THE ZINC AND LEAD DEPOSITS

Running in a northeasterly and southwesterly direction, and a considerable distance north of the Centre of the Peninsula, are the Shickshock or Notre Dame Mountains, the northeastern extension of the Appalachian chain. These mountains are very rugged and their peaks rise from 2,500 to 4,200 feet above the sea level, consisting of rocks from Pre-cambrian to Devonian, which have been folded and faulted to a marked degree and in turn pierced by eruptive rocks, thus in an ideal manner producing conditions that are extremely favorable to the deposition of ore.

On the southern slope of the Shickshocks at the headwaters of Berry Mountain Brook, a tributary of the Grand Cascepedia river, and in a region shoving great faulting, is an area of and with numerous fissure veins carrying sulphides of both zinc and lead.

The zinc and lead field is situated 46 miles in a northerly direction from the village of Cascapedia, Que., and is confined, as far as known, to the Projected Township of Lemieux, County of Gaspe, P.Q. Following the east bank of the Grand Cascapedia river from the village of Cascapedia to the junction of the River and Berry Mountain Brook, a winter road has been built which is sadly in need of repair and whose grades, commercially, are impossible until depressed, which is easily accomplished. From this point road is now being constructed con-8 necting the zinc and lead fields