, who is some speaker as well as some suffragist, says that every woman that uses the word obey in the marriage service "is a fool of a perfuror." How naughty of Anna!

At a time when special interest is being centered in the sugar industry in Canada due to the entry of a new company into the field, it is interesting to note that the United States is the greatest sugar consuming country in the world and Canada comes second. The United States has a per capita consumption of \$5.4 lbs. per annum, much of which is consumed in the form of candy. Canada is also developing a "sweet tooth."

Replying to Mr. Gordon Strathly at the annual meeting at noon to-day of the Dominion Steel Corporation, Mr. J. H. Plummer, the president, stated that he was very hopeful that the corporation would be able to resume the dividend on the preferred stock before very long.

The F. N. Burt Company, manufacturer of paper boxes, whose head office is located in Toronto, has taken out articles of incorporation in the State of Illinois. The outstanding stock of the company at the present time (\$1,975,300 preferred and \$750,000 common) aggregates \$2,725,000. The capital stock of Illinois is \$33,393. The principal place of business in Illinois is 308 Randolph street, Chicago. Mr. E. G. Baker, secretary of the F. N. Burt Co., says that the new arrangement means merely that the company has taken out an Illinois license, finding that until they did so they had no legal status in the State. The company in question was originally formed to acquire the F. N. Burt Company, Inc., of Buffalo, the Morton Company, Ltd., the Merchants Counter Check Book Company, the Dominion Paper Box Company, all of Toronto, and the Canadian business of the Carter-Crume Company, Ltd. The company has three factories and one warehouse in Buffalo and a factory and warehouse in Toronto.

Sir Edward Grey's eyes are reported to be much improved. He will probably soon be able to see the satisfactory results of his visit to the continent which he made while suffering from "eye trouble."

So far as figures on the books are concerned the Montreal Water and Power Company for the year 1914-15 would have made a more favorable showing had not the comparison for the 1913-14 been with a period in which the returns were abnormal in consequence of the large amount received from the city of Montreal for water supplied at the time of the breakdown in the city system. As a matter of fact the ordinary business of the concern indicated a gain of 5 per cent. over the previous year, the decrease in the actual gross being due entirely to the cause mentioned. The gross revenue was \$775,462, a decrease of \$9,227, or about 1 per cent., while the net was \$195,727, a decline of \$13,085, or about 6 per cent. Operating expenses, which amounted to \$339,494, were slightly higher on account of the extraordinary expenditures charged to operating account. After all deductions a balance of \$123,923 remained to be carried forward out of the year's earnings, bringing the total credit of profit and loss to \$312,665, against \$96,851 two years ago.

Doesn't do for women to have animals and bugs and things kissing them! Mrs. Mary Worrell, aged 81, died at Lewistown, Pa., from the effects of a mosquito bite on her lip.

Notwithstanding the decline in the stock of the Winnipeg Electric Railway Company, and the bearish talk respecting future distributions to stock holders which that trend has evoked, it is interesting to note that the directors have declared the regular dividend for the quarter. The company as at present constituted was incorporated in 1904 through a merger of the Winnipeg Electric Street Railway Company and the Winnipeg General Power Company. Hence the concern operates the entire street railway, gas and electric business of Winnipeg and surrounding municipalities. In the prairie capital alone it has 75 miles of electric line, while, taking in adjoining suburbs, there is a trackage of 119 miles. The electric lighting wires cover over 100 miles of streets and alleys and the gas mains are laid through about 60 miles of streets. Charter rights unlimited as to time are possessed by the company in both Winnipeg and vicinity.

Evidently there is some heart searching going on in certain communities in the United States. The Fathers' club of Council Bluffs, Iowa, has a motto, "What Kind of Father are You!"

Dislocation of business due to the war resulted in a considerable shrinkage in the profits of Goodwins Montreal, Limited, the operating company for Goodwins, Limited. The net for the year ended January 31st last was \$121,087. After all the necessary charges were met there was a balance of \$23,329 available for dividends on the \$1,250,000 seven per cent. preferred stock of the holding company. Only two quarterly dividends were paid, requiring a sum of \$42,750, so there was a deficit of \$20,411, apart from the two deferred quarterly dividends on the cumulative preferred stock. Prior to the annual gathering of the shareholders yesterday a special meeting was held at which was passed a by-law approving of the transfer of the assets of Goodwins Montreal, Limited, to Goodwins, Limited, in order that the confusion existing between the two in the past shall be eliminated in future. The necessity of keeping two sets of records is now removed.

David Lloyd-George, British Minister of Munitions, has created special department under title of Munitions Workers' Enrollment Dept. Its purpose is to obtain skilled volunteers for work on government contracts. Workers sign up for six months, during which period they agree to go to any munitions factory where services are required.

Evidence continues to accumulate that not all the inhabitants of Germany have lost their heads, even if the Kaiser has gone a little "off his base." Representatives of commercial and business interests have been in Berlin during the past week trying to induce the government to adopt a conciliatory attitude toward the United States. Admiral von Tirpitz and leaders of the military and naval party, on the contrary, have been insisting that the government on no account abandon its submarine warfare.

It is alleged German government has secretly encouraged German concerns to remove from their products trade-mark "Made in Germany," which was one of the proudest boasts of the Kaiser's empire before the war.

NEW YORK PRESS COMMENT

NEW YORK CITY, June 24.—For the time being the securities market seems to be in a period of contradictions. To a large extent no doubt these are more seeming than real, but to the extent to which they find reflection in prices they serve to give the market an aspect of confusion.

New York City is bidding high for money at a time when the American money market in the narrower sense was never so plentifully supplied as now. Lackawanna and some of the stocks closely related with it rise in the face of a decision which presumably will force the road to a decision in devising the plan which is now condemned, it thought it had escaped the necessity of doing. Exchange rates decline in the face of influences which normally should make them advance. United States Steel receded on a day when the news from the steel trade was the best that has yet come to hand.

SUN—Trading arguments against the stock market were derived from various sources yesterday, including the fall of Lemberg and the further complete defeat of the Russian armies by the Austro-German forces. As a matter of fact, the most important news from Europe in the last few days has not come from the scene of military operations. It has been contained in the authorization of the grand scale financing of the eastern front of war should be read in this light. However, anything would have sufficed yesterday with traders as an excuse for selling stocks, for all though the selling was moderate in volume the speculative community seemed to have begun to lose patience with the persistence of a bullish sentiment which did not express itself in a sustained rising tendency in quoted values.

Trading was on a rather quiet scale of activity, except in the forenoon, when the selling movement was most general and pronounced. The net result of selling on prices was not extensive, although there were substantial declines in United States Rubber and some of the war stocks. The whole session had the appearance of professional effort exerted on the leverage afforded by some increase of foreign liquidation resulting from the offering of the new British war loan to British investors, and designed to induce realizing of speculative accounts in commission houses.

CULTIVATION OF COCONUTS. In the course of a review of the coconut planting industry in Malaya it is remarked that, as far as the largest proportion of the copra trade was up to a few months ago in the hands of German and Austrian firms, the price at which the commodity stands to-day may be viewed with entire satisfaction.

Where suitable land and general economic conditions are obtainable, the cultivation of coconuts would seem to be one well worthy of more serious attention than has hitherto been given to it, especially as indications are not wanting regarding the possibilities of capturing for British trade certain branches of the industry which have for so long been in the hands of foreign countries.

Drought, the worst enemy of coconuts, has been responsible for many disappointing results on even the best managed, revenue-producing properties, and it would be well for planters to realize this when taking up the cultivation of coconuts; also the wide difference that exists between this and other cultivations which have hitherto monopolized the attention and capital of the country.

In fact, so much remains to be learned regarding the cultivation of coconuts on estate lines that experimental work might with great advantage receive more attention on the part of the Government than it has hitherto obtained.

NO INDICATIONS OF BRITISH LOAN IN NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, June 24.—There are no indications of any contemplated British government loan on this market either now or in the near future. Nevertheless there are reasons to believe that private borrowing will be undertaken on a larger scale than has been done heretofore.

It is understood loans will be the new 4 1/2 per cent. British bonds. Notwithstanding the nature of the collateral the loans are to be strictly dollar loans. That is, the bonds will be accepted at the current rate of sterling exchange on good margin and with understanding that if and when sterling rate falls the loans will be "sweetened" with additional collateral.

BOSTON STOCK PRICES. Boston, June 24.—11 a.m. prices:—American Zinc 51 1/2 up 1/2; Allouez 74 1/2 up 1/2; Boston Elevated 74 1/2 up 1/2; Butte and Superior 69 1/2 up 1 1/2; Calumet & Arizona 66 off 1/2; Copper Range 65 off 1/2; Granby 55 off 1/2; Island Creek 48 1/2 off 1/2; Lake 14 1/2 up 1/2; Mohawk 78 1/2 off 1/2; Mass Gas 87 1/2 up 1/2; North Butte 33 off 1/2; Shamrock 8 1/2 off 1/2; Tamarrack 37 off 1/2; Smelt 42 1/2 off 1/2.

BIDS FOR CHICAGO BONDS. Chicago, June 24.—The highest bid for Chicago City bonds was from the National City Bank of New York and Kissel, Kinncutt, of Chicago, for all or none at 95.59. There were only two other bids—N. W. Halsey and Company, A. B. Leach and Company, Merchants, Loan, Continental and Commercial Trust and Illinois Trust jointly, 96.98; also First Trust, Harris' Trust, and Wm. A. Read and Company, jointly, 96.42.

PARIS BOURSE VERY DULL. Paris, June 24.—Business on the Bourse was very dull. Exchange on New York Wednesday was firm on account of a big Italian purchase at 548 francs to the dollar.

Exchange on London was 26.10 bid, while Roubles were easy at 209.

COTTON FUTURES. Liverpool, June 24.—Cotton futures closed barely steady. 1/2 to 1 1/2 points decline. July-Aug., 5.12 1/2; Oct.-Nov., 5.38d; Jan.-Feb., 5.54 1/2d; May-June, 5.69 1/2d.

ALLOUEZ DIVIDEND. Boston, June 24.—Allouez Mining Company declared an initial dividend of \$1, payable July 31 to stock of record July 1.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET STEADY. Philadelphia, June 24.—Stock market opened steady. Electric Storage 53 1/2 up 1/2; Phila. Electric 28 1/2.

NEWS OF WORLD TOLD IN BRIEF

British Labor Given Seven days to Unite in Manufacture of War Material. PROGRESS AT DARDANELLES. Important Position Taken by Allied Forces—Sir Edward Grey to Return to His Department Next Week.

David Lloyd George, the British Minister of Munitions has given British labor seven days in which to make good the promise of its leaders that men will rally to the factories in sufficient numbers to produce a maximum supply of munitions of war. This was the most striking speech in the House of Commons yesterday, in the course of outlining the "munitions" measure which is designed to control not only the output, but the men responsible for the output. The first of the seven allotted days begins to-day, and with its dawning will be launched a great campaign to recruit the workers. "I had a fresh discussion with the trades union leaders," said Mr. Lloyd George in his speech, "and told them if an adequate supply of labor could not be secured, compulsion was inevitable. The union representatives answered: 'Give us a chance to supply the men needed in seven days; if we cannot get them we will admit that our cause is considerably weakened.'"

In an official communication on the operations in the Dardanelles issued by the French War Office last night, it is stated that on Tuesday the expeditionary corps in the Orient attacked the Turkish lines on two-thirds of the front. The left carried two lines of the enemy's trenches, and these they held notwithstanding violent and numerous counter-attacks. To the right, on more difficult ground, the struggle continued throughout the day on the ruins of the Turkish works which had been razed by the artillery. The enemy, bringing up without cessation fresh troops, had succeeded in retaking those outposts when a battalion of the Foreign Legion and a battalion of Zouaves, in a bayonet assault, carried the position in ten minutes. This brilliant charge decided the issues and finished for the day the efforts of the Turks to regain the ground lost. The important point is that the ground which commands the head of the ravine of Kereves Dere, which the Turks had defended with the utmost determination for several months has been captured.

The announcement is made in London that Sir Edward Grey's eyes are much improved and that unless there is a change for the worse the Secretary for Foreign Affairs is expected to be back at his post, which he relinquished on May 31, by the middle of July.

An official report received from Rome that seven German submarines have successfully entered the Mediterranean through the Strait of Gibraltar, has caused Japanese companies to issue warnings to all steamers traversing the Mediterranean, and also to extend war insurance on vessels from Marseille to Port Said.

Pope Benedict's message to French Catholics, as given in the interview with Louis Latapie, published in the Paris La Liberté, has aroused a storm of indignation in the French press, even reactionary Catholic journals like Le Gaulois finding little to approve beyond the Pope's expression of beautiful neutrality. Evidently at the present time the French do not appreciate the reminder from the Holy Father that he considers them "brothers" of the Germans. The Catholic press declares flatfootedly that the Pope's whole policy is directed toward the restoration of the temporal power, something which, naturally, would only be possible through the help of Austria or Germany.

An official communication issued by the British Admiralty last night says that the British cruiser Roxburgh was struck by a torpedo in the North Sea on Sunday last. The damage sustained was not serious, and the cruiser was able to proceed under her own steam. There were no casualties.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET OPENING. New York, June 24.—Stock market opening—

SUGAR FUTURES QUIET. New York, June 24.—Sugar futures market opened quiet and steady.

U. S. RUBBER SHARES OFF. New York, June 24.—United States Rubber opened 690 shares from 62 to 61 1/2 off 1/2 to 1.

PERSONAL. THE REV. M. O. SMITH, M.A. WILL ADVISE with fathers concerning the instruction and education of their sons. No. 544 Sherburne St. West. Or telephone Main 3671, and ask for Mr. Kay.

RITZ-CARLTON HOTEL. Cor. Sherbrooke and Drummond Sts. Rooms with bath from \$3.00. Luncheon \$1.25. Dinner \$1.50 or a la carte. Meals served in the attractive Open Air Garden during Summer Season. Music by Lignante's Celebrated Orchestra.

WEATHER: FAIR AND COOL.

THE MOLSONS. INCORPORATED 1832. Bank of Nova Scotia.

INCORPORATED 1832. Bank of Nova Scotia. Capital paid-up \$3,500,000. Reserve Fund \$2,000,000. Total Assets over \$5,500,000.

GERMAN ATTACK WAS GALLANTLY. The Official Communiqué to the north of Arras...

ON THE HEIGHTS OF THE MOUSE AT THE GERMANS DURING THE NIGHT. The heights of the Mouse at the GERMANS during the night...

SHOWING ABILITY OF NEW YORK CITY ON FUTURE BOND. (Special to the Journal of Commerce) New York, June 25.—Comptroller Frederick...

ONTARIO'S BONDS POPULAR. A. E. Ames and Company, of Toronto, has advised the attention of clients to the Ontario Government of the Province of Ontario...

NO SATURDAY HOLIDAYS. There has been as yet no suggestion made by the Montreal Stock Exchange...

BERLIN ADMITS ARMY FELL BACK. Berlin, June 25.—To-day's official communiqué admits the German army northwest of Berlin, has withdrawn to the south bank of the River...

GERMANY TO MODIFY SUBMARINE WARFARE. Berlin, via Amsterdam, June 25.—Germany will modify her submarine warfare to meet demands of the United States...

It was learned that this is one of the points in the preliminary draft of the reply to the American note which is now being drawn up by Foreign Secretary Von Jagow. Only part of the preliminary draft has been drawn up, but it is now expected that work on the final text will soon begin.